

John W. Hale,

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A HANDY DICTIONARY
OF
ANGLO-SAXON POETRY:

BASED ON
GROSCHOPP'S GREIN.

EDITED, REVISED, AND CORRECTED,
WITH
Grammatical Appendix, List of Irregular Verbs,
and Brief Etymological Features.

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INTRODUCTION.

In preparing this edition of GROSCHOFF'S REVISED GREIN'S POETICAL LEXICON OF THE ANGLO-SAXON LANGUAGE, the editors have worked from advanced sheets, with the express sanction of the German scholar's executors.

In the course of their work they found it necessary to introduce several new and important features, which, it is hoped, will increase the value of the book as a practical Lexicon, and commend themselves to the students of Anglo-Saxon. These are—

1. A Grammatical Appendix, intended to convey in brief but explicit form a working OUTLINE OF ANGLO-SAXON GRAMMAR, such as students often find it convenient to consult in the process of their language studies.

2. Cognate words from the Icelandic, Gothic, Old High German, and Modern German, intended to show some of the etymological connections of the Anglo-Saxon poetic vocabulary.

3. A List of the Irregular Verbs occurring in Anglo-Saxon Poetry.

4. The use of **antique type** in the definitions of words, by which the modern English derivative may be directly traced to the Anglo-Saxon original.

Compound words have been separated by hyphens, so as to show their constituent elements.

While the editors are far from claiming that their American presentation of Grosehoff-Grein's work is an *Etymological Dictionary*, they invite kindly attention to this feature as one helpful to students of Old English.

At present it is impossible to make a complete Dictionary of the so-called Anglo-Saxon period. Only the poetical monuments have been carefully edited. The prose of that period is still partly locked up in Mss. Even the prose works of Aelfred and Aelfric are not to be found in complete, trustworthy editions. Already the Bosworth-Toller Dictionary needs a careful revision, although it is only half finished. Hence the present work will contain only such words as are used in Anglo-Saxon Poetry. It will, however, contain all words in Anglo-Saxon Poetry, and thus afford students of Old English a cheap and handy volume by means of which any poem of that time can be read and studied.

In all poetry the diction and the constructions are peculiar; but in Anglo-Saxon as in Icelandic poetry there are special peculiarities. After a student has learned to construe Aelfred and Aelfric with ease, he finds almost as much difficulty in reading Cædmon and Cynewulf as in learning a new language. And moreover, as in the beginning of every literature, so here, poetry is far more important than prose. Beowulf will give as much information about the manners and the customs, the life and the religion of the Old English as can be found in all their prose writings; while Genesis, Exodus, Daniel, Ezechiel, and Andreas will show their highest culture under Christian influences and education.

Even in Germany, where careful study has long been given to this period of the English language, such a work as the present could not be found till the German edition from which this is adapted recently appeared. It had long been felt that *Grein's Lexicon of Anglo-Saxon Poetry* (*Sprachschatz der Angelsächsischen Dichter*) was too unhandy and too costly; and, on this account, the publishers of that work engaged Dr. Groschopp to adapt it for more general use. He therefore retained all the words found in Grein's larger work, leaving out only Proper Names and the copious references. Several important changes were at the same time introduced. In Grein's larger work the definitions are given sometimes in Latin, sometimes in English, and occasionally in German. In Dr. Groschopp's edition they are given throughout in German. With every substantive is given the manner of its declension, that is, whether strong or weak: verbs are treated in like manner. To ablauting verbs is added the number of the class to which each belongs; and here *Koch's division has been followed. Then again no difference is made between long and short vowels. Breaking and Diphthongs stand together: æ comes after *ad*; *ea* and *eo* after *e*; and *ia*, *ie*, *io*, after *i*. Compound verbs are placed under the simple forms; and Zupitza's method of accentuation is adopted with reference to *ēa* and *ēo*. The Rune *wēn* is reproduced by *w* instead of by *v*.

But it is not intended that this work should be merely a translation from Dr. Groschopp's German edition. In the preparation of the *Handy Dictionary* Grein's original work, Bosworth-Toller (as far as completed), Bosworth and other lexical helps have been utilized. Glossaries of certain poems have been especially helpful. Mistakes have been corrected, misprints removed, and additional definitions given whenever it was necessary.

In a short while we hope to add to the texts already published in *The Library of Anglo-Saxon Poetry*, other texts, believing that, if the proper material is furnished, the study of the oldest English will flourish as it should in all our Colleges and Universities.

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B. is responsible for the Dictionary from A. to L., and for the *Outline of Anglo-Saxon Grammar*. H. is responsible for the Dictionary from L. to Z., and for the *List of Irregular Verbs*.

* Koch's system will be found in the *Outline of Anglo-Saxon Grammar*, p. 255.

ABBREVIATIONS.

<i>m.</i> masculine.	<i>pron.</i> pronoun.	<i>subj.</i> subjunctive.
<i>f.</i> feminine.	<i>subs.</i> substantive.	<i>imper.</i> imperative.
<i>n.</i> neuter.	<i>num.</i> numeral.	Goth., Gothic. [man.
<i>w.</i> weak.	<i>adv.</i> adverb.	O. H. Ger., Old High Ger.
<i>st.</i> strong.	<i>part.</i> participle.	Ger., German.
<i>w. v.</i> weak verb.	<i>interj.</i> interjection.	Scand., Scandinavian.
<i>st. abl. v.</i> strong ablauting verb.	<i>compar.</i> comparative.	Icel., Icelandic.
<i>st. red. v.</i> strong reduplicating verb.	<i>superl.</i> superlative.	B.-T., Bosworth-Toller's
<i>adj.</i> adjective.	<i>instr.</i> instrumental.	Anglo-Saxon Dictionary.
	<i>w.</i> with.	H.-S., Harrison & Sharp's
	<i>ind.</i> indicative.	Edition of Beowulf.

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE DICTIONARY.

The following abbreviations refer to poems in Grein's *Bibliothek* (Library of Anglo-Saxon Poetry):—

- Ælf. Tod.** Poem on the Death of Alfred, son of Ethelred, given in the Chronicle under the year 1036.
- Ædelst.** Poem on the victory of Athelstan, taken from the Chronicle.
- Alm.** Almosen, from the Codex Exoniensis, p. 467.
- Au.** The legend of St. Andrew.
- Ap.** The fates of the Apostles, from the Codex Verecellensis.
- Az.** Azarias, from the Codex Exoniensis, p. 185.
- B.** Beowulf.
- Bc.** Botschaft des Gemahls, from the Codex Exoniensis, p. 472.
- By.** The Death of Byrhtnoth.
- Crä.** Manna Cræftas, from the Codex Exoniensis, p. 292.
- Cri.** Cynewulf's Crist, from the Codex Exoniensis, p. 1.
- Dan.** Daniel, in Thorpe's Cædmon, p. 216.
- Deör.** Deors Klage, from Codex Exoniensis, p. 377.
- Döm.** Dómes dæg, from Codex Exoniensis, p. 445.
- Eðg.** Eðlgár: poems from the Chronicle, under the years 972, 975.
- Eðm.** Eádmund, from the Chronicle, under the year 942.
- Eðw.** Eáðweard, from the Chronicle, under the year 1065.
- El.** Elene, from the Codex Verecellensis.
- Exod.** Exodus, in Thorpe's Cædmon, p. 177.
- Fá.** Fáder lárewidas, in Codex Exoniensis, p. 300.
- Fin.** The Fight at Finnsburg.
- Gen.** Genesis, in Thorpe's Cædmon, p. 1.
- Gn. G.** Versus gnomiei (Cotton MS).
- Gn. Ex.** Versus gnomiei, from Codex Exoniensis, p. 333.
- Gú.** Legend of St. Guthlac, from Codex Exoniensis, p. 104.
- Hö.** Höllenfahrt Christi, from Codex Exoniensis, p. 459.
- Hy.** Hymnen und Gebete.
- Jud.** The Poem of Judith.
- Jul.** The Legend of St. Juliana, in Codex Exoniensis, p. 242.
- K.** Klage der Frau, in Codex Exoniensis, p. 442.
- Kr.** Das heilige Kreuz, from the Codex Verecellensis.
- Leás.** Bi manna leáse, from the Codex Verecellensis.
- Men.** Menologium.
- Met.** The Meters of Alfred.
- Mód.** Manna mod, in the Codex Exoniensis, p. 313.
- Pa.** Panther, in the Codex Exoniensis, p. 355.
- Ph.** Phönix, in the Codex Exoniensis, p. 197.
- Phar.** Pharao, in the Codex Exoniensis, p. 468.
- Ps.** Psalms, from Thorpe's Edition.
- Ps. C.** The 50th psalm, from one of the Cotton MSS.
- Rä.** Riddles from the Codex Exoniensis.
- Reb.** Rebhuhn, from the Codex Exoniensis, p. 365.
- Reim.** Reimlied, from the Codex Exoniensis, p. 352.
- Ruin.** Ruine, from the Codex Exoniensis, p. 476.
- Rün.** Rünenlied, in *Archæologia*, vol. 28.
- Sal.** Salomo und Saturn.
- Sat.** Crist and Satan, in Thorpe's Cædmon, p. 265.
- Seef.** Seefahrer, in the Codex Exoniensis, p. 306.
- Seel.** Reden der Seelen, in the Codex Exoniensis, p. 367.
- Sch.** Wunder der Schöpfung, in the Codex Exoniensis, p. 346.
- Wid.** Vidsid, in Codex Exoniensis, p. 318.
- Wy.** Manna wyrde, in Codex Exoniensis, p. 327.
- Wal.** Walfisch, in Codex Exoniensis, p. 360.
- Wand.** War lerer, in Codex Exoniensis, p. 286.

ANGLO-SAXON DICTIONARY.

A

â, *adv.* **aye**, **1.** always.—**2.** ever, forever.

â (= **æ**), *st. f.* law.

â-, (Ger. *cr*-, O. H. Ger. *ir*-, same as *ur*-, Goth. *uz*-).

abal, *st. n.* strength. (O. H. Ger. *aval*.)

â-bylgnes, *st. f.* offense, wrong.

â-bylgd, *st. f.* anger, indignation.

ac, **ach**, **ah**, *conj.* **1.** but, sed.—**2.** but also, but yet; sed tamen, sed etiam. (Goth. *ak*.)

ac, *interrog. particle*, not? why, wherefore, nonne, numquid.

âc, *st. m.* **oak**; and name of the Rune **a**: a ship made of oak, Run. 25, 4. (Ger. *eiche*.)

âc-, **ach**. See **âg**-, **ac**.

âclian, *v. r.*

ge-âclian, to frighten, excite.

âcol, *adj.* frightened, terrified, excited by fear.

âcol-môd, *adj.* of a fearful mind. timid.

âcsian, **âcsigan**, *v. r.* to ask, inquire, demand.

âc-tréo, *st. n.* **oak-tree**.

âd, *st. m.* funeral-pile, fire. (Goth. *aiths*; Ger. *eid*.)

adela, *v. m.* dirt, filth; *ep.* addle-pool. (N. Ger. *adcl*.)

adesa, *v. m.* **adze**.

âd-faru, *st. f.* way, path to the funeral-pile.

âd-fȳr, *st. n.* **pile-fire**, fire of the funeral-pile.

âdl, *st. f.* disease, sickness.

âdle, *v. f.* disease, sickness.

âd-lêg, *st. m.* flame of the funeral-pile.

âd-loma, *v. m.* one crippled by the fire; fire-lame.

âdl-wêrig, *adj.* weary with sickness.

âdl-pracu, *st. f.* force or virulence of disease.

âd-wylm. See **êdwylm**.

æ, *st. f.* life. Az. 165.

æ, *indecl.* **1.** law, right.—**2.** marriage.

3. religious usage, rite, ceremony.

(Ger. *che*.)

æ, *interj.* See **êa**.

æ-bebod, *st. n.* injunction of the law; command.

æ-boda, *v. m.* messenger, preacher of the law.

æ-bylg, *st. n.* anger, wrath, indignation.

æ-bylgd, *st. n. f.* offense, fault, wrong.

æ-bylgnes, *st. f.* state or condition of being angry; anger, wrath.

æcer, *st. m.* **acre**, field, sown land. (Ger. *acker*.)

æc-læca. See **âglæca**.

æ-cræft, *st. m.* lawcraft, knowledge of the law, religion.

æ-cræftig, *adj.* law-crafty, skilled in the law.

ædr, **ædre**, **êdre**, *st. & v. f.* artery, blood-vein, vein;—vein of fresh

water, fountain, river, stream.

(Ger. *ader*.)

ædre, edre, *adv.* 1. at once, forthwith.—2. fully, entirely. *Gû.* 1172, 1351.

æ-fæst, -fest, *adj.* firm in observing the law; pious, upright, religious.

æfen, æfyn, êfen, *st. n.* the even, evening, eventide. (*Ger. abend.*)

æfen-glôm, *st. m.* even-gloom, twilight, gloaming.

æfen-grom, *adj.* fierce at eve, night-enemy. (*B.-T.*)

æfen-grôm, *st. m.* evening guard; one that watches at night. (*Grein.*)

æfen-lâc, *st. n.* evening sacrifice, evening prayer.

æfen-lêoht, *st. n.* evening light.

æfen-lêod, *st. n.* evening song. (*Ger. abend-licd.*)

æfen-ræst, *st. f.* evening rest. [*bard.*]

æfen-sceop, *st. m.* evening singer,

æfen-scima, *w. m.* evening shimmer, evening splendor.

æfen-spræc, *st. f.* evening speech, a speech made in the evening.

æfen-steorra, -stiorra, *w. m.* evening star, Hesperus.

æfen-tid, *st. f.* eventide, evening.

æ-fest. See æfæst.

æfest, æfst, æfstu, *st. f. n.?* without favor, envy, hate, zeal, jealousy, enmity. (*Ger. ab-gunst.*)

æf-grynde, *st. n.* abyss. (*Ger. abgrund.*)

æfian, *w. v.* to be in a colorless or miserable condition (*Leo*) *Cri.* 1357.

æf-lâst, *st. m.* a departure from the way? *Exod.* 473.

æf-nan, *w. v.* to do, perform, accomplish, perfect.

ge-æfian, 1. to accomplish, perfect, do, make.—2. prepare, get ready. *B.* 3106.—3. effect, excite, bring upon one's self. *Gû.* 1211.—4. bear, suffer, endure.

æfre, *adv.* 1. ever.—2. always.

æ-fremmend, *part.* fulfilling the law; religious.

æfst, æfstu. See æfest.

æft. See eft.

æftan, *adv.* behind, from behind.

æftan-weard, *adj.* behind, in the rear, following.

æftan-tid, *st. f.* eventide, evening.

æfter, I. *prep.* 1. *w. dat. (a.)* local: after, long, along, through, over, = *geond.* (*b.*) temporal: after, through, throughout, during. (*c.*) causal: (showing purpose and consequence), in consequence of, after, according to, on account of, for the purpose of, after, about (with verbs of saying, speaking, asking, &c.)—2. *w. acc.* after, according to.

æfter, II. *adv.* after, then, afterward, thereupon, later.

æftera, æfra, *w. compar. adj.* the hinder, other, second.

æfter-lêan, *st. n.* after-loan, reward, recompense, restitution.

æfter-weard, *adj.* afterward, behind, in the rear, following. [*age.*]

æfter-yld, *st. f.* advanced age, old æfra. See æftera.

æf-panca, -ponca, *w. m.* enmity, insult, offense, hate, envy, displeasure, jealousy.

æf-punca, *w. m.* the same as the above.

æf-tyllend, *part.* fulfilling the law, faithful.

æg, *st. n.; pl. ægru, egg.* (*Ger. ei.*)

æg-læc, -læca. See âg-.

æg-flota, *w. m.* a floater on the water, a ship.

æg-hwanan, -hwonon, *adv.* everywhere, from all sides.

æg-hwâ, *pron.* every one, everything. The *gen. n.* is often used adverbially = at all, in general, altogether, quite, entirely.

æg-hwær, *adv.* 1. everywhere.—2. in every way, in every respect.—3. in every direction. *Rä.* 41, 69.—4. anywhere. *Ps.* 102, 15.

- æg-hwæder, æg-der, *pron.* 1. each (of two), either, both; æghwæder-ge, as well — as also, both — and. — 2. each (of several). B. 1636.
 æg-hwider, *adv.* in all directions, on every side, in every way.
 æg-hwīlc, -hwelc, -hwylc, *pron.* every, whosoever, whatsoever, all, every one.
 æ-glēaw, *adj.* skilled in the law; wise.
 ægne. See āgen.
 ægnian, *v. r.* to frighten, disquiet, vex, torment.
 ægder. See æghwæder.
 æg-weard, *st. f.* sea-ward; guardianship over the sea.
 æ-gype, *adj.* mocking? scoffing? Ps. 106.10. — trifling, worthless. (B.-T.)
 æht, *st. f.* deliberation, council.
 æht, *st. f.* pursuit. B. 2957. — others; persecution, hostility. (Ger. *acht*.)
 æht, *st. f.* 1. possessions, property, riches, goods. — 2. possession, power. (Goth. *aihts*.)
 æhtan, *v. r.*
 ge-æhtan, to value, prize, speak of with praise.
 æht-gesteald, *st. n.* possession.
 æht-gestrēon, *st. n.* possessions, riches.
 æht-geweald, *st. f.* power of possession, firm possession, the right to do with a thing as one pleases; right, possession, power.
 æht-spēdig, *adj.* wealthy, rich.
 æht-wela, *v. m.* wealth, riches.
 æht-welig, *adj.* wealthy, rich.
 æ-hwær = āhwær, *adv.* everywhere.
 æ-lærend, *part. & subs.* a teacher of law or faith.
 ælan, *v. r.* 1. to set on fire, kindle, consume. — 2. burn, blaze (up).
 in-ælan, to set on fire, kindle.
 on-ælan, to set on fire, kindle.
 æl-beorht (æll-), *adj.* all bright, shining on all sides.
 ælc, *pron.* each, every, any, all.
 æl-ceald, *adj.* all cold, everywhere, altogether cold.
 æl-cræftig, *adj.* all-crafty, all-mighty, all-powerful.
 æld, ældu, *st. f.* age, a century, generation, old age.
 ælde, *st. m. pl.* men, human beings.
 ældran, *compar. v. m. pl.* parents.
 ældu. See æld.
 æled, *st. m.* fire, firebrand, conflagration. (O. N. *eldr*.)
 æled-fȳr, *st. n.* flame of fire, fire.
 æled-lēoma, *v. m.* firebrand, torch, gleaming fire.
 ælf, ylf, *st. m. & f.* elf, fairy, goblin, nymph. (Ger. *elf*, *elbe*.)
 æl-fæle, *adj.* all fell, thoroughly bad, very baleful.
 æl-fær, -fer, *st. f.* the whole army. (Grein, *alfarn*.)
 ælf-scin, *adj.* shining like an elf or a fairy, elfin-bright.
 ælf-sciene, -scȳne, *adj.* beautiful as an elf, of elfin beauty.
 æl-fylce, *st. n.* 1. strange land, foreign land. — 2. foreign band, hostile army, enemy.
 æl-grēne, *adj.* all green, on all sides green.
 æling, *st. f.* burning.
 æl-mehtig. See ælmehtig.
 ælmes-georn, *adj.* giving alms willingly, benevolent, liberal.
 ælmesse, ælmyse, *v. f.* alms, almsgiving, benefit.
 æl-mealt, -miht, *adj.* almighty.
 æl-mehtig, -mehtig, -mihtig, *adj.* almighty.
 ælmyse. See ælmesse.
 æl-pēodig, *adj.* strange, foreign.
 æl-wilt, *st. n. f.* 1. a being of another kind, monster. — 2. all created things, creature.
 æ-men, *adj.* depopulated, uninhabited.

æmetan, **æmetian**, **æmtian**, *v. v.* to be at leisure, be vacant, be moderate, refrain from.

æne, *adv.* **1.** once. — **2.** alone. *acc. instr. sg. m.* See **ân**.

ænga (= **ānga**), *w. adj.* sole, only? *Sal.* 382.

ænge, *adj.* narrow, anxious, troubled.

ænge, *adv.* narrowly, anxiously, sadly.

ængel. See **engel**.

ænig, *pron.* any, one, any one.

æninga, *adv.* continually, uninterruptedly, of necessity, by all means.

æn-lic, *adj.* only, incomparable, excellent, beautiful, elegant.

æne, *acc. sg. m.* See **ân**.

æpl, **æppel**, **eapl**, (*Sat.* 411), *st. m.* **1.** apple, fruit generally. — **2.** something round, a round object, ball. (*Ger. apfel.*)

æpled, **æppled**, *adj.* **appled**, shaped like an apple, made into balls or bosses. [*orehard.*]

æppel-bearu, *st. m.* a fruit-garden,

æppel-fealu, *adj.* apple-fallow, yellow like an apple, reddish-yellow.

ær, *I. conj. w. ind. & subj.* **ere**, before, — used also correlative with **ær**, *adv.* — *II. prep. w. dat.* before. *III. adv.* **1.** ere, before, sooner, earlier, — **nô þý ær**. See **þý**. — **2.** early, betimes, premature. (*Ger. cher.*)

ær, *st. n.* brass.

ær = **âr**, *st. f.* honor. See **ærfæst**, **ærlæast**.

ær-ād̥l, *st. f.* early disease. *Gû. Ex.* 31.

ær-boren, *part.* the earlier born, first-born.

ær-cwide, *st. m.* old saying, prophecy.

ær-dæg, *st. m.* early day, early morn.

In the *pl.* former days, olden time.

ær-dēad, *st. m.* early death.

ærdon, *By.* 191: Wūleker = **rædon**.

See **rædan**; *Grein* = **ærndon**, from **ærnan**, to run.

æren, *adj.* brazen, made of brass. (*Ger. chern.*)

ærend-bôc, *st. f.* message, letter.

ærende, *st. n.* errand, message, tidings, business, care.

ærend-gâst, *st. m.* a message-bringing spirit, angel.

ærend-gewrit, *st. n.* written message, letter, epistle.

ærendian, *w. v.* to take or carry a message, news, tidings.

ærend-raca, *w. m.* messenger, ambassador, apostle, angel.

ærend-secg, *st. m.* messenger, ambassador, apostle, angel.

ærend-spræc, *st. f.* message, verbal message.

ærest. See **ærist**.

ærest, **ærost**, *superl.* **1. adj.** the first. **erst**. — **2. adv. & uninflected adj.** at first, before all, first of all; also *w. gen. pl.* (*Ger. der erste, &c.*)

ær-fæder, *st. m.* deceased father, late father.

ær-fæst, *adj.* honorable, gracious, merciful. (*Ger. chrfest.*)

ær-gescôð, *part.* furnished with brazen scabbard, with brazen covering, sheathed in brass (*Grosehopp*); — brass-shod, shod with brass, **ære calceatus**. *Grein, B.-T.*

ær-gestréon, *st. n.* old treasure, possessions dating from old times, riches accumulated in olden time.

ær-geweorc, *st. n.* an ancient work, work of the olden time.

ær-gewinn, *st. n.* former pains, labor, an ancient struggle.

ær-gewyrht, *st. n.* former work, deed of old, a work done formerly.

ær-glæd, *adj.* brass-bright, gleaming in brazen arms.

ær-gôð, *adj.* good above others, of prime goodness (*Grein, B.-T.*); good in^h honors, well furnished with dignity and advantages (*Leo*);

good since old times, long invested with dignity or advantages. (Harrison & Sharp.)

æ-riht, *st. n.* law-right, faith, belief.

æring, *st. f.* early dawn, daybreak, early morning.

æ-rest, -rist, *st. f.* 1. resurrection, awakening, rising up.— 2. origin, relation to the beginning? B.2157. (Goth. *urristis*.)

æ-r-lêast, -lêst, *st. f.* dishonor, disgraceful deed, impiety.

æ-mergen, *st. m.* early morning, day-break.

æ-morgen, *st. m.* early morning, daybreak.

ærn. See ern.

æror, ærror, ærur, *compar. 1. adv.* earlier, before, formerly.— 2. *prep. w. dat.* before, sooner than.

ærra, *compar. adj.* earlier, former.

ær-sceafst, *st. f.* what was wrought in former times, old work, ancient building.

ær-wela, *w. m.* ancient wealth, riches from the olden time.

ær-woruld, *st. f.* the former world, old world. (Cf. Ger. *Ur-welt*.)

æs, *st. n.* carcass, carrion, food, meat. (Ger. *aas*.)

æac, *st. m.* ash. 1. ash-tree; and name for the Rune æ.— 2. ash-spear; lance, spear made of ash.— 3. a vessel made of ash.— 4. a small ship, skiff. (O. H. Ger. *asc*.)

æac-berend, *part. & subs.* ash-spear bearer, lance-bearer.

æace, *w. f.* ashes.

æac-here, *st. m.* a spear-bearing army.

æac-holt, *st. n.* ash wood, ashen shaft, lance.

æac-plega, *w. m.* play of spears, battle.

æac-rôf, *adj.* renowned in the battle of spears, able in battle, illustrious.

æsc-stêde, *st. f.* firmness, constancy in battle. (Grein.)

æsc-stede, *st. m.* place of trial (Leo); ash-spear place, place of battle (B.-T.) Mbd. 17. [war.

æsc-tir, *st. m.* spear-glory, glory in æsc-bracu, *st. f.* atress of spears; battle.

æsc-wiga, *w. m.* a spear-warrior, warrior.

æ-springe, -sprynge, *st. m.* 1. water-spring, fountain.— 2. what is yet to spring forth, yet to happen, fate, destiny. Sch. 77.

æ-swic, *st. m.* offense, scandal, shame, infamy, disgrace.

æt, I. *prep. 1. w. dat. (a.)* local: where? at, near, by, in, on, upon, with, in respect to, as to;— with verbs of taking, from, away from. Whither? to, toward, at, on.— (b.) temporal: at, at the time of, near, in, on, to.— (c.) causal: at, to.— 2. *w. acc. to*, unto, up to, as far as, into.— II. *adv.* at, to, near.

æt, *st. m.* 1. food, meat.— 2. feeding, eating. (O. H. Ger. *az*.)

æt-fele, adhesion, Ps. 72, 23, *mibi autem adhærere deo.* (Grein, B.-T.); devoting, dedicating; adhering? (Groschopp.)

æt-foran, *prep. w. dat.* before, in the presence of.

æt-gædere, -gædre, *adv.* united, together, at the same time.

æt-gifa, -geofa, *w. m.* food-giver, nourisher.

æt-græpe, *adj.* laying hold of, grabbing at, seizing; *w. weorpan* = to seize.

æt-hwâ, *pron.* each. Pa. 15.

æt-hwega, *adv.* to a certain degree, tolerably, somewhat, a little.

æt-hwon, *adv.* almost, nearly.

ætor-cyn, *st. n.* poisonous kind.

ætren, ætren, ættern, ættryn, *adj.* poisonous, poisoned. (Ger. *eiterig*.)

ætren-môd, *adj.* venom-minded, sly, cunning, deceitful.

æt-rihte, -ryhte, *adj.* right at, near, present.

æt-rihte, *adv.* almost, nearly.

æt-samne, -somne (et-), *adv.* united, at once, together.

æt-stæl, *st. m.* aid, assistance (Grein); station, camp-station (B.-T.)

æt-steall, *st. m.* standing face to face with hostile intent, hostile opposition (Grein); camp-station (B.-T.)

ætren, ættryn. See ætren.

æt-wela, *w. m.* wealth of food, supply of food; food.

æt-wist, *st. f.* presence, existence, substance, sustenance.

ædan, êdan, *w. r.* to lay waste, devastate.

â-ædan, to make desolate, lay waste.

ædel = ædel. See êdel.

ædel-cund, *adj.* of noble origin, noble.

ædel-cyning, *st. m.* the noble king, Christ.

ædel-dugud, *st. f.* noble comitatus, attendance, fellowship.

ædele, edele, *adj.* noble, noble-minded, excellent, illustrious, vigorous, famous. (Ger. *edel*.)

ædelian, *w. v.* (Ger. *edeln*.)

ge-ædelian, to ennoble, make illustrious, improve.

un-ædelian, to degrade, debase.

ædeling, *st. m.* a man of noble birth, noble, prince, God, Christ, man; — *pl.* men, people.

ædel-ic (= ædel-lic), *adj.* noble, excellent.

ædel-nes, *st. f.* nobility, excellence.

ædel-stenc, *st. m.* noble odor, sweet smell.

ædel-tungol, *st. n.* noble star.

ædelu, ædelo, *st. f. & st. n. pl.* noble qualities, especially of the mind; talents, genius, nature, noble origin, nobility, descent, origin, noble descendants, family, race. (Ger. *adel*.)

ædm, êdm, *st. m.* breath, breathing, vapor. (Ger. *athem*.)

æwan, *w. r.* to despise, scorn, condemn.

æ-welm, *st. m.* spring, fountain, source, beginning.

æwisc, *st. f.* offense, shame, disgrace, dishonor. (Goth. *airisks*.)

æwisc-môd, *adj.* ashamed, cast down in mind, disgraced, oppressed.

æ-wita, *w. m.* one acquainted with the law, a law-expert, counselor.

æx, *st. f.* an ax, hatchet. (Ger. *art*.)

afara, -era, -ora. See eafora.

afor, *adj.* grim, dire, rough, impetuous, strong.

âgan, *v. pret.-pres., pret. ind. sg. 1.* 3. âh.—2. âhst; *pl.* âgon, âgan, âgun; *subj. sg.* âge; *pl.* âgen, âgon (Ps. 108, 27); *pret.* âhte, to have, possess, own (older form owe). (Goth. *aigan*.)

âge, *w. f.* possessions, property. Sat. 147.

âgen, *adj.* own, peculiar, proper.

âgend, *part. & subs.* owner, possessor, lord, master.

âgend-frêa, *w. m.* owner, possessor, lord; — *w. f.* mistress. Gen. 2237.

âg-lâc, -læc, *st. m.* trouble, misery, pressure, misfortune, sharp fighting, bitter hostility.

âglâc-hâd, *st. m.* misery-hood, state or condition causing sadness or affliction.

âg-læca, -læcea, -lêca (âh-, æg-, âc-) *w. m.* bringer of trouble, evil spirit, demon, monster, devil; — great hero, mighty warrior.

âg- (âc-) læc-cræft, *st. m.* evil, destructive art.

âglæc-wif, *st. n.* female monster, destruction-bringing woman.

âgnian, *ic. v.* to appropriate, possess, prove or claim as one's own. (Ger. *eignen*.)

ge-âgnian, same as the above.

agof = agob, transposition of the word boga. Râ. 24. 1.

ah, âh-, âh. See ac-, âg-, âgan.

â-hafenes, *st. f.* a lifting up, elevation.

âhsian, *ic. v. 1.* to ask, to demand.—

2. to obtain, experience, endure.

ge-âhsian, to find out by asking, get by hearsay.

âhst. See âgan.

âht (= âwihht), *st. n.* aught, anything, something.

âhte. See âgan.

â-hwær, *adv.* anywhere, everywhere; —used specially in negative sentences.

â-hwærgen, *adv.* same as the above.

â-hwæder, *pron.* some one, something, any one.

al. See eal.

alan, *st. abl. v. IV.* to nourish, produce. (Goth. *alan*.)

of-alan, to take away, diminish. Reim. 24.

ald, aldor. See eald, ealdor.

alet, *st. m.* fire.

algian, alh, all. See ealgian, ealh, eal.

â-lihting, *st. f.* illumination, enlightening.

almægen, -wealda, -wight. See eal-

â-lýsend, *part. & subs.* redeemer, deliverer. (Cf. Ger. *erlöser*.)

â-lýsing, *st. f.* redemption. (Ger. *erlösung*.)

â-lýsnes, *st. f.* redemption.

âm, *st. m.* weaver's beam, yarn-beam. Râ. 36, 8 (Grain); the reed or slay of a weaver's loom. (B.-T.)

ambeht, -biht, -bieht, -byht (an-, om-, on-), *st. n.* office, service, command, commission.

ambeht (with same parallel forms), *st. m.* servant, serving-man.

ambeht-hêra, *ic. m.* servant, obedient servant, bond-slave.

ambeht-mæcg, *st. m.* serving-man, servant.

ambeht-scealc, *st. m.* same as above.

ambeht-secg, *st. m.* same as above.

ambeht-pegn, *st. m.* same as above.

an. See unnan.

an. I. *prep. ic. dat. & acc.* in, on, among, with respect to, into, to (frequently separated from the word governed). See on.—II. *adv.* away, forth? Met. 20, 30.

ân, *num. st. & ic. 1.* one, a certain one of many, an only one.—2. a, an, —almost in the sense of our so-called indefinite article.—3. alone, only, sole.—4. alone, sole, unique, distinguished, excellent.—5. alone, lonely, solitary.—6. *gen. pl.* ânra, in connection with pronouns, —single, each, every, all.—7. on ân, in one, in accordance with, once for all, continually, ever.—8. uninflected in ân-forlætan, to leave alone, leave, give up, forsake, relinquish.

ân-âd, *st. n.* waste, desert, solitude. (Ger. *einöde*.)

an-bid, *st. n.* expectation, hope, awaiting.

anbiht, -bieht, -byht. See ambeht.

ân-boren, *part.* only born, only begotten.

an-brôce, *ic. f.* wood, timber, building material. El. 1029.

ân-bûend, *part. & subs.* lone dweller, hermit, anchorite.

ân-cenned, *part.* only begotten.

ancor, oncor, *st. m.* anchor. (Ger. *anker*. From Gr. *ἄγκυρα*.)

ancor-bend, *st. m.* anchor-band, anchor-rope.

ancor-râp, *st. m.* anchor-rope, eable.
and, ond, *conj.* and.

and, *prep.* I. *w. dat.* (in numbers), with.

II. *w. acc.* over, against, with, into, on, before. (O. H. Ger. *ant-, int-*.)

Ger. *ent-*.)

anda, onda, *w. m.* grudge, anger, hate, envy, jealousy, discontent, excitement, vexation, horror, an endeavor to hurt. (O. H. Ger. *anado, anto.*)

ân-dæge, *adj.* for one day.

and-bid, *st. n.* hope, expectation.

and-cwis, *st. f.* answer.

andettan, -etan, ondetan, *w. v.* to confess, acknowledge.

mægen-andettan, earnestly, strongly to confess.

andet-nes, *st. f.* acknowledgment, confession.

and-feng, *st. m.* a taking up, a receiving, defense. Sat. 245.

and-fenga, -fengea, -fencgea (ond-), *w. m.* one that undertakes a thing, taker-up, defender, receiver, harbinger. [fit.

and-fenge, *adj.* acceptable, approved,
and-fenge, -fencge, *st. m.* undertaker, defender, protector.

and-gete, *adj.* open, plain, manifest, clear, easily recognized.

and-git, -giet, -gyt (ond-), *st. n.* insight, perception, intellect, understanding, knowledge.

and-gite, -giete (ond-), *w. f.* same as the above.

andgiet-tâcen, *st. n.* a sensible token, a sign by which something is recognized, sign, token.

and-lang, -long (ond-), *adj.* along, continuous, whole, entire, throughout, extended, all-along. (Ger. *entlang*.)

and-lata? Cri. 1436.

and-léan (ond-), *st. n.* retribution, retaliation, like for like.

and-leofa, *w. m.* recreation, refectory, food? Sat. 522.

and-leofen, -lifen, *st. f.* food, nourishment.

and-raca, *w. m.* servant, representative? deputy? Exod. 15. (**and-saca** *ms.*)

andrysnic. See **ondrysnic**.

and-rysno (ond-), *st. f.* what is to be considered, the becoming, due attention, etiquette. (Grein, Heyne, &c.)

an-drysno (on-), *st. f.* fear, awe, reverence. (B.-T.)

and-saca (ond-), *w. m.* adversary, enemy, denier, apostate.

and-sæc (ond-), *st. f. n.?* contention, denial, refusal, resistance, strife.

and-slyht (ond-). See **hand-slyht**.

and-swaru (ond-), *st. f.* answer, accounting, reply, address.

and-weard, *adj.* present, lying over against, standing over against, opposite to, against. (O. H. Ger. *antwart*.)

andweard-lic, *adj.* present, actually present.

andweard-lice, *adv.* in the presence of, present, actually.

and-weorc, *st. n.* matter, material, stuff, ground, cause.

and-wig, *st. m.* resistance, battle.

and-wit, *adj.* expert, skillful, acquainted with, experienced.

and-wist, *st. f.* place, station; (the support of the earth, Kemble). An. 1542.

and-wlita, *w. m.* look, face, countenance, appearance. (Ger. *antlitz*.)

and-wrâd, *adj.* hostile, enraged.

and-wyrde, *st. n.* answer. (Ger. *antwort*.)

â-nêhst, -nÿhst, *adv.* next, at last, in the last place.

an-feng, *st. m.* apprehension, laying hold of, reception, receiving.

ân-fête, *adj.* one-footed, with one foot.

ân-feald, *adj.* one-fold, simple, single, plain, modest.

- ân-floga**, *w. m.* the alone, lonely flier.
an-forht, *adj.* fearful, timid.
anga, onga, *w. m.* point, sting.
ânga, *w. adj.* only, sole.
ange, onge, *adj.* narrow, straitened, sore, anxious, troubled. (Ger. *enge*.)
ân-genga, -gengea, *w. m.* the alone, solitary goer, solitary.
ân-getrum, *st. n.* an illustrious company? Exod. 334.
an-gin, *st. n.* beginning, commencement, undertaking, endeavor, attempt, cause, action.
ang-môd, *adj.* anxious in mind, sad, sorrowful.
ang-nes, *st. f.* anxiety, uneasiness, fear, anguish.
an-gryslíc, *adj.* grisly, frightful, horrible, horrid, terrible. Ps. 104, 33. Bed. 5, 2.
ân-haga, -hoga, *w. m.* lone dweller, recluse, solitary.
an-hoga, *w. m.* care, sorrow, solicitude, anxiety. Gû. 970.
ân-horn, *st. m.* unicorn.
ân-horna, *w. m.* unicorn.
ân-hýdig, *adj.* constant, firm, determined, brave.
âninga, *adv.* unceasingly, straightway, by all means, entirely, altogether, at all events.
ân-lêpe, *adj.* single, singular, alone, solitary, private, a single one.
an-leofa, *w. m.* food, nourishment.
an-lic, *adj.* like, similar, of like age, equal.
ân-lic = **ænlíc**, *adj.* only, unique, incomparable, excellent.
an-lice, *adv.* similarly, of like manner.
an-licnes, *st. f.* likeness, similarity, image, comparison, parable.
ân-mêde, *st. n.* unanimity, concord, harmony.
an-medla, *w. m.* pride, arrogance, insolence.
an-môd, *adj.* steadfast, daring, courageous, brave, grim, fierce.
ân-môd, *adj.* of one mind, with one accord, harmonious.
ân-môdlice, *adv.* unanimously, with one accord.
ân-des, *st. f.* oneness, unity.
ân-pæd, *st. m.* lonely, narrow path, lonely way.
ân-ræd, *adj.* of one counsel, firm, determined, resolute.
ân-seld, *st. m.* lonely seat, lonely dwelling.
ân-atapa, *w. m.* lonely wanderer, solitary.
an-sund, *adj.* whole, unhurt, sound. (Cf. Ger. *gesund*.)
an-sýn, -sien, -sion, *st. f.* faee, appearance, look, countenance, aspect, sight, view, presence. (Ger. *anschen*.)
an-sýn, *st. f.* want, lack. Ps. 142, 6.
ân-tíd, *st. f.* first hour? one and the same time? (Grein); one time, *i. e.* the same time (Heyne). B. 219.
ânunga, *adv.* without ceasing, throughout, entirely, altogether, wholly.
an-weald, -wald, *st. m.* power, might, rule, dominion, empire. (Cf. Ger. *ge-walt*.)
an-wealda, -walda, *w. m.* one who has rule or power, ruler, Lord.
ân-wig-gearu, *adj.* ready for single combat.
an-wlôh, *adj.* adorned, ornamented.
ânýhst. See **ânéhst**.
apostol, *st. m.* apostle.
apostol-hád, *st. m.* apostlehood, apostolic office.
Aprelis, *m.* April.
âr, *st. f.* oar. Gû. Ex. 188.
âr, *st. m.* messenger, ambassador, herald, apostle, angel, servant, man. (Goth. *airus*.)
âr, *st. f.* 1. honor, worth, dignity, renown, glory, respect, reverence.—

2. grace, favor, compassion, benefit, help. (Ger. *chrc.*)
- âra** = **geâra**, *adv. gen. pl.* once, formerly.
- âr-cræftig**, *adj.* strong in honor, honorable, (Grein); respectful, polite. (B.-T.)
- âre**, *w. f.* = **âr**, *st. f.* honor, &c.
- âr-fæst**, *adj.* 1. honorable, honest, just, upright, pious, virtuous, respectful.—2. favorable, good, kind, compassionate.—3. ready for help? B. 1168.
- âr-fæstnes**, *-festnes*, *st. f.* uprightness, honesty, mildness, pity, mercy, compassion.
- âr-geblond**, *st. m.* waves of the sea raised by oars, oar-disturbed sea, mingling of the oars.
- âr-gifa**, *w. m.* honor-giver, giver of benefits, benefactor.
- âr-hwæt**, *adj.* eager for honor, desirous of renown.
- ârian**, *w. v.* 1. to honor, reverence, adore.—2. to be gracious, favorable to, have mercy.—3. to spare, pity. (Ger. *chren.*)
- ge-ârian**, 1. to honor.—2. to have mercy, be gracious, help.
- âr-lêas**, *adj.* 1. honorless, impious.—2. notorious, infamous, disgraceful, wicked.—3. without compassion, cruel. Jul. 4. (Ger. *chrios.*)
- âr-lêaslice**, *adv.* impiously, cruelly, wickedly.
- âr-lêast**, *st. f.* impiety, cruelty, dishonor, iniquity.
- âr-lic**, *adj.* honorable, honest, becoming, agreeable, pleasant, lovely, merciful. (Ger. *chrlieh.*)
- âr-lice**, *adv.* honestly, honorably, becomingly, graciously, mercifully, pleasantly.
- arod**, *adj.* ready, prepared.
- âr-scamu**, *st. f.* holy awe, respect, reverence.
- âr-stæf**, *st. m.* benefit, kindness, assistance, help, favor, grace.
- âr-wela**, *w. m.* wealth of oars, the sea.
- âr-wyrde**, *adj.* worthy of honor, venerable. (Ger. *chrcürdig.*)
- âr-ŷd**, *st. f.* waves stirred up by the oar, oar-wave.
- asce**, *w. f.* ashes. (O. H. Ger. *asca*; Goth. *azgo*; Ger. *asche.*)
- âscian**, *w. v.* to ask, demand, seek out, find out by inquiry.
- ge-âscian**, to find out by asking, hear of, learn.
- âscung**, *st. f.* asking, inquiry, question, interrogation.
- aspide**, *st. m.* asp, adder, serpent.
- assa**, *w. m.* ass, a male ass.
- atelic** (= **atol-lic**), *adj.* dire, dreadful, terrible.
- atol**, **atul**, *adj.* ugly, deformed, foul, dire, horrible, loathsome, terrible, hostile.
- atol**, *st. n.* cruelty, horror, terrible-ness, evil, wretchedness.
- âtor**, **âttor**, *st. n.* poison, venom. (Ger. *citr.*)
- âtor-tân**, *st. m.* poisonous twig, poisoned rod.
- âttor**. See **âtor**.
- âttor-sceada**, *w. m.* poisonous enemy, poisonous dragon.
- âttor-spere**, *st. n.* poisonous spear, poisoned spear.
- âd**, *st. m.* oath. (Ger. *cid.*)
- âd-loga**, *w. m.* oath-breaker, perjurer.
- âdolian**, *w. v.* to make noble, ennoble.
- adol-ware**, *st. m. pl.* citizens.
- âdor** (= **âwder**), *pron.* other, one of two.
- âd-swaru**, *st. f.* oath-swearing, oath.
- âd-sweord**, *st. f.* same as the above.
- âdum**, *st. m.* son-in-law. (Ger. *cidam.*)
- â-uh** (= **âwiht**), *st. n.* aught, anything.
- âwa**, **âwo**, *adv.* 1. always.—2. ever, any, some. Sal. 322.

â-wærged, *adj.* accursed, wicked, malicious.
 â-weg, *adv.* away, forth.
 â-wêr (= âhwær), *adv.* anywhere, somewhere.
 â-werged, -wyrgeð, *adj.* accursed, malicious, malevolent.

â-wiht, -wuht, -wyht, *st. n.* aught, anything, anything at all; — *acc.*, often used adverbially. [turbed.
 â-wygeð, *adj.* moved, disquieted, dis-
 âwder (= â-hwæder), *pron.* either, other, one of two, one or the other.
 axe, *w. f.* ashes.

B

bā. See *begen*.
 bād, *st. f.* pledge, pawn.
 bæc, *bec*, *st. n.* back; ofer bæc būgan, to turn back, flee; under bæc, on bec, backwards.
 bæcling, found only in the adverbial phrase on bæcling, backwards.
 bæðan, *w. r.* to demand, compel, constrain, incite, encourage.
 â-bæðan, to have a demand for, compel, restrain, exact.
 ge-bæðan, 1. *w. gen.* of thing, to bring about, force, compel. Gn. Ex. 105.— 2. *w. acc.* of person, and *w. to*, or *gen.* of thing, to induce one to do a thing, to force, compel.
 3. to drive, send forth, let fly. B. 3117.— 4. to press hard, compel, restrain, overcome, repress.
 bæðe-wég, *st. n.* eup, drinking-vessel.
 bæl, *st. n.* fire of the funeral-pile, fire, flames, funeral pile. (O.N. *bál*.)
 bæl-blæse, *w. f.* fire-blaze, a blaze.
 bæl-blýse, *st. f.* same as the above.
 bælc, *st. m.* balk, covering, cloud. (Ger. *ge-balk*.)
 bælc, *st. m. f.* belch, stomach, pride, arrogance, presumption.
 bælcian, *w. r.* to cry out, to make an arrogant noise.
 bældan, *w. r.* to animate, arouse, encourage.
 bæl-egesa, *w. m.* terror, dread of the flames.

bæl-fȳr, *st. n.* fire of the funeral-pile, bale-fire.
 bæligan, *w. r.*
 â-bæligan, to insult, provoke, make angry.
 bæl-stede, *st. f.* place of the funeral fire, the burning of the corpse.
 bæl-pracu, *st. f.* force or violence of the flame.
 bæl-wudu, *st. m.* wood for the funeral-fire.
 bæl-wylm, *st. m.* funeral-fire flames, billow-like flames.
 bændan, *w. r.*
 ge-bændan, to bind, fetter, tie.
 bæer, *adj.* bare, naked. (Ger. *baar*.)
 bæer, *st. f.* bier. (Ger. *bahre*.)
 bæran, *w. r.*
 ge-bæran, to demean one's self, to behave, bear one's self. (O. II. Ger. *gebâren*, -ôn; Ger. *geben*.)
 bærnian, *w. r.* to burn, burn up, consume. (Ger. *brennen*.)
 for-bærnian, to burn up, consume. (Ger. *ver-brennen*.)
 ge-bærnian, to burn.
 on-bærnian, to set on fire, kindle.
 bætan, *w. r.* to restrain with a bit, curb, tame.
 ge-bætan, same as the above.
 ymbe-bætan, to throw a restraint around, put a check upon.
 bætera. See *bettra*.

bæd, *st. n.* bath. (Ger. *bad*.)
bæd-weg, *st. m.* bath-way, the sea.
bald, **baldor**, **balu**. See **beald**,
bealdor, **bealu**.
bân, *st. n.* bone, bones of the human
body. (Ger. *bein*.)
bana, **bona**, *w. m.* killer, murderer.
bân-côfa, *w. m.* bone-chamber, the
body.
bân-côða, *w. m.* a baneful disease,
deadly sickness? Et Müller, **bân-**
côða, *ossium morbus, disease of*
the bones. Gû. 998.
bân-fæt, *st. n.* bone-vat, vessel for
the bones, the body.
bân-fâg, **-fâh**, *adj.* variegated with
bones, adorned with bone-work, or
perhaps with deer-antlers. (Grein,
H. & S.) **ban-fâh**, death or mur-
der-stained. (B.-T.) B. 780.
ban-, **bon-gâr**, *st. m.* murderous
spear.
bân-gebrec, *st. m.* bone-breaking?
An. 1444.
bân-helm, *st. m.* a helm or shield for
the protection of the bones of the
body, *i. e.*, a helmet for the body.
Fin. 30.
bân-hring, *st. m.* bone-structure,
joint, bone-joint.
bân-hûs, *st. n.* bone-house, body.
bân-lêas, *adj.* boneless, without
bones.
bân-loca, *w. m.* bone inclosure, body.
bannan, **bonnan**, *st. red. v.* to order,
command, call, call together, sum-
mon. (Ger. *bannen*.)
â-bannan, to order, call, summon,
call off.
ge-bannan, to bid, order, name,
call, summon.
bân-sele, *st. m.* bone-hall, body.
bâsnian, *w. v.* to expect, await, wait.
basilisca, *w. m.* basilisk.
basu, *adj.* purple, crimson.
bât, *st. m.* boat, skiff, ship, vessel.
(Ger. *boot*.)

bât-weard, *st. m.* boat-warrior,
watcher over the ship.

badian, *w. v.* 1. to bathe, wash, cher-
ish, foment.—2. to bathe one's
self, bathe.

bi-badian, to bathe.

be, *prep. w. dat. & instr.* 1. local: by,
near by, near, at, on, with.—2.
likewise local, but of motion from
the subject in the direction of the
object, on, upon, by.—3. causal:
by, with, for, through, by reason
of, on account of, in accordance
with.—4. from, concerning, about,
(after verbs of saying, &c.).—4.
temporal: while, during, **be þe**
(him) **lifigendum**, *during thy*
(their) life.—8. in various phrases:
be âwihite, *in any respect*; **be**
fullan, *in excess*; **be sumum dæle**,
in some part, partly; **þâ tid be**
getale, *the morable Easter festival*;
be ânfealdum, *single*.—7. fre-
quently separated from its ease.
Rä. 28, 17; Ps. 72.

be-æftan, *adv.* 1. after, hind.—2.
without.

be-bod, *st. n.* command, order. (Ger.
ge-bot.)

bec. See **bæc**.

bêc, *pl. of bôc*.

bêcn, *st. n.* beacon, sign.

bêcnan, *w. v.* to beckon, point out,
signify, denote.

bêcning, *st. f.* indicating, signifying;
hence—mark, sign.

bed, **bedd**, *st. n.* bed, resting-place.
(Ger. *bett*.)

bed-, **bedd-rest**, *st. f.* bed-rest, bed.

be-foran, I. *prep.* 1. *w. dat. (a.)* local:
before, in the presence of, in front.
(b.) temporal: before, prior to,
sooner than.—2. *w. acc.* before.—
II. *adv.* 1. local: before, in front,
at hand, openly.—2. temporal: be-
fore, formerly, earlier, sooner.

bæg. See **bêag**.

bēgan, *w. v.* to bow, bend, depress.
ā-bēgan, to bend in, crook, curve.
for-bēgan, to give a wrong bend to, oppress, humble, degrade.
ge-bēgan, to bow, bend, depress.
bēgan, *w. v., w. inf.* to prosecute zealously? Ps. 143. 14.
be-gang, -gong, *st. m.* (literally the extent of going), district, way, course, circuit.
began, *bā, bū, num.* both, *nom. m.* **begen**; with things, *bā, bū; f. bā; n. bū; gen. m. f. n. bega, begea, begra; dat. bām, bēm; acc. m. bū; f. bā; n. bū*;—frequently associated with **twegen**.
be-hindan, *I. adv.* behind, in the rear.—*II. prep., w. dat.* (post positive), behind, after.
bēhd, *st. f.* token, witness, sign, proof.
belced-sweora, *adj.* inflated, having an inflated neck. Rū. 79, 1.
belcettan, *w. v.* to beleh, eructate, utter, give forth.
belgan, *st. abl. v. I. (w. acc. reflex.)*, to swell with anger, become angry, enraged; *w. acc.* to cause one's self to swell with anger, &c. (Ger. *balgen*.)
ā-belgan, to make angry, irritate, insult, hurt, distress.
ge-belgan, to make angry, irritate, provoke, exasperate.
bell, the forehead? Dietrich.
bellan, *st. abl. v. I.* to bellow, bark, grunt. (Ger. *bellen*.)
bēme, *w. f.* trumpet.
bēn, *st. f.* boon, request, prayer, petition. (O. N. *binn*.)
ben, **benn**, *st. f.* wound. (Icel. *ben*; Goth. *banja*.)
bēna, *w. m.* petitioner, asker, demander.
benc, *st. f.* bench. (Ger. *bank*.)
benc-sittende, *part.* sitting on a bench, bench-sitter.
benc-swæg, *st. m.* bench-rejoicing: a

joyous, convivial noise, coming from those sitting on the benches in the mead-hall.
benc-pel, *st. n.* bench-board, *i. e.*, the wainscotted space where the benches stand.
bend, *st. m. f.* band, bond. [fetter.
bendan, *w. v. 1.* to bend.—*2.* to bind, **ge-bendan**, to bend.
be-neodan, *prep.* beneath, under.
ben-geat, *st. n.* wound-gate, the opening of a wound.
bennian, **bennegean**, *w. v.* to wound. **ge-bennian**, to wound.
bēn-tid, *st. f.* prayer-time.
bera, *w. m.* bear. (Ger. *bär*.)
beran, *st. abl. v. II.* to bear, carry, bring forward, carry off, bear out, offer, extend, wear, support, suffer. At times the object is wanting,—weapons, shield, &c. (O. H. Ger. *beran*; Goth. *bairan*.)
ā-beran, *1.* to bear, suffer, endure.—*2.* to take away, remove.
æt-beran, *1.* to bring to, carry to, produce.—*2.* to take away, carry off. B. 2127.
for-beran, *1.* to hold, suppress. *2.* to make allowance for, humor.
ge-beran, *1.* to bear, bring forth. *2.* to lead. Gū. 468.
ôð-beran, *1.* to carry, carry to, draw to, bring hither.—*2.* to carry off or away.
on-beran, to take away, carry off, abduct, weaken.
tô-beran, to tear asunder, scatter, destroy, remove, distract, dissipate.
ymb-beran, to bear around, surround.
berht, *adj.* bright, shining.
berhtan, *w. v.*
ge-berhtan, to light up, enlighten, brighten.
berhtmhwæt, *adj.* swift as an eye-wink, in a moment.

berian, *w. v.* to make bare, bare, vacate.

berian, *w. v.*

ge-berian, to happen, occur.

berige, *w. f.* berry. (O. H. Ger. *beri*; Goth. *basi*; Ger. *beere*.)

berne-lâc, *st. n.* burnt offering.

berstan, *st. abl. v. I. 1.* to burst, break, break to pieces.—**2.** to make a noise, crack, crash, resound. (Ger. *bersten*.)

for-berstan, to break, break in two, burst asunder, fail, vanish.

tô-berstan, to break to pieces.

berstan, *w. v.* to make a noise, crush, resound? to break to pieces? Râ. 5, 8.

bet, *adv.* better; **pē(pȳ)bet**, the better.

bêtan, *w. v.* to better, restore, cure, improve, repair. (Ger. *bessern*.)

ge-bêtan, **1.** to better, improve.

—**2.** to make away with, remove, relieve.—**3.** avenge, vindicate.

un-bêtan, not to make better; *part.* **unbêted**, unatoned for, unexpiated.

betast, **betost**, *superl. adj.* best, the best.

betend, *part. & subs.* atoning, renewing; renewer, restorer.

bêt-lic, *adj.* grand, superior, excellent, magnificent.

betst, *superl. 1. adj.* best, the best.

2. adv. best, in the best manner.

be-tweoh, *prep.* between, among.

be-tweohs, **-tweox**, *prep. w. dat.* between, among.

be-twéonan, *prep. w. dat.* between, among.

be-twéonum, *prep. w. gen. dat. & acc.* between, among.

be-twinum, *prep.* between, among.

be-twuh, **-twux**, *prep.* between, among.

be-ûtan, *prep. w. dat.* but, without, outside of.

bêacen, *st. n.* beacon, token, mark, sign, standard, banner, wonder, miracle,—used especially with reference to the cross and to the sun.
bêacnian, *w. v.* to beckon, show, point out, indicate, represent pictorially.

ge-bêacnian, to show, indicate, announce, make known.

beadu, **beaðo**, *st. f.* fight, battle, contention, strife. (O. H. Ger. *badu*, *pato*.)

beadu-caf, *adj.* ready, prepared for battle.

beadu-cræft, *st. m.* the art of war, skill in war, war-strength.

beadu-cræftig, *adj.* war-crafty, skillful in war, warlike.

beadu-cwealm, *st. m.* murder, violent death.

beadu-folm, *st. f.* battle-hand,—hence, a bloody hand.

beadu-grima, **-grimma**, *w. m.* war-mask, helmet.

beadu-hrægl, *st. n.* war-shirt, coat-of-mail, corselet.

beadu-lâc, *st. n.* war-play, battle, combat.

beadu-léoma, *w. m.* battle-light, sword.

beadu-mægen, *st. n.* battle-troop, host (Grein); battle-strength, military power. (B.-T.)

beadu-mêce, *st. m.* battle-sword.

beadu-ræðs, *st. m.* battle-rush, storm of battle, attack.

beadu-rinc, *st. m.* warrior, soldier.

beadu-róf, *adj.* bold in war, strong in battle.

beadu-rûn, *st. f.* battle-secret, mystery of battle, quarrel; **beadurûn onbindan**, to loose the battle-mystery, begin battle.

beadu-scearp, *adj.* battle-sharp, sharp for the battle.

beadu-scrûd, *st. n.* battle-shroud, corselet, shirt of mail.

- beadu-aerce**, *w. f.* battle-sark, corselet, shirt of mail.
- beadu-searo**, *st. n.* war-equipment weapons.
- beadu-præat**, *st. m.* war-band, army.
- beadu-wang**, *st. m.* battlefield.
- beadu-wæpen**, *st. n.* war-weapon, weapons.
- beadu-weorc**, *st. n.* battle-work, war-like operation, battle.
- bêag, bêah, bêg**, *st. m.* ring, bracelet, collar, chain, crown, diadem. (O.H. Ger. *pouc*; O. N. *baugr*.)
- bêag-gifa, -gyfa**, *w. m.* ring or ornament giver, king, prince, lord.
- bêag-gifu**, *st. f.* ring-giving, giving of rings or ornaments.
- bêag-hord**, *st. m.* ring-hoard, treasure consisting of ornaments, rings.
- bêag-hroden**, *part.* adorned with rings, or with diadems.
- bêag-sel**, *st. n.* ring-hall, house or hall in which rings and other ornaments are distributed.
- bêag-sele**, *st. m.* the same.
- bêag-pegu**, *st. f.* the receiving of the ring.
- bêag-wrida**, *w. m.* ring-wreath, bracelet, armlet.
- bêah**. See **bêag**.
- beald, bald**, *adj.* bold, strong, powerful, skillful, brave, courageous, of good courage, free, liberal. (Goth. *balps*.)
- bealde, balde**, *adv.* freely, trustingly, confidently, courageously, boldly, immediately, without hesitation.
- bealdian**, *w. v.* to show one's self bold, be brave.
- beald-lice (bald-)**, *adv.* = **bealde**, boldly.
- bealdor, baldor**, *st. m.* lord, master, prince, hero.
- bealu, bealo, balu**, *st. f.* bale, evil, mischief, hurt, injury, woe, affliction, wickedness, depravity. (O.H. Ger. *balo*.)
- bealu, balu**, *adj.* baleful, destructive, dangerous, bad, abandoned, treacherous, malicious.
- bealu-ben**, *st. f.* destruction-bringing wound, deadly wound.
- bealo-blonden**, *part.* blended or mixed with destruction, pernicious.
- bealo-clom**, *st. m. f.* hard, oppressive bond, dire chain.
- bealo-cræft**, *st. m.* magic art; wicked, pernicious art.
- bealo-cwealm**, *st. m.* violent death, death by the sword or disease. B. 2265.
- bealu-dæd**, *st. f.* evil deed, sin.
- bealo-ful**, *adj.* baleful, full of evil, dire, cruel, wicked, pernicious.
- bealo-fûs**, *adj.* prone to sin, inclined to sin.
- bealo-hycgende**, *part.* thinking of death, meditating destruction.
- bealo-hȳdig**, *adj.* thinking of death, meditating destruction.
- bealu-inwit**, *st. n.* deceit, cunning, treachery.
- bealu-léas**, *adj.* baleless, free from sin, innocent.
- bealu-nid (bala-)**, *st. m.* zeal for destruction, unworthy or pernicious striving, deadly enmity, destruction.
- bealo-râp**, *st. m.* a sinful bond, hard, oppressive fetter.
- bealo-searu**, *st. n.* wicked machination or snare.
- bealu-sid**, *st. m.* 1. mischief, hurt, calamity, adversity. See f. 28.—2. fatal journey, death. Exod. 5.
- bealo-sorg**, *st. f.* sorrow on account of expected misfortune; hard, oppressive sorrow.
- bealo-spell**, *st. n.* a message of dire misfortune, evil tale.
- bealo-panc, -ponc**, *st. m.* malicious, evil thought.

bēam, *st. m.* beam, **1.** tree.—**2.** cross, gallows.—**3.** pillar, column, pillar of cloud, pillar of fire.—**4.** wood, piece of wood, ship. Rā. 11, 7.—**5.** beam, post, rafter. Rā. 71, 11. (Ger. *baum*.)

bēam-sceadu, *st. f.* shadow of the tree; tree-shade.

bēam-telg, *st. m.* tree-dye, ink.

beard, *st. m.* beard. (Ger. *bart*.)

bearg, **beargh**, *st. m.* a barrow-pig, pig, a castrated boar. (Ger. *borgschwein*.)

beahrtm, *st. m.* **1.** splendor, brightness, clearness.—**2.** noise, tumult, clamor, cry, sound, tone.

bearm, *st. m.* **1.** barm, lap, bosom; figuratively, possession, property. (Goth. *barms*; O. H. Ger. *barm*; cf. Ger. *erbarmen*.)

bearm, *st. m.?* emotion, excitement. Ps. 118, 139.

bearn, *st. n.* (what is borne), bairn, child, boy, son, offspring, descendant, progeny. (Scot. *bairn*; Goth. *barn*.)

bearn-gebyrdu, *st. f.* childbirth, bearing; birth of a son.

bearn-gestrēon, *st. n.* child-procreation, riches in children.

bearu, bearo, *st. m.* a wood, grove, tree, forest, thicket. (O. N. *börr*.)

bearo-næs, *st. m.* woody shore.

bēatan, *st. red. v.* **1.** to beat, thrust, strike, shake, tremble.—**2.** to hurt, injure. Dan. 265.

ā-bēatan, to beat, strike, break or beat to pieces, to make to fall.

ge-bēatan, to beat, strike, hit.

of-bēatan, to beat to death, kill.

bēo. See **bēon**.

bēo, bi, *w. f.* bee. (Ger. *biene*.)

bēo-, bio-, bia-brēad, *st. n.* bee-bread, honeycomb.

bēod, *st. m.* table. (Goth. *binds*.)

beodan = **bidon**, *pret.* of **bidan**.

bēodan, biodan, *st. abl. v.* VI. **1.** to bid, command, order.—**2.** to offer, proffer, give, grant.—**3.** to bring, prepare. Seef, 54.—**4.** to threaten.—**5.** to bid, announce, proclaim, inform, deliver a message, perform a commission.—**6.** to betoken, signify. (Ger. *bieten*; Goth. *biudan*.)

ā-beodan, **1.** to order, command, commission, direct.—**2.** to present, announce, make known, offer, tender, wish.—**3.** to order, command.

be-bēodan, bi-bēodan, **1.** to order, command, bid.—**2.** to intrust to, recommend.—**3.** to offer.—**4.** to announce, proclaim, make known.

for-bēodan, to forbid.

ge-bēodan, **1.** to command, order, direct.—**2.** to deliver up, give over to, surrender. Dan. 414.—**3.** to offer, show.—**4.** to offer.—**5.** to threaten. Dan. 223.

on-bēodan, to announce, proclaim, make known.

bēod-gæst, *st. m.* table guest, familiar friend.

bēod-genēat, *st. m.* table-companion.

bēod-gereordu, *st. n. pl.* table-meal, feast. [moved.]

beofian, *w. v.* to tremble, quake, be ā-beofian, same as the above.

bēo-hāta, *w. m.* (the queen-bee), leader, prince.

bēon, bion, *irreg. v. pres. ind. sg.* **1.** bēom, bēon, bēo.—**2.** bist, byst.—**3.** bid, byd, beod (Hy. 7, 96); *pl.* bēod, biōd, biad; *subj. sg.* bēo, bio; *pl.* bēon; *imper. sig.* bēo; *pl.* bēod, to be,—generally with a future signification *will be*.

bēor, *st. n.* beer. (Ger. *bier*.)

beoran = **beran**, to bear, carry. Sal. 206.

beorc, *st. f.* birch, birch-tree; and name for the Rune B. (Ger. *birke*.)

beorcan, *st. abl. v.* I. to bark.

beorg, beorh, biorg, *st. m.* barrow, mountain, hill, mound. (Ger. *berg*.)

beorgan, *st. abl. v. I.* to save, protect, shelter, guard, defend, shield, spare, preserve; — *u. reflex. dat.* to beware of, avoid. (Ger. *bergen*; Goth. *bairgan*.)

be-beorgan, *u. reflex. dat.* to be on one's guard, take care.

ge-beorgan, to save, protect, defend; to protect one from something, ward off, spare, preserve.

ymb-beorgan, to surround protectingly.

beorgan, *u. v.* to taste, drink.

beorg-hlid, *st. n.* mountain-height, elevation, hill.

beorg-sedel, *st. m. n.?* mountain dwelling. Gû. 73.

beorg-stede, *st. m.* mountain place, place on a mountain, mound, mountain.

beorh. See **beorg**.

bêor-hyrde, *st. m.* beer-keeper, butler.

beorht, *st. n.* brightness, shining object, light, glance, twinkling.

beorht, *adj.* **1.** bright, brilliant, glistening, clear, lucid, plain, beautiful. — **2.** celebrated, excellent, noble, splendid, sublime, holy, divine. (Goth. *bairhts*.)

beorhtan, *u. v.* to light, shine, lighten.

beorhte, *adv.* brightly, lucidly, clearly, distinctly.

beorhtian, *u. v.* **1.** to glisten, shine. **2.** to sound clearly.

beorht-lic, *adj.* brilliant, bright, shining, splendid.

beorht-lice, *adv.* brilliantly, brightly, clearly, excellently.

beorhtm, *st. m.* noise, tumult.

beorht-nes, -nya, *st. f.* brightness, clearness, brilliancy, splendor.

beorht-roðor, *st. m.* bright firmament, ether.

beorhtu, *st. f.* brightness, clearness.

beorma, *u. m.* barm, yeast, leaven. (Ger. *barme, bärme*.)

beorn, biorn, *st. m.* noble, distinguished man, hero, warrior; a man. (Scan. *björn*.)

beornân, *st. abl. v. I.* to burn, glow, blaze up, burn up. (Ger. *brennen*.)

â-beornan, to kindle, inflame, take fire.

for-beornan, to burn up, to be burnt up, burn. (Ger. *verbrennen*.)

ge-beornan, same as the above.

beorn-cýning, *st. m.* king of warriors, king of heroes.

beorne, byrne, *u. f.* burnie, shirt of mail. (Ger. *brünne*.)

beorn-préat, *st. m.* band of men or warriors.

beorn-wiga, *u. m.* steel-clad warrior, or noble warrior, hero.

bêor-scealc, *st. m.* keeper of the beer, cup-bearer.

bêor-æle, *st. m.* beer-hall, a hall in which beer is drunk.

bêor-setl, *st. m.* beer-settle, beer-bench.

bêor-pegu, *st. f.* beer-drinking, beer-banquet.

beordor, *st. n.* childbirth, fetus? See **hysebeordor**.

bêot, *st. n.* proud, boastful speech, by which one is pledged or bound; threat, promise, pledge. — **2.** peril? danger? Dan. 265.

bêotian, *u. v.* **1.** to threaten. — **2.** to promise, pledge.

ge-bêotian, to promise, to bind one's self, make one's self responsible for.

bêot-word, *st. n.* = **bêot**.

bêod. See **bêon**.

bi (most frequently met with in shortened form **be**), *prep. u. dat.*

1. local: by, near, at, on, upon, about, of, in, with. — **2.** causal: by,

- through, by reason of, after, according to.—**3.** of, about, concerning (w. verbs of saying, &c.)—**4.** in comparison with. Ph. 338.—**5.** temporal: by, during, **bi me lifgendum**, during my lifetime.
- bi, big**, in improper word-composition by.
- bi.** See **béo.**
- bi-bod**, *st. n.* command, order, decree.
- bi-brêad**, *st. n.* bee-bread, honeycomb.
- bicgan.** See **bycgan.**
- bid**, *st. n.* lingering, delay, abiding.
- bidan**, *st. abl. v. V. 1.* to **bide**, delay, linger, wait, abide, remain, live, dwell.—**2.** to await, expect, wait for.—**3.** to reach, arrive at, know, experience, find. (Goth. *beidan*; O. H. Ger. *bītan*.)
- â-bidan**, to tarry, delay, remain behind, await, expect, experience.
- ge-bidan, 1.** to remain, delay, abide, tarry.—**2.** to expect, wait for, await.—**3.** to reach, arrive at, know, experience, find.
- ofer-bidan**, to outlast, surmount, outlive.
- on-bidan**, to wait, await, expect.
- biddan**, *st. abl. v. III.* to **bid**, desire, beg, ask, pray, order, require. (Ger. *bitten*.)
- â-biddan**, to implore, obtain by entreaty.
- ge-biddan**, to beg, ask, pray, pray to,—often with *reflex. dat.*
- bid-fæst**, *adj.* firm, forced to stand out.
- bidian**, *w. v.*
- an-bidian**, to await.
- biding**, *st. f.* **biding**, waiting, delaying;—abode.
- bid-steal**, *st. m.* halt, stand.
- bifian**, *w. v.* to tremble, shake, be moved. (Ger. *beben*.)
- â-bifian**, same as the above.
- bi-foran**, *I. prep. w. dat.* (temporal and local), **before**.—*II. adv. 1.* local: before, in the presence of.—**2.** before, formerly.
- big.** See **bi.**
- bigan.** See **bȳgan.**
- bi-gang, -gong**, *st. m.* extent, way, course, circuit.
- bi-genga, -gengea**, *w. m.* cultivator, inhabitant, dweller.
- bi-hâta**, *w. m.* the queen-bee, leader.
- bil, bill**, *st. n.* **bill**, battle-axe, sword;—a *bill* was a broad two-edged sword. (Ger. *beil*.)
- bile-wit.** See **tilwit.**
- bil-gesliht**, *st. n.* sword-fight, battle of swords.
- bil-hete, bill-**, *st. m.* sword-hate, hate made known by the sword.
- bil-swæd**, *st. n.* sword-track, wound.
- bil-wit, bile-wit, byly-wit**, *adj.* mild, gentle, merciful, calm, composed.
- bin, binn**, *st. f.* **bin**, manger, erib. (Ger. *benne*.)
- bindan**, *st. abl. v. I.* to **bind**, tie. (Ger. *binden*.)
- ge-bindan**, to bind, tie, fetter.
- in-bindan**, to unbind, untie, loose.
- on-bindan**, same as the above.
- bindan**, *w. v.* to feign, dissimulate. Lnc. C. 24, 28.
- bindere**, *st. m.* **binder.**
- binn.** See **bin.**
- binnan**, *prep.* within, inside of, in, into. (Ger. *binnen*.)
- bired.** See **beran.**
- birhtu**, *st. f.* brightness, clearness.
- bi-rihte, -ryhte**, *prep.* right by, near by, beside.
- bi-sæce**, *st. m.?* a visit. Gû. 188.
- bisceop, biscop**, *st. m.* **bishop.**
- bisceop-hâd**, *st. m.* office of a bishop, episcopate.
- bisen.** See **bysen.**

bises, *st. m.* an intercalary day, leap-year.

bisgan, **bisgu**, **bisig**. See **bysgan**, **byagu**, **bysig**.

bismer, **bismor**, **bysmer**, *st. n.* mockery, disgrace, opprobrium, reproach, pollution, infamy, blasphemy.

bismerian, **bysmrian**, *w. r.* to mock, deride, reproach, blaspheme.

ge-bysmrian, to deride, provoke, enrage.

bismer-lêas, *adj.* reproachless, free from shame, infamy, blameless, spotless.

bismer-, **bismor-**, **bysmer-lice**, *adv.* scandalously, shamefully, reproachfully, infamously, irreverently.

bi-apel, *st. n.* parable, fable, allegory, example. (Ger. *beispiel*.)

bist. See **béon**.

bitan, *st. abl. v. V.* to bite, cut, cut into, wound. (Ger. *beissen*.)

â-bitan, to bite, gnaw, corrode, eat.

on-bitan, to bite, taste, feed upon.

bite, *st. m.* bite, cut.

biter, **bitor**, **bitter**, *adj.* bitter, sharp, cutting, biting, harsh, painful; — exasperated, angry, embittered. (Ger. *bitter*.)

bitian, *w. r.*

grist-bitian, to bite the teeth together, gnash the teeth.

bitre, **bitere**, **bittre**, *adv.* bitterly, sharply, severely, furiously.

bi-tweon, *prep.* between.

bi-twéonum, *prep.* between.

biered, **bierated**, **biesgian**. See **beran**, **berstan**, **bysgian**.

biad, **bio**, **bion**, **biod**. See **béon**.

blac, **blæc**, *adj.* black, dark.

blâc, *adj.* 1. brilliant, shining, gleaming. — 2. pale (of the white death-color), bleak.

blâc-ern, *st. n.* lighthouse, lamp, candlestick, light, candle.

blâc-hlêor, *adj.* pale-faced, fair.

blâcian, *w. r.* to become white, pale.

blæc. See **blac**.

blæc. See **blâc**.

blæcan, *w. r.* to bleach, whiten, fade.

blæc-ern. See **blâcern**.

blæd, *st. n.* blade, leaf. Gen. 994. (Ger. *blatt*.)

blæd, *st. m.* 1. blowing, blast. — 2. inspiration? Ph. 548. — 3. breath, spirit. Hexam. 11. — 4. life. — 5. riches, fullness, success, happiness, renown, glory, worth, dignity, honor. (O. H. Ger. *blât*.)

blæd, *st. f.* blade, leaf, twig, flower, blossom, fruit, foliage, grass.

blæd-âgend, *part. & subs.* having an abundance of renown, glory; — possessing abundance, prosperous.

blæd-dagas, *st. m. pl.* happy, prosperous day, happy life.

blæd-fæst, *adj.* fast or fixed in renown, celebrated, prosperous, happy.

blæd-gifa, *w. m.* glory-giver, giver of prosperity or happiness.

blæd-wela, *w. m.* wealth of glory or riches, happiness bringing wealth.

blæst, *st. m.* blast, flame, torch, blaze.

blæst, *st. m.* blowing, wind.

blætan, *st. red. v.* to bleat. (O. H. Ger. *blāzan*.)

blanca, **blonca**, *w. m.* white or gray horse.

bland, *st. n.* blending, mixture, confusion.

blandan, *st. red. v.* to blend, mix. (O. H. Ger. *blandan*.)

ge-blandan, to blend, mix, exchange, disturb, disquiet.

on-blandan, to mingle, blend, disturb.

blanden-, **blonden-feax**, *adj.* with mixed hair, having gray hair, old.

blât, *st. m. n.?* an inarticulate sound of sorrow. An. 1281.—B.-T. make *blât* an adjective = livid.

blât, *adj.* livid, pale.

blâtan, *st. red. v.* to be livid, pale, as with envy.

blâte, *adv.* lividly, pallidly.

blâwan, *st. red. v.* to blow. (Ger. *blähen*.)

â-blâwan, same as the above.

to-blâwan, to blow to pieces, scatter.

blêd = **blêd**, *st. m.*

blêd = **blêd**, *st. f.*

blêdan, *w. v.* to bleed, let blood. (Ger. *bluten*.)

blêd-hwæt, *adj.* rich in flowers or fruits (Grein);—a shoot growing quickly (B.-T.). Râ. 2, 9.

bledsian, *w. v.* to bless, consecrate.

ge-bledsian, to bless, benefit, favor, make to prosper.

blencan, *w. v.* to deceive, cheat.

blendan, *w. v.* to blind. (Ger. *blenden*.)

â-blendan, same as the above.

bletsian, *w. v.* to bless, consecrate, ordain.

ge-bletsian, to bless, consecrate, benefit, make to prosper.

un-gebletsian, *part.* **ungeblet-sod**, unblest.

bletsung, *st. f.* blessing, benediction.

blêat, *adj.* naked, bare, miserable, wretched. (Ger. *bloss*.)

blêate, *adv.* wretchedly, miserably.

blêad, *adj.* cowardly, unwarlike, timid. (Ger. *blödc*.)

blêo-bord, *st. n.* colored board, chess-board.

blêo-brygd, *st. m.?* *n.?* variation of color, variegated color.

blêo-fâg, *adj.* variable in color, variegated, many-colored.

blêoh, **blloh**, **blêo**, *st. n.* color, appearance, complexion, delight, joy.

blêowe? Râ. 84, 6, blow, blew.

blican, *st. abl. v.* V. 1. to lighten, shine, glitter, sparkle, dazzle.—2. to appear, become visible. Sal.

144. (Ger. *bleichen*.)

blids. See **blids**.

blin, *st. f.* cessation, interruption, end.

blind, *adj.* blind. (Ger. *blind*.)

blind-nes, *st. f.* blindness.

blinnan, *st. abl. v.* 1. to cease, leave off, forego, to lose, be deprived of. (Chaucer, *blinne*.)

blis, **bliss**, **blyss**, *st. f.* 1. bliss, joy, joyousness, happiness, pleasure. 2. complaisance, courteousness, kindness, grace, favor.

blissian, *w. v.* 1. to rejoice, gladden, make glad.—2. to rejoice, be glad, exult.

ge-blissian, to rejoice, gladden, make glad.—2. to bless? Cri. 380. 3. to make joyous, delightful.

bliwum, *dat. pl.* See **blêoh**.

blîd, *adj.* agreeable, sweet, pleasant.

blide, *adj.* 1. blithe, joyous, glad, merry.—2. gentle, friendly, pleasant, kind, mild, agreeable.—3. quiet, peaceful. An. 385.; Ps. 106, 28. (Goth. *bleips*.)

blide, *adv.* 1. joyously, merrily, gladly. 2. graciously, kindly, mildly.

blide-môd, *adj.* 1. of joyous mind, glad, cheerful.—2. calm, tranquil, mild, gentle.

blid-heort, *adj.* 1. blithe of heart, joyous.—2. well-wishing, friendly, merciful.

blids, **blids**, *st. f.* joy, gladness.

blidsian, *w. v.* to rejoice, be glad, merry.

blôd, *st. n.* blood. (Ger. *blut*.)

blôd-egesa, *w. m.* bloody terror, horror.

blôd-fâg, *adj.* colored with blood, bloody.

blôd-gyte, **-gete**, **-geote**, *st. m.* gush of blood, blood-flowing.

blód-hréow, *adj.* bloody, bloody-minded, cruel.

blôdian, *v. r.*

ge-blôdegian, to make bloody, stain with blood.

blôdig, *adj.* bloody. (Ger. *blutig*.)

blôdig-tôð, *adj.* with bloody tooth, cruel.

blôð-réow, *adj.* bloodthirsty, cruel.

blôstm, *st. m. f. f.* blossom, flower.

blôstma, *v. m.* blossom, flower.

blôtan, *st. red. r.* to sacrifice, kill for a sacrifice. (Goth. *blotan*.)

on-blôtan, to sacrifice, kill for a sacrifice.

blôt-mônað, *st. m.* month of sacrifice, November.

blôwan, *st. red. r.* to blow, bloom, blossom.

ge-blôwan, to blow, bloom, blossom, sprout, — also used figuratively.

blýgan, *v. r.* to scare, frighten.

un-geblýgan, *part.* ungeblýged, intrepid, fearless, bold.

blya. See *blis*.

bôc, *st. f.* beech-tree, book, writing. (Ger. *buch*.)

bôc, *irreg. f.* (*dat. sg., nom. acc., pl. béc*), book; — in *pl.* generally the Scriptures. (Ger. *buch*.)

bôc-cræftig, *adj.* book-crafty, learned, especially with reference to the Scriptures.

bôcere, *st. m.* writer, scribe, learned man, author, teacher.

bôc-atæf, *st. m.* letter, character.

bôc-wudu, *st. m.* beech-wood.

bôð, *st. n.* command, order, commandment, message. (Ger. *ge-bot*.)

bôða, *v. m.* messenger, herald, ambassador, apostle, angel; — seer, prophet. (Ger. *bote*.)

bodian, *v. r.* to bode, announce, make known, tell, preach, prophesy.

ge-bodian, to tell, announce, make known.

bôð-scipe, *st. m. 1.* commandment.

— **2.** message, announcement. (Cf. Ger. *botschaft*.)

bôg, **bôh**, *st. m.* bough, branch (of a tree).

bôg, *st. m.* arm, shoulder; — cf. elbow. (Ger. *bug*.)

boga, *v. m.* bow. (Ger. *boge*.)

bôh. See *bôg*.

bohte. See *bycgan*.

bolca, *v. m.* gangway of a ship. (Icel. *bülki*.)

bold, *st. n.* building, dwelling, house, dwelling-place, edifice.

bold-âgend, *part. & subs.* house-owner, property-holder.

bold-getimbru, *st. n. pl.* building, edifice; — lit., the timbers of a house.

bold-wela, *v. m.* rich, splendid dwelling, paradise, heaven.

bolgen-môð, *adj.* angry at heart, enraged.

bolla, *v. m.* bowl, eup, pot, drinking-vessel. (Ger. *bole*.)

bolster, *st. m.* bolster, pillow. (Ger. *polster*.)

bôn (= *bôgan*), to boast.

bona, **bongâr**, **bonnan**. See *bana*, *bangâr*, *bannan*.

bora, *v. m.* bearer.

borcian, *v. r.* to bark.

bord, *st. n.*, lit. board; hence, **1.** board, table. — **2.** plank, side of a ship, ship. — **3.** shield. (Ger. *bord*.)

borde, *v. f.* a lady's chamber? Gn. Ex. 64 (Grein); — board, table. (B.-T.)

bord-gelâc, *st. n.* shield-storming, missile, dart.

bord-hæbbende, *part. & subs.* shield-having, shield-bearer.

bord-haga, *v. m.* shield-hedge, cover of shields.

bord-hréoda, **-hrêða**, *v. m.* shield-covering, shield, buckler.

bord-rand, *st. m.* edge of a shield, shield.

bord-stæð, *st. n.* seashore.

bord-weall, *st. m.* 1. shield-wall, wall of shields, buckler, shield.—2. quay. *Rä.* 34, 6.

bord-wudu, *st. m.* shield-wood, shield.

borg-sorg, *st. f.* sorrow on account of lending, or of security. (*ms. bury sorg.* *Reim* 63.)

bösm, *st. m.* **bosom**, breast, lap, inner parts. (*Ger. busen.*)

bôt, *st. f.* 1. boot, help, cure, remedy.—2. alleviation, redress.—3. boot, amends, reparation.—4. satisfaction, restoring, compensation.—5. penance, repentance, offering.—6. **tô bôte**, to boot, besides, moreover. (*Ger. busen.*)

botl, *st. n.* house, dwelling.

botl-gestréon, *st. n.* riches in houses, goods, riches.

botl-wela, *w. m.* wealth of houses, village.

botm, *st. m.* **bottom**. (*Ger. boden*, *O. H. Ger. bodum.*)

brād, *adj.* broad, stretched out, roomy, wide, spacious, copious. (*Ger. breit.*)

brād, *st. n.* breadth.

brāde, *adv.* far and wide, broadly, widely.

bræð, *st. f.* heat, glow, smell; or the fleshy part of animal bodies. *Ph.* 240.

bræðan, *w. v.* 1. to broaden, make broad, stretch out, expand.—2. to be extended or developed, rise, grow. (*Ger. breiten.*) [*tend.*]

ge-bræðan, to stretch out, extend
geond-bræðan, to spread over, cover entirely.

ofer-bræðan, to be spread over, cover.

tô-bræðan, to spread out, multiply, open.

bræðra, *compar.* of brād.

bræðu, *st. f.* breadth, width.

brægdan (= **bregðan**), to sing according to time, sing.

brægd-boga, *w. m.* deceitful bow.

brægd-wis, *adj.* crafty, sly, cunning.

brægn-loca, *w. m.* brain-house, head. (*ms. brægnloca.*)

bræsne, *adj.* mighty, powerful.

bræwum, *dat. pl.* See bréaw.

brand, **brond**, *st. m.* 1. brand, fire-brand, burning piece of wood.—2. burning, flame, fire.—3. a glowing object, torch.—4. sword. *B.* 1431.—5. warrior. *B.* 1020. (*Ger. brand.*)

brand-hât, *adj.* burning hot, ardent, passionate.

brand-hord, *st. n.* burning treasure, *i. e.*, care, anxiety.

brand-stæfn, *adj.* having a prow supplied with a pole or beam (*Grein*);—the shining prowed. (*B.-T.*). *An.* 501.

brant, **bront**, *adj.* going high, raging, foaming, high, steep.

brecan, *st. abl. v. II.* 1. to break, break to pieces, break through, violate.—2. to vex, press, not to let rest.—3. to break in upon, take by storm.—4. to break out, spring out.—5. to make a way for one's self by force, to sail. (*Ger. brechen.*)

â-brecan, to break open, force, break to pieces, violate, conquer, take by storm.

be-brecan, to rob or spoil by breaking off, plucking.

for-brecan, to break to pieces, destroy, violate.

ge-brecan, to break, break to pieces, destroy, oppress.

tô-brecan, to break in pieces, break through.

purh-brecan, to break through. (*Ger. durchbrechen.*)

brecan, *u. r.* to roar, break.

bréc-hrægl, *st. n.* clothes for the thigh, breeches.

brecð, *st. f.* breach, breaking, sorrow.

brēdan, *st. abl. r. I.* 1. to swing round, swing, move, draw out, draw, drag.—2. to **braid**, knit, knot, plait, weave.

ā-brēdan, to swing, draw, take away, draw back.

for-brēdan, to change, transform.

ge-brēdan, 1. to swing, draw, unsheath.—2. to breathe (drawing in and giving forth breath).—3. to knit, plait.

ofer-brēdan, to draw over, cover.

on-brēdan, to tear open, throw open violently.

ōð-brēdan, to withdraw, deprive.

tō-brēdan, 1. to divide.—2. to spread out, stretch out.—3. to awake from sleep.—4. to turn to, turn about.

bredian, *u. r.*

ge-bredian, to restore flesh, make fleshy.

bredwian, *u. r.*

ā-bredwian, to strike down, kill.

brēgan, *u. r.* to frighten, terrify.

ā-brēgan, same as above.

bregdan, *st. abl. r. I.* 1. to swing, vibrate, draw, unsheath, brandish.—2. to knit, knot, plait, weave.—3. to change color, be part-colored.—4. to modulate.—5. to turn or be transformed into. (O. H. Ger. *brettan*.)

ā-bregdan, to swing, draw, take away, draw back.

for-bregdan, to draw over, cover.

ge-bregdan, to swing.

ofer-bregdan, to draw over, cover.

on-bregdan, to start up.

tō-bregdan, 1. to divide, tear in pieces, rend, lacerate.—2. **slæpe** **tōbregdan**, to awake, wake up.

brego, **bregu**, **brega**, **breogo**, *st. m.* prince, lord, master. (Icel. *bragr*.)

brego-riçe, *st. n.* principality, kingdom.

brego-rôf, *adj.* powerful like a ruler, of heroic strength.

brego-stôl, *st. m.* throne, rule, power.

brego-weard, *st. m.* ruler, prince, lord, master.

brēgum, *dat. pl.* See **brēaw**.

brehtm, *st. m.* sound, noise, tumult;—sudden, quick movement.

brēman, *u. r.* to celebrate, make famous.

brember, *st. m.* bramble. (Cf. Ger. *brom-beere*.)

brême, *adj.* widely known, celebrated, renowned, noble, illustrious.

brême, *adv.* famously, gloriously.

brēmen, *adj.* celebrated, illustrious, noble, glorious.

brēnan, *u. r.* to make or dye brown, Rûn. 15 (Grein);—**brened**, burn, = **berned**, 3d *sig. pres.* of **bernan**. (B.-T.)

brengan, *u. r., pret.* **brôhte**, to bring, bear, lead, advance, present, offer.

ge-brengan, same as above.

brenting, *st. m.* ship, craft.

brêr, *st. m.* briar, thorny plant. (Chaucer, *brere*.)

brerð, *st. m.* brim, edge, margin, shore, bank.

bresne, *adj.* brazen, mighty, powerful, strong.

bretta (= **brytta**), *u. m.* ruler, lord.

brêder. See **brôdor**.

brêad, *st. n.* bread. (Ger. *brot*.)

breadian, *u. r.*

ge-breadian, to make fleshy, restore.

brēagas, *nom. acc. pl.* See **brēaw**

breahm, *st. m.* noise, ery, tumult, rejoicing. (O. H. Ger. *braht*.)

breahm-hwæt, *adj.* quick as the wink of an eye, swift.

brēatan, *st. red. v.* to break through, demolish, cut in pieces, tear, destroy, kill.

â-brēatan, same as above.

brēaw, *st. m.* eyelid.

breodian, *w. v.* to ery out.

breodwian, *w. v.* to strike, beat down.

breogo, **breomo**, **breotone**. See **brego**, **brim**, **bryten**.

brēost, *st. n.* breast, heart, mind, thought, disposition. (Ger. *brust*.)

brēost-cearu, *st. f.* breast-care, heart-sorrow.

brēost-cōfa, *w. m.* the breast as the seat of the feelings;—affections, breast, heart, mind.

brēost-gehygd, *st. f. n.* thought of the heart or mind, inner thought, secret thought.

brēost-geþanc, *st. m.* heart-thought, thought of the mind.

brēost-gewædu, *st. n. pl.* breast-weeds, coat of mail.

brēost-hord, *st. n. m.* breast-hoard, thought, heart, soul.

brēost-locu, *w. m.* breast-inclosure, mind, heart.

brēost-net, *st. n.* breast-net, shirt of chain-mail, coat of mail.

brēost-sefa, *w. m.* breast-thought, mind.

brēost-toga, *w. m.* breast-leader, chief.

brēost-weordung, *st. f.* ornament worn on the breast, ornament.

brēost-wylm, *st. m.* heaving of the breast, emotion, sorrow.

brēotan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to break, break to pieces, destroy, kill. (O. H. Ger. *brētan*.)

â-brēotan, same as above.

breoton. See **bryten**.

brēodan, *st. abl. v. VI.*

â-brēodan, to perish, be destroyed;—deteriorate.

brice, **brice**, **briced**. See **bryce**, **brýce**, **brecan**.

bricg. See **brycg**.

brid, *st. m.* bird, the young (of any of the feathered tribe).

bridel, *st. m.* bridle, rein. (O. H. Ger. *brittil*.)

bridels, *st. m.* bridle, rein.

bridels-hring, *st. m.* bridle-ring.

brigd, *st. n.* change, variety of colors. Pa. 26.

brihtan, *w. v.*

ge-brihtan, to brighten, make beautiful.

brim, **brym**, *st. n. m.* (brim), flood, sea, ocean, wave. (Icel. *brim*.)

brim-ceald, *adj.* cold as the seawater, very cold.

brim-clif, *st. n.* seaciff, cliff washed by the sea.

brim-faro, *st. f.* seaway, waves of the ocean. Dan. 322.

brim-flôd, *st. m.* seaflood, sea.

brim-fugol, *st. m.* seafowl, gull.

brim-gæst, **-giest**, *st. m.* seaguest, sailor.

brim-hengest, *st. m.* seahorse, ship.

brim-hlæst, *st. f.* seaburden, fishes.

brim-lâd, *st. f.* seaway, floodway, sea-journey.

brim-lidend, *part. & subs.* seafarer, sailor.

brim-man, *st. m.* seaman.

brim-nesen, *st. f.* safe sea-passageway. El. 1004.

brim-râd, *st. f.* searoad, sea.

brim-stæd, *st. n.* seashore.

brim-strêam, *st. m.* 1. seastream, sea-flood, current, sea.—2. a rapid river.

brim-pisa, *w. m.* a noisy rusher over the sea, ship.

brim-wisa, *w. m.* leader at sea, seaking.

brim-wudu, *st. m.* seawood, sea.

brim-wylf, *st. f.* she seawolf.

brim-wylm, *st. m.* seawave, surge.

bringan, *st. abl. v. I.* to bring, bring forward, lead to, adduce, produce,

bear, carry. (Ger. *bringen*.)

ge-bringan, same as above.

brinnan, *st. abl. v. I.*

on-brinnan, to influence, kindle.

brit = brided. See **brêdan**.

brittian. See **bryttian**.

brôc, *st. m.* brook. (Ger. *bruch*.)

brocen, *part.* See **brecan**.

brocen, *part.* See **brûcan**.

brôga, *w. m.* terror, fear, horror, (O. H. Ger. *brôgo*.)

brôhte. See **brengan**.

brôh-prêa, *w. m.* terrific calamity, starvation.

brosnian, *w. v.* to crumble, become rotten, fall to pieces, disappear.

ge-brosnian, to corrupt, spoil, destroy.

brosnung, *st. f.* corruption, decay, ruin.

brôdor, **brôdur**, *irreg. w. dat. sg.*

brêder, *st. m.* brother. (Ger. *bruder*.)

brôdor-bana, *w. m.* brother-murderer, fratricide.

brôdor-cwealm, *st. m.* brother-murder, fratricide.

brôdor-gyld, *st. n.* brother-vengeance, vengeance for brothers. Exod. 199.

brôdor-lêas, *adj.* brotherless.

brôdor-sib, *st. f.* 1. brotherhood, kinship of brothers.—2. brotherly love.

brû, **brûn**, *st. f.* eyebrow, brow. (Ger. *brauc*, *braunc*.)

brûcan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to use, make use of, enjoy, have, possess. (Ger. *brauchen*.)

ge-brûcan, to enjoy fully.

brûn, *adj.* brown, having a metallic color, dark, black. (Ger. *brann*.)

brûn-ecg, *adj.* brown-edged, having a steel-colored or gleaming blade.

brûn-fâg, *adj.* gleaming like metal, brown-hued.

brûn-wann, *adj.* dark brown, dusky.

bryce, **brice**, *st. m.* break, injury.

bryce, **brice**, *adj.* liable to break, fragile, futile, fleeting.

brýce, **brice**, *st. m.* advantage, gain, use, pains, labor. (Ger. *brauch*.)

brýce, *adj.* useful, fit for use, serviceable.

bryced. See **brecan**.

brycg, **bricg**, *st. f.* bridge. (Ger. *brücke*.)

brycgan, **-ian**, *w. v.* to bridge, make a bridge.

brycg-weard, *st. m.* bridgeward, keeper or defender of a bridge.

bryð, *st. f.* bride, betrothed woman, young woman, woman, wife. (Ger. *braut*.)

brýð-bûr, *st. n.* woman's chamber, bedchamber.

bryddan, *w. v.*

ge-bryddan, to frighten, terrify, stun.

brýð-guma, *w. m.* betrothed man, bridegroom.

brýð-lufe, *w. f.* a bride's love.

brygd. See **brigd**.

brygdan, *w. v.* to turn.

on-brygdan, to lift, raise up.

brym. See **brim**.

bryne, *st. m.* burning, fire, conflagration. (Ger. *brunst*;—Goth. *brunsts*.)

bryne-brôga, *w. m.* fear or dread of fire.

bryne-gield, *st. n.* burnt-offering.

bryne-hât, *adj.* burning hot.

bryne-lêoma, *w. m.* fire-flame, flame.

bryne-tear, *st. m.* burning tear.

bryne-wylm, **-welm**, *st. m.* waves of a conflagration.

bryrdan, *w. v.* to prick, goad, incite, arouse, encourage.

in-bryrdan, same as above.

on-bryrdan, same as above.

bryta. See **brytta**.

bryten, **breoton**, *adj.* stretched out, broad, roomy.

bryten-grund, *st. m.* spacious land, earth.

bryten-rice, *st. n.* spacious kingdom.

bryten-wang, *st. m.* spacious plain, world.

brytnian, *w. v.* to dispense, distribute, administer.

brytta, **bryta**, *w. m.* dispenser, distributor, divider, governor;—appellation for king. (Icel. *bryti*.)

bryttian, **brittian**, *w. v.* to dispense, distribute, impart, administer, enjoy.

bryden, *st. f.* broth, drink.

bû. See **begen**.

bû, *st. m. f. n. pl.* **bÿ**; dwelling, dwelling-place. (Ger. *bau*.)

bûan, **bûwan**, *st. abl. VI.* 1. to stay, remain, dwell, live.—2. to inhabit, occupy. (Ger. *bauen*.)

ge-bûan, to inhabit, occupy, to make habitable or comfortable.

bûend, *part. & subs.* dwelling, inhabiting;—dweller, inhabitant.

bûgan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to **bow**, bend, bow down, sink, curve, give way, turn, go, flee. (Ger. *biegen*.)

â-bûgan, to bend off, curve away from, incline, bow down;—to be turned, turn one's self.

be-, **bi-bûgan**, 1. to turn, hold one's self at a distance, shun, avoid.—2. to go or flow around, encircle, surround, shut in, inclose.—3. *intrans.* to reach, extend.

for-bûgan, to turn away from, shun, avoid.

ge-bûgan, *intrans. or w. acc.* of thing, to bend, bow, sink, submit.

on-bûgan, 1. to escape, get off.—2. to invade, overwhelm.

bûian, **bûgan**, **bûgian**, **bûwian**, *w. r.*

1. to stay, remain, dwell.—2. to inhabit, occupy.

bunden-stefna, *adj.* furnished with a bound or well-joined prow. Grein.

bunden-stefna, *w. m.* a bound prow. B.-T.

bune, *w. f.* can, cup, drinking-vessel.

bûr, *st. n.* bower, room, lady's chamber. (Ger. *baucr*.)

burg, **burh**, *irreg. st. f.; sg. gen.*

byrig, **burge**;—*dat.* **byrig**, **byrg**;

—*pl. nom. acc.* **byrig**;—*gen.*

burga, **byrga**;—*dat.* **burgum**

(-burgh, borough), city, castle,

fortress, Heaven, hell. (Ger. *burg*;

Goth. *baurgs*.)

burg-âgend, *part.* possessing or owning a fortress or palace.

burgent, *st. f.* city. El. 31.

burg-fæsten, *st. n.* fortified city, fortress, citadel.

bûr-geteld, *st. n.* tent, bedchamber.

burg-geat, *st. n.* city gate.

burg-hlid, **hleod**, *st. n.* fortress or city height,—the height on which a fortress or city stands.

burg-land, *st. n.* city land, land on which the city stands, city.

burg-lêode, *st. f. pl.* town-people, citizens. (Ger. *burg-lente*.)

burg-loca, *w. m.* city inclosure, barrier, city, castle-bar.

burg-ræced, *st. n.* city dwelling, fortress.

burg-sæl, *st. n.* castle-hall.

burg-sele, *st. m.* castle-hall, city dwelling.

burg-sittende, *part. & subs.* inhabitants of a city, citizens.

burg-stede, *st. m.* castle-place, place where castle or city stands, city, castle.

burg-steal, *st. m.* city-place, citadel.

burg-tûn, *st. m.* city-hedge, the quick-set hedge around a town.

burg-þelu, *st. f.* castle-floor.

burg-wara, *w. m.* inhabitant of the city, citizen.

burg-warū, *st. f.* inhabitants of a city as a body, citizens.

burg-wela, *w. m.* city wealth, treasures.

burg-weall, *st. m.* city wall, wall.

burg-weard, *st. m.* castle warder, city defender.

burg-wigend, *part. & subs.* warrior of city, warrior.

burh. See **burg**.

burna, **burne**, *w. m. f.* (burn, bourn), fountain, spring, brook, water, river. (Ger. *brunnen*, born.)

burn-sele, *st. m.* spring or bath-house.

būr-þegn, *st. m.* bower-thane, chamberlain, page.

būtan, **būton**, *I. conj. 1. w. subj.* but, unless, except. — *2. w. ind.* except, unless, save that. — *3. without verb.* except. — *II. prep. w. dat. 1.* out of, against. An. 679. — *2.* except, without.

būte = **būtan**, *conj. w. subj.* unless.

būtū. See **begen** and **twegen**.

bycgan, **bicgan**, **bycgean**, *w. r.* buy, procure. (Goth. *bugjan*.)

be-bycgan, to sell.

ge-bycgan, to buy, procure.

byden, *st. f.* butt, tun, cask, barrel. (O. H. Ger. *butin*.)

bȳgan, **bigan**, **-ean**, *w. r.* to bow, bend, bow down, humiliate, abase.

for-bigan, to bend in the wrong direction, bow down, humiliate, weaken, abase.

ge-bȳgan, to bow, bend, bow down, curve, abase, break to pieces.

on-bȳgan, to curve inward, curve.

byht, *st. m.* corner, bay, dwelling, abode, territory. (Ger. *bucht*.)

bylda, *w. m.* boulder, householder, proprietor.

byldan, *w. r.* to embolden, incite, urge on, encourage, confirm.

ge-byldan, same as above.

byldan, *w. r.*

ge-byldan, to make sad, sadden.

bylðo, *st. f.* toil, misery, hardship.

byled-brêost, *adj.* having a bill-like breast.

bylgan, *w. r.*

ā-bylgan, to insult, enrage, vex, anger.

bylgian, *w. r.* [wrong.

ā-bylgian, to be wanting, do

bȳme, *w. f.* trumpet.

bylwit, **bylywit**. See **bilwit**.

byrdan, *w. r.*

geed-byrdan, to regenerate.

byrd-scipe, *st. m.* birthship, child-bearing.

byrdu-scrūd, *st. n.* shield ornament, design upon a shield.

byre, *st. m.* son, young man, youth. (Goth. *baur*.)

byre, *st. m.* opportunity, time.

byrele, *st. m.* steward, waiter, cup-bearer.

byrelian, **byrlian**, *w. r.* to drink to one, to taste before, drink, serve.

byred. See **beran**.

byrg, **byrig**. See **burg**.

byrgan, **byrgian**, **byrgan**, *w. r.* to taste, feast, eat. (O. N. *byrgja*.)

ge-byrgan, to taste, feast, eat.

on-byrgan, same as above.

byrgan, **byrigau**, *w. r.* to hide, bury, inter. (Ger. *bergen*.)

be, **bi**-**byrgan**, to raise a mound to, bury, inter.

byrgen, *st. f.* mound, grave, tomb.

byrgend, *part. & subs.* burier, grave-digger.

byrged. See **beorgan**.

byrht, *adj.* bright, shining, clear, clear-toned, loud.

byrhtan, *w. r.* to shine.

ge-byrhtan, to lighten, illumine, make celebrated.

byrhtm, *st. m.* breaking, crash, noise.

byrhtu, *st. f.* brightness, splendor.

byrht-word, *adj.* clear-voiced.

byrhd. See **beorgan**.

byrian, *w. v.*

ge-byrian, to happen, occur.

byrian, *w. v.*

ge-byrian, to beseem, be becoming, fit, proper.

byrlīan. See **byrelīan**.

byrman, *w. v.*

ge-byrman, to ferment, leaven:
part. proud, swollen.

byrnan, *w. v.* to burn, consume.

byrne, *w. f.* burnie, corselet, shirt of mail. (Ger. *brünne*.)

byrne, *w. f.* burn, rushing brook, torrent. [mail.

byrn-hama, *w. m.* corselet, coat of

byrn-hom, *st. m.* corselet, coat of mail.

byrn-wiga, *w. m.* warrior clad in coat-of-mail. [above.

byrn-wigend, *part. & subs.* same as

byrst, *st. m.* loss, damage, defect.

byrd. See **beran**.

byrden, *st. f.* burthen, burden, load, weight. (Ger. *bürde*.)

bysen, **bisen**, *st. f.* 1. pattern, example, similitude, resemblance, parable.—2. command, order, precept.

bysgian, **bisgian**, **biesgian**, **bysigan**, *w. v.* to be busy, engaged, occupy, afflict, vex, torment.

â-bysgan, to occupy, engage.

ge-bysgan, to be busy, occupy, master, seize, perfect, disquiet, vex, torment.

bysgu, **bysigu**, **bisgu**, *st. f.* work, labor, exertion, pains, trouble, affliction.

bysmer, **bysmerian**. See **bismer**, **bismerian**.

byst. See **bēon**.

bytla, *w. m.* builder? houseowner? Gû. 119, 705.

bytlian, *w. v.* to build, erect.

byð. See **bēon**.

bȳwan, *w. v.* to arrange, adorn, ornament. (O. N. *búa*.)

â-bȳwan, to clean, purify.

C

cæg, **cæge**, *st. & w. f.* key.

caf, *adj.* ready, quick, active, adroit, prompt.

cafe, *adv.* quickly, promptly.

cafer-tūn, *st. m.* court or vestibule of a temple or palace.

caf-lice, *adv.* quickly, manfully, valiantly.

calc-rand, **-rond**, *adj.* supplied with shoes, shod.

cald, **caldū**. See **ceald**, **cealdū**.

calend, *st. m.* 1. month.—2. life, end of life? Sal. 479.

calic, *st. m.* chalice, eup.

calu, *adj.* bald, without hair, callow. (Ger. *kahl*.)

cambol, **combol** (= **cumbol**), *st. m.* sign, standard.

camp, *st. m.* fetter for the feet, fetter, chain.

camp, **comp**, *st. m.* battle, combat, fight, contest. (Ger. *kampf*.)

campian, **compian**, *w. v.* to fight, strive, contest. (Ger. *kämpfen*.)

camp-ræden, *st. f.* military service, contest.

camp-stede, *st. m.* battlefield, place of battle. [weapon.

camp-wæpen, *st. n.* war or battle-

camp-wig, *st. m. n.* battle, contest.

camp-wudu, *st. m.* war-wood, spear, shield?

can. See *cunnan*.

cân, *st. m.* germ, sprout? Ps. 79.

10. (*Ms. tinas.*)

candel, *condel, st. f.* candle, light.

cann, *canst.* See *cunnan*.

cantic, *st. m.* canticle, song.

carc-ern, *st. n.* prison-house, prison.

caru. See *cearu*.

câser-dôm, *st. m.* rule or sway of an emperor, imperial rule.

câsere, *st. m.* emperor.

ceder, *st. f.* cedar.

ceder-bëam, *st. m.* cedar-tree, cedar.

cëgan, cëgian, *u. v.* to call, invoke, name.

cëlan, *u. v.*

â-cëlan, to cool off, still, quiet.

cële, *st. m.* coldness, cold.

cëlod, cëllod, *adj.* keeled, in the form of a skiff, hollow.

cempa, *u. m.* warrior, fighter, hero, champion.

cën, *st. m.* pine, pine-torch:—name for the Rune c. (*Ger. kie.*)

cëne, *adj.* keen, bold, warlike. (*Ger. kühn.*)

cennan, *u. v.* 1. to beget, to bear, bring forth.—2. to create, make, prove, attribute. (*Ger. kennen.*)

â-cennan, to beget, conceive, bring forth, bear.

cennan, *u. v.* to confess, explain, show, proclaim, ascribe, impute. (*cf. Ger. bekennen.*)

ge-cennan, to acknowledge, confess.

cëndu, *st. f.* keenness, boldness.

cëpa, *u. m.* chapman, merchant.

cëpan, *u. v.*

ge-cëpan, to buy, purchase.

cerge, *cerr.* See *cearig, cyrr.*

cerran, *u. v.* 1. to turn, turn about.—2. to turn one's self, return.

â-cerran, to turn off or from;—turn one's self, go.

be-cerran, to turn, turn round, convert.

ge-cerran, 1. to turn, turn round, change.—2. to turn one's self, turn one's self round, go, return.

on-cerran, 1. to turn round or about, change, alter, transform.—2. to turn off or away.—3. to turn one's self, go.

ymb-cerran, to turn round, wander about, make the circuit of.

cest, *cester.* See *cist, ceaster.*

ceafer-tûn. See *cafer-tûn.*

ceafl, *st. m.* beak, mouth, jaw, jaw-bone, snout. (*Ger. kiefl.*)

ceafor, *st. m.* beetle, chafer. (*Ger. käfer.*)

ceald, *cald, adj.* cold. (*Ger. kalt.*)

ceald, *cald, st. n.* coldness, cold.

ceald-heort, *adj.* cold-hearted, inhuman, cruel.

cealdian, *u. v.* to become cold. (*Cf. Ger. erkalten.*)

cealdu, *cald, st. f.* coldness, cold.

cealf, *calf, st. m., n. pl.* cealfas and cealfu, *calf.* (*Ger. kalb.*)

ceallian, *u. v.* to call, call out, shout. (*Scand. kalla.*)

cëap, *st. m.* cattle;—purchase, transaction, price, sale, bargain, object of sale or price, possession, property, especially cattle. (*Ger. kauf.*)

cëap-ëadig, *adj.* rich in cattle, goods, rich, wealthy.

cëapian, *u. v.* (to cheapen), 1. to buy, purchase.—2. to endeavor to bribe. (*Ger. kaufen.*)

ge-ceapian, to bargain, trade, buy, pay.

cëapung, *st. f.* buying and selling, trade, business.

cear, *adj.* anxious, careful, full of anxiety.

cearc, *st. m.?* n.?[?] sorrow, care;—crex = cerx, cearcas? *El. 610.* (*ms. rex. Zupitza.*)

ceare-lice, *adv.* sorrowfully, miserably.

cear-ful, *adj.* careful, sorrowful.

cear-gæst, *-gest*, *st. m.* care-guest, guest of sorrow, devil.

cear-gealdor, *st. n.* sorrowful song or speech.

cearian, *w. v.* to care, take care, trouble one's self.

cearig, *adj.* chary, sad, sorrowful, dire.

cear-lêas, *adj.* careless, free from care or sorrow, reckless.

cear-seld, *st. n.* dwelling of sorrow, home of care.

cear-sid, *st. m.* sorrowful way, undertaking bringing sorrow, sad fortune, fate.

cear-sorg, *st. f.* careful, sorrowful anxiety.

cearu, *caru*, *st. f.* care, sorrow, lamentation, grief. (Goth. *kara*.)

cear-wylm, *-wælm*, *-wel*, *st. m.* waves of sorrow, anxious emotion.

cêas, *st. f.* strife, quarrel, battle. (O. H. Ger. *kôsa*.)

ceaster, **cester**, *st. f.* fortified place, castle, city;—heaven.

ceaster-büend, *part. & subs.* inhabitants of a fortress, town, or city.

ceaster-hlid, *st. n.* castle or city lid, gate.

ceaster-hof, *st. n.* house or building in the city.

ceaster-wara, *w. m.* inhabitant of a city, citizen.

cêol, **ciol**, *st. m.* keel, ship. (Ger. *kiel*.)

ceolas, *st. m. pl.* cold winds, cold.

ceole, *w. f.* throat. (Ger. *kehle*.)

cêol-belu, *st. f.* keel-boarding, ship.

ceorfan, *st. abl. v. I.* to carve, cut, cut down, hew, engrave. (Ger. *kerben*.)

â-ceorfan, to hew off, cut off.

be-ceorfan, to cut off, separate.

for-ceorfan, to cut apart, cut off.

ceorl, *st. m.* churl, a man of lower class, husbandman, countryman, freeman, man, husband, hero. (Ger. *kerl*.)

cêosan, **ciosan**, *st. abl. v. VI. 1.* to choose, pick out, assume, elect, seek.—**2.** to accept. (Ger. *kiesen*.)

ge-cêosan, to choose, select, elect, seek out, seek, attain, obtain, take up.

cêowan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to chew, gnaw, eat, consume. (Ger. *kauen*.)

be-cêowan, **bi-**, to chew thoroughly, gnaw in pieces.

cîdan, *w. v.* to chide, contend, strive, quarrel, rebuke, complain.

cîgan, **cîegan**, **-ean**, **cýgan**, *w. v. 1.* to call, call upon, invoke.—**2.** to name.—**3.** to call, cry aloud.

â-cîgan, to call, call to one, or hither.

cild, *st. n.* child.

cild-geong, *adj.* young as a child.

cild-hâd, *st. m.* childhood.

cildisc, *adj.* childish, puerile.

cile, **cime**, **cimð**. See **cýle**, **cyme**, **cuman**.

cin-berg, *st. f.* chin-defense, visor.

cing. See **cýning**.

cinnan, *st. abl. v. I.* to gape, yawn, bring forth? Reim. 52.

for-cinnan, to deny, disown, repudiate. Sal. 107.

cir. See **cýrr**.

circe, **cirice**, **cyrce**, **cyrice**, *w. f.* church, temple. (Ger. *kirche*.)

circ-nyt, *st. f.* church-service.

circul, *st. m.* circle.

cire, **cirice**. See **cyre**, **circe**. [roar.

cirm, **cym**, *st. m.* noise, shout, up-
cirman, **cyrman**, *w. v.* to make a noise, shout.

cirran, *w. v.* to turn.

on-cirran, to turn, change.

cist. See **cyst**.

cîd, *st. m.* germ, bud, sprout, something growing, grass.

cierr, ciegan, ciest. See *cyrr*,
cigan, cyst (eist).

ciol, ciosan. See *cêol*, *cêosan*.

clâ, *st. f.* claw, nail, hoof. (Ger.
klaue.)

clêne, *clêne*, *adj.* clean, pure, chaste,
innocent, just, whole; — noble, holy,
shining, brilliant; — sagacious, in-
genious, acute, intellectual. (Ger.
klein.)

clêne, *clêne*, *adv.* cleau, entirely,
fully.

clæn-georn, *adj.* yearning after or
desirous of purity.

clæn-lic, *adj.* cleanly, pure, clean.

clæn-nes, *st. f.* cleanness, purity.

clænsian, *u. r.* to cleanse, purify.

ge-clænsian, same as above.

clam, clom, *st. m. f.* (n.?) fetter, chain;
— figuratively, of a strong grip,
net, fold, prison.

clânsian, *u. r.*

ge-clânsian, to cleanse, purify.

clâd, *st. m.* cloth, dress, clothes,
swaddling-cloth. (Ger. *kleid*.)

clâwe. See *clâ*.

clemman, *u. r.*

be-clemman, to fetter, shut in,
inclose. (Ger. *beklemmen*.)

clêne. See *clêne*.

clengan = glengan, to adorn? or is
clenged (Rä. 29, 8) a subst.?
(Grein.)

clengan, *u. r.* to exhilarate. (B.-T.)

clêo, *st. f.* claw, hoof.

clêofa, *u. m.* cleft, hole, cell, cham-
ber, tent, den.

clêofan, *st. abl. r.* VI. to cleave,
split. (Ger. *klieben*.)

tô-clêofan, to split, cleave asun-
der.

cleofian (clifian), *u. r.* to cleave,
stick.

cleopian, *u. r.* to call, call out, cry.

cleowen, *st. n.* clew, ball of thread,
ball.

clibbor, *adj.* sticky, adhesive. (O. H.
Ger. *klebar*.)

clif, cleof, *st. n.* cliff, rock, promon-
tory. (Ger. *klippe*.)

clifan, *st. abl. r.* V.

ôd-clifan, to stick, cleave, ad-
here.

clingan, *st. abl. r.* I. to cling, shrink,
draw up, pine, wither, become
weak.

be-clingan, to surround, bind.

ge-clingan, to contract, draw
up, shrivel.

clipian, *u. r.* to call.

clom. See *clam*.

clûs, *st. f.* cell, lockup, prison. (Ger.
klaus.)

clûstor, *st. n.* lock, bar, barrier, cell.
(Ger. *kloster*.)

clûstor-clêofa, *u. m.* prison-chamber,
cell.

clymmian, *u. r.* to climb, ascend.

clympre, *u. m.* elump or lump of
metal, metal.

clynian, *u. r.* to clang, resound.

clypian, *u. r.* to call, cry. (Chaucer
clepe. Cf. *y-clept*.)

clyppan, *u. r.* to clip, elasp, embrace.
(Icel. *klippa*.)

be-, bi-clyppan, same as above.

ymb-clyppan, same as above.

clypung, *st. f.* calling, cry, prayer.

clÿsan, *u. r.*

be-clÿsan, to close, shut to.

cnâwan, *st. red. r.*

ge-cnâwan, to know, perceive,
recognize. (O. H. Ger. *knâjan*.)

on-cnâwan, to know, perceive,
recognize; — distinguish, hear; —
to look back upon, acknowledge,
confess.

cnêa, *gen. pl.* of *cnêo*, race, rela-
tionship.

cnear, *st. m.* ship. (Icel. *knarri*.)

cnêo, cnêow, *st. n.* knee. (Ger.
knie.)

cnêo, **cnêow**, *st. n.* generation, relationship, race.

cnêodan, *st. abl. v. VI.*

ge-cnêodan, to join to, give, dedicate.

cnêo-mâgas, *st. m. pl.* kinsfolk of the same race or generation.

cnêo-rim, *st. m.* member of the tribe or kinsfolk, progeny, family.

cnêo-ris, *st. f.* generation, progeny, posterity, race, tribe, family, nation.

cnêo-sib, *st. f.* generation, race.

cnêow. See **cnêo**.

cnihht, **cnyht**, *st. m.* 1. knight, boy, youth.—2. servant. Met. 26, 85.

(Ger. *knecht*.)

cnihht-geong, *adj.* young as a child.

cnihht-wesende, *part.* still being a child or boy, while still a boy.

cnoll, *st. m.* **knoll**, hilltop, summit. (Ger. *knollen*.)

cnôsl, *st. n.* posterity, race, kin, family, tribe, progeny.

cnossian, *w. v.* to be struck or hit upon, to bound against.

cnyht. See **cnihht**.

cnyssan, *w. v.* to strike, hit upon, dash against each other, press, excite, disquiet, vex, disturb.

ge-cnyssan, to press, oppress, vex.

on-cnyssan, same as above.

côc, *st. m.* **cook**. (Ger. *koch*.)

côcer-panna, *w. m. f.* cooking-pan, frying-pan.

cocor, *st. m.* 1. sword, spear.—2. quiver for arrows, case.

côfa, *w. m.* **cove**; hence, chamber, room, couch.

côfor-flôd, *st. m.* sea of Galilee.

côhhetan, *w. v.* to give forth a violent sound;—to cough, puff and blow (Grein); to bluster (B.-T.).

col, *st. n.* **coal**. (Ger. *kohle*.)

côl, *adj.* **cool**. (Ger. *kühl*.)

côlian, *w. v.* to become cool, **cool**; to be cold. (Ger. *kühlen*.)

â-côlian, same as above.

collen-ferd, **-ferhd**, **-fyrhd**, *adj.* literally, of swollen mind or heart, in consequence of either sorrow or anger, high-minded, noble, bold, courageous.

côl-nes, *st. f.* coolness.

com. See **cuman**.

combol. See **cambol**.

cometa, *w. m.* comet.

comp, **complan**. See **camp**, **campian**.

con, **conn**, **const**. See **cunnan**.

corn, *st. n.* **corn**, grain, seed. (Ger. *korn*.)

cordor, *st. n.* herd, flock, troop, band, army, retinue, throng, crowd.

cost, *part.* tried, proved.

costian, *w. v.* to try, tempt, prove, test, examine;—to bring into danger, into temptation. (Ger. *kosten*.)

ge-costian, the same as above.

costing, *st. f.* trial, temptation, tribulation.

costnung, *st. f.* same as above.

costung, *st. f.* same as above.

côda, **côdu**, *w. m. f. & st. f.* evil, disease, sickness.

côd-lice, *adv.* ill, miserably.

cræft, *st. m.* 1. craft, skill, art, talent, power, cunning, physical strength.—2. a great quantity. B. 2222.—

3. craft, vessel, ship. (Ger. *kraft*.)

cræftan, *w. v.*

ge-cræftan, to effect, bring about.

cræftga. See **cræftiga**.

cræft-glêaw, *adj.* artful, skillful, wise.

cræftig, **creaftig**, *adj.* crafty, powerful, strong, mighty, skillful, artistic, cunning, virtuous. (Ger. *kräftig*.)

cræftiga, **cræftga**, *w. m.* craftsman, artist, workman, artificer, artist, architect.

cræt, *st. n.* cart, wagon, carriage. (Ger. *krätze*.)

crex = cerc. See cearc.

creaftig, *adj.* See cræftig.

crēodan, *st. abl. v.* VI. to crowd, press, drive.

crēopan, *st. abl. v.* VI. to creep, crawl. (Ger. *kriechen*.)

be-crēopan, to creep into, crawl, slip into.

crib, cryb, *st. f.* crib. (Ger. *krippe*.)

crincan, *st. abl. v.* I. to become ill, fall.

ge-crincan, same as above.

cringan, crincgan, *st. abl. v.* I. to cringe, become ill, fall, submit, sink in death.

ge-cringan, same as above.

crist, *st. m.* anointed one, Christ.

cristallum, *acc. sg.* crystal. Ps. 147, 6.

cristen, *adj.* christian.

cristnian, *w. v.* to christen, christianize, baptize.

croda, gecrod, *w. m. & st. n.* crowd, throng.

cryb, crýded. See crib, crēodan.

cû, *pl. cý, cýe, st. f.* cow. (Ger. *kuh*.)

cuc. See cwic.

culfre, culufre, *w. f.* dove, pigeon.

culpe, *w. f.* fault, sin.

cuma, *w. m.* new-comer, guest.

cuman, *st. abl. v.* II. (*pret. côm and cwôm*), to come, go;—often used with inf. of a verb of motion, expressing various adverbial relations, manner, purpose, &c. (Ger. *kommen*.)

â-cuman, to come, come out.

an-cuman, to arrive. (Ger. *ankommen*.)

be-, bi-cuman, to become, happen, befall, come, arrive, reach, approach, enter;—come into, come together.

for-cuman, to come before, surprise, excel, conquer.

fore-cuman, to come before, prevent.

ofer-cuman, to overcome, withstand, fall upon, attack, compel, conquer;—*impers.* Deor. 26.

cumbol, *st. m.* sign.—especially a military standard, ensign, banner;—a cognizance or sign worn upon the helmet.

cumbol-gebrec, *st. n.* breaking or hewing helmet-signs in battle;—crash of helmets.

cumbol-gehnâd, *st. n.* conflict of banners, battle.

cumbol-gehrâst, *st. n.* same as above.

cumbol-haga, *w. m.* a protecting ornament on the helmet? Jul. 395 (Grein);—compact rank, phalanx (B.-T.)

cumbol-hete, *st. m.* hate signified by opposing standards, hate.

cumbol-wiga, *w. m.* warrior.

cumbor = cumbol.

cund, *adj.* derived or sprung from. (O. H. Ger. *-kund*.)

cunnan, *v. pret. pres., pres. sg.* 1. can, con, cann, coun.—2. canst, const; *pl.* cunnon; *pret.* cûde;—1. *w. acc.* to know, be acquainted with.—2. *w. inf.* can, know how to. (Ger. *können*.)

on-cunnan, *w. v.* to make known, accuse, attack.

cunnian, *w. v.* to investigate, inquire into, try, prove, experience.

ge-cunnian, to inquire into, try, prove, seek for, search out, experience.

cunnung, *st. f.* trial, temptation.

cûsc, *adj.* chaste, modest, honorable. (Ger. *keusch*.)

cûd, *adj.* (cf. *unconth*). 1. known, well known, celebrated, clear, evident, certain, sure.—2. familiar, friendly, affable, kind.—3. usual, customary.—4. having the praise of excellence, of being well known, famed, celebrated.—5. sure, safe, trustworthy. (Ger. *kund*.)

cûde, *adv.* clearly, plainly.

cûdice = **cûd-lice**, *adj.* the same as above.

cûd-lice, *adv.* **1.** certainly, surely, plainly, evidently. — **2.** therefore, to be sure (Cod. 141), hence (Bout. Ev.) **3.** familiarly, friendly, kindly, affably. — **4.** nobly (B. 244), openly, publicly (H.-S).

cwacian, *v. r.* to quake, tremble.

cwalu, *st. f.* murder, violent death, death, destruction. (Ger. *qual*.)

cwânian, *v. r.* to complain, lament, bemoan.

cweccan, *v. r.* to move, swing.

â-cweccan, the same as above.

cwelan, *st. abl. v. ll.* to die.

â-cwelan, the same as above.

cwellan, *v. r.* (*pret.* **cwealde**), to quell, kill. (Ger. *quillen*.)

â-cwellan, the same as above.

cwelme. See **cwealm**.

cwelman, *v. r.* to kill, put to death.

cwēman, *v. r.* to be agreeable, please, delight, satisfy, comply with, serve, be obedient to. (Ger. *bequemem*.)

ge-cwēman, same as above.

cwēn, *st. f.* **1.** woman. — **2.** wife. — **3.** queen, empress.

cwēne, *w. f.* woman.

cwēn-lic, *adj.* womanly, feminine, queenly.

cwedan, *st. abl. v. III.* quoth, to say, speak. (Goth. *qipan*.)

æfter-cwedan, to speak after:—*pres. part.* praising after death.

â-cwedan, to speak out, say out, say.

be-, bi-cwedan, **1.** to say. — **2.** to blame, reproach.

for-cwedan, to boast, promise great things.

ge-cwedan, to say, speak.

on-cwedan, **1.** to address, accost. — **2.** answer. — **3.** resound, to make or give an answer or reply to. Dôm. 144.

cwealde. See **cwellan**.

cwecalm, **cwelme**, *st. m.* **qualm**, violent death, death, destruction, torment, pain. (Ger. *qualm*.)

cwealm-bealu, *st. n.* evil of murder, deadly evil.

cwealm-cuma, *w. m.* death-bringer, death-plotting guest.

cwealm-drêor, *st. m.* death's blood, bloodshed of death.

cwealm-prêa, *indecl. m.?* deadly terror.

cwic, **cwyc**, **cwuc**, **cuc**, *adj.* quick, having life, alive. (Ger. *kech*.)

cwicen, *adj.* the same as above.

cwic-brêrende, *part.* moving with life; moving the living? Sch. 5.

cwician, **cwycian**, *v. r.* to quicken, give life to.

â-cwician, the same as above.

ge-cwician, the same as above.

cwic-lifigende, *part.* living.

cwic-sûsl, *st. n.* eternal punishment, pains of hell.

cwicu, *adj.* alive, living.

cwicu-lice, *adv.* quickly vividly.

cwiddian, *v. r.*

hearm-cwiddian, to lay hold of craftily, calumniate, reproach.

cwide, **cwycde**, *st. m.* saying, speech, thought, judgment, teaching.

cwide-gied, *st. v.* speech, news, (Grein);—song, ballad (B.-T.).

cwist, **cwid**. See **cwedan**.

cwidan, *st. abl. v. V.* to complain, bemoan, mourn, lament. (Icel. *kwida*.)

cwide. See **cwide**.

cwom. See **cuman**.

cwuc, **cwyc**, **cwycian**, **cwycddian**, **cwycde**. See **cwic**, **cwiccan**, **cwiddian**, **cwide**.

cwylð-rôf, *adj.* deadly bold, murderous, savage.

cwylman, *v. r.* to kill, slay.

cwŷst, **cwycd**. See **cwedan**.

cwyd, *st. f.* what is promised, curse? Gen. 1396.

cŷgan. See **cigan**.

cŷle, **cile**, *st. m.* **chill**, coldness, cold. (Ger. *kühle*.)

cŷle-gicel, *st. m.* cold icicles.

cyll, **cylle**, *st. f. m.* skin, bottle, flagon. (Icel. *kyllir*.)

cym. See **cuman**.

cyme, **cime**, *st. m.* coming, arrival.

cyme, *adj.* becoming, lovely, glorious, splendid.

cyme, **cymest**, **cymed**. See **cuman**.

cym-lic, *adj.* comely, lovely, splendid.

cym-lice, *adv.* conveniently, fitly, beautifully, splendidly, grandly.

cymd. See **cuman**.

cyn, *adj.* becoming, seeming, fit, proper:— in the *pl.* used as a *subs.* = the becoming, the suitable, that which is suitable or proper.

cyn, *st. n.* **kin**, race, genus (= all species of one kind). kind;—crowd, heap, multitude, folk, people, nation, tribe, family, offspring, progeny;—kind, nature, quality.

cynde, *adj.* natural, innate, inborn.

cynde-lic, the same as above.

cyne, *adj.* kinglike, noble.

cŷne=**cēne**, *adj.* keen, bold, brave.

cyne-beald, *adj.* remarkably brave (Grein);—**cyning-balde**, *ms.* nobly bold (Thorpe);—excellently brave (Heyne). B. 1634.

cyne-bearn, *st. n.* royal child, noble son, Christ.

cyne-cyn, *st. n.* royal race, kingly family.

cyne-dôm, *st. m.* kingdom, royal sway, power.

cyne-gerela, *ic. m.* royal dress, kingly robe.

cyne-gôd, *adj.* of good family, noble, well-born.

cyne-gold, *st. n.* royal gold, crown, diadem.

cyne-lic, *adj.* kingly, noble.

cyne-lice, *adv.* in a kingly manner, nobly, royally.

cyne-ric, *st. n.* kingdom, rule, government.

cyne-rôf, *adj.* kingly bold, very brave.

cyne-stôl, *st. m.* royal seat, throne, dwelling, city.

cyne-rym, *st. m.* royal glory, worth, renown, majesty.

cyne-word, *st. n.* a word by which the race or family is made known? proper, fitting. Râ. 44, 16.

cyning, **cinig**, **cyng**, **cing**, **kyning**, **kynincg**, *st. m.* king, earthly king, God, Christ,—occasionally Satan. (Ger. *könig*.)

cyning-beald? See **cynebeald**.

cyning-dôn, *st. m.* kingdom, rule.

cyn-lice, *adv.* in a becoming, fit, proper manner.

cynn. See **cyn**.

cyn-ren, *st. n.* progeny, posterity, kind.

cŷpan, *v. v.* to sell, barter.

ge-cŷpan, to purchase, buy.

cypera, *ic. m.* kipper, kind of fish. Met. 19, 12.

cyrce, **cyrice**. See **circe**.

cyre, *st. m.* choice, option, free will, will. (Ger. *kur*, *kür*.)

cyre-beald, *adj.* bold in choosing, bold, firm.

cyrn, **cyrman**. See **cirm**, **cirman**.

cyr, **cierr**, *st. m.* change, space of time;—**æt sumum cyrr**, at some time, once.

cyrran, *v. r.* 1. to turn.—2. to turn one's self, go, return. (Ger. *kehrn*.)
â-cyrran, to turn away from, avert.

ge-cyrran, 1. to turn, turn about.

2. to turn one's self, go, return.—

3. to go, *ic. cognate acc.*

mis-cyrran, to turn around, pervert.

on-cyrran, to turn, turn about, change.—**2.** to turn away, avert.
3. to turn one's self, go.

ôd-cyrran, to turn one's self away from, be turned.

ymb-cyrran, to turn around, go around, make the circuit of.

cyrten, *adj.* chaste, beautiful.

cyspan, *w. v.* to bind, fetter.

cyssan, *w. v.* to kiss. (Ger. *küssen*.)

ge-cyssan, to kiss.

cyst, *adj.* chosen, desirable.

cyst, *st. f.* **1.** free will, choice.—**2.** choice, election.—**3. w. gen. pl.** what is chosen, best of its kind.—

4. virtue, excellence, goodness.—

5. generosity, munificence.

cyst, cist, cest, *st. f.* chosen body, cohort.

cystig, *adj.* just, upright, good.

cyte, *w. f.* cot, hut, den, eave, cell.

cýð, cýðð, *st. f.* **1.** home.—**2.** country, region, place. (Ger. *kunde*.)

cýðan, *w. v.* to make known, announce, relate, tell, inform, to speak, utter, pronounce.—**2.** to make celebrated, uncover, reveal, declare, manifest, prove, show, confess, do, perform. (Ger. *künden*.)

â-cýðan, to proclaim, manifest, let be known, strengthen, demonstrate, prove.

for-cýðan, to conquer in a dispute. Sal. 176, 206.

ge-cýðan, to make known, give information, announce, speak out, say out, tell, utter, inform.—**2.** to make known, uncover, reveal, manifest, show, proclaim, effect.—**3.** to make celebrated.

cýðdu, *st. f.* home.

D

dæd, dēd, *st. f.* deed, action. (Ger. *that*.)

dæd-cēne, *adj.* keen for action, active, bold.

dæd-from, *adj.* vigorous in action, energetic.

dæd-fruma, *w. m.* doer of deeds, doer, perpetrator.

dæd-hata, *w. m.* he who hates or pursues through his deeds (Grein); deed-commander, instigating to deeds (Leo). B. 275.

dæd-hwæt, *adj.* quick to do, ready, bold.

dæd-léan, *st. m.* reward for deeds, recompense.

dæd-rôf, *adj.* bold in deeds, valiant.

dæd-scûa, *w. m.* he who acts in darkness, devil.

dæd-weorc, *st. n.* deed, work, great work.

dæg, *st. m.* day; and name for the Rune **d**;—**dæges**, *gen. sg., adr.* days, by day;—**dæges** and **nihtes**, days and nights;—**on dæge** (*dæg*), by day;—**to-dæge**, to-day;—**of dæge on dæg**, from day to day;—**ofer midne dæg**, afternoon;—**on midne dæg**, midday; *pl.* **dagas**, days, life, period of a man's life;—**emnihtes dæg**, equal day and night, equinox;—**wintres dæg**, the beginning of winter.

dæg-candel, *st. f.* day's candle, sun.

dæg-hluttre, *adj.* clear, bright as day.

dæg-hwam, *adv.* daily.

dæg-hwamlice (*-hwæm-*), *adv.* daily

dæg-hwil, *st. f.* a day's time, space of one day.

dæg-long, *adj.* one day long, during one whole day.

dæg-rêd, *st. n.* daybreak, dawn.

dægrêd-wôma, *u. m.* the stir or rush accompanying daybreak, rush of early morning, dawn.

dæg-rim, *st. n.* number of days, course of days, fixed number of days.

dæg-sceald, *st. m. n.* "day-ruler," sun; — dægscealdes hléo, pillar of cloud, lit. shade of the day-ruler.

dæg-tid, *st. f.* daytime, time, epoch, period; — dægtidum, *instr. pl.* by day, in the daytime.

dæg-weorc, *st. n.* a day's work, fixed, stated service.

dæg-weordung, *st. f.* celebration of a day, feast, festival.

dæg-wôma, *u. m.* See dægrêd-wôma.

dæl, *st. n.* dale, valley, den, gulf. (*Ger. thal.*)

dæl, *st. m.* deal, part, portion. (*Ger. theil.*)

dælan, dēlan, *u. v.* 1. to deal, divide, separate. — 2. to separate from something. — 3. to share with. — 4. to distribute, deal, dole, impart, bestow. — 5. to take part in, be a sharer or partaker. — 6. to be divided. — 7. *u. instr.* hilde (earfode) dælan, to fight, contend. (*Ger. theilen.*)

â-dælan, to divide, separate.

be-, bi-dælan, to deprive, free from, release, bereave.

efen-gedælan, to divide equally.

ge-dælan, 1. to divide, separate.

2. to sunder, cut loose from, renounce. — 3. to be divided, separate, be divided from something, renounce, refuse, forego. — 4. to part, impart, distribute, bestow, share. — 5. to take part in, become partaker of. — 6. ordain, arrange, create.

tô-dælan, 1. to divide, separate.

2. to dismember, destroy. — 3. to distribute. — 4. to be divided. — 5. to separate, distinguish.

dæl-nimend, -neomend, *part. & subs.* partaking, sharing; — partaker, sharer, participator.

dæne. See denu.

dærste, *u. f.* dregs, lees.

dafenian, *u. v.*

ge-dafenian, to suit, to be fit, becoming, behave aright.

daga, *u. m.* day.

dagian, *u. v.* to dawn, become day. (*Ger. tagen.*)

darod (-ad, -ed), deared, *st. m.*

dart, spear: — figuratively, part of a loom; — dareda lâf, remainder of an army after a battle.

darod-æsc, *st. m.* (n.?), ash spear.

darod-hæbbend, *part. & subs.* spear-bearer, spearman.

darod-lacend, *part. & subs.* fighter with a spear, spearman.

daru, *st. f.* hurt, harm, damage.

Decembris, *m.* December.

dêd. See dæd.

dêgan, *u. v.*

ge-dêgan, -digan, -dýgan (-ean), to bear, stand, endure, overcome.

dêge-lice, *adj.* secretly.

dêglian. See dêaglian.

dêgol, *st. n.* concealment, secrecy, mystery.

dêgol, *adj.* concealed, hidden, secret, obscure, dark.

dêgol-ful, *adj.* full of secrecy, mysterious.

dêhter. See dôhtor.

dēlan, *st. abl. v.* II. to fall, decay? fall into ruins? (*Grein*); — to be proud or arrogant, to boast one's self (*Leo*). Ps. 118, 63.

delfan, *st. abl. v.* I. to delve, dig, furrow, dig out.

â-delfan, the same as above.

be-delfan, to dig up, into; — to bury, inter.

ge-delfan, to dig.

purh-delfan, to dig through.

dēlan. See dēlan.

dēma, *w. m.* judge, umpire, ruler, lord, master.

dēman, *w. r. 1.* to deem, think, judge, decide, determine, prove, doom, condemn.—**2.** to count, muster, estimate, reckon.—**3.** to praise, laud, tell, narrate.

â-dēman, to bar or shut out from by a legal decision.

ge-dēman, to judge, doom, condemn.—**2.** to decide, fix, appoint.

dēmend, *part. & subs.* judge, umpire.

dēn, dēnd. See dōn.

denn, *st. n.* den, cave.

dennian, *w. v.* to become firm, smooth, slippery? *Adelst.* 12.

dennu, *st. f.* valley, vale, dale.

derian, *w. v.* to hurt, injure, damage.

derne, *adj.* concealed, hid, secret.

dēad, *adj.* dead;—also used as a *subst.*

dēaf, *adj.* deaf. (*Ger. taub.*)

dēag. See dūgan.

dēagan, *st. red. v.* to color, tinge (*Grein*);—to conceal one's self, hide (*Leo*). *B.* 850.

dēaglian, dēglian, *w. v.*

be-dēaglian, to hide, conceal, hold secret, keep close.

dēagol, *adj.* secret.

dēah. See dūgan.

deal, deall, *adj.* proud, confident, cautious, bold, renowned.

dear, deared. See dūran, darod.

dearnenga, *adv.* secretly, clandestinely, insidiously.

dearnunga, *adv.* the same as above.

dearnunga, *adv.* the same as above.

dēad, *st. m.* death, dying. (*Ger. tod.*)

dēad-bed, *st. n.* deathbed, grave.

dēad-berende, *part.* death-bringing.

dēad-bēam, *st. m.* death-tree, death-bringing tree.

dēad-cwalu, *st. f.* violent death, ruin and death, pains of death.

dēad-cwealm, *st. m.* violent death, murder.

dēad-dæg, *st. m.* dying, death-day, day of death.

dēad-denu, *st. f.* valley of death.

dēad-drepe, *st. m.* death-blow, death.

dēad-fæge, *adj.* destined to die, doomed, given over to death.

dēad-firen, *st. f.* death sin, mortal sin, capital offense.

dēad-gedāl, *st. n.* separation of body and soul by death.

dēad-læg, *st. m.* death-flame, deadly flame, Muspilli.

dēad-mægen, *st. n.* death-bringing troop, deadly band.

dēad-ræced, *st. n.* dwelling of the dead, grave.

dēad-ræs, *st. m.* rush of death, sudden death.

dēad-rēow, *adj.* greedy of slaughter, murderous, savage.

dēad-scūa, *w. m.* death-bringing, deadly being, demon of death.

dēad-sele, *st. m.* death-hall, lower world, hell.

dēad-slege, *st. m.* death-stroke.

dēad-spere, *st. n.* death-spear, death-aiming spear.

dēad-stede, *st. m.* death-place, battle-field.

dēad-wang, *st. m.* same as above.

dēad-wæg, *st. n.* eup of death.

dēad-wērig, *adj.* death-weary, dead.

dēad-wic, *st. n.* dwelling of death, home of death.

dēaw, *st. m.* dew. (*Ger. thau.*)

dēaw-drēas, -drīas, *st. m.* dewfall.

dēawig, *adj.* dewy.

dēawig-federe, *adj.* dewy-feathered, having moist feathers.

dēoful, -ol, *st. m. n.* devil. (*Ger. teufel.*)

dēoful-cund, *adj.* of hellish origin, diabolical.

dēoful-dæd, *st. f.* work of the devil, devilish deed.

dēoful-gild, -gield, -gylð, *st. n.* devil's sacrifice, idolatry, worship of the devil, idol, image of the devil.

dēoful-witga, *w. m.* devil's prophet, soothsayer, magician.

dēog. See dēagan.

dēogol, *adj.* hidden, secret, concealed, dark, unknown. [dark.]

dēogol-lice, *adv.* secretly, in the dēop, *st. n.* deep, abyss. (Ger. *tiefe*.)

dēop, *adj.* deep, abysmal, profound, solemn, earnest, grave. (Ger. *tiefe*.)

dēope, diope, *adv.* deeply, thoroughly, earnestly, solemnly.

dēop-hycgende, *part.* deeply meditating.

dēop-hyðig, *adj.* the same as above.

dēop-lic, *adj.* deep.

dēop-lice, *adv.* deeply, profoundly, thoroughly.

dēop-nez, *st. f.* deepness, depth.

dēor, dior, *st. n.* (deer), animal, wild animal, beast:—most frequently in contrast to domestic animals. (Ger. *thier*.)

dēor, *adj.* 1. wild, bold, brave, skillful.—2. heavy, severe, terrible, vehement, violent.

dēoran, *w. r.* to glorify, prize, hold dear, love.

dēor-boren, *adj.* noble born.

deorc, *adj.* dark, obscure, gloomy, sad. (O. H. Ger. *tarni*.)

dēorce, *adv.* darkly, obscurely, sadly.

dēore, diore, *adj.* 1. dear, beloved, cherished.—2. dear, costly, excellent.—3. glorious, noble, illustrious. (Ger. *thuer*.)

dēore, diore, *adv.* 1. dearly, at a high price.—2. friendly, kindly.

deored-sceaft, *st. m.* shaft of a dart, spear, lance.

dēor-lic, *adj.* wild, bold, brave.

dēor-lice, *adv.* gloriously, precious, worthily.

dēor-ling, *st. m.* darling, favorite.

dēor-môð, *adj.* of daring mood, courageous, bold.

dēor-wyrðe, *adj.* precious, costly, considerable, important.

ðigan (âdigan). See drygan.

ðigan. See dēgan.

ðigol, ðigle. See dýgol, dýgle. (O. H. Ger. *tougol*.)

ðihtig. See dyhtig.

ðilgian, *w. r.* (Ger. *tilgen*.)

â-ðilgian, to destroy, blot out.

ðim, *adj.* ðim, dark, obscure, hidden. (O. H. Ger. *timbar*.)

ðim, *st. m.* din, noise? Sat. 606, perhaps ðin.

ðimman, *w. r.* to ðim.

â-ðimman, to be ðim, darken.

ðim-scûa, *w. m.* darkness, sin.

ðing, *st. f.* prison, dungeon.

ðinges mere, proper name, Irish Sea (Grein);—on ðinnes mere, on a stormy sea (B.-T).

ðisc, *st. m.* dish, plate, bowl. (Ger. *tisch*.)

ðisig. See dysig.

diacon, *st. m.* deacon.

ðierne. See dyrne.

diope, dior, diore. See dēope, dēor, dēore.

dôgian, *w. r.* to suffer, bear. Rā. 1.9.

dôgor, *st. m. n.* day. [Thorpe says 24 hours: others, 12.]

dôgor-gerim, *st. n.* number or series of days, allotted time of life.

dôgor-rim, *st. n.* same as above.

dohte. See dūgan.

dohtor, *irreg. f. dat. sg.* dehter;—*nom. acc. pl.* dohtor, dohter, dohttra, dohttru, — daughter. (Ger. *tochter*.)

dol, *adj.* dull, foolish, silly;—proud, boastful, erring, heretical. (Ger. *toll*.)

dolg, *st. n.* wound. (O. H. Ger. *tolg*.)

dolg-ben, *st. f.* wound.

dolgian, *w. r.* to wound.

ge-dolgian, to wound.

dol-gilp, *st. m. n.* idle, foolish, boasting (Grein);—promise of bold deeds (11.-S.).

dolg-slege, *st. m.* wounding blow.

dolh-wund, *adj.* wounded.

dol-lic, **-lig**, *adj.* audacious, rash, foolish.

dol-lice, *adv.* foolishly, rashly.

dol-sceada, *w. m.* foolhardy, audacious enemy; bold enemy.

dol-willen, *st. n.* rashness, madness.

dol-willen, *adj.* rash, bold.

dol-wite, *st. n.* punishment for rashness.

dôm, *st. m.* **1.** doom, judgment, judicial opinion.—**2.** court, tribunal, assembly, council.—**3.** judicial sentence, verdict, decision, decree. **4.** statute, law, command, ordinance.—**5.** justice.—**6.** advice, counsel.—**7.** rule, government, power, might, dominion.—**8.** majesty, glory, honor, renown, worth, praise, dignity, authority.—**9.** especially heavenly glory and majesty.—**10.** might, power, free will, choice, pleasure, option.—**11.** custom, what is becoming, customary. **12.** meaning, signification, sense, interpretation. (Ger. *-tum*; O. H. Ger. *tuom*.)

dôm-dæg, *st. m.* doomsday, judgment-day.

dôm-êadig, *adj.* mighty, powerful, noble, happy, renowned.

dôm-fæst, *adj.* firm in judgment, just, mighty, famous.

dôm-georn, *adj.* striving for glory or for uprightness, ambitious, just.

dôm-hwæt, *adj.* eager for honor, renown.

dômian, *w. v.* to glorify, magnify.

dôm-lêas, *adj.* without reputation, inglorious, hapless.

dôm-lic, *adj.* glorious, praiseworthy.

dôm-lice, *adv.* judiciously, powerfully, gloriously

dôm-setl, *st. n.* judgment-seat, throne, tribunal.

dôn, **dên**, *irreg. v. pres. sg.* **1.** dō.—**2.** dēst.—**3.** dēd, *pl.* dōd; *subj. sg.* dō, *pl.* dôn; *imper.* dō, dōd; *pret.* dyde, dide, dæde; *part. pret.* dôn, dên, to do, make, act, perform, cause. (Ger. *tun*.)

â-dôn, to do away, remove, free, set free.

be-dôn, to close, shut.

for-dôn, **1.** to fordo, corrupt, destroy, kill.—**2.** to seduce!—**3.** *part. pret.* wicked, abandoned, defiled, corrupted.

ge-dôn, to do, make, cause.

un-dôn, to undo, open, loose, separate.

dor, *st. n.* door, gate. (Ger. *thor*.)

dorste. See *durran*.

draca, *w. m.* **1.** dragon.—**2.** the devil. (Ger. *drache*.)

drædan, *st. red. v.* (*pret.* drêord, drêd), to dread. (O. H. Ger. *an-trātan*.)

an, **on-drædan**, to fear, dread.

dræfan, *w. v.*

â-dræfan, to shut out, drive out.

ge-dræfan, to drive, push, urge, vex.

tô-dræfan, to drive or bring apart, separate, destroy.

dræfend, *part. & subs.* driver, hunter.

dragan, *st. abl. v.* IV. to draw, drag. (Ger. *tragen*.)

be-dragan, to draw away, seduce, deceive.

drapa. See *dropa*.

dreccan, *w. v.* to plague, vex, disquiet, oppress, burden, torture, torment.

ge-dreccan, the same as above.

drēfan, *w. v.* to disturb, vex, excite, move, agitate, stir up, afflict. (Ger. *trüben*.)

ge-drēfan, to disturb, bring into confusion, move, trouble.

drenc, *st. m.* **drench**, drink; drowning.

drencan, *w. v.* **1.** to **drench**, give to drink.—**2.** to drown.

â-drencan, to drown.

ge-drencan, to drown.

ofer-drencan, to make drunk.

drenc-, **drence-flôd**, *st. m.* the flood, deluge.

dreng, *st. m.* young man, follower (of the comitatus), warrior.

drepan, *st. abl. v.* **III.** to hit, strike, beat. (Ger. *treffen*.)

drepe, *st. m.* blow, stroke.

drettan, *w. v.*

ge-drettan, to consume.

drêam, perhaps *dat. pl.* of **drêa**, *w. m.* magician? Sal. 44.

drêam, *st. m.* **1.** dream, song, melody, harmony, joyous music.—**2.** crowd, throng.—**3.** joyous actions, rejoicing, joy, pleasure.—**4.** used especially of the joys of heaven. (Ger. *traum*.)

drêam-hæbbende, *part.* rejoicing, joyful.

drêam-healdende, *part.* the same.

drêam-lêas, *adj.* joyless, without rejoicing, sad.

drêarung, *st. f.* falling, distillation.

drêas, **drias**, *st. m.* falling, fall.

drêogan, *st. abl. v.* **VI.** **1.** to bear, suffer, endure, carry.—**2.** to bear, carry out, perfect, do, work, perform, lead (a life);—**wide drêogan**, to wander.—**3.** to enjoy.—**4. intrans.** to be busy, employed, to do. (Scotch, *dree*.)

â-drêogan, **1.** to bear, suffer, endure.—**2.** to act, perform, complete, practice. [joy.

ge-drêogan, to live through, endure? Râ. 4. 45.

drêopan, *st. abl. v.* **VI.** to **drop**. (Ger. *tropfen*.)

â-drêopan, to pour out drop by drop.

drêopian, *w. v.* to drop, drip, trickle.

drêor, *st. m.* running or flowing blood, blood. (O. H. Ger. *trôr*.)

drêor-fâh, *adj.* spotted, stained with blood, bloody, gory.

drêorgian, *w. v.* to mourn? be dreary, fall.

drêorig, *adj.* dreary, sad, sorrowful. (Ger. *traurig*.)

drêorig, *adj.* bloody, bleeding.

drêorig-ferhd, *adj.* sad in heart, sorrowful.

drêorig-hlêor, *adj.* sad of countenance.

drêorig-lic, *adj.* bloody.

drêorig-môd, *adj.* sad in mind.

drêor-lic, *adj.* bloody.

drêor-sele, *st. m.* dreary, lonely hall.

drêorung, *st. f.* falling, dropping.

drêosan, *st. abl. v.* **VI.** to mourn, be sad, desolate.

drêosan, *st. abl. v.* **VI.** to fall, perish, be ready to fall, become weak. (Goth. *driusan*.)

â-drêosan, to fall to pieces, decline, vanish, fail.

be-, **bi-drêosan**, **1.** to deceive, seduce.—**2.** to deprive of, bereave.

ge-drêosan, to fall down, sink, disappear, fail.

drifan, *st. abl. v.* **V.** **1.** to **drive**, drive away, drive back, impel, incite, strike.—**2.** to follow, practice. (Ger. *treiben*.)

â-drifan, to drive out, expel.

be-drifan, **1.** to drive, drive together, compel.—**2.** drive, beat, strike.

for-drifan, to drive, expel, banish, force, compel, consume. (Ger. *vertreiben*.)

in-drifan, to drive out, thrust out.

tô-drifan, to drive apart, disperse, scatter, destroy, repel.

purh-drifan, **1.** to shove or push through.—**2.** perforate, bore through.—**3.** penetrate, imbue.

wid-drifan, to repel, ward off.

drige, driht, drihten. See **dryge, dryht, dryhten.**

drinc, st. m. drink, a drink. (Ger. *trunk, trunk.*)

drincan, st. abl. v. I. to drink. (Ger. *trinken.*)

â-drincan, to be plunged under water, immersed, drowned.

ge-drincan, to drink, swallow, engulf.

on-drincan, to drink.

drias. See **drêas.**

drôf-lic, adj. turbulent, troublesome, sad.

droht, st. m.? *n.?* condition of life.

drohtad, -od, st. m. condition of life, manner of life, calling, vocation, business, conduct, society.

drohtian, w. v. to have conversation; to live, pass life.

drohtnod, st. m. way or manner of life.

dropa, drapa, w. m. drop. (Ger. *tropfen.*)

dropen. See **drepen, drêopan.**

droppetan, w. v. to drop, drip, distil.

droppung, st. f. dropping, dripping, falling.

drucen? See **druncen.**

drugian, w. v. to become dry, wither.
for-drugian, to become dry, wither.

ge-drugian, to dry, dry up.

druh, st. m. dust? Seel. 17.

druncan, druncian, w. v. to suck out, drink.

druncen, st. f. drunkenness.

druncen, adj. drunken, besotted.

drunc-mennen, st. n. drunken maid-servant.

drûsan, drûsian, w. v. to drowse, be in a state of decay, become lazy, weak, inactive;—to mourn, be sad.

drÿ, st. m. soererer, magician, wizard.

drÿ-cræft, st. m. magic art, sorcery, witchcraft.

drygan, drigan, w. v. to dry, dry up, wither.

â-drigan, to dry up, wither.

dryge, drige, adj. dry, withered;—**tô dryggum,** even to decay, exhaustion. Met. 7, 16. (Ger. *trocken.*)

dryht, driht, st. f. company, troop, folk, people, band of warriors, comitatus, noble band;—in *pl.* men.

dryht-bearn, st. n. a noble youth, princely child.

dryht-cwên, st. f. queen.

dryhten, drihten, st. m. commander, leader, lord, prince, God, Christ. (O. H. Ger. *truhtin.*)

dryhten-bealo, st. n. extreme evil, great misfortune.

dryhten-dôm, st. m. rule, dominion, majesty, glory.

dryhten-hold, adj. friendly, well disposed to the prince, to the Lord.

dryhten-nes, st. f. ruler's glory, majesty? Gen. 17.

dryhten-weard, st. m. king, Lord.

dryht-folc, st. n. band, troop, folk, nation.

dryht-gesid, st. m. follower, attendant.

dryht-gestrêon, st. n. people's treasure.

dryht-guma, w. m. man of the warrior band, noble warrior, man.

dryht-lêod, st. n. popular or noble song.

dryht-lic, adj. lordly, noble, excellent.

dryht-lice, adv. nobly, excellently, in a lordly manner.

dryht-mâðum, st. m. people's treasure, splendid jewels.

dryht-nêas, st. m. pl. bodies of the slain belonging to the comitatus (on the battlefield), carcases.

dryht-scype, st. m. warlike virtue, heroic deed, bravery, glory, rulership, domination, dignity.

dryht-sele, *st. m.* the hall for the comitatus, splendid dwelling.

dryht-sib, *st. f.* peace or friendship between troops of noble warriors, or between noble families.

dryht-weras, *st. m. pl.* attendants, men.

dryht-wuniende, *part.* living among the people, folk-dweller.

drȳman, *u. r.* to sing aloud, rejoice.

drynman, *u. r.* to be careful, solicitous.

drync, *st. m.* drink, draught, a drink.

drync-fæt, *st. n.* drinking-vessel, eup.

drype, *st. m.* blew, stroke.

dryre, *st. m.* fall, falling, ceasing, decline.

drysmian, *u. r.* to become obscure, gloomy.

dūfan, *st. abl. VI. 1. intrans.* to dive, sink.—**2. trans.** to dip in, immerse.

ge-dūfan, *intrans.* to dive, sink under, be submerged, sink in.

in-dūfan, to dip in, immerse, submerge.

purh-dūfan, to swim through by diving, dive through.

dugan, *pret. pres., pres. sg. dēag, dēah; pl. dugon; pret. dohte*, to avail, be capable, be good, be of use, fit, strong, liberal, to present. (*Ger. taugen.*)

dugad, -od, *st. f.* what avails; hence, **1.** manhood, and all that have reached manhood.—**2.** men capable of bearing arms, troops, multitude, army, folk, noble band of warriors, men in general.—**3.** the heavenly host.—**4.** glory, magnificence, majesty, might, power, virtue.—**5.** advantage, gain, riches, means, blessings, welfare, salvation.—**6.** benefit, gift.—**7.** what is becoming, fit, seemly, decorum.

dumb, *adj. dumb*, mute, speechless. (*Ger. dumm.*)

dūn, *st. f.* down, hill;—of dūne, downwards. (*Ger. dūne.*)

dūn-scræf, *st. n.* mountain cave.

durran, *pret. pres., pres. sg. dear; pl. durron; subj. durre, dyrre; pret. dorste*, to dare, presume. (*O. H. Ger. turran.*)

duru, *st. f.* door, gate, wicket. (*Ger. thüre.*)

duru-pegan, *st. m.* doorkeeper.

dust, *st. n. dust.* (*Ger. dust.*)

dwælan, *u. r.*

ge-dwælan, to mislead, lead astray.

dwæs. See **gedwæs**. [*guish.*]

dwæscan, *u. r.* to put out, extinguish.

ā-dwæscan, the same as above.

tō-dwæscan, same as above.

dwelan, *st. abl. r. II.* to be led into error, err. (*O. H. Ger. twelan.*)

ge-dwelan, to wander, err.

dwellan, *u. r.* (to dwell), **1.** to prevent, hinder, delay.—**2.** to lead into error, mislead, deceive. (*O. H. Ger. twaljan.*)

ge-dwellan, **1.** to lead astray, seduce, deceive.—**2.** to err.

dwol-cræft, *st. m.* foolish or magic art, magic.

dwolema, dwolma, *u. m.* chaos.

dȳfan, *u. r.* (to dive), to make to dive, dip, immerse.

dȳgan. See **dēgan**.

dȳglan, *u. r.*

ge-dȳglan, to hide, conceal, darken, cover.

dȳgle, digle, *adv.* secretly, covertly.

dȳgol, digol, *adj.* hidden, secret, concealed, inaccessible, dark, unknown.

dȳgol, digol, *st. n.* secrecy, darkness, what is hidden.

dyhtig, dihtig, *adj.* doughty, strong, useful, good for. (*Ger. tüchtig.*)

dyn, *st. m.* din, noise.

dyne, *st. m.* the same as above.

dyng. See **ding**.

dynnan, *w. v.* to sound, make a noise, resound.

dynt, *st. m.* *ďint*, a blow causing or giving a sound, blow, stroke.

dýp, *st. n.* the deep.

dýran, *w. v.* to glorify, prize, love.

ge-dýran, the same as above.

dýre, *adj.* dear, beloved, worthy, costly, glorious, noble, excellent.

dyreþran (Cri. 790), to be changed into þý reþran.

dyrling, *st. m.* darling, loved one.

dyrnan, *w. v.* to hide, secrete, conceal, restrain, obscure.

be-, bi-dyrnan, the same as above.

ge-dyrnan, the same as above.

dyrne, *st. n.* a secret.

dyrne, dierne, *adj.* **1.** hidden, secret, close, obscure, out of the way, remote.—**2.** secret, dark, deceitful, magial, malicious, evil. (O. II. Ger. *tarni*.)

dýrsian, *w. v.*

ge-dýrsian, to prize, hold dear, honor, glorify. [bold.]

dýrstig, *adj.* venturesome, daring.

dýsegian, *w. v.* to be foolish, stupid, do foolishly, err.

dysig, *adj.* *ďizzy*, silly, foolish, ignorant, stupid. (O. II. Ger. *tusig*.)

dysig, ďisig, *st. n.* foolishness, ignorance, stupidity, folly.

dys-lic, *adj.* foolish, silly, stupid.

dys-lice, *adv.* foolishly, stupidly.

dyttan, *w. v.* to close, shut up, stop.

E

ebba, *w. m.* *ebb*. (Ger. *ebbe* is a borrowed word; cf. Goth. *ibuks*.)

ebbian, *w. v.* to *ebb*.

êc, *adv.* *eke*, also.

êcan, *w. v.* to *eke*, increase, enlarge, add to, prolong.

êce, æce, *adj.* eternal, everlasting, perpetual. (Ger. *ewig*.)

êce, *adv.* eternally, ever, evermore, perpetually.

eced, *st. n.* acid, vinegar. (Ger. *essig*; Goth. *akeit*; Lat. *acetum*.)

êcen, *adj.* increased, great, weighty, important.

ecg, *st. f.* edge (of the sword), point, sword, battle-ax. (Ger. *ecke*.)

ecg-bana, *w. m.* murderer by the sword, sword-killer.

ecg-clif, false reading for *êg-clif*, sea-cliff. B. 2893.

ecg-hete, *st. m.* hate shown by the sword, sword-hate, enmity.

ecg-heard, *adj.* with hard, sharp edge.

ecg-plega, *w. m.* sword-play, battle.

ecg-þracu, *st. f.* sword-storm, hot fighting.

ecg-wæl, *st. n.* sword-slaughter, those slain in battle by the sword.

êc-nes, -nis, -nys, *st. f.* eternity, forever.

ed-cerr, -cir, -cyr, *st. m.* return.

eder-. See *edor*.

ed-geong, *adj.* made young again.

ed-hwyrft, *st. m.* return, change, going back (to a former state of things).

êdisc, *st. n.* *edish*, pasture, park, fishpond, vivary.

ed-léan, *st. n.* retribution.

ed-neowe, -niowe, *adj.* renewed, new, again new, renewing itself ever.

ed-niowunga, *adv.* anew, again.

ed-niwe, *adj.* new, renewed.

ed-niwe, *adv.* anew, again.

ed-niwinga, *adv.* same as above.

edor, *st. m.* hedge, quickset fence, fold, inclosure, dwelling.

edor-gang, *st. m.* begging, the going around of mendicants from house to house.

edre, *adv.* forthwith, immediately.

ēdre. See ædre.

edring, *st. f.* refuge? See l. 107.

ed-sceaft, *st. f.* new creation, regeneration.

ed-wenden, *st. f.* turning, change, overturning, end.

ed-wendu, *st. f.* change, end.

ed-wiht, *st. n.* something, anything.

ed-wit, *st. n.* reproach, blame, disgrace, ignominy, contumely, scorn.

edwit-lif, *st. n.* disgraceful, shameful life.

edwit-scype, *st. m.* disgrace, ignominy, cowardice.

edwit-spræc, *st. f.* reproachful, defaming speech, scorn.

edwit-spreca, *w. m.* scorner, eaviler, devil.

edwit-stæf, *st. m.* reproach, disgrace, dishonor.

ēd-wylm = ædwylm, *st. m.* waves of fire, hell.

efe-long = efen-long, *adj.* just as long? oblong? Rā. 45, 7.

efen, efn, *adj.* even, equal, like; — on efen, *adv.* together; or *prep. w. dat.* upon the same level, near. (Ger. eben.)

efen, *adv.* evenly, just as, equally.

ēfen. See æfen.

efen-behēfe, *adj.* equally useful, just as necessary.

efen-beorht, *adj.* equally bright, of like brilliancy.

efen-ēce, *adj.* co-eternal.

efen-ēde, *adj.* just as easy.

efen-ēadig, *adj.* equally happy, blessed.

efen-eald, *adj.* of the same age, equally old.

efen-eardigende, *part.* dwelling together.

efen-fela, *indecl. n.* just as much, so many.

efen-hlēodor, *st. m.* with equal voice or harmony, united voice.

efen-lic, *adj.* equal, of like age.

efen-lica, *w. m.* one of the same age.

efen-mære, *adj.* equally prized, or thought of.

efen-micel, *adj.* equally great.

efen-mid, *adj.* middle, in the middle, center of.

efen-nēah, *adj.* even nigh, equally near.

efen-niht. See emniht.

efen-scearp, *adj.* equally sharp.

efen-swid, *adj.* equally strong.

efen-wesende, *part.* contemporaneous, co-existent.

efn. See efen.

efnan, *w. r.* 1. to carry out, perform, accomplish, do, make. — 2. to prostrate, throw down. Rā. 28, 8.

ge-efnan, 1. to accomplish, do, perform, carry out. — 2. to hold, sustain.

efne, *adv.* even, just, exactly, alike, likewise; — efne swā, even so, even as, just as if, when; — efne swā þeah, even though; — efne, enclitic, indeed, just; — at the beginning of a sentence — lo! behold! efnetan, *w. r.* to equal, emulate. Rā. 41, 63.

ēfstan, *w. r.* to hasten, make haste, be in haste.

eft, æft, *adv.* (eft, cf. eft-soons). 1. again, anew. — 2. back, re- (retro, rursus). — 3. thereupon, afterwards. — 4. again, on the other side, likewise. (Goth. *afta*.)

eft-cyme, *st. m.* return.

eft-léan, *st. n.* retribution, recompense.

eft-sið, *st. m.* journey back, return.

eft-wyrd, *st. f.* future destiny.

égan, *w. r.*

on-égan, to fear, dread.

ëg-büend, *part. & subs.* island or sea-dweller.

ëg-clif, *st. n.* sea-cliff, shore.

ege, *st. m.* awe (cf. ôga), fear, fright, dread, horror. (Goth. *agei*; O. H. Ger. *egi*.)

ëge = éage, *w. n.* eye.

ege-lâf, *st. f.* what has eesaped horror, battle-remnant.

egesa, egsa, *w. m.* state of terror, frightfulness, terror, horror, dread, fear.

égesa, êgsa, *w. m.* possessor, owner. Gn. Ex. 117; B. 1757.

eges-ful, *adj.* fearful, terrible, wonderful, awful.

egesful-lic, *adj.* the same as above.

egesig, eisig, *adj.* same as above.

eges-lic, *adj.* the same as above.

eges-lice, *adv.* fearfully, terribly, wonderfully.

ege-wylm, *st. m.* terrible wave.

egl, *st. f.* mote, beard (on wheat), point, claw, talen, beam. (Ger. *ackel*.)

eglan, *w. v.* to ail, trouble, pain, grieve. (Ger. *ekeln*.)

æt-eglan, to cause or bring about trouble, pain, grief.

ge-eglan, to trouble, pain, grieve.

ëg-land, -lond, *st. n.* island.

egle, *adj.* troublesome, grievous, hateful, hostile, disgraceful, loathsome. (Goth. *agls*, *aglus*.)

ëgor-here, *st. m.* army of the ocean, waves of the sea, the deluge.

ëgor-strêam, *st. m.* sea-stream, ocean.

egsa, êgsa. See egesa, égesa.

egsian, *w. v.* to frighten, terrify (Grein & B.-T.); — to have terror, distress (Heyne).

ëg-, êh-strêam, *st. m.* water-stream, sea, river.

eh, *st. n.* horse; and the Rune e. (Lat. *equus*.)

ehtan, *w. v.* to esteem, consider. Râ. 37, 4.

ëhtan, *w. v., w. acc., and gen.* of person, — to persecute, pursue, annoy, afflict.

ëhtend, *part. & subs.* persecutor.

ehtian, *w. v.* to esteem, make prominent with praise, deem, consider.

ëht-nes, *st. f.* persecution.

ehtung, *st. f.* deliberation, counsel.

eisig. See egesig.

eld, eldu, *st. f.* age, old age.

elde, *st. m. pl.* men.

eldra. See elra.

eldran, *adj. compar. pl.*, used as a *subs.* elders, parents, ancestors.

ele, *st. m.* oil.

ele-béam, *st. m.* olive-tree.

ele-land, *st. n.* foreign land.

eled, *st. m.* allodium, freehold. Gû. 38.

el-land, *st. n.* foreign country.

ellefne, *num.* eleven.

ellen, *st. m. n.* strength, heroic strength, bravery, courage, fortitude, zeal, heroic deeds. (Goth. *aljan*.)

ellen-cræft, *st. m.* strength, might, power.

ellen-dæd, *st. f.* heroic deed, deed of valor.

el-lende, *adj.* foreign, strange.

ellen-gæst, *st. m.* strength-spirit, demon with heroic strength.

ellen-beard, *adj.* mighty, brave, bold, courageous.

ellen-léas, *adj.* strengthless, wanting courage.

ellen-lice, *adv.* strongly, with heroic strength.

ellen-mærd, *st. f.* renown of heroic strength, heroic deed.

ellen-rôf, *adj.* renowned for heroic strength, daring, bold.

ellen-sêoc, *adj.* sick in strength, mortally wounded.

ellen-spræc, *st. f.* strong speech, brave word.

ellen-prist, *adj.* energetic, bold.

ellen-weorc, *st. n.* heroic deed, achievement in battle.

ellen-wôd, *st. n.* zeal.

ellen-wôd, *adj.* furious, raging.

elles, *adv.* else, otherwise, in another manner. (Goth. *allis*.)

ellor, *adv.* else-whither, elsewhere, to some other place;—*ellor londes*, in another land.

ellor-fûs, *adj.* eager, ready for another place, ready to go elsewhere.

ellor-gâst, -gæst, *st. m.* spirit living elsewhere.

ellor-sid, *st. m.* departure, death.

el-mehtig, *adj.* almighty.

eln, *st. f.* elbow, ell. (Ger. *elle*; Goth. *aleina*.)

eln-gemet, *st. n.* ell-measure, ell.

elnian, *u. r. 1.* to emulate, be zealous, exert one's self.—*2.* to strengthen, comfort. Gen. 48, 2.

elra, *adj. compar.* another.

el-reordig, *adj.* speaking another tongue, barbarous.

el-péod, *st. f. 1.* foreign people, enemy.—*2.* all peoples, all nations. Cri. 1084, 1337.

el-péodig, *adj.* belonging to another nation, foreign, strange, hostile.

emb, embe, *prep. 1. u. acc.* about, round, around.—*2. u. dat.* after.

emn = efen, *adj.* even, equal, plain, level, just;—*on emn, u. dat.* by, near.

emn-ædele, *adj.* equally noble.

emne = efne, *adv.* evenly, equally, plainly, exactly, even, just.

emniht, efen-niht, *st. f. n.?* equinox.

ënd, *adv.* formerly, of old; at last.

ende, *st. m. end.* (Ger. *ende*; Goth. *andis*.) [ment.]

ende-byrd, *st. f. n.?* order, arrangement.—*ende-byrdes, adv.* orderly, regularly, properly.

ende-dæg, *st. m.* last day, day of death.

ende-dêad, *st. m.* death.

ende-dôgor, *st. m. n.* last day, death.

ende-lâf, *st. f.* last remnant, the last.

ende-léan, *st. n.* final reparation, reward.

ende-lêas, *adj.* eudless, infinite.

ende-lif, *st. n.* life's end, death.

endemnes, *adv. 1.* fully, entirely.—*2.* at the same time, together.

ende-rim, *st. m.* final number, number.

ende-sæta, *u. m.* one who sits on the border, boundary-guard.

ende-stæf, *st. m.* end.

endian, *u. r. 1. trans.* to end, make an end, put an end to.—*2. intrans.* to end.

ge-endian, to make an end, end.

endgum = êadgum. Sal. 345.

ênga = ænga, *u. adj.* alone, sole.

enge, *adj.* narrow, constrained, oppressed, anxious.

engel, ængel, *st. m.* angel.

engel-cund, *adj.* angelic, coming from an angel.

engel-cyn, *st. n.* angelic race, order.

engu, *st. f.* narrowness, confinement.

ent, *st. m.* giant;—*enta geweorc*, ærgeweorc, stronghold, statue, sword-hilt, dragon's cave, dragon's treasure.

ent-isc, *adj.* coming from giants.

er = ear, *st. n.* ear of eorn. (Ger. *ähre*.)

erfe-weard, *st. m.* heir.

erian, *u. r.* to ear, plow. (Goth. *arjan*; Ger. *ären, cren*.)

erinaces (as ?), *pl.* hedgehog.

ermdû, *st. f.* misery, calamity.

ern, ærn, *st. n.* house.

erucan, erucam? Ps. 77, 46;—

eruca, cabbage and cabbage-worm.

esl, *st. f.* shoulder.

esne, *st. m.* slave, servant;—also, man, young man.

esol, *st. m.* ass. (Ger. *esel*.)

êst, *st. m. f.* agreement, harmony, favor, grace, kindness, love, goodwill, liberality. (Ger. *gunst*; O. H. Ger. *anst*.)

êstan. See **êastan**.

êste, *adj.* gracious, liberal, benevolent.

êstig, *adj.* the same as above.

êst-lice, *adv.* graciously, bountifully, gladly.

etan, *st. abl. v. III.* to eat, devour, consume. (Ger. *essen*.)

þurh-etan, to eat through, consume.

under-etan, to eat from below, underneath.

êd, *adv. compar.* more easily.

êðan, *w. v.*

ge-êðan, to lighten, ease.

êðan, **æðan**, *w. v.* to lay waste, devastate.

â-êðan, the same as above.

êd-begete, *adj.* easy to obtain, ready.

êde, *adj.* easy, pleasant, ready.

êde, *adj.* barren, waste, desolate.

êdel, **ædel**, **ædel**, *st. m.* hereditary estate, possessions, home, fatherland, dwelling-place, realm, land. (O. H. Ger. *uodal*; Icel. *ôdal*.)

êdel-bôða, *w. m.* the land's apostle (Thorpe):—a native preacher (B.-T.);—**ædelbôða** (Grein). Gû. 976.

êdel-cyning, *st. m.* king of the land.

êdel-drêam, *st. m.* domestic joy, happy life at home on the paternal estate in the fatherland.

edele. See **ædele**.

êdel-eard, *st. m.* inherited dwelling.

êdel-fæsten, *st. n.* fortified dwelling, fortress.

êde-lice, *adv.* easily.

êdel-land, *st. n.* fatherland, land, country.

êdel-lêas, *adj.* without a native country, exiled.

êdel-mearc, *st. f.* march or boundary of one's country, dwelling.

êdel-rice, *st. n.* fatherland, native country.

êdel-riht, *st. n.* inherited privileges, native right.

êdel-seld, *st. n.* hereditary estate, native dwelling, seat.

êdel-setl, *st. n.* the same as above.

êdel-stæf, *st. m.* staff of the hereditary estate, heir, successor.

êdel-stadol, *st. m.* hereditary estate, dwelling.

êdel-stôl, *st. m.* hereditary seat, fatherland, inherited throne, chief city, royal city.

êdel-stôw, *st. f.* hereditary dwelling-place, place of habitation.

êdel-turf, *st. f.* inherited ground, hereditary estate, native country, realm.

êdel-prym, *st. m.* glory, renown of one's own land.

êdel-weard, *st. m.* master of the hereditary estate, lord of the realm, king.

êdel-wyn, *st. f.* joy in, or enjoyment of, hereditary possessions.

êd-fynde, *adj.* easy to find, easily found.

êd-gesÿne, *adj.* easily seen, visible.

êðian, *w. v. 1.* to breathe, to wave? float up? El. 1107.—**2.** to smell.

êdm = **ædm**, *st. m.* breath, vapor, steam.

edda, *conj.* or.

êwan, *w. v.*

ôd-êwan, **1.** to manifest, make known, show.—**2.** to seem, appear.

eal = **eaxl**, *st. f.* shoulder.

êa, **êaw** (**æ**), *interj.* oh! ah! alas!—joined with **lâ**.

êa, *st. f.* water, river.

êac, **1.** *conj.* eke, also, likewise, moreover.—**2.** *prep. w. dat.* with, in addition to, besides.

ēaca, *w. m.* increase, addition; —
tō ēacan, besides, moreover.

ēacen, *part. adj.* 1. increased, wide-
spread, large, great, heavy, full, ex-
tended; — great, mighty, powerful.

2. heavy, pregnant.

ēacen-cræftig, *adj.* immense, enor-
mously great.

ēacnian, ācnian, *w. v.* to increase,
be enlarged, become pregnant,
conceive.

ge-ēacnian, 1. to become preg-
nant, conceive. — 2. to enrich,
fructify.

ēacnung, *st. f.* conception, child-
bearing.

ēad, *adj.* rich, happy, blessed.

ēad, *st. n.* possessions, riches, hap-
piness, joy. (O. H. Ger. *ót.*)

ēaden, *part. adj.* given, granted, con-
ceded.

ēad-fruma, *w. m.* author of happi-
ness, giver of joy.

ēadgian, *w. v.* to make happy, enrich.

ēad-gifa, -gíefa, *w. m.* giver of hap-
piness.

ēad-gifu, -gíefu, *st. f.* gift of happi-
ness, blessedness.

ēad-hrédig, *adj.* blessed, happy.

ēadig, *adj.* enriched, blessed with
possessions, rich, happy, prosper-
ous, blessed.

ēadig-, ēadi-lic, *adj.* having an abun-
dance, happy, prosperous; others,
ēadiglice, *adv.* in abundance, in
joyous plenty.

ēadig-nes, *st. f.* riches, happiness,
good fortune, blessedness.

ēad-lufe, *w. f.* love, blessedness of
love.

ēad-méde, *adj.* humble, modest, pious.

ēad-médu, *st. n. pl.* 1. humility. —
2. good will, kindness.

ēad-môð, *adj.* 1. humble, meek,
pious. — 2. benevolent, favorable,
friendly, affectionate.

ēad-môðlice, *adv.* kindly, graciously.

ēad-nis, *st. f.* inner peace, joy, hap-
piness.

eador = geador, *adj.* together.

eador-geard, *st. m.* house of the
veins, body? An. 1183.

ēad-wacer, *st. m.* watchman of the
estate, property.

ēad-wela, *w. m.* riches, abundance
of wealth, happiness, blessedness.

ēa-fisc, -fix, *st. m.* river-fish, fish.

eafor, *st. n.* strength, might, power.

eafor, *st. m.* wild boar, boar.

eafora, afora, -era, -ara, *w. m.* de-
scendant, offspring, son, successor.

eafor-heafod-segn, *st. m.* a banner
for the head with the picture of a
wild boar upon it; — others take
heafod-aegn as apposition to
eafor.

ēage, ēge, *w. n.* eye. (Ger. *auge.*)

ēag-gebyrd, *st. f.* nature of the eye,
power of sight.

ēagor-strēam, *st. m.* sea-stream, sea.

ēag-sýne, *adj.* visible to the eye.

eah-strēam, *st. m.* sea.

eaht = æht, *st. f.* deliberation,
council.

eahta, ahta, *num.* eight.

eahtan, *w. v.* 1. to consider, deem,
judge, observe. — 2. *w. gen.* to lie in
wait for, ambush, pursue, persecute.

eahta-têoda, *num. adj.* eighteenth.

eahteda, -cada, -oda, *num. adj.*
eighth.

eahtian, *w. v.* 1. to consider, delib-
erate. — 2. to consult about, coun-
sel, rule. — 3. to mention with
praise, speak of.

eaht-nis, *st. f.* persecution.

eahtoda. See eahteda.

eal, eal', al, *adj.* all, entire, whole,
universal; — eal, *acc. n. adv.* all,
quite, fully, entirely; — ealles, *gen.
n. adv.* same as above. (Ger. *all.*)

ēa-lâ. See ēa, *interj.*

ēa-lâd, *st. f.* seaway, voyage.

ēa-land, *st. n.* island.

eal-beorht, *adj.* all-bright, very bright.

eald, **ald**, *adj.* old, ancient, antique, of yore, advanced in years, aged; — *compar.* **yldra**, elder, older; — *superl.* **yldest**: **1.** the oldest. — **2.** the most respected. (Ger. *alt*.)

eald-cýd, **-cýddu**, *st. f.* old home, former dwelling-place.

eald-dagas, *st. m. pl.* old days, former times.

eald-fæder, *st. m.* old father, father, ancestor.

eald-féond, *part. & subs. pl.* find, old enemy, one who has for a long time been a foe, devil.

eald-gecynd, *st. n.* old nature or endowments, original disposition.

eald-genêat, *st. m.* an old companion (*i. e.*, one who has been a companion for a long time), or an aged companion. [devil.

eald-genidla, *w. m.* ancient enemy,

eald-gesegen, *st. f.* old saying, traditions from old times.

eald-gesid, *st. m.* companion of many years, an old courtier.

eald-gestrêon, *st. n.* treasure out of old times.

eald-geweorc, *st. n.* old, ancient work, the world.

eald-gewin, *st. n.* fight, conflict of the olden time.

eald-gewinna, *w. m.* old enemy, enemy for many years.

eald-gewyrht, *st. n.* **1.** old, long done deed. — **2.** merit for services rendered for many years, desert.

eald-hettend, *part. & subs.* old enemy, ancient foe.

eald-hlâford, *st. m.* possessor, lord since many years.

ealdian, *w. v.* to grow old. (Ger. *altern*.)

ge-ealdian, to grow old.

cald-metod, *st. m.* God ruling ever since ancient times.

ealdor, **aldor**, *st. m.* **1.** elder, chief, prince, lord. — **2.** *pl.* ancestors. Ps. 108, 14. (Ger. *eltern*, *ältern*.)

ealdor, **aldor**, *st. n.* **1.** age, old age. **2.** life. — **3.** on ealdre and tō ealdre, ever, forever, always. (Ger. *alter*.)

ealdor-bana, *w. m.* life-destroyer, murderer.

ealdor-bealu, *st. n.* life's evil, death.

ealdor-burg, *st. f.* prince's castle, royal city.

ealdor-cearu, *st. f.* life-care, great sorrow.

ealdor-dagas, *st. m. pl.* days of one's life, life.

ealdor-dêma, *w. m.* supreme judge, prince.

ealdor-dôm, *st. m.* **1.** principality, rule, dominion. — **2.** beginning? Jul. 190.

ealdor-dugud, *st. f.* nobles, highest officers.

ealdor-frêa, *w. m.* over-lord, king.

ealdor-gedâl, *st. n.* separation of life, end, death.

ealdor-gesceaft, *st. f.* situation, state, destiny of life.

ealdor-gewinna, *w. m.* life-enemy, one who strives to take his enemy's life.

ealdor-geard, *st. m.* life's protection, body.

ealdor-lagu, *st. f. dat. sg.* -lege. **1.** the appointed time of life, fortune. — **2.** death.

ealdor-lang, *adj.* life-long, eternal, everlasting.

ealdor-lêas, *adj.* lifeless, dead.

ealdor-lêas, *adj.* without a lord, ruler.

ealdor-lic, *adj.* princely, excellent, holy.

ealdor-lice, *adv.* excellently, grandly.

ealdor-man, *st. m.* (alderman), prince, ruler, high officer of state, noble, official.

ealdor-naru, *st. f.* life's nourishment, safety, refuge.

ealdor-sacerd, *st. m.* high priest.

ealdor-stól, *st. m.* lord's seat, throne.

ealdor-þegn, -þægn, *st. m.* king's servant, a principal nobleman of the court, courtier, servant, princee.

ealdor-wisa, *w. m.* principal leader.

eald-riht, *st. n.* old right or ancient privilege.

eald-apell, *st. n.* old saying, old story.

ealdur. See ealdor.

eal-dwërig, *adj.* altogether perverse, depraved? Exod. 50. Others, eald-wërig, vile of old.

eal-fela, *indeel. n.* very much.

eal-felo, *adj.* very destructive, deadly.

eal-gearo, *adj.* fully ready or prepared, equipped, ready, willing.

ealgian, *algian, w. v.* to shield, defend, protect.

ge-ealgian, the same as above.

eal-grêne, *adj.* all green, entirely green.

eal-gylden, *adj.* all golden, entirely of gold.

ealh, alh, *st. m.* hall, palace, temple, shrine.

eal-hâlig, *adj.* all holy.

ealh-stede, *st. m.* palace, temple.

eal-iren, *adj.* entirely of iron.

eal-isig, *adj.* all icy, having the appearance of ice.

êa-lidende, *part. & subs.* seafaring, sailor.

eall, eall-. See eal, eal-, æl-.

eallenga, *adv.* fully, entirely, altogether, quite, indeed.

eallunga, *adv.* the same as above.

eal-, al-mægen, *st. n.* all might, power.

eal-meaht, -miht, *st. f.* the same as above.

eal-meahtig, -mihtig, *adj.* almighty.

ealneg, -nig, *adj.* always.

eal-nacod, *adj.* entirely naked.

ealo. See ealu.

eal-tela, *adv.* quite well.

eal-teaw, *adj.* altogether good.

ealu, *st. n.* ale, beer.

ealu-benc, *st. f.* ale-bench, bench for those drinking ale.

ealu-drincende, *part.* ale-drinking.

ealu-gâl, *adj.* drunk with ale.

ealu-wæge, *st. n.* ale-can, portable vessel out of which ale is poured into the cups.

ealu-wōsa, *w. m.* tippler, drunkard? Wy. 48.

eal-wealda, al-walda, *w. adj.* almighty, all-ruling (God).

eal-wealdend, al-waldend, *adj.* the same as above.

eal-wihte (al-, all-), *pl.* all creatures, all created things.

eal-wundor, *st. n.* an altogether wonderful thing.

eam, eom, 1. *sg. pres.* I am.—2. *pu*

eart, *pu eard* (Dan. 609), eartþu,

earttu;—*pl.* earon, earun. See nearun.

êam, *st. m.* uncle, mother's brother. (Ger. *ohcim.*)

eaples, ear. See æpl, er.

ear (earh), *st. m.* sea, ocean.

êar, *st. m.* earth, ground, grave;—and name for the Rune êa.

earc, *st. f.* ark, chest, ark of the covenant.

earce, *w. f.* ark.

earcnan-stân, *st. m.* gem, precious stone.

eard, *st. m.* 1. cultivated ground, estate, hereditary estate, fatherland, stopping-place, dwelling-place, dwelling, home.—2. place.—3. earth, land.—4. situation, condition, fate. IIy. 7, 97. (Ger. *art.*)

eard-fæst, *adj.* established, settled, abiding.

eard-geard, *st. m.* place of habitation, world.

eard-gif, *st. n.* gift from one's native place.

eardian, *v. r. 1. trans.* to inhabit.—

2. intrans. to have a dwelling-place, live.

ge-eardian, to take a dwelling, dwell.

earding, *st. f.* dwelling-place, house.

eard-land, *st. n.* native land.

eard-lufe, *w. f.* love of one's native land.

eard-rice, *st. n.* habitation, paradise.

eard-stapa, *w. m.* one wandering over the earth, wanderer.

eard-stede, *st. m.* place of habitation.

eardung, *st. f.* place of habitation, dwelling.

eardung-stôw, *st. f.* place of habitation, dwelling.

eard-wic, *st. n.* place of habitation, dwelling.

êare, *w. n.* ear. (Ger. *ohr*; Goth. *auso*.)

earendel, *st. m.* brightness, splendor, glory.

earfede, *adj.* difficult, troublesome.

earfede, *st. n.* labor, pains, trouble, difficulty, woe, torment.

earfod, *st. n.* same as the above.

earfod-cyn, *st. n.* depraved race, unworthy generation.

earfod-dæg, *st. m.* day of tribulation, trouble.

earfod-hâwe, *adj.* difficult to be seen.

earfod-hwil, *st. f.* troublesome time, time of hardship.

earfod-lic, *adj.* difficult, troublesome, full of labor and trouble.

earfod-lice, *adv.* with trouble, with difficulty, with vexation, angrily, sorrowfully, scarcely.

earfod-mæcg, *st. m.* unhappy, afflicted man, sufferer.

earfod-sælig, *adj.* unhappy, unfortunate.

earfod-sid, *st. m.* troublesome journey, misfortune, trouble, calamity.

earfod-tæcne, *adj.* difficult to be shown.

earfod-prâg, *st. f.* time of trouble, sorrowful time.

earg, *earh*, *adj. 1.* lazy, cowardly, timid.—**2.** depraved, wicked, abandoned, vile. (Ger. *arg*.)

earge, *adv.* inertly, vilely, ill.

ear-gebland, *earh-geblond*, *st. n.* tumult of the waves, mingling of the waves, sea.

earg-faru. See *earhfaru*.

ear-grund, *st. m.* bottom of the sea.

earh, *st. n.* arrow, dart. (Goth. *arhwaizna*.)

earh-faru, *st. f. 1.* the flying of an arrow, arrow-flight.—**2.** *arriere* ban, army of bowmen, archers.

earh-gebland. See *eargebland*.

earm, *st. m.* arm. (Ger. *arm*.)

earm, *adj.* poor, miserable, wretched, unhappy. (Ger. *arm*.)

earm-bêag, *st. m.* arm-ring, bracelet.

earm-cearig, *adj.* miserable, full of sorrows.

earme, *adj.* miserably, badly.

earm-hrêad, *st. f.* arm-ornament.

earming, *st. m.* miserable, unhappy being.

earm-lic, *adj.* miserable, unhappy, wretched, pitiable.

earm-lice, *adv.* miserably, wretchedly.

earm-sceapen, *part. adj.* wretched by the decree of fate, wretched.

earmung, *st. f.* misery? Râ. 81, 82.

earn. See *innan*.

earn, *st. m.* eagle. (Ger. *aar*.)

earnian, *arnian*, *v. r.* to earn, deserve, get, labor for. (Ger. *ernten*.)

ge-earnian, same as the above.

earning, *st. f.* earning, desert, merit, reward.

earnung, *st. f.* same as the above.

earp, *adj.* dusky, dark brown, dark.

eart, **eard**, **earun**. See *eam*.

earu, *adj.* quick, swift, ready.

earwunga, *adv.* gratuitously, for nothing.

ēast, *adv.* in the east, east. (Ger. *ost, osten*.)
ēasta, *w. m.* east. (Ger. *ost, osten*.)
ēastan, *-en, adv.* from the east.
ēa-stæd, *st. n.* seashore, river-bank.
ēast-dæl, *st. m.* eastern part of the earth, or of a country, east.
ēasterne, *adj.* eastern, east.
ēaste-weard, *adj.* eastward.
ēast-land, *st. n.* east land, the east.
ēastor, *st. n.* easter. (Ger. *ostern*.)
ēastor-mōnad, *st. m.* easter month, April.
ēastor-niht, *st. f.* easter-night, night before easter.
ēastor-tid, *st. f.* easter-time.
ēa-strēam, *st. m.* water-stream, river.
ēast-rodor, *st. m.* eastern part of the heavens.
ēast-weg, *st. m.* east way, eastward, east.
eatol, *adj.* hostile, frightful, cruel, foul.
ēað, *adv.* easily.
ēað-bede, *adj.* easily entreated, entreatable.
ēað-bēne, *adj.* exorable.
ēaðe, *adj.* easy, smooth, pleasant.
ēaðe, *adv.* easily, readily, lightly.
ēað-fynde, *adj.* easy to find.
ēað-brêdig, *adj.* happy, blessed.
ēað-mêde, *adj.* lowly, humble, gentle.
ēað-mêdu, *st. n. pl.* 1. weakness, humility, impotency.—2. light, joyous way of thinking, happy thoughts.—3. humanity, affability, kindness.
ēað-metto, *st. n. pl.* humility, weakness, impotency.
ēað-môd, *adj.* 1. lowly, humble;—*w. dat.* obliging, obedient.—2. favorable, kind, friendly. Cri. 255.
ēaw. See **ēa**, *interj.*
ēawan, *w. r.* to show, disclose, prove.

ge-ēawan, 1. to show, offer, present.—2. *intrans.* appear.
ôd-ēawan, the same as above.
ēawunga, *adv.* openly, plainly.
eax, *st. f.* axis, axletree. (Ger. *achse, axe*.)
eaxe (-a)? Seel. 122. (**ēagan**, Vercelli.)
eaxl, *exl, st. f.* shoulder. (Ger. *achsel*.)
eaxle-gespann, *st. n.* shoulder-span, *i. c.* the part of the cross where the beams intersect.
eaxl-gestella, *w. m.* one who has his position at the shoulder of his lord, trusty companion, counselor.
ēoc. See **gēoc**.
eode, **iode**, **eodon**, *pret.* went, proceeded, walked. See **gangan**, **gân**. [Other forms of this verb are not found in Anglo-Saxon.]
be-, **bi-eode**, committed, perfected, fulfilled, observed, cherished.
ful-eode, followed after, served, assisted.
ful-geode, **-geeode**, the same as above.
ge-eode, 1. went.—2. happened, occurred, took place.—3. conquered, won by fighting, went under, submitted.—4. obtained, reached, effected, accomplished.
of-eode, went away, avoided.
ofer-eode, 1. went over.—2. overcame, fell upon.—3. *imper. w. gen.* it passed by, it was withstood, overcome. Dēor. 7, &c.
ôd-eode, went thither, escaped.
ymb-eode, went around.
eodor, *st. m.* 1. fence, hedge, inclosure, house.—2. limit, margin, coast, region. Jul. 113.—3. protection, lord, prince. (O. H. Ger. *etar*.)
eodor-wir, *st. m.* wire fence, inclosure made of wire.
eofod, *st. n.* strength, power.

eofor, *-er*, *-ur*, *st. m.* **1.** boar, wild boar.—**2.** boar-image (on the helmet).—**3.** bold hero, brave fighter. (Ger. *ebcr.*)

eofor-cumbol, *st. n.* boar-image on the helmet, helmet.

eofor-lic, *st. n.* image of a boar, boar-likeness.

eofor-spréot, *st. m.* boar-spear.

eofot, *st. n.* debt, sin, crime.

eoful-sæc, *st. f. n.?* blasphemy.

eofur. See **eofor**.

éogod = **géogud**, *st. f.* youth, young (warriors).

éoh, *st. m.* horse.

éoh (= *iw*), yew-(tree); and name for the Rune **éo**.

eolet, *st. n.* quick journey? B. 224; (Grein);—sea, ocean (B.-T.).

eolh, *st. m.* elk; and name for the Rune **æ**. (O. H. Ger. *claho.*)

eolh-stede, *st. m.* temple, sanctuary.

eom. See **eam**.

eorcan-, **eorcnan**-, **eorclan-stân**, *st. m.* precious stone. [dwell.

eorclan = **eardian**, *v. v.* to inhabit.

éored, **éorod**, *st. n.* cavalry, troop, band, legion.

éored-cist-, **-ciest**-, **-cyst**, *st. f.* chosen band, picked legion, troop.

éored-geatwe, *st. f. pl.* warlike adornments, military trappings.

éored-mæcg, *st. m.* horseman.

éored-præat, *st. m.* band, troop.

eorl, *st. m.* earl, man of noble birth, nobleman, hero, leader, chief, courtier, attendant, man, human being.

eorl-gebyrd-, **-gebyrdo**, *st. f.* noble birth, nobility.

eorl-gestréon, *st. n.* riches, possessions, wealth of the nobles.

eorl-gewæde, *st. n.* a hero's dress, armor.

eor-lic = **eorl-lic**, *adj.* knightly, noble, manly.

eorl-mægen, *st. n.* band, company of men, of noble warriors.

eorl-scipc-, **-scype**, *st. m.* manhood, manliness, chivalrous nature, knightly bearing, knighthood, nobility.

eorl-weorod, *st. n.* band of warriors, a noble's followers.

eormen, **yrmen**, *adj.* immensely extended, whole, universal, entire.

eormen-cyn, *st. n.* the human race, mankind.

eormen-grund, *st. m.* an immeasurably wide surface, the whole earth.

eormen-lâf, *st. f.* enormous legacy.

eormen-strýnd, *st. f.* widespread race, generation.

eormen-péod-, **yrmen**-, *st. f.* widespread folk, great nation.

eornad. See **irnan**.

eornest, *st. f.* earnest, earnestness, battle. (Ger. *ernst.*)

eorneste, *adj.* earnest, serious.

eorneste, **eornoste**, *adv.* earnestly, seriously, zealously, hastily.

eorp, *adj.* dark brown, dusky, dark, swarthy.

eorre, *adj.* angry, enraged, fierce.

eorringa, *adv.* angrily, fiercely.

eord, *st. f.* seedtime, crop.

eord-ærn, *st. n.* earth-house, grave.
eord-búend-, **-búgend**, *part. & subs.* earth-dweller, man.

eord-cund, *adj.* sprung from the earth, earthy, earthly.

eord-cynn, *st. n.* earth-kind, human race, man.

eord-cyning, *st. m.* earthly king, king of the country.

eord-draca, *v. m.* earth-dragon, dragon that dwells in the earth.

eorde, *v. f.* **1.** earth, in contrast to heaven and hell, as a part of the world and dwelling-place of man. **2.** plain, country.—**3.** earth, ground, soil.—**4.** land, in contrast to water. **5.** earth as substance, material, matter. (Ger. *erde.*)

eord-fæt, *st. n.* earthen vessel, body.
 eord-gesceaft, *st. f.* earthly creature.
 eord-græf, *st. n.* ditch, well.
 eord-grâp, *st. f.* earth's grip or hold, grave. Ruin. G.
 eord-lic, *adj.* earthly, terrestrial.
 eord-mægen, *st. n.* earthly power, might, strength? Reim. 69.
 eord-reced, *st. n.* hall in the earth, cave.
 eord-rice, *st. n.* kingdom of earth, earth.
 eord-scræf, *st. n.* hole in the earth, cave, cavern, grave.
 eord-sele, *st. m.* earth-hall, dwelling in the earth, cave.
 eord-stede, *st. m.* earth.
 eord-tudor, *st. n.* earth's race, men.
 eord-wæstm, *st. f.* fruit of the earth, plant.
 eord-wara, *v. m.* earth-dweller, inhabitant of the earth.
 eord-waru, *st. f.* earth-dwellers, mankind.
 eord-weg, *st. m.* earthly way, earth.

eord-wela, *v. m.* earthly riches, wealth.
 eord-weall, *st. m.* earth-wall.
 eord-weard, *st. m.* land property, estate.
 eoten, *st. m.* giant, harmful enemy. (O. N. *jötunn*.)
 eoton. See etan.
 eotonisc, *adj.* made by giants.
 eoton-weard, *st. f.* protection against giants, safety from monsters.
 êow. See ge, *pron.* (Chaucer *you*, *you*.)
 êowan, iowan, iewan, -ian, *v. r.* to let be seen, show, manifest, confer.
 æt-êowan, 1. to show, make visible, manifest, disclose, declare.
 2. to appear.
 ge-êowan, to show, disclose.
 ôd-êowan, 1. to show, disclose.
 2. to appear.
 eowde, *st. n.* herd, flock.
 eowde-scêap, *st. n.* sheepfold, flock of sheep.
 êower, 1. *pron. possessive*, your, yours.—2. *gen. pl. pron. personal*, see ge, *pron.*
 êowic. See ge, *pron.*

F

fâ. See fâh.
 fâcen, *st. n.* fraud, stratagem, deceit, evil, malice, injustice, overstepping the bounds of duty, crime. (O. H. Ger. *feihan*.)
 fâcen-dæd, *st. f.* sin, crime.
 fâcen-geswipere, *st. n.* cunning, crafty counsel, deceit.
 fâcen-lice, *adv.* deceitfully, artfully.
 fâcen-aearu, *st. n.* cunning intrigue, treachery through deceit.
 fâcen-stæf, *st. m.* wickedness, treachery, deceit.
 fâcen-tâcen, *st. n.* wicked, treacherous sign, deceitful token.

fâcne, *adv.* very, greatly, exceedingly, hostilely.
 fæc, *st. n.* space, interval of time, time. (Ger. *fach*.)
 fâcne, fâcne, *adj.* deceitful, cunning, vile, wicked, worthless, untrustworthy.
 fâcne, *adv.* deceitfully, maliciously; ignominiously, disgracefully.
 fæder, feder, *st. m.* father. (Ger. *vater*.)
 fædera, *v. m.* father's brother, uncle.
 fæder-ædelo, *st. n. pl.* genealogy, ancestry, origin, paternal honors, noble nature and character of the father.

fæderen, *adj.* fatherly, paternal, from the father's side.

fæderen-brōdor, *st. m.* brother (from the same father).

fæderen-cynn, *st. n.* father's race or kin.

fæderen-mæg, *st. m.* kinsman descended from the same father, co-descendant.

fæder-geard, *st. m.* father's dwelling, house.

fæder-lic, *adj.* fatherly, paternal. (Ger. *väterlich*.)

fædrunga, *w. f.* paternal relation, kinswoman? mother? B. 2128.

fæge, *adj.* devoted to death, allotted to death by fate.—2. dead.—3. unhappy, accursed, condemned.—4. fearful, timid, cowardly. (Ger. *feig*.)

fægen, *adj.* fain, glad, joyous, joyful, rejoicing.

fæger, *adj.* fair, beautiful, lovely, joyous. (Goth. *fagrs*.)

fægere, **fægre**, **fegere**, *adv.* 1. fairly, beautifully, pleasantly, gently, excellently.—2. well, becomingly, according to etiquette.

fæger-wyrde, *adj.* becomingly, beautifully speaking, fair in word.

fægnian, *w. v.* to rejoice, be joyous, glad, exult.

ge-fægnian, to rejoice, gladden, make glad.

fægon. See **feohan**, **féon**.

fægrian, *w. v.* to become fair, beautiful

fægð, *st. f.* imminent death.

fæhd, *st. f.* feud, enmity, revenge, hostile act, battle. (Ger. *fchdc*.)

fæhde, *w. f.* the same as above.

fæhdo, **fæhdu**, *st. f.* same as above.

fæle, *adj.* true, faithful, good, dear.

fæle, *adv.* truly, aptly, well.

fælsian, *w. v.* to bring again into a good condition, cleanse.

ge-fælsian, the same as above.

fæman, *w. v.* [lently.

â-fæman, to breathe out vio-

fæmig, *adj.* foamy.

fæmne, **fémne**, *w. f.* virgin, woman, young woman.

fær, *st. n.* vessel, ship.

fær, *st. n.* warlike expedition, war.

fær, **fêr**, *st. m.* fear, that which comes suddenly and unexpectedly; sudden, unexpected attack; fright, evil, destruction. (Ger. *ge-fahr*.)

fær (= **fæger**), *adj.* fair, beautiful, lovely.

færan, *w. v.*

â-færan, to make to fear, frighten, terrify, cause sudden fright.

færan (= **fêran**), *w. v.*

ge-færan, to lead, bring. Sat. 92.

fær-bifongen, *part.* beset by dangers or terrors.

fær-bryne, *st. m.* terrible fire, great heat.

færbu, *st. f.* color. (Ger. *farbe*.)

fær-cýle, *st. m.* terrible cold, intense cold.

fær-drype, *st. m.* sudden or terrible blow.

færeld, **færyld**, *st. n.* way, course, journey, departure, expedition.

fær-gripe, *st. m.* sudden, treacherous gripe, attack.

fær-gryre, *st. m.* fright, horror caused by sudden attack.

fær-haga, *w. m.* hedge of dangers, peril. Gû. 933.

færinga, *adv.* suddenly, unexpectedly, quickly.

fær-lice, *adv.* suddenly.

fær-nid, *st. m.* deadly hostility, hostile attack.

fær-sceada, *w. m.* enemy bringing sudden destruction.

fær-scyte, *st. m.* sudden or fatal shot.

fær-searo, *st. n.* treacherous plotting, sudden artifice.

fær-slide, *st. m.* sudden, unexpected fall.

fær-spell, *st. n.* Lewis of an unexpected event, sudden tidings.

færd = *ferð*, thought? mind? Met. 27, 24.

fær-wundor, *st. n.* sudden wonder.

færyld. See **færeld**.

fæs, *st. m.* terror, horror, dread. B. 2230.

fæsl, *st. n. f. m.* fetus, seed, offspring.

fæst, *st. f.* fastness, house, citadel? Gû. 192. (Ger. *feste*.)

fæst, *fest*, *adj.* fast, firm, fixed, steadfast. (Ger. *fest*.)

fæstan, *v. c.* to fasten, make fast or firm. (Ger. *festen*. *be-festigen*.)

æt-fæstan, to fasten to something, affix, fasten, drive into, afflict.

be-, **bi-fæstan**, **1.** to give over for safe keeping, trust, intrust.—**2.** to ground, fix, fasten, make fast, establish.

geblæd-fæstan, to establish in fruitfulness, in riches.

gesige-fæstan, to strengthen, make triumphant, crown.

ôd-fæstan, to fasten, make firm, affix, fix into, fix on or upon.

fæstan, *v. c.* **1.** to fast.—**2.** to expiate by fasting. (Ger. *fasten*.)

fæste, *feste*, *adv.* fast, firmly, fixedly.

fæsten, *st. n.* fasting, a fast. (Ger. *fasten*.)

fæsten, *st. n.* **1.** firmament, sky.—

2. any well-inclosed or fortified place, fortress, city, castle, village.

fæsten-geat, *st. n.* castle-gate, city-gate.

fæsten-gangol, *adj.* steadfast, constant.

fæst-hýdig, *adj.* of constant mind, steadfast, brave.

fæst-lic, *adj.* firm, fixed, steadfast.

fæst-lice, *adv.* firmly, steadfastly, fast.

fæstnian, *v. c.* to fasten, make firm, bind, fetter, confirm.

â-fæstnian, to fasten, strengthen, fix on or upon, confirm.

ge-fæstnian, to fasten, strengthen, fix on or upon, bind, confirm.

fæstnung, *st. f.* fastening, strengthening, confirmation.

fæst-ræd, *adj.* having firm, fixed purpose, firmly resolved.

fæst-steall, *adj.* standing firmly, fixed.

fæt, *st. m.* step, going, way.

fæt, *st. n.* vat, vessel, vase, cup. (Ger. *fass*.)

fæt, *adj.* fat, fleshy. (Ger. *fett*.)

fæt, *st. n.* plate, sheet of metal;—especially gold plate. See **fatu**.

fæted, **fætt**, *part.* ornamented with gold beaten into plate-form, covered, gold-mounted, ornamented with gold plate; as attribute of gold, brought into the proper form (*i. e.* sheet or plate form), set in, beaten fine.

fæted-hlêor, *adj.* with golden spangles adorned cheek, with ornamented bridles.

fæted-sinc, *st. n.* beaten gold, fine treasure.

fætels, *st. m. n.* vessel, sack, pouch, wallet.

fæt-gold, *st. n.* gold in sheets or plates.

fæt-hengest, *st. m.* riding-horse, road-horse.

fætian, *v. c.*

ge-fætian, to fetch, bring.

fætt. See **fæted**.

fædm, *st. m. f.* (fathom), **1.** the outspread, encircling arms.—**2.** embrace, encircling, encompassing. **3.** power, sway, grasp, power of possession, possession, property. **4.** protection, embrace, shield.—**5.** bosom, lap, breast.—**6.** expanse, surface. (Ger. *faden*.)

fædman, *w. v.* (to **fathom**), to embrace, encircle, envelope.

be-fædman, to embrace, encircle, envelope.

ofer-fædman, to encompass, spread out over from above, overshadow.

fædmian, *w. v.* to embrace, take into itself, engulf.

fædm-rim, *st. n.* fathom-measure, cubit.

fâg, **fâh**, *adj.* many-colored, variegated, of varying color, shining, dyed, colored. (Goth. *faihs*.)

fâgian, *w. v.* to change, vary in color.

fâh, **fâ**, **fâg**, **fêh**, *adj.* (**foe**), 1. proscribed, without peace, outlawed, guilty.—2. hostile, inimical.

fal, **fallan**. See **feal**, **feallan**.

fâm, *st. n.* foam. (Ger. *feim*.)

fâmgian, *w. v.* to foam, boil.

fâmig, *adj.* foamy, foaming.

fâmig-bord, *adj.* having foamy sides.

fâmig-bôsm, *adj.* having foamy bosom.

fâmig-heals, *adj.* foamy-necked.

fana, *w. m.* flag, standard. (Ger. *fahne*.)

fandian, *w. v.* to search out, test, prove, try, examine, tempt. (Ger. *fahnden*.)

â-fandian, to attempt, try.

ge-fandian, to attempt, try, search for, investigate, find out, experience.

fandung, *st. f.* trying, investigating, finding out.

fangen. See **fôn**.

fâra, *gen. pl.* from **fâh**.

faran, *st. abl. v.* VI. (to **fare**), general expression for any kind of movement from one place to another; hence, to go, walk, travel, draw, ride, drive, march, sail, &c.: to practice, be versed in (Gen. 531);

to be, fare. Ælf. N. T., p. 40. (Ger. *fahren*.)

â-faran, to go out, away, depart, remove.

be-faran, to go around, travel through, surround, flow around, encompass.

ge-faran, 1. *intrans.* to go, wander, travel.—2. to proceed, act. B. 738.—3. to die. El. 872.—4. *w. acc.* to travel to a place.

geond-faran, to fare or go through, over, pervade, flow over.

ofer-faran, 1. to go over, or across, cross, wander over or through.—2. to overtake, take un-awares.—3. to overcome, withstand.

ôd-faran, to come off, escape, flee from.

tô-faran, to go apart, be scattered, separate.

wid-faran, to come off, escape.

farod, **farad**, *st. m.* stream, flood of the sea, shore.

farod-hengest, *st. m.* seahorse, ship.

farod-lâcende, *part. & subs.* 1. swimming.—2. sailing, sailor.

farod-ridende, *part.* sailing.

farod-stræt, *st. f.* sea-street, sea.

faru, *st. f.* 1. way, going, passage.

2. movable possessions, family.—

3. expedition, line (of movers), host on the march.

Fastitocalon, whale.

fatu, *st. f.* plate, sheet of metal, especially gold plate. See **fæt**.

Februarius, February. Men. 18.

fec? B. 2246.

feccan, *w. v.* to **fetch**.

ge-feccan, to fetch, bring, lead, draw.

fecgan, *st. abl. v.* III.

æt-fecgan, to seize, lay hold of.

ge-fecgan, to snatch, take to one's self.

fec-word, *st. n.* conjuring, adjuring word. B. 2246.

fēdan, *u. v. 1.* to feed, nourish, support.—**2.** to bear, bring forth, produce. (Ger. *füttern*.)

ā-fēdan, the same as above.

feder. See **fæder**.

fēgan, *u. v.* to join, unite, fix. (Ger. *fügen*.)

ge-fēgan, to join, unite, fix, join together, compact.

fegere, fēh, fēhd. See **fægere, fāh, fōn**.

fel, fell, *st. n.* fell, skin, hide, leather. (Ger. *fell*.)

fēl = **fēol**, *st. f.* file.

fela, feala, feola, feolo, **1.** *indecl. n.*

2. *adj.*—**3.** *adv.* much; much, many; very. (Ger. *viel*.)

fela-fēcne, *adj.* very treacherous, deceitful.

fela-frēcne, *adj.* very fierce, wild.

fela-geong, *adj.* very young.

fela-geonge, *adj.* much traveled.

fela-gēomor, *adj.* very sad, sorrowful.

fela-hrōr, *adj.* very active against the enemy, very warlike.

fela-lēof, *adj.* very dear, much loved.

fela-meatig, *adj.* very powerful, mighty.

fela-mōdig, *adj.* very courageous.

fēlan, *u. v.* to feel, perceive, touch. (Ger. *fühlen*.)

ge-fēlan, to feel, perceive, touch.

fela-synnig, *adj.* much oppressed with sins, very sinful.

fela-wlanc, *adj.* very stately.

feld, *st. m.* field, plain, open country. (Ger. *feld*.)

feld-gangende, *part.* wandering about the field, field-going.

feld-hūs, *st. n.* field-house, tent.

fēle-lēas, *adj.* without feeling, dead. (Ger. *ge-fühllos*.)

felgan, *st. abl. v. 1. 1. trans.* to get into something, undergo.—**2.** to betake one's self into, enter, conceal. (Ger. *befehlen*; Goth. *filhan*.)

æt-felgan, to hold to, hold fast, stick to.

be-, bi-felgan, to stick, cling to, affix, deliver.

fell. See **fel**.

fell, *st. m.* falling, ruin, death.

fellan, *u. v.* to fell, cut down. (Ger. *füllen*.)

be-fellan, **1.** to fell, lay low, strike down.—**2.** to deprive by killing, bereave.

fēmne. See **fēmne**.

fen, *st. n.* fen, moor, marsh. (Ger. *fenne*.)

fen-freodo, *st. f.* asylum, refuge in the moors.

feng, *st. m. 1.* grasp, hold, gripe, embrace.—**2.** handle? Exod. 246.

fēng. See **fōn**.

fengel, *st. m.* lord, prince, king.

fen-gelād, *st. n.* fen-path, fen.

feng-net, *st. n.* eatching-net, net.

fen-hlid, *st. n.* precipice at the edge of a moor, marsh-precipice.

fen-hōp, *st. n.* a pool of water in the midst of a marsh, refuge in the fen.

fēnix, *st. m. 1.* the bird phoenix.—**2.** date-palm. Ph. 174.

fen-ȳce, *u. f.* marsh-frog.

fēr. See **fær**.

fēran, *u. v.* to move one's self, make journey, go, travel, march, sail, &c.

ge-fēran, **1.** to fare, go, come (*intrans. or u. cognate acc.*)—**2.** to undergo, endure, suffer, experience. **3.** to attain, obtain, fulfill, effect, perfect.—**4.** to behave one's self, conduct one's self.

geond-fēran, to wander over or through.

feran (Seef. 26), to be changed into **frēfran**.

fēr-blæd, *st. m.* sudden, fearful blast of wind.

fēr-clam, *st. m.* sudden seizing, or unexpected, dangerous straits.

ferd-rinc, *st. m.* warrior.

fere, *acc.* of **faru**, *st. f.* bearing, bringing.
fêrend, *part. & subs.* farer, seafarer, sailor.
fergan. See **ferian**.
ferh, *st. m. n.* life.
ferh, **fearh**, *st. m.* (farrow), hog, boar; picture of a boar on a helmet. (Ger. *ferkel*; O. H. Ger. *farh*.)
ferht = **ferhd**, *st. n.* soul, mind, thought.
ferht-lic, *adj.* sensible, wise, just.
ferhd, *st. m. n.* **1.** soul, mind, heart. **2.** life.
ferhd-bana, *w. m.* soul, life-destroyer, murderer.
ferhd-cearig, *adj.* of anxious mind, sorrowful.
ferhd-clêofa, *w. m.* couch or seat of the soul, breast.
ferhd-côfa, *w. m.* same as above.
ferhd-frec, *adj.* having good courage, bold, brave.
ferhd-genidla, *w. m.* life-enemy, mortal enemy.
ferhd-glêaw, *adj.* prudent, wise, sagacious.
ferhd-loc, *w. m.* inclosure of the soul, breast.
ferhd-sefa, *w. m.* life-spirit, mind, thought.
ferian, **fergan**, *w. v.* **1.** to bear, carry, bring, lead, conduct, bring forward.—**2.** *w. reflex. acc.* to betake one's self to, be versed in.—**3.** to set out, depart, go. (Ger. *führen*.)
feriend, *part. & subs.* leader, bringer.
fêring, *st. f.* journey, wandering.
fêr-nes, *st. f.* transition, passing away.
ferran. See **feorran**.
ferran, *w. v.*
 â-ferran, to remove.
fersn. See **fiersn**.
ferd, *st. m. n.* **1.** soul, heart, mind.—**2.** life.

ferd = **ferd**, **fyrð**, crowd? troop? Wand. 54.
ferd-fridende, *part.* life-keeping, life-preserving.
ferd-gewit, *st. n.* consciousness, understanding.
ferd-grim, *adj.* of a grim, cruel mind, savage.
ferd-loc, *w. m.* inclosure of the soul, heart, breast.
ferd-sefa, *w. m.* spirit of life, soul, thought.
ferd-wêrig, *adj.* life-weary, sad, sorrowful.
fest, **feste**. See **fæst**, **fæste**.
fêt. See **fôt**,—**feet**.
fetel, *st. m.* belt, girdle.
fetel-hilt, *st. n.* a sword-hilt, with gold chains fastened to it.
feter. See **fetor**.
feterian, **fetran**, **fetrian**, *w. v.* to fetter.
 ge-feterian, to fetter, tie.
fetian, **fettan**, *w. v.* to fetch, bring near, bring.
 ge-fetian, to fetch, bring near, bring.
fetor, **feter**, *st. f.* fetter, chain. (Ger. *fessel*.)
fetor-wrâsen, *st. f.* fetter, chain.
fêd. See **fôn**.
fêda, *w. m.* **1.** infantry-man, foot-soldier.—**2.** infantry, troop of warriors, line of battle, army.—**3.** battle. Jul. 389.
fêde, *st. n.* going, gait, pace, power of going.
fêde-cempa, *w. m.* foot-soldier.
fêde-gang, *st. m.* journey on foot.
fêde-gæst, **-gast**, *st. m.* guest coming on foot.
fêde-georn, *adj.* desirous of going, willingly going.
fêde-hwearf, *st. m.* band or troop of footmen, pedestrians.
fêde-lâst, *st. m.* signs of going, foot-print, going afoot.

fēde-lēas, *adj.* footless.

fēde-mund, *st. f.* going-hand, fore-foot of the badger.

feder, fider, fyder, *num. four*,—only found in compounds.

feder, *st. f.* feather. (Ger. *feder*.)

feder-gearwe, *st. f. pl.* feather equipment, feathers of the shaft of the arrow.

feder-hama, *v. m.* feather-home, covering of birds, of angels, and of the devil; feathers, wings, plumage.

feder-scette, *adj.* quadrangular, extended in four directions.

feder-scēatas, *st. m. pl.* four sides, quarters.

fēde-spēdig, *adj.* speedy of foot, swift.

fēde-wig, *st. m.* battle on foot.

fedran, *v. r.* to feather.

ge-fedran, to supply with feathers or wings, give wings to.

fex, fēo. See feax, feoh.

fēa, *adj.* few, little. (Goth. *faus*, *faus*.)

fēa, *adv.* a little, at all.

feal, feala. See feall, fela.

fealdan, *st. red. v.* to fold. (Ger. *fallen*.)

be-, bi-fealdan, to surround, encompass, embrace, grasp.

fealdian, *v. r.*

gemænig-fealdian, to multiply.

feall, fall, *st. m.* fall, slaughter (*ms. ful*). Exod. 167.

feallan, *st. red. v. 1.* to fall, fall headlong.—*2.* to befall, come upon, overtake.—*3.* to fall down, go to ruin. (Ger. *fallen*.)

â-feallan, *1.* to fall, fall down.

2. to make to fall, kill.

be-feallan, *1.* to fall, fall into.

2. part. befeallen, deprived of, robbed.

ge-feallan, to fall, sink down;—

sometimes *v. acc.* (of place, whither), to fall to, overwhelm.

of-feallan, to cut off.

fealo. See fela.

fēa-lôg, *adj.* helpless, destitute.

fealu, fealo, *adj.* fallow, pale red, pale yellow, dun-colored, tawny. (Ger. *fahl*, *falb*.)

fealu-hilt, *adj.* having a yellow, *i. e.* golden hilt or handle.

fealu-wian, feal-wian, *v. r.* (to fallow), to become fallow, grow yellow, ripen, wither.

fearh. See ferh.

fearm, *st. m.* freight, cargo.

fearn, *st. n.* fern. (Ger. *farn*.)

fearod. See farod.

fēa-sceaft, *adj.* abandoned, alone, lonely, miserable, unhappy, helpless.

fēa-sceaftig, *adj.* the same as above.

feax, fex, *st. n.* hair of the head, hair. (O. H. Ger. *fahs*.)

feax-hâr, *adj.* hoary, gray-haired.

fēo. See feoh.

fēogan, fiogan, fēon, *v. r.* to hate, be hostile to, persecute, disturb. (Goth. *fijan*.)

feoh, fēo, *st. n.* (fee), *1.* cattle, herd.

2. hence, as cattle were used as exchange in buying and selling, money, possessions, property, treasure, riches.—*3.* name of the Rune f. (Ger. *vieh*.)

feohan, fēon, *st. abl. v. III.* to rejoice, enjoy one's self.

ge-feohan, to enjoy one's self, take delight in; object of joy in *gen.* or *instr.*

feoh-gesteald, *st. n.* possession of riches.

feoh-gestrēon, *st. n.* treasure, possessions, riches.

feoh-gift, -gyft, *st. f.* bestowing of gifts or treasures.

feoh-gifu, -giefu, *st. f.* same as above.

feoh-gife, *adj.* greedy of money, avaricious.

feoh-gitsere, *st. m.* miser.

feoh-lêas, *adj.* that can not be atoned for by gifts, inexpiable.

feoh-sceat, *st. m.* money, treasure.

feoht, *st. n.* fight, battle. (*ms. fohte*, By. 103.) (*Ger. gefecht*.)

feohtan, *st. abl. v. I.* to fight, contend, combat, strive, struggle. (*Ger. fechten*.)

â-feohtan, 1. to fight against, overcome.—2. to tear out, destroy.

æt-feohtan, to feel about with the hands (like a blind man), grope.

bi-feohtan, to deprive of by fighting, rob. *Rä.* 4, 32.

ge-feohtan, 1. to fight, combat, struggle.—2. to overcome by fighting, win, gain.

ofer-feohtan, to overcome, conquer.

on-feohtan, to attack, assault, fight with.

wider-feohtan, to fight against, be an adversary, enemy.

fechte, *w. f.* combat, battle.

fêol, *fêl*, *st. f.* file. (*Ger. feile*.)

feola. See *fela*.

feolan, *fiolan*, *st. abl. v. II.* 1. to stick, adhere.—2. to attain to, come, pass.

æt-feolan, to stick to, hold on to, cleave, adhere, continue.

be-bi-feolan, to fix in, fasten, commit, deliver, command, grant.

geond-feolan, to fill completely, envelope, surround.

feolde. See *folde*.

fêol-heard, *adj.* so hard that it withstands the file, exceedingly hard.

feolo. See *fela*.

fêon. See *fêohan* and *fêogan*.

fêond, **fiond**, *part. & subs.* fiend, enemy. (*Ger. feind*.)

fêond-æt, *st. n.* eating of sacrifice to an idol.

fêond-grâp, *st. f.* foe's clutch, enemy's gripe.

fêond-gyld, *st. n.* something consecrated to idolatry, an idol. *Ps.* 105, 25.

fêond-lice, *adj.* hostilely.

fêond-ræs, *st. m.* hostile attack.

fêond-sceada, *w. m.* hurtful enemy, foe, robber.

fêond-scipe, **-scype**, *st. m.* enmity, hostility.

feor, **feorr**, *adj.* far, remote, at a distance.

feor, **fior**, **fier**, *adv.* 1. far, far away, far off.—2. far back in the past.

3. further, moreover. (*Ger. fern*.)

feor-bûend, *part.* dwelling far away.

feor-cund, *adj.* far-coming, foreign.

feor-cýð, *st. f.* home of those living far away, foreign land.

feore, **feores**, *dat. gen.* of *feorh*.

feorh, **feorg**, *st. m. n.* 1. life, vital principle, soul.—2. living being, individual.—3. body, corpse. (*Ger. ferk*.)

feorh-bana, *w. m.* destroyer of life, manslayer, murderer.

feorh-ben, *st. f.* wound that threatens life, deadly wound.

feorh-berend, *part.* life-bearing, living.

feorh-bealu, *st. n.* evil destroying life, violent death.

feorh-bold, *st. n.* life's dwelling, body.

feorh-cwalu, *st. f.* death.

feorh-cweahn, *st. m.* killing, murder, slaughter.

feorh-cyn, *st. n.* race of the living, mankind.

feorh-dagas, *st. m. pl.* life's days, life.

feorh-dolg, *st. n.* wound threatening life, deadly wound.

feorh-êacen, *adj.* living.

feorh-gebeorh, *st. n.* life's protection, refuge.

feorh-gedāl, *st. n.* separation from life, death.

feorh-genidla, *st. m.* one who plots against life, life's enemy, mortal enemy.

feorh-giefa, *st. m.* giver of life.

feorh-gifu (Reim. 6). See **feohgifu**.

feorh-gōme, *st. f.* means of existence, or care for life? Cri. 1549. (Grein.)

feorh-gōma, *st. m.* fatal or deadly jaws. (B.-T.)

feorh-hirde, *st. m.* life's guardian.

feorh-hord, *st. n.* life's treasure, life.

feorh-hūs, *st. n.* life's house, body.

feorh-lagu, *st. f.* life's end, murder, death.

feorh-lāst, *st. m.* way taken for the preservation of life, flight (Grein); —trace of (vanishing) life, sign of death (Harrison & Sharp). B. 846.

feorh-lēan, *st. n.* revenge for bloodshed (Grein), life's gift (B.-T.). Exod. 150.

feorh-lif, *st. n.* life.

feorh-locas, *st. m.* life's inclosure, breast.

feorh-naru, *st. f.* life's nourishment; life's preservation, rescue, refuge.

feorh-ræd, *st. m.* counsel, action for preserving life.

feorh-sēoc, *adj.* life-sick, mortally wounded.

feorh-sweg, *st. m.* death-blow, stroke.

feorh-pearf, *st. f.* life's need, urgent need.

feorh-wund, *st. f.* deadly wound, fatal hurt.

feor-land, *st. n.* far-away land.

feorm, *st. f.* (farm), 1. meal, banquet.

2. sustenance, subsistence, entertainment, entertaining.—3. food, provisions, goods, substance.—4. use, benefit, profit, enjoyment.

feorma, *st. adj.* the first.

feormend, *part. & subs.* 1. one who hospitably entertains, an entertainer.—2. cleanser, cleaner, polisher.

feormend-lēas, *adj.* wanting the cleanser or polisher.

feormian, **feorman**, *st. v.* (to farm),

1. to entertain, receive as guest.—

2. to come for, cherish, support.

3. to eat, devour, consume.—4. to

keep in a good condition, clean, cleanse, polish.

ge-feormian, 1. to receive as guest, be hospitable.—2. to care for, advise.—3. to feast, eat, consume.

feorr. See **feor**.

feorran, *st. v.* to remove, free from.

feorran, *adv.* 1. from afar, afar, far off,—used both of space and of time.

feorran-cund, *adj.* having origin or birth far away, foreign-born.

feorsian, *st. v.* to proceed farther, go beyond.

feorsn. See **fiersn**, heel.

feor-weg, *st. m.* far, long way.

feord, *st. n.* life, soul.

feorda, *st. adj.* the fourth.

feorum, *dat. pl.* of **feorh**.

fēoung, *st. f.* hate, enmity, hatred.

fēower, *num.* four.

fēowerda, *st. adj.* the fourth.

fēower-fēte, **fier-**, *adj.* four-footed.

fēower-tig, *num.* forty.

fēower-týne, *num.* fourteen.

fīc-bēam, *st. m.* fig-tree.

fīf, *num.* five.

fīf = **fīfel**, sea-monster? B. 420.

fīfel, *st. n.* sea-monster, giant.

fīfel-cyn, *st. n.* giant race, race of sea-monsters.

Fīfel-dor, *st. n.* door of sea-monsters, river Eider.

fīfel-strēam, *st. m.* ocean, sea.

fīfel-wæg, *st. m.* ocean, sea.

fīf-hund, *num.* five hundred.

fif-mægen, *st. n.* magic power? Sal. 136.

fifta, *w. adj.* the fifth.

fiftene, -týne, *num.* fifteen.

fiftig, *num.* fifty.

filed. See **feolan**.

findan, *st. abl. v. I.* (*pret.* fand, funde), to find, find out, invent, imagine, ascertain, attain, discover, seek out, visit, go to. (Ger. *finden*.)

â-findan, to experience, feel.

on-findan, 1. to find out, hit upon, observe, discover.—2. to experience, feel.—3. to be sensible of, perceive, notice.

finger, *st. m.* finger. (Ger. *finger*.)

finta, *w. m.* 1. tail.—2. consequences of an action.

firas, **fyras**, *st. m. pl.* men, human beings.

firen, **fyren**, 1. *st. f.* going beyond usual or customary bounds.—*adv.* *instr. pl.* firenum, immoderately, excessively, extraordinarily, terribly, very.—2. overstepping custom and law or right, wicked deed, sin, trespass, crime.—3. extraordinary calamity or pain which one suffers or inflicts, cunning way-laying, insidious hostility, outrage, malice, torment, tribulation, suffering, pain. (Goth. *fairna*.)

firen, *adj.* 1. sinful, vicious, wicked, malicious.—2. unnatural, monstrous.

firen-bealu, *st. n.* sinful, evil.

firen-cræft, *st. m.* sinful craft, wickedness, impiety.

firen-dæd, -déd, *st. f.* wicked deed.

firen-earfede, *st. n.* dire distress, sore affliction.

firen-fremmente, *part.* evil-doing, committing crimes.

firen-full, *adj.* sinful, wicked.

firen-georn, *adj.* inclined to sin, loving sin.

firenian, **firnian**, *w. v.* 1. to sin.—2. to scold, upbraid.

ge-fyrnian, to sin.

firen-lic, *adj.* 1. wicked, malicious.

2. too great, vehement.

firen-lice, *adv.* vehemently, rashly.

firen-lust, *st. m.* lust, sinful desire.

firen-synnig, *adj.* evil-minded, sinful.

firen-pearf, *st. f.* great need, terrible distress.

firen-weorc, *st. n.* evil, sinful work, sin, crime.

firen-wyrcend, *part. & subs.* evil-working, sinner.

firen-wyrhta, *w. m.* same as above.

firgen, **fyrgen**, *st. n.* mountain;—used only in compounds.

firgen-béam, *st. m.* tree of a mountain-forest.

firgen-holt, *st. n.* mountain-wood, mountain-forest.

firgen-stréam (**firigend**), *st. m.* mountain-stream, sea.

firhd-sefa, *w. m.* spirit, mind.

firnian. See **firenian**.

firran, *w. v.*

â-firran, to remove, take away.

first, *st. m.* space of time, time. (Ger. *frist*.)

firwet. See **fyrwet**.

fisc, **fix**, *st. m.* fish. (Ger. *fisch*.)

fisc-net, *st. n.* fish-net.

fit, *st. f.* fit, contest, fight. Gen. 2072. [See next word.]

fit, *st. f.* fit, song, poem. [Cf. Skeat's Etym. Diet., under **fit**, 2.]

fider. See **feder**.

fider-léas, *adj.* featherless, without feathers.

fidrian, *w. v.* (Ger. *fiedern*.)

ge-fidrian, to feather, furnish with wings.

fidru, *st. n. pl.* wings, plumage, feathers. (Ger. *gefieder*.)

fix. See **fisc**.

fier. See **feor**.

fiersn, *st. f.* heel. (Ger. *ferse*.)

fier-, fierst, fíogan, fíolan, fíond, fíor. See *féower-, fyrst, féogan, feolan, fèond, feor.*

flā, w. f. arrow, dart, javelin.

flacor, adj. dickering, flying.

flæman. See *flēman.*

flæsc, st. n. flesh,—in contrast partly with bones and skin and partly with the soul: in the latter sense, also, as seat of sensuous feelings or desires; finally, the general term for any living corporeal creature. (Ger. *fleisch*.)

flæsc-hama, -homa, w. m. flesh-dress. body, carcass.

flāh, flā, adj. tricky, deceitful, crafty, hostile.

flāh, st. n. deceit, cunning, wickedness.

flān, st. m. f. arrow, dart, javelin.

flān-boga, w. m. bow adapted to arrows, bow.

flān-geweorc, st. n. apparatus suited for hurling or shooting. arrow-work.

flān-hred, adj. arrow-equipped.

flān-pracu, st. f. force or impetus of darts or arrows, onset, attack.

flēma, w. m. fugitive.

flēman, w. r. to make to flee, put to flight.

ge-flēman, -flæman, the same.

flet, st. n. (Scotch *flet*), **1.** ground. floor of a hall.—**2.** hall, mansion.

flet-gesteald, st. n. household wealth, riches, adornment of the hall.

flet-pæd, st. m. hall-path, floor of the house.

flet-ræst, st. f. resting-place in the hall, night-couch.

flet-sittende, part. sitting in the hall.

flet-werod, st. n. troop of the hall, comitatus, body-guard.

flēam, st. m. flight.

flēogan = flēohan, to flee. See *flēon.*

flēogan, st. abl. v. VI. to fly. (Ger. *fliegen*.)

ge-flēogan, 1. to fly.—**2.** to fly over; reach by flying.

ōð-flēogan, to fly away from, escape.

flēoge, w. f. fly.

flēohan. See *flēon.*

flēoh-cyn, st. n. a kind of flies.

flēoh-net, st. n. fly-net, net for keeping off insects.

flēon, flēohan, flēogan, flion, st. abl. v.

VI. 1. intrans. to flee, fly.—**2. w. acc.** to flee, avoid, escape. (Ger. *fliehen*.)

ā-flēon, to flee from, escape.

be-flēon, to flee from, escape, avoid.

in-flēon, to flee from, escape.

ofer-flēon, to flee from, yield.

flēos. See *flȳs.*

flēot, st. n. (fleet), raft, ship, float. (Ger. *fliesz, flosz*.)

flēotan, st. abl. v. VI. (to fleet), float upon the water, swim, navigate, sail. (Ger. *fließen*.)

flēotig, adj. fleet, swift.

fliht. See *flyht.*

flihd. See *flēogan.*

flint, st. m. flint, flintstone.

flint-græg, adj. gray like flintstone.

flit, st. n. strife, contention. (Ger. *fließ*.)

flita, w. m. striver, fighter.

flitan, st. abl. v. V. to exert one's self, strive, contend, emulate, fight, quarrel.

ofer-flitan, to surpass in a contest, overcome, conquer.

flion, flius. See *flēon, flȳs.*

floccan, w. r. to clap, applaud? *Rä.* 21, 34.

flóð, st. m. n. flood, stream, wave, tide, sea-stream,* current of the sea, overflow, inundation, river. (Ger. *flut*.)

flóð-blác, adj. flood-pale, made pale by the waters through fear of drowning.

flôd-egsa, *w. m.* fear of water, flood-terror.
flôd-græg, *adj.* water-gray.
flôd-weg, *st. m.* waterway, sea.
flôd-weard, *st. f.* flood-guard, *i. e.* the walls caused by dividing the Red Sea. Exod. 493.
flôd-wudu, *st. m.* flood-wood, ship.
flôd-wylm, *st. m.* billows, raging sea.
flôd-ȳd, *st. f.* flood-wave.
flôr, *st. f. m.* floor, stone floor, plain, field. (Ger. *flur*.)
flot, *st. n.* water deep enough to float a ship, sea.
flota, *w. m.* 1. ship.—2. sailor, sea-robber.
flot-here, *st. m.* fleet, naval force.
flot-man, *st. m.* sailor, pirate.
flot-weg, *st. m.* seaway, sea.
flôwan, *st. red. v.* to flow, stream. (O. H. Ger. *flawjan*.)
be-flôwan, to flow around, wash.
geond-flôwan, to flow over or through.
tô-flôwan, 1. to flow down, away, or apart.—2. to flow or stream to, pour in.
under-flôwan, to flow under.
flyge, *st. m.* flying, flight.
flyge-rêow, *adj.* wild-flying, fierce in flight.
flyge-wil, *st. n.* flying wile, Satan's dart.
flyht, *flyht*, *st. m.* flight, flying. (Ger. *flucht*.)
flyht-hwæt, *adj.* quick in flight, ready for flight.
flȳhd. See **flêon**.
flȳma, *w. m.* fugitive.
flȳman, *w. v.* to put to flight, rout.
â-flȳman, the same as above.
ge-flȳman, the same as above.
flȳs, **flȳus**, *st. n.* fleece, wool. (Ger. *fließ*, *fließz*.)
fnæd, *st. n.* fringe, border.
fnæst, *st. m.* strong or violent breath of air, blast, breathing, breath.

fôdor, **fôddor**, **-ur**, *st. n.* fodder, food, nourishment, victuals. (Ger. *futter*.)
fôdor-pegu, *st. f.* feeding, eating, nourishment, food.
fôdor-wela, *w. m.* wealth of food, provisions.
fôh. See **fôn**.
folc, *st. n.* folk, people, nation, crowd, throng; a people, tribe, family, band of warriors;—*pl.* fighting-men, warriors, people, men. (Ger. *volk*.)
folc-âgend, *part. & subs.* leading a band of warriors, ruling over a people;—leader, ruler.
folc-bealu, *st. n.* great evil, horrible torment.
folc-bearn, *st. n.* child of the people, fellow-man.
folc-biorn, *st. m.* man of the multitude, common man.
folc-cû, *st. f.* folk-cow, cow of the herd.
folc-cûd, *adj.* known to the people, celebrated, popular.
folc-cwên, *st. f.* folk-queen, queen of a warlike host.
folc-cȳning, *st. m.* folk-king, king of a warlike host.
folc-dryht, **-driht**, *st. f.* multitude of people, followers.
folc-egsa, *w. m.* folk-fright, terror, fear
folc-firen, *st. f.* crime of the people.
folc-frêa, *w. m.* lord of the people, leader of the host.
folc-gesid, *st. m.* one of the same country, countryman, one of the leader's chief attendants,thane, warrior.
folc-gestealla, *w. m.* same as above.
folc-gestrêon, *st. n.* riches, possessions of a people.
folc-getæl, *st. n.* number of the people, number, tale.
folc-getrum, *st. n.* army, host.
folc-gewin, *st. n.* war.

folc-land, *st. n.* folk-land, land held in common by freemen of all ranks.

folc-mægen, *st. n.* people's force, multitude, people.

folc-mægd, *st. f.* tribe, nation.

folc-mære, *adj.* celebrated.

folc-nêd, *st. f.* care for the people. Ps. 77, 16.

folc-ræd, *st. m.* what best serves a warlike host, public benefit.

folc-ræden, *st. f.* decree or ordinance of the people.

folc-riht, *st. n.* folk-right, common privilege, the rights of every freeman, public right, rightful share in the possessions of the community.

folc-sæl, *st. n.* people's hall, hall in which the leader entertains his personal followers.

folc-scearu, *st. f.* part of a host of warriors, nation, province;—folk-share? folk-land? B. 73. [lain.

folc-sceada, *ic. m.* people's foe, vil-
folc-scipe, *st. m.* nation, people.

folc-stede, *-styde*, *st. m.* place or habitation of the people, place where a band of warriors is quartered; fortress, city, land.

folc-awêot, *st. m.* multitude, host.

folc-talu, *st. f.* numbering of the people, genealogy.

folc-toga, *ic. m.* leader of the host, commander of an army, prince, duke.

folcû. See **folc-cû**.

folc-weras, *st. m. pl.* men of the people, people.

folc-wiga, *ic. m.* warrior, fighter.

folc-wita, *ic. m.* public counselor, senator.

fold-ærn, *st. n.* earth-house, grave.

fold-bold, *st. n.* earthly dwelling, castle.

fold-bûend, *-bûende*, *part. pl. & subs.* earth-dwellers, men.

folde, *ic. f.* 1. earth, firm land,—in contrast with water, heaven and hell, the dwelling-place of man and the producer of fruits, &c.—
2. land, country, district, region.
3. soil, ground, crust.—4. earth, dust of the earth. Gû. 795.

fold-græf, *st. n.* earth-grave.

fold-græg, *adj.* earth-gray, earth-colored.

fold-hrêrend, *part.* earth-touching, walking on the earth.

fold-ræst, *st. f.* rest in the earth, in the grave.

fold-wang, *st. m.* plain, earth.

fold-wæstm, *st. m.* fruits of the earth.

fold-weg, *st. m.* 1. path over the earth, way by land.—2. earth.

fold-wela, *ic. m.* earthly riches.

folgad, *-od*, *st. m.* 1. office, service of a follower, service, attendance.
2. situation or condition of life, destiny.

folgere, *st. m.* follower.

folgian, *ic. v.* 1. to follow.—2. to pursue, follow after.—3. to follow, obey.—4. to perform vassal-duty, serve, follow. (Ger. *folgen*.)

folm, *st. f.* palm of the hand, hand.

folme, *ic. f.* the same as above.

fôn, *st. red. v.* to catch, grasp, take hold of, take, receive. (Ger. *fangen*.)

â-fôn, to lay hold of, seize:—

forht âfangen, invaded with fear.

an-fôn, to accept, receive.

be-fôn, **bi-fôn**, to surround, ensnare, encompass, embrace; to lay hold of, seize; conceive, receive;—
wordum befôn, to tell, relate.

for-fôn, 1. to seize, lay hold of, take away.—2. to arrest.

ge-fôn, *ic. acc.* to seize, grasp.

ofer-fôn, to capture, take prisoner.

on-fôn, to receive, accept, take, hear, perceive.

purh-fôn, to grasp through, break through with a gripe.

wid-fôn, to seize or grasp at, clutch, seize.

ymb-, ymbe-fôn, to surround, encompass, encircle, embrace.

for, *prep.* (**for**), *I. w. dat.* **1.** local: before, in the presence of.—**2.** causal: (*a.*) to denote a subjective motive, on account of, through, from.—(*b.*) to denote an objective cause, through, from, for, by reason of, on account of.—(*c.*) after verbs denoting fear, anxiety, care, &c., as well as those protecting, defending, freeing from, &c.—for, by reason of, of, against, from, about.—(*d.*) *w. dat.* of person: for or on account of whom something is done or suffered.—(*e.*) to show agreement or fitness, according to, in accordance with, on account of. (*f.*) to denote purpose: to, for.—(*g.*) with verbs of begging, swearing, promising—for the sake of, by: **for dryhtne**, by God.—(*h.*) to denote that for which or against which something is done for.—(*i.*) as to, considering, about.—**3.** temporal: before, sooner than.—II. *w. acc.* (*a.*) local: before, in the sight of.—(*b.*) temporal: before, sooner than.—(*c.*) before, above.—(*d.*) for, instead of, as: **for pæt**, for that, thereof, therefrom, &c.—III. *w. instr.* = **for**, *w. dat.* (Ger. *vor.*)

for-, (Ger. *ver-*, Goth. *fair-*, *fra-*, *faur-*.)

fôr, *st. f.* a going, departing, course, trip, journey; way, behavior, manner of life.

foran, *I. adv.* before, among the first, forward, in front.—II. *prep. w. dat.* before.

ford, *st. m. ford.* (Dan. *fjord*; Ger. *furt.*)

fore, *I. prep.* **1. w. dat.** (*a.*) local: before, in the presence of, in sight of, in hearing of.—(*b.*) causal: on account of, by reason of, for the sake of, from, for, through, because of.—(*c.*) temporal: before. Cri. 1031; El. 637.—(*d.*) for, instead of, Cri. 1292; Gû. 373: by, Jul. 540.—**2. w. acc.** (*a.*) local and temporal: before, for.—(*b.*) for, instead of. Seef. 21, 22.—II. *adv.* before, aforetime, formerly, once.

fore-béacen, *st. n.* prodigy, wonder.
fore-genga, *w. m.* **1.** ancestor.—**2.** forerunner.

fore-genga, *w. f.* female servant. Jud. 127. [others.

fore-glêaw, *adj.* prudent, wise above
fore-mære, *adj.* illustrious, very celebrated, renowned above others.

fore-meahhtig, **-mihhtig**, *adj.* very potent, exceedingly powerful, most mighty.

fore-scyttels, *st. m.* bolt or bar, crossbeam.

fore-snotor, *adj.* beyond others wise, very wise, sagacious.

fore-spreca, *w. m.* advocate. (Ger. *fürsprecher.*)

fore-tâcen, *st. n.* foretoken, prodigy.

fore-panc, **-ponc**, *st. m.* forethought, consideration, deliberation.

fore-pancol, **-poncol**, *adj.* provident, prudent, considerate.

fore-weall, *st. m.* forewall, rampart.

fore-weard, *adj.* **1.** forward, inclined to the front.—**2.** denoting the first part or the beginning of anything, fore, early, new, former.
fore-weard gêar, new year.

for-gefenes, *st. f.* forgiveness. [efit.

for-gifnes, *st. f.* present, largess, ben-

for-heard, *adj.* very hard.

for-hogednes, *st. f.* contempt.

forht, *adj.* **1.** timid, frightened, fearful, cowardly.—**2.** frightful, terrible, dreadful.

forthian, *w. v.* **1.** *intrans.* to be timid, be afraid, fear.— **2.** *trans.* to fear, stand in fear of. (Ger. *fürchten*.)
on-forhtian, to be timid, be afraid, fear. Deut. 31, 6.
forht-lic, *adj.* **1.** fearful, cowardly.
2. frightful, terrible. [fully].
forht-lice, *adv.* tremblingly, fear-
forht-môð, *adj.* of a fearful mind, timid. [loss].
for-lor, *st. m.* perdition, destruction,
forma, *w. adj.* the first.
for-manig, *adj.* very many.
for-nëan, *adv.* very nearly, almost, about.
forôð, *part. & adj.* broken, without strength, worn out, useless.
for-rynel, *st. m.* forerunner, precursor.
for-sceap, *st. n.* evil deed, crime.
forst, *st. m.* frost, cold. (Ger. *frost*.)
for-strang, *adj.* very strong.
for-swîð, *adj.* the same as above.
for-swîde, *adv.* very strongly, very . . . indeed.
ford, *adv.* **forth**, **1.** local: (a.) hither, near, in the presence of.— (b.) forward, further thence.— (c.) to denote motion toward.— (d.) to denote the going beyond a limit, or superiority.— (e.) forth, away, hence.
2. temporal: (a.) forth, from now on.— (b.) from now on as formerly, yet further.— (c.) uninterruptedly, continually.— (d.) to denote the immediate necessary consequence or result. Rû. 21. 24.— **4.** very. Ps. 68, 5. (Ger. *fort*.)
ford-bæro, *st. f.* creation.
ford-gang, *st. m.* going forth, progress.
ford-gesceaft, *st. f.* **1.** creature, created being or thing, world.— **2.** fate, destiny,—especially the future condition or state of the soul.
ford-gesýne, *adj.* visible, conspicuous.

ford-georn, *adj.* desirous of going away, or of proceeding.
ford-here, *st. m.* front line of an army, van.
fordian, *w. v.*
ge-fordian, to promote, complete, fulfill.
ford-mære, *adj.* very glorious, exceedingly bright.
ford-ryne, *st. m.* running forward, course.
ford-sîð, *st. m.* **1.** going away, departure.— **2.** death.
ford-snotter, *adj.* very wise.
ford-spell, *st. n.* saying, declaration, word.
fordum. See *furdum*.
ford-weg, *st. m.* onward way, journey, departure, death.
ford-weard, *adj.* **1.** inclined forward, forward, situated in front.— **2.** tending toward.— **3.** everlasting, unceasing, continual.
ford-weard, *st. m.* pilot in the front part of the ship.
for-wel, *adv.* very.
for-weard, *adj.* forward, in front.
for-weard, *adv.* further, continually.
for-wyrd, *st. f.* destruction, ruin, loss, perdition, death.
for-wyrht, *st. n.* sin.
fôstur, *st. n.* nourishment, pasture.
fôstur-lëan, *st. n.* reward or pay for fostering.
fôt, *st. m. dat.* fêt, fôte; — *nom. acc. pl.* fêt, fôtas, — foot. (Ger. *fuss*.)
fôt-gemearc, *st. n.* measurement by feet, number of feet.
fôt-lâst, *st. m.* footprint.
fôt-mæð, *st. n.* foot-measure, foot; —
fôt-mæð landes, a foot's length, space of a foot.
fox, *st. m.* fox. (Ger. *fuchs*.)
fraced, *-ed*, *st. n.* baseness, insult, contumely, disgrace.
fracedu, *st. f.* the same as above.

fracod, **fracod**, *adj.* vile, base, detestable, objectionable, useless, unworthy, impious.

fracode, **fracude**, *adv.* disgracefully, shamefully.

fracod-lic, *adj.* base, shameful.

fracod-lice, *adv.* basely, shamefully.

fracud. See **fracod**.

fræ-, **fræcne**. See **fræa-**, **frécne**.

frægn, question? An. 255.

fræm-sum. See **fremsum**.

fræt, *adj.* perverse, proud, obstinate.

frætig, *adj.* the same as above.

frætuwe, **frætwe**, *st. f. pl.* ornament, anything costly;—originally, carved object.

frætwan, *w. v.* (to **fret**), to ornament, adorn.

ge-frætwan, the same as above.

frætwan, *w. v.* the same as above.

ge-frætwan, same as above.

fragan, *st. abl. v. IV.* (Ger. *fragen*?)

ge-fragan, to ask, find out by hearsay, learn.

fram, **from**, *I. prep.* **1. w. dat.** **from**, (a.) local: (1.) from, away from something. (2.) from, hither, from something. (3.) from, at a distance from.—(b.) causal: (1.) from *w. passive verbs*. (2.) *w. verbs of speaking, saying, &c.*, of, about, concerning.—(c.) temporal: from, since: frequently found after the dative.—**2. w. instr.** away from.—**II. adv.** away, thence, forth, out. (O. H. Ger. *fram*.)

fram, *adj.* strong, stout, excellent, splendid.

framde, *adj.* foreign, strange.

franca, *w. m.* lance, dart, javelin.

frásian, **fréasian**, *w. v.* to question, tempt, try. (Goth. *fraisian*.)

fratu. See **frætuwe**.

frec, *adj.* bold, rash, daring, greedy. (Ger. *freich*.)

freca, *w. m.* wolf; hence, warrior, hero.

frécen, *st. n.* danger, dangerous situation.

frécen-lic, *adj.* dangerous, perilous.

frécne, **fræcne**, *adj.* dangerous, bold, daring, terrible, horrible, savage, hard, provoking.

frécne, **fræcne**, *adv.* boldly, audaciously, fiercely, harshly, dangerously, savagely.

frécnen-spræc, *st. f.* provoking, bitter, hostile speech.

frécnes (= **frécennes**), *st. f.* danger, peril; deed boldly or rashly done? Gú. 81.

frécnian, *w. v.*

ge-frécnian, to make cruel or proud, corrupt.

fréfran, *w. v.* to comfort, console, make glad.

â-fréiran, same as the above.

fréfrend, *part. & subs.* comforted;—consoler.

fréfrían, *w. v.* to comfort, console.

fremde, **fremede**, **fremde**, *adj.* **1.** foreign, strange, belonging to another country, distant.—**2. w. dat.** strange, estranged, hostile, remote.—**3. w. gen.** without, devoid of. (Ger. *fremd*.) [gain.

freme, *w. f.* advantage, good, benefit,

freme, *adj.* good, excellent, splendid.

fremed, *st. f.* glory, renown, honor, virtue, uprightness? B. 1701. (Grein.)

fremed, performs, practises; *3d sg. pres. of fremman*. B. 1701. (B.-T.)

fremman, *w. v.* to press forward, further, help on, support.—**2.** to frame, make, do, perform, accomplish, perpetrate, effect, commit.

ge-fremman, **1.** to bring forward, further. B. 1718.—**2.** to do, make, render, effect, accomplish.

fremme, *w. f.* brave deed? See f. 75.

frem-sum, **fræm-**, *adj.* benevolent, benignant, kind, gracious. [ness.

fremsum-nes, *st. f.* benignity, kindness. See **fremde**.

fremu, *st. f.* advantage, gain, fruit, benefit, safety.

fretan, *st. abl. v. III. 1.* to fret, eat, consume, devour.—**2.** to break. Exod. 147. (Ger. *fressen*.)

frettan, *v. v.* to eat up, devastate, consume. Ps. 79, 13; 82, 10.

fredo. See **frido**.

frêa, *adj.* joyful. (Ger. *froh*.)

frêa, *v. m. 1.* master, ruler, lord,—especially God, Christ.—**2.** husband. (Goth. *franja*.)

frêa, *f.* mistress. See **âgendfrêa**.

frêa-, **frê-beorht**, *adj.* very celebrated, illustrious. [band.

frêa-, **freah-drihten**, *st. m.* lord, husband.—**frêa-glêaw**, *adj.* very wise, prudent, skillful.

frêa-mære, *adj.* very celebrated, renowned.

frêasian. See **frâsian**.

frêa-wine, *st. m.* lord and friend, dear lord, friendly ruler.

frêa-wrâsen, *st. f.* encircling ornament like a diadem.

frêo, *adj.* free, freeborn, one's own master, well-born, noble, excellent, illustrious. (Ger. *frei*.)

frêo = **frêa**, master, lord.

frêo, *st. f.* mistress, lady.

frêo, *st. m.* free man, man.

frêo-bearn, *st. n.* freeborn chief, noble child.

frêo-brôdor, *st. m.* an own brother.

frêo-burg, *st. f.* city of a freeman, noble city.

frêod, *st. f.* love, friendship, peace, favor, gratitude.

frêo-dôm (**frîo-**), *st. m.* freedom.

frêo-dryhten, *st. m.* freeborn or noble lord, ruler.

frêogan, **frêon**, *v. v.* to love, think of lovingly. (Ger. *frîen*, to woo.)

frêogan, **frêon**, *v. v.* to free, liberate. (Ger. *befreien*.)

be-frêogan, to free, liberate.

ge-frêogan, to free, liberate.

frêo-lic, *adj.* free, freeborn, glorious, stately, illustrious, comely, lovely.

frêo-lice, *adv.* freely, unhesitatingly, becomingly, nobly, liberally.

freom, *adj.* strong, firm, prompt, ready, powerful.

frêo-mæg, *st. m.* cousin-german, kinsman.

frêo-man, *st. m.* freeman, freeborn man.

frêon. See **frêogan**.

frêo-nama, *v. m.* surname.

frêond, *part. & subs. nom. acc. pl.* **frýnd**, **frêondas**,—friend. (Ger. *freund*.)

frêond-lâr, *st. f.* friendly advice, counsel.

frêond-ladu, *st. f.* friendly invitation, challenge.

frêond-lêas, *adj.* friendless.

frêond-lice, *adv.* in a friendly manner, kindly.

frêond-lufu, *st. f.* friendship, love.

frêond-mynd, *st. f.* friendly, loving thoughts.

frêond-ræden, *st. f.* friendship, conjugal love.

frêond-scipe, *st. m.* friendship, intimacy;—used often of the relationship of husband and wife.

frêond-spêd, *st. f.* good fortune in respect to friends, abundance of friends.

frêorig, *adj. 1.* cold, shivering, freezing.—**2.** stiff with fright, fear, or sorrow, sad, mournful.

frêorig-ferd, *adj.* of a sad mind, mournful.

frêorig-môd, *adj.* the same as above.

frêos? Dan. 66.

frêosan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to freeze. (Ger. *frîeren*.)

freoda, *v. m.* protector, refuge.

freodian, *v. v.* to have a care for, support, cherish, favor, protect; observe.

- ge-freodian**, 1. *w. dat. or acc.* to watch, guard, protect.—2. to quiet, pacify? *Gû. 123.*—3. to strengthen? *Gû. 382.*
- freodo**, **friodo**, **-ðu**, *st. f.* peace, safety, protection, asylum, security; grace, blessing, liberty, pardon. (*Ger. friede.*)
- freodo-béacen**, *st. n.* peace-token, sign of peace.
- freodo-burg**, *st. f.* castle or city affording protection.
- freodo-lêas**, *adj.* peaceless, pitiless.
- freodo-scealc**, *st. m.* minister of peace, angel.
- freodo-spêd**, *st. f.* abundance of peace, peaceful protection.
- freodo-pêaw**, *st. m.* pacific manner, habit of peace.
- freodo-wær**, *st. f.* covenant or agreement of peace.
- freodo-wang**, *st. m.* field of peace, field of protection.
- freodo-waru**, *st. f.* protection, safety.
- freodu**. See **freodo**.
- freodu-webbe**, *w. f.* peace-weaver, bond of peace, queen.
- freodu-weard**, *st. m.* peace-guardian.
- fréo-wine**, *st. m.* noble friend, friend—ly lord, ruler.
- fri** (**frig**), *adj.* free, freeborn, noble.
- fricca**, *w. m.* herald.
- fricgan**, **-ean**, *st. abl. v. III.* 1. to ask, inquire into, investigate.—2. to learn, find out by inquiry.—3. to ask, beg, demand.
- ge-fricgan**, to learn, learn by inquiry, hear of. [for.
- friclan**, *w. r.* to seek, desire, strive
- fridan**, *st. abl. v. V.* to guard. (*ms. fudon.*)
- frid-hengest**, *st. m.* stately horse.
- frige**, *st. m. pl.* freeborn men, free-men, nobles.
- frignan**, *st. abl. v. I.* to ask, inquire. (*Ger. fragen.*)
- ge-frignan**, *part. gefrægen*, **ge-frægn**, 1. to ask, inquire.—2. to find out by inquiry, learn by narration.
- frigu**, *st. f.* love.
- frimdig**. See **frymdig**.
- frinan**, *st. abl. v. I.* to ask, inquire.
- ge-frinan**, to learn by hearsay, hear of.
- fringan**, *st. abl. v. I.* same as above.
- ge-fringan**, the same as above.
- frise**, **fryse**, *adj.* crisp, curly.
- frid**, **fryd**, *st. m. n.* peace, protection, safety. (*Ger. friede.*)
- frid**, *adj.* stately, beautiful.
- frid-candel**, *st. f.* candle of peace.
- frid-candel**, *st. f.* beautiful light, sun.
- fride-lêas**, *adj.* peaceless.
- fride-mæg** = **sêo fride mæg**. *Rä. 10, 9.*
- frid-gedâl**, *st. n.* separation from peace, destruction, death.
- frid-geard**, *st. m.* seat of peace, asylum.
- fridian**, *w. r.* to protect, defend.
- ge-fridian**, the same as above.
- frido**, **fridu**, **frydo**, **fredo**, *st. f.* peace.
- frido-sib**, *st. f.* peace-giving kin, peace-bringer, queen.
- frido-spêd**, *st. f.* good fortune of peace.
- frido-tâcen**, *st. n.* peace-token, sign of peace.
- frido-wær**, *st. f.* peace-covenant, agreement.
- frido-webba**, *w. m.* peace-weaver, angel.
- frid-stôl**, *st. m.* peace-stool, asylum, refuge.
- frid-stôw**, *st. f.* peace-place, asylum, refuge.
- fridu**. See **frido**.
- frio**, **frio**, **friodu**. See **freo**, **frêo**, **freodu**.

frôð, *adj.* 1. intelligent, experienced, wise, prudent, skillful. — 2. having experience; hence, aged, old, ancient. (Goth. *frôps*.)

frôðian, *v. r.* to be wise, to have understanding, insight.

frôfor, *-er, -ur*, *st. f.* solace, consolation, compensation, help.

from, *I. prep. v. dat.* 1. local: (a.) from, away from something. (b.) hither, from something. — 2. temporal: from—on, since. — 3. causal: (a.) *v.* the passive form. (b.) *v.* verbs of saying and hearing—of, about, concerning. — II. *adv.* 1. away, thence. — 2. forth, out.

from = **fram**, *adj.* pressing forward, striving forward, firm, bold, brave, skillful; excellent, splendid, abundant, rich. (Ger. *fromm*.)

from-cyme, *st. m.* progeny, offspring.

from-cynn, *st. n.* 1. progeny, posterity, offspring. — 2. the race from which one springs, ancestors, origin, parentage.

from-lâð, *st. f.* going away, departure, death? flight?

from-lice, *adv.* boldly, courageously, stoutly, readily, quickly.

from-sið, *st. m.* going away, departure.

from-weard, *adj.* about to go away, destined to die, striving forward.

frum, *adj.* skillful, brave, bold, rapid, quick.

fruma, *v. m.* 1. beginning, origin, commencement. — 2. originator, inventor, author. — 3. the prince standing first or at the head, prince first in rank, king, chief, ruler. — 4. the first. Gen. 1277. (Goth. *frums*, from *fruma*, first; Lat. *primus*.)

frum-bearn, *st. n.* firstborn.

frum-cnêow, *st. n.* primitive race or kind, first generation.

frum-cyn, *st. n.* 1. ancestry, offspring, descent, origin. — 2. race, tribe, family.

frum-gâr, *st. m.* duke, prince, patriarch, chieftain, nobleman.

frum-gâra, *v. m.* the same as above.

frum-geſceap, *st. n.* creation of the world, beginning.

frum-hrægl, *st. n.* first dress, garment.

frum-ræden, *st. f.* previous arrangement, former agreement, predestination.

frum-sceaft, *st. f.* 1. first creation, in contrast to *edsceaft*, after the destruction of the world by fire, beginning. — 2. creature. — 3. original state or condition, predetermination, origin, beginning, past? B. 91.

frum-scyld, *st. f.* original sin, chief sin.

frum-slæp, *st. f.* first sleep.

frum-spræc, *st. f.* former speech, promise.

frum-stadol, *st. m.* original seat, first dwelling-place.

frum-stôl, *st. m.* earlier seat, principal seat, place of honor, first seat.

frumð, *st. m. f.* beginning.

frum-wæstm, *st. f.* first fruits.

frum-weorc, *st. n.* work done in the beginning, creation.

frymdig, **frimdig**, *adj.* seeking after, demanding, asking for, desirous, suppliant.

frymd, *st. m. f.* origin, beginning, first fruits.

fryse. See *frise*.

fryð, **fryðo**. See *frid*, *frido*.

fugol, *st. m.* fowl, bird. (Ger. *vogel*.)

fugol-bana, *v. m.* bird-killer, fowler.

fugol-timber, *st. n.* young bird, young.

ful, *st. n.* cup, beaker; any receptacle of fluids, cloud, sea.

ful, full, adj. full, filled, stuffed, complete, perfect, entire. (Ger. *voll*.)

ful, adv. fully, entirely, very, full.

fûl, adj. foul, dirty, unclean, bad, vile, corrupt, putrid. (Ger. *faul*.)

fûl, st. n. foulness, impurity, crime.

full. See *ful*.

ful-læst, -lêst, st. m. help, support.

fullian, w. r. to fill, fulfill, perfect.

ge-fullian, the same as above.

un-gefullian, ungefullod, part. unfulfilled.

fulluht, fullwiht, fullwon. See *fulwiht, fulwon*.

fûl-nes, st. f. foulness, uncleanness, impurity.

fullum, st. m. help, support, protection.

fultuman, -ian, w. r. to help, aid, support, stand by, assist.

ge-fultuman, w. r. 1. to help, aid, assist.—**2.** to be propitious, make allowance for, overlook.

fulwian, w. r. to baptize.

ge-fulwian, the same as above.

fulwiht, fulluht, st. f. n. (m.?) baptism.

fulwiht-tîd, st. f. time for baptism (6th Jan.).

fulwiht-pêaw, st. m. rite of baptism.

fulwon, st. f. baptism.

funde. See *findan*.

fundian, w. r. to strive, have in view, wish, intend, tend to, hasten. (O. H. Ger. *fundjan*.)

furdor. See *furdur*.

furdum, furdon, forðum, adv. 1. at first, first, just, exactly, even, perhaps.—**2.** also, indeed, too, surely, at least.—**3.** further, before, previously.

furdur, furdor, adv. local and temporal: **further,** forward, more distant, more, past, later. (Ger. *fürder*.)

furum, Râ. 59, 15, perhaps *fultum*.

fûs, adj. striving forward, inclined

to, favorable, ready, prompt, quick, desirous, prepared for death, ready to die;—*w. gen.* longing for, expecting. B. 1916.

fûs, st. n. hastening, pressing forward? B. 1916.

fûs-lêod, st. n. song of the dying, death-song, dirge.

fûs-lic, adj. prepared, ready, ready for the journey.

fýf, num. five.

fyhte-horn, st. m. fighting-horn, horn.

fyl, fyll, st. m. fall, decay, defeat, ruin, destruction, slaughter, death.

fylce, st. n. tribe, race, province. (Icel. *fylki*.)

fylgian, fylgian, fyligan, w. r. to follow after, persecute, set upon, add to. (Ger. *folgen*.)

æt-fyligan, to adhere, cling to.

ge-fylgan, to follow, persist in.

fyllan, w. r. to fell, cut down, make to fall, throw away, give up, destroy.

â-fyllan, to throw down, demolish, destroy.

be-fyllan, 1. to fell, cast down, strike down, kill.—**2.** *befylled,* bereaved.

ge-fyllan, 1. to fell, slay in battle.—**2.** *gefylled,* bereaved.

tô-fyllan, to divide, tear asunder.

fyllan, w. r. to fill, replenish, finish, complete, fulfill.

â-fyllan, the same as above.

ge-fyllan, the same as above.

fyllad, st. m. filling, filling up.

fyllo, st. f. 1. fullness, abundance, supply.—**2.** especially an abundance of food; rich, abundant meat. (Ger. *fülle*.)

fýlnes. See *fýlnes*.

fylst, st. f. help, aid.

fylstan, w. r. to aid, assist, help.

ge-fylstan, the same as above.

fyl-wêrig, adj. weary enough to fall, faint to death, dying.

fýnd. See *féond*.

fyr, fyr, *adv.* for, afar off, far away, farther, more distant.

fȳr, fīr, *st. n.* fire. (Ger. *feuer*.)

fyras. See **firas**.

fȳr-bæd, *st. n.* fire-bath, hell-fire.

fȳr-bend, *st. m.* band forged in the fire.

fȳr-clam, -clom, *st. m.* fetter forged in the fire.

fȳrd, *st. f.* 1. journey, trip, undertaking, expedition, warlike expedition.—2. army.—3. camp. (Ger. *fahrt*.)

fȳrd-gestealla, *u. m.* comrade in a warlike expedition, companion in battle.

fȳrd-getrum, *st. n.* battle-array, company, martial band or host.

fȳrd-geatwe, *st. f. pl.* war-equipments, arms.

fȳrd-hom, *st. m.* war-dress, coat-of-mail.

fȳrd-hrægl, *st. n.* same as above.

fȳrd-hwæt, *adj.* sharp, bold in war, brave in war, warlike.

fȳrd-lēod, *st. n.* war-song.

fȳr-draca, *u. m.* fire-dragon, fire-spitting dragon.

fȳrd-rinc, *st. m.* warrior.

fȳrd-sceorp, *st. n.* warlike adornment, war-vest.

fȳrd-searu, *st. n.* equipment for an expedition, war-equipment.

fȳrd-wic, *st. n.* camp.

fȳrd-wisa, *u. m.* leader of a warlike expedition, leader.

fȳrd-wyrðe, *adj.* renowned in warlike expeditions, famous.

fȳren. See **fīren**.

fȳren, *adj.* fiery, burning, flaming.

fȳr-gebræc, *st. n.* noise or crash of fire.

fȳrgen. See **fīrgen**.

fȳr-gnāst, *st. m.* spark of fire.

fȳr-hāt, *adj.* hot as fire, burning.

fȳr-heard, *adj.* hardened by fire.

fȳrht, *adj.* timid.

fȳrhtan, *u. v.* to frighten. (Ger. *fürchten*.)

â-fȳrhtan, to frighten, affect with fear, terrify.

fȳrhto, -u, *st. f.* fright, fear, dread, terror.

fȳrhd = ferhd, *st. m. n.* 1. soul, mind, spirit.—2. life.

fȳrhd-glêaw, *adj.* wise in mind, prudent.

fȳrhd-locā, *u. m.* soul or mind inclosure, breast.

fȳrhd-lufe, *u. m.* soul-love; intense, heartfelt love.

fȳrhd-sefa, *u. m.* spirit of life, mind.

fȳrhd-wêrig, *adj.* sad at heart, sorrowful.

fȳr-lêoht, *st. n.* firelight.

fȳr-lêoma, *u. m.* splendor or brilliancy of fire.

fȳr-locā, *u. m.* fiery inclosure.

fȳr-mæl, *st. n.* fire-marks, mark burnt in with fire.

fȳrmest, *adv.* 1. foremost, first.—2. first of all, in the first place.—3. most, especially, best.

fȳrn, *adj.* old, ancient. (Ger. *firn*.)

fȳrn, *adv.* formerly, long ago, of old, once.

fȳrn-dagas, *st. m. pl.* former days, olden time, yore, days of yore;—**frôd fȳrndagum**, old, aged.

fȳrn-geðlit, *st. n.* old quarrel or strife.

fȳrn-geflita, *u. m.* ancient enemy.

fȳrn-gemynd, *st. n.* recollection of former deeds, history.

fȳrn-gesceap, *st. n.* what was formerly created, fixed, or determined; ancient decree.

fȳrn-gesetu, *st. n. pl.* former dwelling-place.

fȳrn-gestréon, *st. n.* treasure handed down from the olden time.

fȳrn-geweorc, *st. n.* ancient work, work done in old times (statue, world, sun, treasure).

fyrn-gewinn, *st. n.* battle in the days of yore.

fyrn-gewrit, *st. n.* old or former writings, ancient scripture.

fyrn-gewyrht, *st. n.* what was formerly wrought or decreed.

fyrn-gêar, *st. n. pl.* years gone by.

fyrn-gid, *st. n.* ancient prophecy.

fyrn-man, *st. m.* man of ancient times.

fyrnian. See **firenian**.

fyrn-sægen, *st. f.* old saying, ancient tradition.

fyrn-sceada, *w. m.* old friend, devil.

fyrn-strêamas, *st. m. pl.* old streams, ocean.

fyrn-syn, *st. f.* old sin.

fyrn-weorc, *st. n.* work of old, creation, creature.

fyrn-wita, *-weota*, *w. m.* old counselor, or wise man, prophet; one who lived formerly, or one who has had long experience.

fyrn-wited, *adj.* rendered wise by long experience? Gen. 1154.

fyrn. See **fyr**.

fyrnan, *w. v.*

â-fyrnan, to remove, withdraw, turn off or away.

fyr, *st. m.* furze, furze-bush, bramble, blackberry.

fyrst, **fierst**, *st. m.* portion of time, definite space of time, time.

fyrst-gemearc, *st. n.* definite, fixed time; appointed time.

fýrst, *adj.* first. (Ger. *fürst*.)

fyrst-mearc, *st. f.* definite, fixed time; appointed time; interval.

fýr-sweart, *adj.* fire-swart, blackened by thick smoke.

fyrdran, *w. v.* to further, advance, promote.

ge-fyrdran, to bring forward, further.

fyr-wit, *-wet*, *-wyt* (**fír**), *st. n.* enriosity, prying spirit. (O. H. Ger. *firiwizzi*.)

fyrwit-georn, *adj.* curious, inquisitive.

fýr-wylm, *st. m.* wave of fire, flame-wave.

fýsan, *w. v.* **1.** to hasten.—**2.** to make or get one's self ready, prepared, make haste.—**3.** to stimulate, incite, urge on, drive away.

â-fýsan, **1.** to hasten.—**2.** to make ready, prepare, urge on, accelerate, hasten away.

ge-fýsan, to urge on, accelerate, hasten away, make ready, prepare, provide with;—*w. gen.* to be ready for, determined.

fýst, *st. f.* fist. (Ger. *faust*.)

fýorh. See **feorh**.

G

gâd, **gæd**, *st. n.* want, need; desire. (Goth. *gaidw*.)

gader-tang, *adj.* hanging together, associated with, united.

gadorian, **gadrian**, **gædrian**, *w. v.* to gather, collect, unite, store up. (Ger. *gattern*.)

ge-gadorian, **ge-gædrian**, to bring together, collect, unite, join;—*w. dat.* to associate.

gadu, *st. f.* **gad**, point, sting, goad, sword. (Goth. *gazds*.)

gæd, *st. n.* state or condition of being brought together, society, fellowship.

gæd. See **gâd**.

gædsling, *st. m.* companion, comrade, relation.

gædrian. See **gadrian**.

gælan, *w. v.* **1.** *w. acc.* to retard, hold back.—**2.** *intrans.* to delay, linger.

â-gælan, 1. to hinder, hold back, retard.—2. to delay, be negligent, neglect.

gælsa, *u. m.* wantonness, extravagance, luxury. [*gras.*]

gærs, *st. n.* grass, herb, hay. (Ger. gærs-bed, *st. n.* grass-bed, grave.

gærs-hoppa, *u. m.* grasshopper, locust.

gærwan. See gerwan.

gæsnæ, gêsne, geâsne, *adj.* unfruitful, barren, destitute, empty, poor in, not partaking of, without, lifeless.

gæst, gast, gest, gist, giest, gyst, *st. m.* 1. guest.—2. hostile stranger, enemy. (Ger. *gast.*)

gæst. See gâst.

gæstan, *u. r.* to afflict, torment. (Cf. Goth. *us-gaisjan.*)

gæst-ærn, *st. n.* guest-house, inn, guest-chamber.

gæst-hof, *st. n.* the same as above. (Ger. *gasthof.*)

gæst-hûs, *st. n.* the same as above.

gæst-lic, *adj.* hospitable, ready for guests.

gæst-lic, *adj.* ghastly, strange, foreign, hostile, frightful, terrible.

gæst-lidnes, *st. f.* hospitality.

gæst-mægen, *st. n.* company of guests, guests.

gæst-sele, *st. m.* guest-hall, hall in which the guests spend their time.

gæd. See gân.

gafol, gaful, *st. n.* tribute, recompense, tax; sacrifice.

gaful-ræden, *st. f.* same as above.

gâl, *adj.* joyful, gay, light, wanton, wicked. (Ger. *gail.*) [*folly.*]

gâl, *st. n.* lasciviousness, lust, luxury,

— galan, *st. abl. r. IV.* to sing, resound, sound, cry aloud, cry, call, strike up. (Cf. *nightingale.*)

â-galan, to sing, resound, ring out.

galdor, galg-, galga. See gealdor, gealg, gealga.

gâl-ferhd, *adj.* wanton, licentious.

gâl-môd, *adj.* wanton, licentious.

gâl-scipe, *st. m.* excess, extravagance, wantonness.

gamban, gomban, *st. f.*, or, according to Bouterwerk, gombe, *u. f.* tribute, interest.

gamelian, gomelian, *u. r.* to age, grow old.

gamen, gomen, *st. n.* game, social pleasure, rejoicing, joyous doings, joke, play, sport, joy, pleasure.

gamen-wâd, *st. f.* journey in joyous society, joyous journey.

gamen-wudu, *st. m.* joy-giving wood, harp.

gamol, gomel, *adj.* 1. old, aged, gray.

2. of things,—old, from old time.

3. *pl.* late, belonging to the former time, ancestors.

gamol-ferhd, *adj.* aged.

gamol-feax, *adj.* with gray hair, gray-haired.

gân, to go, come, walk, happen. Cf. *gangan.* (Ger. *gehen.*)

â-gân, 1. to pass, come to pass, befall.—2. to come forth, grow.—

3. *bearnum* âgân, to approach with children.

be-, bi-gân, to commit, exercise, practice, celebrate, cherish.

ful-gân, 1. to bring to an end, fulfill, accomplish.—2. to follow, comply with, carry out.

ge-gân, 1. to go.—2. to come to pass, happen, befall.—3. to pass, go by.—4. to attain through going, overcome, conquer, occupy.—5. to observe exercise, practice.

ymb-gân, to go around.

gancgan. See *gangan.*

gang, *pret.* of *geongan.*

gang, gong, *st. m.* 1. going, gait, way, course.—2. step, footstep.—

3. way, extent, course, going, space.

4. force, assault, attack.—5. outpouring, passage. Kr. 23.

gangan, gongan, *st. red. v.* **1.** to go, come, walk, march.—**2.** to happen, turn out, take place.

â-gangan, to pass over, pass by, go out, forth, befall, happen.

æt-gangan, to go to, approach.

be-, bi-gangan, to commit, exercise, fulfill, perform, practice, cherish, observe, worship.

for-gangan, to go before.

fore-gangan, to go before.

ful-gangan, to go through to the end, perfect, finish, suffer, endure.

ge-gangan, **1.** to go, approach.

2. to keep, observe.—**3.** to occur,

happen, befall, fall to one's share.

4. to take possession of, obtain, acquire, overcome, become partaker of, possess.—**5.** to effect, attain, reach, bring about.

ofer-gangan, **1.** to go or pass over.—**2.** to overcome.—**3.** to come upon, overtake.

on-gangan, to come toward, approach.

tô-gangan, **1.** to go into.—**2.** *impers. w. gen.* to pass, happen.

purh-, puruh-gangan, to go through, press through, penetrate, perforate.

wid-gangan, **1.** to go against, ("to prosper," Thorpe).—**2.** to pass away, vanish, disappear.

ymbe-gangan, to go around.

gânian, *w. v.* to yawn, gape, open.

(*Ger. gânnen*.) [fowl.

ganot, ganet, *st. m.* diver, water-

gâr, *st. m.* point of an arrow or spear, arrow, spear, dart, javelin, missile.

(*Ger. ger.*)

gâr, *st. m.* biting, cutting cold. Gen. 316.

gâr-berend, *part. & subs.* spear-bearer, warrior.

gâr-bêam, *st. m.* spear-shaft.

gâr-cêne, *adj.* spear-bold.

gâr-cwealm, *st. m.* death by the spear.

gâr-faru, *st. f.* **1.** spear-bearing host.

2. shower of darts, flying missiles.

gâr-getrum, *st. n.* thick mass of spears, many spears.

gâr-gewinn, *st. n.* battle of spears, battle.

gâr-hêap, *st. m.* spear-heap, band of spearmen.

gâr-holt, *st. n.* wood of the spear, shaft, spear.

gâr-mitting, *st. f.* spear-meeting, battle.

gâr-nid, *st. m.* spear-battle, fight fought with spears.

gâr-ræes, *st. m.* spear-rush, battle.

gâr-secg, -sæcg, *st. m.* sea, ocean.

gâr-torn, *st. n.* anger shown by spears.

gâr-bracu, *st. f.* storm or attack of spears, battle.

gâr-prist, *adj.* bold with the spear, daring.

gâr-wiga, *w. m.* one who fights with the spear, spearman.

gâr-wigend, *part. & subs.* same as above.

gâr-wudu, *st. m.* spear-wood, lance, dart, spear.

gast. See **gæst**.

gâst, gæst, *st. m.* **1.** ghost, breath, spirit, soul; spirit as principle of

life, thought, &c.; souls of the

dead.—**2.** man, human being.—

3. angel.—**4.** Holy Ghost.—**5.**

devil, demon.—**6.** sprite, fairy, elf.

(*Ger. geist*.)

gâst-bana, *w. m.* soul-murderer, devil.

gâst-berend, *part. & subs.* soul-bearer, man.

gâst-côfa, *w. m.* chamber of the soul, breast.

gâst-cund, *adj.* coming from the soul, spiritual.

gāst-cwalu, *st. f.* soul-torment, pains of hell. [God.]

gāst-cyning, *st. m.* king of the soul,

gāst-gedāl, *st. n.* separation of soul and body, death.

gāst-gehygd, *st. f. n.* thought of the mind, thought.

gāst-gemynd, *st. n.* same as above.

gāst-genidla, *w. m.* enemy of souls, devil.

gāst-gerýne, *st. n.* 1. spiritual mystery.— 2. thought, consideration, reflection, deliberation.

gāst-gewinn, *st. n.* torment of the soul, pains of hell.

gāst-hālig, *adj.* holy in spirit, holy.

gāst-lēas, *adj.* soulless, dead.

gāst-lic, *adj.* ghostly, spiritual.

gāst-lice, *adv.* spiritually.

gāst-lufe, *w. f.* love of the soul, spiritual love.

gāst-sunu, *st. m.* spiritual son, Christ.

gāt, *st. m. f.* goat, she-goat. (Ger. *geisz*.)

ge, *conj.* and; **ge—ge**, both—and, not only—but also.

ge, *pron. nom. pl.* ye; *gen.* ēower; *dat.* ēow, iow; *acc.* ēowic, ēow.

ge-aru, **ge-arnung**. See **geearu**, **geearnung**.

ge-ædele, *adj.* ancestral, hereditary, natural.

ge-æhtla, *w. m.* persecutor? warrior? B. 369. (Grein.)

ge-æhtle, *w. f.* estimation, consideration. (B.-T.) [tion.]

ge-æhtung, *st. f.* counsel, deliberation.

ge-bæru, *st. n. pl.* behavior, manner, conduct, doing, demeanor; address, bearing, manners.

ge-ban, **-bann**, *st. n.* commission, order, command.

ge-bed, *st. n.* prayer, petition, supplication. (Ger. *gebet*.)

ge-bedda, *w. m. f.* bedfellow, wife.

gebed-scipe, *st. m.* a lying together, bedfellowship, marriage.

gebed-stōw, *st. f.* place of prayer, oratory.

ge-beorg, **-beorh**, *st. n.* mountain, chain of mountains? Ps. 67, 15.

ge-beorg, **-beorh**, *st. n.* place of refuge, protection, defense, safety.

ge-béot, *st. n.* oath, promise, agreement.

ge-bihd, *st. f.* dwelling-place, village, region (abode, Thorpe). Gd. 846.

ge-bind, *st. n.* band, fetter, chain.

ge-bland, **-blond**, *st. n.* blending, mingling, turmoil, commotion, uproar.

ge-blēod, *part.* colored, variegated, appearing colored, beautiful in appearance.

ge-bod, *st. n.* command, order. (Ger. *gebot*.)

gebod-scipe, *st. m.* command, order.

ge-bræc, *st. n.* breaking, noise, crash, sound.

ge-brec, *st. n.* the same as above.

ge-bregd, *st. n.* vibration, movement, agitation, tossing to and fro.

gebregd-stafas, *st. m. pl.* arts, artifices? Sal. 2.

ge-brōdor, **-brōdru**, *st. m. pl.* brothers, brethren. (Ger. *gebrüder*.)

ge-byrd, *st. f.* 1. birth.— 2. kind, nature, quality.

ge-byrd, *st. n. f.* fate, destiny? B. 1074.

ge-byrde, *adj.* by birth, natural, innate, inborn.

gebyrd-tið, *st. f.* birthtime.

ge-byrdu, *st. f.* 1. birth.— 2. race, origin.— 3. nature, quality. (Ger. *geburt*.)

ge-byre, *st. m.* (favorable) opportunity, occasion.

ge-byrmed, *st. n.* leavened bread.

ge-camp, *st. n.* soldiery, army; contest, fight, battle.

ge-corenes, *st. f.* election, choice.

ge-cost, *adj.* proved, chosen, tried.

ge-crod, *st. n.* crowd, throng.

ge-cwême, *adj.* agreeable, dear, pleasant, acceptable, obedient. (Ger. *bequem*.)

ge-cynd, *st. f.* nature, natural disposition, kind, spirit, quality, peculiarity, condition.— **2.** birth, origin, generation. Hy. 9, 11, 52.— **3.** sum-total of beings of one kind, genus.

ge-cynde, *adj.* inborn, innate, natural, belonging by birth.

ge-cynde, **-cynd**, *st. n.* **1.** nature, spirit, natural disposition, kind, quality, peculiarity, original condition.— **2.** manner, way.— **3.** destiny, fate. (Ger. *kind*.)

ged, *st. n.* song, poem.

ge-dafen, *part. & adj.* becoming, suitable, fit.

ge-dafen-lic, *adj.* same as above.

ge-dâl, *st. n.* **1.** separation, parting. **2.** distribution. Wid. 73.

ge-dêfe, *adj.* **1.** fit, proper, appropriate, seemly, agreeable, decent; respectable, mild, gentle, good, kind, friendly. (Goth. *gadobs*.)

ge-dêfe, *adv.* fitly, decently.

ge-dræg. See **gedreag**.

ge-dræfnæs, *st. f.* perturbation, unrest, disquiet.

ge-drêfednes, *st. f.* same as above.

ge-drême, **-drÿme**, *adj.* harmonious, joyous, cheerful.

ge-drep, *st. n.* stroke, blow.

ge-dreag, **-dræg**, *st. n.* dragging hither and thither, driving, tumult, noise, disturbance.

ge-driht. See **gedryht**.

ge-drinc, *st. n.* drinking, earouse.

ge-dryht, **-driht**, *st. f.* crowd, host, multitude.

ge-drÿme. See **gedrême**.

ge-dwæs, *adj.* foolish, silly, stupid.

ge-dweola, *w. m.* godlessness, error, heresy.

ge-dwild, **-dwiold**, **-dwyld**, *st. n.* the same as above.

ge-dwola, *w. m.* the same as above.

gedwol-mist, *st. m.* mist, obscurity of error.

ge-dyn, *st. n.* din, noise.

ge-dyrst, *st. f.* unrest, excitement, anxiety? Hð. 108.

ge-drystig, *adj.* bold, rash, daring.

ge-earnung, **-arnung**, *st. f.* merit, desert, benefit.

ge-earu, **-aru**, *adj.* unimpeded, quick, ready.

ge-fædran, *w. m. pl.* godfathers.

ge-fægra. See **gefêge**. B. 915.

ge-fær, *st. n.* journey, expedition, warlike expedition.

ge-fora, *w. m.* traveling companion, companion.

ge-fêge, *adj.* agreeable, pleasant, useful.

ge-fêra, *w. m.* companion, associate, comrade.

ge-fêre, *adj.* easy of access, accessible.

gefêr-scipe, *st. m.* companionship, company, society.

gefest. See **geaf**.

ge-fêa, *w. m.* joy.

ge-feald, *st. n.* fold, region, abode.

ge-fêalic, *adj.* joyous, refreshing, delightful.

ge-feoht, **-feht**, *st. n.* fight, combat, warlike deed.

gefeoht-dæg, *st. m.* day of battle.

ge-fic, *st. n.* fraud, deceit.

ge-flit, *st. n.* contention, dispute, quarrel, contest, emulation, rivalry.

ge-flota, *w. m.* swimming-companion, floater, whale.

ge-fôg, *st. n.* juncture, joining, joint.

ge-fræge, **-frêge**, *adj.* what is asked after or talked about; hence, well-known, famous, celebrated, notorious, renowned.

ge-fræge, **-frêge**, *st. n.* information through hearsay:—**mine** **gefræge**, as I have learned from others.

ge-frige, *st. n.* hearsay, inquiry, investigation.

ge-fyrn, *adv.* once, formerly, of old, in ancient days.
gegen. See **gegn**.
ge-geuge, *adj.* becoming, fit.
gegn, **geagn**, **gēan**, **gēn**, *prep.* against, again.
gegn-cwide, *st. m.* reply, answer, response.
gegninga, **geagnunga**, *adv.* fully, entirely, plainly, evidently, openly, directly, straightway.
gegn-pæd, *st. m.* opposite, hostile path.
gegn-, **gēan-ryne**, *st. m.* running against, meeting.
gegn-slege, *st. m.* return blow, exchange of blows, battle.
gegnum, *adv.* forward, against, thither, toward, away.
geguunga, **gēnunga**, *adv.* **1.** openly, plainly, evidently, directly, fully, entirely, surely.—**2.** straightway. *Gū.* 785.
ge-grind, *st. n.* rubbing or grinding, crash, war, commotion.
ge-hange, **-honge**, *adj.* having the hang of, disposed, inclined to.
ge-hât, *st. n.* stipulation, agreement, vow, promise. (*Ger. geheisz*; *O. H. Ger. kiheiz*.)
ge-hende, *adj.* neighboring, near, next.
ge-hende, *adv.* near, at hand.
ge-hêrnes. See **gehýrnes**.
ge-heald, *st. m.* keeper, guardian.
ge-healt, *st. f. n.* watch, guard.
ge-héaw, *st. n.* hewing, striking together, gnashing.
ge-heort, *adj.* courageous, stout-hearted.
ge-higd. See **gehygd**.
ge-hilt, *st. n.* hilt, handle.
ge-hlæg, *st. n.* derision, mockery, scorn.
ge-hlēda, *w. m.* companion, comrade, inhabitant.

ge-hlid, **-hlid**, *st. n.* lid, covering, inclosure, gate, portal.
ge-hlȳde, *st. n.* cry, calling aloud.
ge-hlyn, *st. n.* noise, din, disturbance.
ge-hnæst, **-hnâst**, *st. n.* collision, battle.
ge-hola, *w. m.* protector, defender.
ge-hrēow, *st. n.* lamentation.
gehðu, **geohðu**, **giohðu**, **gihðu**, **geodu**, **gidu**, *st. f.* care, sorrow, anxiety, sadness.
ge-hwā, *pron.* every one, whoever.
ge-hwær, *adv.* **1.** everywhere.—**2.** whithersoever, in all directions.
ge-hwæder, *pron.* each of two, either, other, both.
ge-hwædre, *adv.* nevertheless, however.
ge-hwelc. See **gehwilc**.
ge-hweorf, *adj.* tractable, obedient.
ge-hwider, *adv.* in every direction, everywhere.
ge-hwylc, **-hwilc**, **-hwelc**, *pron.* each, every, any, whoever, whatever.
ge-hȳd = **gehygd**, *st. n.* thought, reflection. *Dan.* 732.
ge-hygd, **-higd**, *st. f. n.* reflection, consideration, sentiment, thought, endeavor, counsel, consultation.
ge-hyld, *st. n.* **1.** custody, keeping, protection.—**2.** preservation. *Az.* 169.
ge-hyld, *st. n.* recess, vault; what is brought into safe keeping.
ge-hýrnes, **-hêrnes**, *st. f.* hearing, report, praise.
ge-hyrst, *st. f.* ornament.
ge-lâc, *st. n.* **1.** play, sport;—**ecga gelâc**, battle.—**2.** fortune, destiny? *An.* 1094.—**3.** crowd, multitude. *Cri.* 896.
ge-lâd, *st. n.* way, path, course.
ge-lagu, *st. f. n.* sea;—**holma gelagu**, stormy, tempestuous sea.

ge-lang, -long, adj. along of, dependent, extending, reaching to something or somebody, ready, prepared, at hand;—**gelang on**, long of, owing to. Bed. 3, 10.

ge-lād, adj. hostile.

geldan. See **gildan**.

ge-lenge, adj. belonging to, pertaining to, given up to, addicted to.

ge-lēafa, w. m. belief, faith. [true.

gelēaf-ful, adj. believing, faithful,

gelēaf-sum, adj. credible, sure.

ge-leoren, part. gone hence, dead.

ge-lic, adj. 1. like, similar, equal.—
2. likely, probable. Met. 19, 12.
(Ger. *gleich*.)

ge-lic, st. n. likeness, similarity.

ge-lica, w. m. like, equal.

ge-lice, adv. equally, alike, as, in like manner.

ge-licnes, st. f. likeness, image, resemblance.

ge-limp, st. n. occurrence, event, favorable situation, good fortune.

ge-list. See **gelysted**.

gellan, giellan, gyllan, st. abl. v. I.
to yell, cry out; sound, ring, war,
sing, cry, call. (Ger. *gellen*.)

bi-gellan, to sing, celebrate.

ge-lōme, adv. continually, frequently,
often, always, repeatedly.

gelp. See **gilp**.

ge-lynd, st. f. fat, grease.

ge-mæc, adj. becoming, fit, suitable,
companionable.

ge-mæcca, w. m. comrade, companion,
spouse, husband or wife.

gemæc-scipe, st. m. companionship,
cohabitation, marriage.

ge-mæl, adj. tintured, colored,
dyed. (Cf. Ger. *malen*; Goth.
maljan.)

ge-mæne, adj. common, in common,
general, mutual. (Ger. *gemein*.)

gemæn-nes, st. f. communion, fellowship.

gemæn-scipe, st. m. same as above.

ge-mære, st. n. border, boundary,
end, limit.

ge-māgas, st. m. pl. kindred by blood,
relations.

ge-māl, adj. unsuitable, silly, impious.

gēman. See **gýman**.

ge-māna, w. m. communion, fellowship,
commerce, company, society,
union, companionship, community.

ge-mang, -mong, st. n. mixture,
crowd, troop, mass, congregation,
company.

ge-mæde, adj. agreeable, pleasant.

ge-mæde, st. n. consent, agreement,
approval, permission.

gēmen. See **gýmen**.

ge-met, st. n. 1. measure, bounds,
limit.—2. portion, share.—3.
boundary, limit, end.—4. regulation,
rule, law.—5. capacity, ability,
might, strength, power.

ge-met, adj. measured, fit, becoming,
suitable, good, meet.

ge-mete, adv. aptly, fitly, meetly.

ge-mête, adj. meeting, lighting upon
(Grein); — *part.* met. (B.-T.)
Jul. 334.

gemet-fæst, adj. moderate, modest.

ge-méting, st. f. 1. meeting, assembly,
congregation.—2. hostile
meeting, battle.

gemet-lice, adv. in a proper manner,
meetly.

ge-mearc, st. n. what is marked off,
boundary, limit.

ge-meotu, st. n. pl. See **gemet**.

ge-môt, st. n. 1. moot, coming together,
meeting, assembly, society,
council.—2. running together,
meeting, conflict.

gemôt-stede, st. m. place of meeting.

ge-mynd, st. f. n. 1. memory, recollection,
remembrance.—2. mind,
thought, intention, meaning, consideration.
(Goth. *ga-munds*.)

ge-mynde, *adj.* mindful, heedful, remembering.

ge-myndig, *adj.* the same as above.

gên, **gien**, **1.** denoting the continuance of an action or a condition; again, yet, still.—**2.** further, besides, also.—**3.** yet (what is near, impending, not done yet, for which there is just time, &c.)—**4.** again, moreover, once more, once again.
5. hitherto, up to this time, in past time.—**6.** *ic. compar.* yet, even.—**7.** *ic. negative*, not yet, no more, no longer.

gên-. See **gegn-**.

gêna, **gien**, **gêno** = **gên**, yet, still.

ge-nægled, *part. & adj.* nailed.

ge-namne, *pl. of* like name, of the same name (Grein):—**ge-numne**(?) See **ge-niman** (B.-T.). Râ. 53, 3.

ge-nâg, *adj.* stemming, striking, pressing? Reim. 57, 58.

ge-nehe, **-nehhe**, **-nehhige**. See **geneahhe**, **-neahhige**.

ge-ner, *st. n.* refuge.

ge-nêahe, *st. pl.* neighbors? near relations? Léas. 36.

ge-neahhe, **-neahhe**, **-nehhe**, **-nehe**, *adv.* enough, sufficiently, in the highest degree, very, much, frequently, immediately.

ge-neahhie, **-neahhige**, **nehhige**, *adv.* the same as above.

ge-nêahsen, *adj.* neighboring, near.

ge-nêat, *st. m.* comrade, companion. (Ger. *genoss*.)

genêat-scolu, *st. f.* crowd, band of comrades.

geug, **gêug**. See **geong**, **gangan**.

gengan, *ic. r.* to go, run, travel, pass.

tô-gengan, to separate, depart.

geuge, *adj.* customary, current, usual, weighty, successful.

ge-niht, *st. f. n.* abundance, plenty, fruitfulness, sufficiency, fullness.

geniht-sum, *adj. 1.* plentiful, copious, abundant, sufficient.—**2.** easily satisfied, contented.

ge-nip, *st. n.* enveloping darkness, mist, cloud, darkness, obscurity.

ge-nidla, *ic. m.* enemy, hostility, enmity, hate.

gennan, *ic. r.* to gallop, dash forward.

gêno. See **gêna**.

genôg, **-nôh**, *adv.* enough, abundantly, sufficiently. (Ger. *genug*.)

gênunga. See **gegnunga**.

ge-râd, **-ræd**, *adj.* advised, informed, experienced, prudent, skillful, ready, prepared, tasteful, elegant.

gerâd-scipe, *st. m.* wisdom, prudence, reason.

ge-rædan? Gn. Ex. 178.

ge-ræde, *st. n.* trappings for the breast, housings, equipage, harness, household furniture (Grein); arrangement, adjustment, mediation, interposition (Zupitza).

ge-ræf, *st. n.* what is decided, fixed. (*ms. græf*.) Reim. 71.

ge-ræswa, *ic. m.* comrade, leader.

gêr. See **geâr**.

gere. See **geare**. [ment.]

ge-rec, *st. n.* rule, direction, government.—**gerec-lice**, *adv.* straightway, immediately, directly.

ge-rêfa, *ic. m.* an officer appointed by the king, officer, prefect. (Cf. **sheriff** = **scir-gerêfa**.)

gerela, **gierela**, *ic. m.* clothes, garment, covering.

ge-rên, *st. n.* ornament.

ge-rêne. See **gerýne**.

ge-reord, **-reorde**, *st. n.* tongue, speech, language, speaking, voice.

ge-reord, **-reorde**, *st. n.* refreshment, meal, feast, supper, hospitality.

ge-riht, **-ryht**, *st. n.* direction, right path.

ge-rim, *st. n.* number, count, reckoning.

ge-risne, -rysne, *st. n.* what is appropriate, proper, becoming, seeming, convenient:—appropriate, becoming manner, propriety, convenience.

ger-scipe, *st. m.* joke, polish, culture, cleverness, dexterity (Leo). Reim. 11.

ge-rûm, *st. n.* room, space;—**on ge-rûm**, at large, farther = far and wide. Râ. 21, 14;—away, apart. El. 320.

ge-rûma, *w. m.* wide, extended space.

ge-rûme, *adj.* roomy, extended, ample, spacious, great, lying open. (Ger. *geraum*.)

gerwan, gærwian, girwan, gierwan, gyrwan, gearwian, *w. v.* **1.** to equip, clothe.—**2.** to equip, make ready for battle, prepare beforehand.—**3.** to adorn, decorate.—**4.** to prepare, make ready, put in condition, make, build, erect.

ge-gerwan, &c., **1.** to put on, array, bind about, clothe.—**2.** to adorn, ornament.—**3.** to equip, provide with, endow.—**4.** to make ready, prepare, fit out.

on-gyrwan, to unclothe.

ge-ryde, *adj.* convenient, opportune, fit, suitable.

ge-ryht. See **geriht**.

— **ge-rýne, -rêne**, *st. n.* secret, mystery, wonder.

ge-rysne. See **gerisne**.

ge-saca, *w. m.* adversary, enemy, opponent, foe.

ge-sælig, *adj.* happy, fortunate, favored by fortune, prosperous, rich, powerful.

gesælig-lic, *adj.* the same as above.

gesælig-nes, *st. f.* happiness.

gesæl-lic, *adj.* favored, fortunate, happy.

ge-sæld, *st. f.* good fortune, success, prosperity, good, wealth.

ge-samning, -somning, *st. f.* congregation, assembly.

ge-samnung, *st. f.* same as above.

ge-scâd, -sceâd, *st. n.* **1.** distinction, discrimination, difference, reason.

—**2.** distinction, separation.

gescâd-lice (-sceâd-), *w. v.* in a reasonable manner, rationally.

gescâd-wis (-sceâd-), *adj.* intelligent, wise, discriminating, prudent.

gescâdwis-nes (-sceâd-), *st. f.* discrimination, intelligence, prudence, discretion.

ge-scæp-hwil, *st. f.* fated hour, death-hour.

ge-scentu, *st. f.* confusion, disturbance? See 49.

ge-sceâd. See **gescâd**.

ge-sceaft, -scaeft, -sceft, *st. f.* **1.** creature, creation, what is created;—in the *sg.* it is used to denote partly the whole creation, partly the earth or the heavens, and sometimes a single creature.—**2.** what is sent by God; lot, fate, destiny.

ge-sceap, *st. n.* **1.** creature, creation, world.—**2.** fate, destiny, what is fixed or appointed by destiny, a gift of destiny, nature, natural disposition, form, shape, manner, appearance. (Ger. *geschöpf*.)

ge-schildend, -scyldend, *part. & subs.* protection, protector.

ge-scip, *st. n.* fate, destiny, fortune. B. 2570. (Groschopp.)

ge-scife, *adj.* advancing. B. 2571. (Harrison & Sharp.) [dress.

ge-scirpla, *w. m.* clothing, apparel,

ge-scot, *st. n.* dart, thunderbolt.

gescot-feoht, *st. f.* fighting with darts or arrows, battle. [ders.

ge-sculdre, -scyldru, *st. n. pl.* should-

ge-scý, *st. n.* covering for the feet, shoes.

ge-scyldend. See **gescildend**.

ge-scyldru, *st. n. pl.* shoulders.

ge-sêft, *part. & adj.* softened, mild, gentle, pleasant.

ge-segen, *st. f.* saying, tradition.

ge-selda, *w. m.* companion, comrade.

ge-seld, *st. f.* dwelling-place, house, mansion.

ge-sêne. See **gesÿne**.

ge-set, *st. n.* seat, dwelling, domicile, house.

geset-nes, *st. f.* place, station.

gesewen-lic, *adj.* visible.

gesetu, *st. n. pl.* See **geset**.

ge-sib, **-syb**, *adj.* belonging to the same race; kin, related, near, intimate.

gesib-lice, *adv.* peacefully, harmoniously.

ge-sihd, **-siehd**, **-syhd**, *st. f.* sight, power of seeing, eyes, face, appearance, aspect, view.

ge-sine. See **gesÿne**.

ge-singe, *w. f.* wife.

ge-sid, *st. m.* companion, comrade, follower, associate.

gesid-mægen, *st. n.* crowd or course of followers.

ge-sidd, *st. n.* companionship, fellowship, company. (Ger. *gesinde*.)

ge-siehd, **-siene**. See **gesihd**, **-sÿne**.

ge-sleht, **-sliht**, **-slyht**, *st. n.* battle, conflict.

gêsne. See **gæsnæ**.

ge-som, *adj.* concordant, unanimous, united, friendly.

ge-span, **-spon**, *st. n.* joining, plaiting, fastening together, web, clasp.

ge-span, **-spon**, *st. n.* enticement, seduction, wile. [clasp.]

ge-spang, **-spong**, *st. n.* fastening.

ge-sprec, *st. n.* ability to speak, power of speech.

ge-spreca, *w. m.* one that speaks with another, counselor.

ge-spring, *st. n.* surge, eddy, stream.

gest. See **gæst**.

ge-stæddig, *adj.* stable, fixed, firm.

ge-steal, *st. n.* foundation, ground, space.

ge-steald, *st. n.* place, dwelling, abode.

ge-stealla, *w. m.* comrade, companion.

ge-stréon, *st. n. pl.* collected or acquired treasures, possessions, jewels, property, riches, gain, treasure.

ge-stun, *st. n.* war, crash.

ge-sund, *adj.* whole, unhurt, safe, well, healthy, happy, prosperous. (Ger. *gesund*.)

ge-swæs, *adj.* dear, pleasant.

ge-sweorc, *st. n.* darkness, mist, cloud.

ge-sweoru, **-swiru**, **-swyru**, *st. n. pl.* hills.

ge-sweoster, *pl.* sisters. (Ger. *geschwister*.)

ge-swin. See **geswins**.

ge-swinc, *st. n.* labor, pains, tribulation.

geswinc-dagas, *st. m. pl.* days of tribulation.

ge-swing, *st. n.* vibration, fluctuation, tossing.

ge-swins, *st. n.* modulation of the voice in singing, song, melody.

ge-swiru. See **gesweoru**.

ge-swyru, **-syb**, **-syhd**. See **gesweoru**, **-sib**, **-sihd**.

ge-sÿne, **-sêne**, **-sine**, **-siene**, *adj.* visible, seen, plain, evident, open, clear.

ge-synto, *st. f.* health, unchanged condition, fruit, prosperity, safety. (Ger. *gesundheit*.)

get, **geta**. See **git**, **gita**.

ge-tæl, **-tel**, *st. n.* 1. tale, number, series, count, reckoning.—2. race, mass, company, tribe, hundred.

getæl-rim, *st. n.* the computed number, full number.

ge-tæse, *adj.* quiet, still, gentle, peaceful, comfortable, suitable.

ge-tâh, *st. n.* teaching, doctrine, discipline? Reim. 2.

ge-tal, *adj.* quick, swift, ready, expeditious.

getan, *v. r.* (to *get*, see *gitan*.) to hurt, injure, destroy, kill.

â-getan, the same as the above.

ge-tang, -tong, *adj.* given up to.

ge-tang, -tong, *st. n.* quick movement, haste? Reim. 8.

ge-tawa, *st. f. pl.* equipment, instruments.

ge-tel. See *getæl*.

ge-tenge, *adj.* near, reaching to, attached to, lying on or by, pressing on, heavy, oppressive; in short, showing immediate nearness.

ġe-têoh, *st. n.* matter, material (universe). Reim. 2.

ge-timbru, *st. n. pl.* building, edifice, structure. (Ger. *gezimmer*.) [tle.

ge-toht, *st. n.* warlike expedition, battle.

ge-trêowe, *adj.* true, faithful.

ge-trum, *st. n.* band, crowd, host,

army.

ge-trym, *st. m.* firmament, canopy.

ge-trýwe, *adj.* true, faithful.

ge-twiinnas, *st. m. pl.* twins. (Ger.

zwillinge.)

ge-týne, *st. n.* entrance, court.

ge-tynge, *adj.* speaking fluently, lo-

quacious.

ge-paca, *v. m.* one that covers or overlays anything, coverer, covering.

ge-pafa, *v. m.* favorer, helper, supporter, promoter.

ge-panc, -ponc, *st. m. n.* thought, thinking, intention, mind, opinion.

ge-pancol, *adj.* thoughtful, mindful.

ge-peaht, *st. f. n.* reflection, consideration, counsel, advice.

ge-peahting, -peahtung, *st. f.* counsel, determination, consent, agreement.

ge-peawe. See *gebýwe*.

ge-peode, *st. pl.* nations, peoples. Sat. 19.

ge-peode, *st. n.* speech, language.

ge-ping, *st. n. 1.* council, assembly.

2. agreement, terms, covenant.

B. 1085.—3. fate, providence, issue, destiny.

ge-pingdu, *st. f.* worth, honor, dignity.

ge-poht, *st. m.* thought, mind, manner of thinking; plan, determination.

ge-præc, -prec, *st. n.* press, crush, throng, crowd, stir, tumult.

ge-prang, *st. n.* throng, tumult. (Ger. *gedränge*.)

ge-pring, *st. n.* tumult, throng, crush, whirlpool.

ge-prûen, *adj.* brought together, pressed, compact.

ge-pwære, *adj.* united, willing, harmonious, gentle, mild, peaceful, quiet, complaisant.

ge-pýde, *adj.* good, liberal.

ge-pyht, *adj.* suitable, pleasing.

ge-pyld, *st. f.* patience, endurance, steadfastness. (Ger. *geduld*.)

ge-pyldig, *adj.* patient, long-suffering, even-minded, quiet. (Ger. *geduldig*.)

ge-pyncdu = gepingdu, *st. f.* honor, dignity, worth.

ge-pýwe, -péawe, *adj.* wont, accustomed, customary, usual.

ge-un-wendnes, *st. f.* unchangeableness, immutability.

ge-wæde, -wêde, *st. n.* weeds, clothing, garment, battle-dress, shirt-of-mail.

ge-wêd, *st. n.* fury, rage.

ge-wêde. See *gewæde*.

ge-wef, *st. n.* woof, weaving, web.

ge-wel-hwær, *adv.* everywhere.

ge-wealc, *st. n.* rolling, motion (of the wave); attack. Chron. Sax. a. 1100.

ge-weald, -wald, *st. f. n.* might, power. (Ger. *gewalt*.)

ge-wealdend, *part. & adj.* mighty, strong, powerful.

gewealdend-lice, *adv.* mightily, powerfully.
 gewealden-môð, *adj.* of a brave mind, bold, courageous.
 geweald-leder, *st. n.* leather for guiding, rein.
 ge-weoldum. See *gewild*.
 ge-weorc, *st. n.* work, deed, labor.
 ge-weorht. See *gewyrht*.
 ge-weorp, *st. n.* throwing, tossing, dashing.
 ge-widor, *st. n.* storm, tempest, weather. (Ger. *gewitter*.)
 ge-wil, -will, *st. n.* will, decision, wish.
 ge-wild, *st. n.* will, free will.
 ge-wilt? El. 938 = *gewitt*.
 ge-win, -winn, *st. n.* 1. fight, contest, strife, war, attack, disturbance, uproar, tumult.—2. pains, trouble, sorrow, oppression, agony. 3. gain, profit. (Ger. *gewinn*.)
 gewin-dæg, *st. m.* day of battle or of labor, pains, oppression, day of battle.
 ge-winna, *w. m.* enemy, oppressor, rival, foe.
 gewin-woruld, *st. f.* world full of pain and misery, world of care.
 ge-wiz, *adj.* certain, sure, trustworthy. (Ger. *gewiss*.)
 gēwis, *st. f.* distress, tribulation, need.
 ge-wislice, *adv.* truly, surely, certainly.
 ge-wit, *st. n.* wits, understanding, mind, thought, insight, consciousness, knowledge, breast, soul, heart.
 ge-wita, *w. m.* witness, accessory.
 ge-wita, *w. m.* comrade, companion.
 gewit-lêas, *adj.* thoughtless, foolish, silly.
 gewit-loca, *w. m.* the inclosure of intelligence, mind, thought, breast.
 gewit-nes, *st. f.* witness, testimony, joint knowledge; knowledge, cognizance; a witness (testis).

ge-witod, *st. m.* condition of life fixed for any one by destiny? Reim. 44. (*ms.* *gewited*.)
 ge-witt. See *gewit*.
 ge-wittig, *adj.* having intelligence, knowing, conscious.
 ge-wlô, *adj.* decorated, adorned.
 ge-worf. See *geweorf*.
 ge-writ, *st. n.* writing, letter, book, especially the Scriptures.
 ge-wrixle, *st. n.* change, exchange, barter, arrangement, bargain.
 ge-wun, *adj.* wont, accustomed.
 ge-wuna, *w. m.* use, custom, manner, rite.
 ge-wyðor. See *gewidor*.
 ge-wyrd, *st. f.* 1. event, occurrence. 2. destiny, lot assigned by fate. Men. 66.
 ge-wyrht, -weorht, *st. n.* 1. deed, work, labor, service.—2. fate's decree, lot fixed by destiny. Dôrn. 61.
 ge-wyrhta, *w. m.* worker, doer, author.
 gēac, *st. m.* (gawk), cuckoo. (Ger. *kuckuk*, *gauch*.)
 gēacnung. See *ge-ēacnung*.
 geador, gador, *adv.* together, at the same time, altogether, jointly.
 geaf, *adj.* serving for pastime, jocose.
 geafe, *w. f.* gift, present.
 geafas, *st. m. pl.* beak, jaws, (gaffles).
 geafol, *st. n.* tribute, gift.
 geagl, *st. m.* throat, gullet; jaws.
 geagn-, geagninga, gēahd. See *gegn*, *gegninga*, *gēad*.
 gealdor, galdor, *st. n.* sound, tone, song, magic song, incantation, spell, excommunication, speech.
 gealdor-craft, *st. m.* magic art, incantation, excommunication.
 gealdor-cwide, *st. m.* song, speech, incantation.
 gealdor-word, *st. n.* word of a song, magic word.
 gealga, galga, *w. m.* gallows, cross. (Ger. *galgen*.)

gealg-, gealh-, galg-môd, *adj.* bilious, choleric, furious, wrath, angry;—melancholy, sad, gloomy.

gealg-trêow, *st. n.* gallows-tree, gallows, cross. [*galle.*]

gealla, ealla, *w. m.* gall, bile. (Ger.)

gêan, gêanes. See *gegn*, *gegnes*.

geap, gate? Ruin. 11, 31. (Grein.)

gêap, gêapu, *st. f.* expanse, room. (B.-T.)

gêap, *adj.* 1. broad, wide, spread out, roomy.—2. experienced, astute, sly, crafty, cunning.

gêap-neb, *adj.* an epithet of the coat-of-mail;—into *gêap-neb*? to be changed. Wald. 2, 18. (Grein.)

geap-neb, crooked-nibbed, with a bent beak, arched. (B.-T.)

gear, sport? jest? Reim. 25.

geâr, gêr, *st. n.* 1. year.—2. yearly tribute. (Ger. *jahr.*)

geâra, *adv. gen. pl.* of *geâr*,—yore, of yore, in former times, once, formerly.

geara, *adv.* fully, entirely, very well, enough, satisfactorily, sufficiently.

gearc, *adj.* ready, prompt.

geard, *st. m.* yard, hedge, inclosed space, dwelling-place, house. (Ger. *garten.*)

geâr-dagas, *st. m. pl.* 1. days of the year or of life.—2. former time, days of yore, former days;—*geâr-dagum*, *adv. instr.* formerly, in ancient days, once.

geare, gere, *adv.* complete, entirely, thoroughly, very well, sufficiently.

gearewe. See *gearwe*.

geâr-gemearc, *st. n.* mark or boundary of years; a year's time.

geâr-gerim, *st. n.* number of the years, years in number.

geâr-mæsl, *st. n.* time of years, in course of time, year by year.

gearnung. See *ge-earnung*.

gearo. See *ge-earu*.

geâr-rim, *st. n.* number of years.

geâr-torht, *adj.* splendid, bright in years, illustrious on account of yearly revenue.

gearu. See *ge-earu*.

gearu, gearo, *adj.* yare, ready, prepared, prompt, finished, equipped; complete.

gearu, gearo, *adv.* promptly, readily, fully, entirely, altogether, thoroughly, very well, richly.

gearu-brygd, *st. f.* prompt, complete vibration. Crä. 50.

gearu-folm, *adj.* with ready hand.

gearu-gangende, *part.* going unimpeded, swiftly.

gearu-lice, *adv.* completely, fully, very well.

gearu-szotor, -snottor, *adj.* very wise, prudent.

gearu-pancol, *adj.* very thoughtful, prudent.

gearuwian. See *gerwan*.

gearu-wyrdig, *adj.* ready with words, ready to strike, eloquent.

gearwe, gearuwe, gearewe, *adv.* completely, entirely, altogether, well, very well, safely, satisfactorily. (Ger. *gar.*)

gearwe, *st. f. pl.* equipment, clothing, ornaments, gear.

gearwe, *w. f.* the same as above.

gearwian. See *gerwan*.

geâsne. See *gæsne*.

geat, gat, *st. n.* gate, door. (Ger. *gasse.*)

geato-lic, *adj.* ready, well-prepared, handsome, splendid.

geatwan, *w. v.* to make ready, prepare, adorn.

geatwe, *st. f. pl.* equipment, adornment.

gêað, gêahd, *st. f.* foolishness, lasciviousness, wantonness, luxury, mockery.

gêo, gio, *adv.* once, formerly. (Goth. *ju.*)

geoc, gioc, *st. n.* yoke.

gēoc, ēoc, gioc, *st. f.* help, support, rescue, safety, consolation, alleviation.

gēocend, *part. & subs.* helper, rescuer, Savior.

gēocian, *ic. r., ic. gen., or dat.* to help, preserve, rescue, save.

gēocor, *adj.* strong, brave, wild, wicked, bad, ill, perilous, oppressive, bitter, dire, sad.

gēocre, *adv.* harshly, roughly, severely, angrily.

geocsa, geohsa, gihsa, *ic. m.* sobbing, rattling in the throat. Met. 2, 5.

geofa, geofan, geofe. See **gifa, gifan, gife, gifu**.

geofian, *ic. r.* to give, present.

geofon, gifen, gyfen, *st. n.* sea, flood.

geofon-flōd, *st. m.* flood of the sea.

geofon-hūs, *st. n.* sea-house, ship.

geofen-ŷd, *st. n.* sea-wave, billow.

geofu. See **gifu**.

geogud, giogud, *st. f.* 1. youth, age or state of youth, time of youth.—

2. youth, young persons, young men, young warriors. (Ger. *jugend*.)

geogud-cnōsl, *st. n.* young family, children.

geogud-feorh, *st. n.* age of youth, youth.

geogud-hād, *st. m.* state of youth, time of youth, youth.

geogud-myru, *st. f.* joy of youth? Rā. 39, 2.

geohsa, geohdu. See **geocsa, gehdu**.

geoleca, geolca, giolca, *ic. m.* yolk.

geolo, -u, *adj.* yellow.

geolo-rand, *st. m.* yellow shield (shield with a covering of interlaced linden-bark).

gēomær? Ps. 77, 39;—perhaps to be changed into **gēon, gēan-cer**.

Cf. **geoncyr occursus**. (Lye.)

gēo-man, *st. m.* man of former times.

gēomor, giomor, *adj.* sorrowful, sad, troubled, miserable, depressed in spirits, wretched. (Cf. Ger. *jammer*.)

gēomor-frōd, *adj.* old in sorrows, sage, wise, very old.

gēomor-gid, -gyd, *st. n.* dirge, funeral song, elegy, lamentation.

gēomor-lic, *adj.* sad, sorrowful, painful.

gēomor-lice, *adv.* sadly, sorrowfully, mournfully. [mind.]

gēomor-mōd, *adj.* sad, sorrowful in
gēomran, -rian, *ic. r.* to mourn, lament, be sorrowful, be sad, complain. (Ger. *jammern*.)

gēoncer. See **gēomær**.

geond, gioud, *prep. ic. acc.* through, throughout, along, over, as far as, beyond, between;—used in general to denote extension in space.

geong, geng, ging, iung, giung, *adj.*

1. young, youthful.—2. recent, new, fresh.—3. *superl.* the last. B. 2817. (Ger. *jung*.)

geong, *st. m.* going, course, journey.

gēong, *pret.* of **gangan**.

geongan, *st. abl. r. I.* to go.

geonge-wifre, *ic. f.* a weaver in going, spider.

geongor-dōm, *st. m.* discipleship, obedience, service.

geongor-scipe, *st. m.* same as above.

geongra, giongra, gingra, *ic. m.* disciple, follower, dependant, vassal, servant. (Ger. *jünger*.)

geongre, gingre, *ic. f.* female servant.

gēopan, *st. abl. r. VI.* to take up into one's self, swallow.

georn, *adj.* diligent, studious, desirous of seeking after, striving, eager, ardent, zealous. (Ger. *gerne*.)

georne, *adv.* 1. willingly, obligingly, gladly, readily, diligently, zealously, carefully, eagerly, anxiously.—

2. completely, fully, exactly, safely, surely. (Ger. *gern*.)

georn-ful, *adj.* solieitous, eager, desirous, zealous.

georn-lice, *adv.* eagerly, zealously, carefully, diligently, willingly.

georran, *st. abl. v. I.* to sound, creak, grate.

gêo-sceaft, *st. f.* long-fixed destiny, fate.

gêosceaft-gâst, *st. m.* spirit of remote antiquity, having his origin in the beginning of the world? — demon sent by fate? B. 1266.

geostra, giestra, gystra, *adj.* yester-, of yesterday. (Ger. *gestern*.)

geotan. See **gitan**.

gêotan, *st. abl. v. VI.* **1.** to pour, pour out, pour forth, shed. — **2.** *intrans.* to pour, empty, stream, flow. (Ger. *giessen*.)

â-gêotan, **1.** to pour out, shed. — **2.** to empty. — **3.** to stream out or forth, flow.

be-gêotan, **1.** to pour upon or over. — **2.** to pour into.

ge-gêotan, to pour.

purh-gêotan, to pour through, fill entirely, imbue.

geodn. See **gehdu**.

gicel, *st. m.* icicle (= ice-ice).

gid, gidd, gied, gyd, *st. n.* song, solemn alliterative song, speech, lay, poem, riddle.

giddian, gieddian, gyddian, *w. v.* to sing, speak, recite (in alliterative verse).

gidding, giedding, *st. f.* song, earnest discourse, saying, prophecy.

gif, gyf, *conj.* **1.** *w. indic. & subj. if.* — **2.** *w. indic. or subj.* although, even if. Gen. 661. — **3.** *w. indic. or subj.* whether.

gif, gyf, *st. n.* gift, favor, grace.

gifa, giefa, geofa, gyfa, *w. m.* giver, distributor.

gifan, giefan, gefan, geofan, giofan, gyfan, *st. abl. v. III.* to give. (Ger. *geben*.)

â-gifan, **1.** to give, deliver, give or send forth, impart, return. —

2. to restore, give back again. —

3. to give up, abandon, lose.

æt-gifan, to render, bring to the help of, afford help to.

for-gifan, **1.** to give, grant, concede, allow, deliver. — **2.** to forgive. **3.** to give up, leave, cease.

of-gifan, to give up, resign, lose, leave, send away, give away, set out.

gifen. See **geofon**.

gifer, *st. m.* eater, glutton? Seel. 118.

gified, sea, ocean? An. 489. (Grein.)

But see **gifede**, *st. n.*

gifede, gyfede, *adj.* given, granted.

gifede, *st. n.* what is given by destiny, fate. B. 3085.

gif-fæst, *adj.* endowed, gifted.

gif-heal, *st. f.* hall in which gifts are distributed, throne-hall.

gifi, gifel, giefi, gyfi, *st. n.* food, bit, morsel.

gif-nes, *st. f.* kindness, grace, favor.

gifre, *adj.* greedy, ravenous, rapacious, eager, desirous.

gifre, *adj.* salutary, useful.

gif-sceat, *st. m.* gift of value, present, tribute. B. 378.

gif-stôl, *st. m.* seat from which gifts are distributed, royal seat, throne.

gift, gyft, *st. f. n.* gift, dowry, marriage. (O. H. Ger. *gift*.)

gifu, giefu, geofu, giofu, gyfu, *st. f.* gift, present, benefit, grant, fief, grace, favor, talent, virtue, capacity, ability. (Ger. *gabe*.)

gigant, *st. m.* giant.

gigant-mæcg, *st. m.* son of a giant.

gihsa, gihsu. See **geocsa, gehdu**.

gild, giêld, gyld, *st. n.* **1.** reparation, reward, requital, retribution. — **2.** amends for something, compensation, substitute. — **3.** worship, cult, service, sacrifice. — **4.** divinity, deity. — **5.** idol.

gildan, gieldan, gyldan, geldan, st. *abl. v. I.* (to yield), **1.** to make reparation, restore, requite, repay, reward, pay.—**2.** to vow, sacrifice. (Ger. *gelten*.)

â-gildan, 1. to give back, pay.—

2. to offer one's self.

an-gildan, to pay for.

for-gildan, 1. to requite, pay.—

2. to reward one with something.

B. 956.—3. to give, pay, reward.—

4. to pay, fulfill. (Ger. *vergelten*.)

ge-gildan, to grant, give.

on-gildan, 1. to atone for, ex-

piate.—**2.** to pay, give up.—**3.** to receive as punishment. *Fä. 71.*

gilp, gelp, gielp, gylp, st. m. n. glory, glorious renown, boasting, boastful speech, big talking, arrogance, promise of great deeds.

gilpan, gielpan, gylpan, st. abl. v. I. (to yelp), to praise one's self, boast, be haughty, exult insolently, triumph, rejoice, exult.

â-gilpan, to boast, rejoice.

gilp-cwide, st. m. boastful speech, defiant speech.

gilpen, adj. vainglorious, boastful.

gilp-hlæden, adj. laden with boasts of defiance; he who has many such boasts, and consequently has been victorious in many combats; covered with glory. *B. 868.*

gilp-lic, adj. boastful, splendid.

gilp-plega, v. m. play in which defiance or boasts are hurled back and forth, war.

gilp-sceada, v. m. boastful, big-talking, arrogant enemy.

gilp-spræc, st. f. speech of defiance, boastful speech.

gilp-word, st. n. proud, boastful word (speech).

gilt. See *gylt*.

giltan. See *gyltan*.

gim, st. m. 1. gem, jewel.—**2.** eye.—

3. sun, constellation, star. (*O. H. Ger. gimma*.)

gim-cyn (gym), st. n. kind of gems, precious stones.

gim-reced, st. n. hall adorned with precious stones, or in which precious stones are distributed.

gin, adj. gaping, wide, extended.

gin, gyn, st. n. gaping abyss, chasm, expanse, deep, bottom.

ginan, st. abl. v. V.

be-ginan, to yawn at, stare at any one yawning.

tô-ginan, to be opened, be cleft, to split, gape.

gin-fæst, adj. firm on all sides, strong, mighty, powerful.

ging, gingra, gingre. See *geong, geongra, geongre*.

ginnan, gynnian, st. abl. v. I. (to gin.)

an-ginnan, to begin, commence.

be-ginnan, to begin, commence.

on-ginnan, 1. v. inf. to begin;—often used as a periphrastic way of denoting the simple action of the verb.—**2. v. acc.** to begin, undertake.—**3.** to make an attack upon any one, attack, rush upon, assail, assault, storm.

ginne. See *gin*.

gin-, ginn-wised, adj. very wise.

girran, girwan, gist. See *georran, gerwan, gæst*.

gisel, gýsel, st. m. hostage. (Ger. *geissel*.)

git, gyt, nom. voc. dual of the *pers. pron.* of the second person, ye two;

—**git Johannis**, thou and John;—*gen. inecr; dat. inec; acc. inecit, inec.*

git, get, giet, gyt, adv. yet, now, still, again, moreover, hitherto, up to this time;—*v. negative*, not yet, never before.

gita, geta, gieta, gyta, adv. hitherto, as yet.

gitan, gietan, gytan, geotan, *st. abl. v.*

III. to get.

â-gitan, to destroy, put out, overturn, hurt.

an-gitan, to take hold of, grasp, seize.

be-, bi-gitan, 1. to take, grasp, seize, reach, gain, attain, receive, befall.

2. to seize, attack. See f. 24.

for-gitan, *w. acc. & gen.* to forget. (Ger. *vergessen*.)

ofer-gitan, to neglect, forget.

on-gitan, to take hold of, grasp; especially to grasp intellectually; comprehend, perceive, distinguish, behold, recognize.

gitsian, gýtsian, *w. r.* to desire ardently, be avaricious, be greedy. (Ger. *geizen*.)

gitsung, *st. f.* concupiscence, lust, desire, avarice, covetousness.

gied, gieddian, giedding. See **gid, giddian, gidding**.

giefa, giefan, giefl, giefu. See **gifa, gifan, gifl, gifu**.

gield, gieldan, giellan, gielp, gielpan, gielt. See **gild, gildan, gellan, gilp, gilpan, gylt**.

gieman, giên, giena. See **gýman, gên, gêna**.

gieng, *pret.* from **gangan**.

gierd, gierela, gierwan. See **gyrd, gerela, gerwan**.

giest, giestra. See **gæst, geostra**.

giet, gieta, gietan. See **git, gita, gitan**.

gio (gio-), gioc, gioc, giofu, giofan, giogud, giohdu, gioleca, gioman, giomor, giond, giong, giong, giongor, giongra, giotan. See **géo, geoc, géoc, gifu, gifan, geogud, gehdu, geoleca, gêoman, gêomor, geond, geong, gangan, geongor, geongra, géotan**.

giong, *pret.* from **gangan**.

giung. See **geong**.

gladian, *w. r.* 1. to gleam, shimmer.

2. to cheer up, make glad; — *intrans.* to be glad, rejoice.

glæd, *adj.* 1. bright, gleaming, shining, beaming. — 2. **glad**, joyful. — 3. agreeable, pleasant, gracious, friendly, kind, obliging. (Ger. *glatt*.)

glæd, *st. n.* hilarity, joyousness, joy, gladness; — (**glade**, cheer. Halliwell).

glæde, *adv.* gladly, in a friendly, gracious way.

glæd-lic, *adj.* bright, shining, pleasant, agreeable, friendly.

glæd-lice, *adv.* gladly, willingly; in a gracious, pleasant manner.

glæd-môd, *adj.* 1. glad of mind, joyous, cheerful. — 2. friendly, kind, courteous, gracious.

glæde-stede. See **glêdstede**.

glæm, *st. m.* gleam, brightness, splendor, beauty.

glæs, *st. n.* glass. (Ger. *glas*.)

glæs-hluttur, glas-hlupor, *adj.* clear as glass, transparent.

glêd, *st. f.* heat, coals, fire, flame. (Ger. *gluth*.)

glêdan, *w. r.*

ge-glêdan, to make hot, kindle, light up.

purh-glêdan, to heat through.

glêd-egesa, *w. m.* terror on account of fire, fire-terror.

glêd-stede, -styde, *st. m.* place for fire, hearth, altar.

glendran, *w. r.*

for-glendran, to devour greedily, swallow up.

gleng, *st. f.* ornament, honor.

glengan, *w. r.* to adorn, decorate.

ge-glengan, the same as above.

glêam, *st. n.* joy, jubilation, loud rejoicing.

glêaw, *adj.* 1. penetrating, acute, sly, skilled, sagacious, wise; knowing, having knowledge of any-

- thing.—2. good.—3. cowardly, neglectful, economical, considerate, avaricious. (Ger. *glau*.)
- glêawe**, *adv.* wisely, considerately, prudently, carefully; — exactly, well.
- glêaw-ferhd**, *adj.* prudent, good in disposition or mind, sagacious.
- glêaw-hycgende**, *part.* thoughtful, prudent, wise.
- glêaw-hýdig**, *adj.* same as above.
- glêaw-lice**, *adv.* prudently, wisely, diligently, carefully, well.
- glêaw-môd**, *adj.* of a wise mind, sagacious, good.
- glêaw-nes**, *st. f.* wisdom, prudence.
- glêo**. See **gleow**.
- glêo-bêam**, *st. m.* tree of music, wood for giving joy, harp.
- glêo-drêam**, *st. m.* joyous diversion, social gayety, mirth.
- glêo-man**, *st. m.* glee-man, singer, musician, harper, player, jester.
- gleomu**, **glimu**, *st. f.* splendor, adornment.
- gleow**, **glêo**, **glio**, **glig**, *st. n.* social entertainment, joyful diversion, joy, music, play, jest, song, glee.
- gleow-stôl**, *st. m.* seat of joy.
- glêo-**, **glio-word**, *st. n.* word of joy, song, poem.
- glida**, *ic. m.* glède, kite.
- glidan**, *st. abl. v. V. 1.* to glide.—2. to glide away, vanish. (Ger. *gleiten*.)
- be-glidan** (bi-), to glide away, vanish, leave.
- ge-glidan**, to glide, fall.
- ôd-glidan**, to glide away, escape.
- tô-glidan**, to glide apart or asunder, fall asunder, separate, vanish.
- glig**. See **gleow**.
- glimu**. See **gleomu**.
- glisnian**, **glissian** *ic. v.* to glisten, shine, glitter, gleam.
- glitinian**, *ic. v.* to glisten, glitter, light, gleam.
- gliw**. See **gleow**.
- gliwian**, *ic. v.* to make joyful? to adorn? Râ. 27, 13.
- gliw-stæf**, *st. m.* sign of joy, melody.
- glio**. See **glêo**.
- glof**, *st. n.* cliff, rock.
- glôf**, *st. f.* glove.
- glôm**, *st. m. ?* (gloom, glum), twilight, morning or evening splendor. Sch. 71. Cf. **gloaming**.
- gnæt**, *st. m.* gnat, midge.
- gnêad**, *adj.* niggardly, sparing, stingy.
- gnorn**, *adj.* sad, gloomy, mournful, depressed.
- gnorn**, *st. m.* sorrow, sadness.
- gnornian**, *ic. v.* to be sad or sorrowful, to complain, to have sorrow.
- be-gnornian**, to bemoan, mourn for.
- gnorn-earig**, *adj.* sad, troubled.
- gnorn-hof**, *st. n.* dwelling of sorrow, prison, cell.
- gnorn-scendende**, *part.* hastening away in sadness.
- gnorn-sorg**, *st. f.* sadness, tribulation, anxiety, sorrow.
- gnornung**, *st. f.* sadness, sorrow, complaining, mourning.
- gnorn-word**, *st. n.* word of sorrow, wailing, lamentation.
- gnyrn**, *st. f. 1.* sadness, mourning, calamity.—2. wrong, insult, fault.
- gnýde**. See **gnêad**.
- god**, *st. m.* **God**, deity, divinity. (Ger. *Gott*.)
- gôd**, *adj.* good, fit, liberal. (Ger. *gut*.)
- gôd**, *st. n. 1.* good, good thing, good deed, the good.—2. goodness shown, benefit, favor, kindness, gift, present, liberality.—3. good, blessing, welfare, goodness, ability.
- goda**, *ic. m.* God, deity.
- god-bearn**, *st. n.* God's Son, Christ.

god-cund, *adj.* coming from God, divine.

gôd-dæd, *st. f.* 1. good deed, good work.—2. benefit.

gôd-dônd, -dôend, *part. & subs.* 1. one that does good.—2. benefactor.

god-dræam, *st. m.* joys of heaven.

gode-gyld, *st. n.* idol.

gode-web. See godweb.

god-fæder, *st. m.* God the Father.

god-ferht, -fyrht, *adj.* God-fearing.

gôd-fremmend, *part. & subs.* one that does good.

god-gim, *st. n.* divine gem, heavenly jewel.

gôdian, *w. v.* to become good, make good, better.

ge-gôdian, to assist, enrich.

gôd-lic, *adj.* goodly, good.

gôd-nes, *st. f.* goodness, compassion.

god-sæd, *st. n.* God's seed, piety.

god-scyld, *st. f.* sin committed against God.

god-scyldig, *adj.* criminal, guilty.

gôd-spêdig, *adj.* rich in blessings, rich, happy.

god-spel, *st. n.* the story of God, gospel.

god-prym, *st. m.* divine majesty or glory.

god-web, gode-web, *st. n.* divine, very costly texture, purple cloth, silk, tapestry.

gold, *st. n.* gold. (Ger. *gold*.)

gold-æht, *st. f.* possessions in gold, treasure.

gold-beorht, *adj.* bright with gold.

gold-burg, *st. f.* castle adorned, decorated with gold.

gold-fæt, *st. n.* golden vessel.

gold-fæt (-fatu?), *st. f.* golden brace-let. Ph. 303.

gold-fâh, *adj.* variegated with gold, shining with gold.

gold-frætwe, *st. f. pl.* golden ornaments.

gold-gifa, -gyfa, -giefra, *w. m.* gold-giver, prince, lord.

gold-hama, *w. m.* garment ornamented with gold, coat-of-mail.

gold-hilted, *adj.* gold-hilted, having a golden hilt.

gold-hladen, *part.* gold-laden, adorned with gold.

gold-hord, *st. n.* treasure of gold, treasure.

gold-hroden, *part.* covered with gold, adorned with gold.

gold-hwæt, *adj.* rich in gold (Grein); greedy for gold, striving after gold (B.-T.).

gold-mâdm, *st. m.* treasure of gold, treasure.

gold-sele, *st. m.* gold-hall, hall in which gold is distributed, ruler's hall.

gold-smid, *st. m.* goldsmith, worker in gold.

gold-smidu, *st. f.* art of working in gold.

gold-spêdig, *adj.* rich in gold.

gold-torht, *adj.* shining like gold.

gold-weard, *st. m.* keeper, defender of the gold.

gold-wine, *st. m.* friend who distributes gold, ruler, king, prince.

gold-wlanc, -wlunc, *adj.* elegantly adorned with gold, rich in gold.

gôma, *w. m.* gums, palate, jaws. (Ger. *gaum*, *gaumen*.)

gombon. See gamban.

gomel, gomelian, gomen. See gamol, gamelian, gamen.

gong, gongan. See gang, gangan.

gop, *st. m.* slave, servant. Râ. 50, 3.

gor, *st. n.* dung, dirt, filth.

gôs, *st. f.* goose. (Ger. *gans*.)

græd, *st. m.* greed, desire, hunger.

grædan, *w. v.* to cry, call out.

grædig, grêdig, *adj.* greedy, voracious, hungry, covetous.

græf, *st. n.* grave. (Ger. *grab*.)

græf-hūs, *st. n.* grave-house, grave, place of torment, hall.

græft, *st. m. f. n.* carving, sculpture, a graven image.

græg, *adj.* gray. (Ger. *grau*.)

græg-hama, *ic. m.* gray garment, shirt-of-mail.

græg-mæll, *adj.* marked with gray, having a gray color.

græs, *st. n.* grass.

græs-molde, *ic. f.* grass-plot, meadow.

græs-wang, *st. m.* same as above.

grætan, **grêtan**, *st. red. v.* (to greet), weep, lament, bemoan, deplore. (Goth. *gretan*, *greitan*.)

be-grêtan, to bemoan, deplore.

grâf, *st. m. n.* grove.

grafan, *st. abl. v. VI. 1.* to dig, dig up.—**2.** to grave, carve, chisel, engrave. (Ger. *graben*.)

â-grafan, to ent, engrave.

be-, bi-grafan, to bury, inter.

gram, **grom**, *adj.* hostile, enraged, furious, fierce, dire, cruel, wild, terrible. (Ger. *gram*.)

grame, **grome**, *adv.* hostilely, inimically, fiercely, terribly, cruelly.

gram-heort, *adj.* evil-minded, of a hostile heart.

gram-hyggende, *part.* evil-minded, having a hostile purpose.

gram-hýdig, *adj.* same as above.

gram-hygdig, **-hegdig**, *adj.* same as above.

gram-lic, *adj.* hostile, fierce, cruel.

gram-lice, *adv.* hostilely, fiercely, cruelly.

gram-word, *st. n.* hostile or evil word (speech).

grandor-lêas, **grondor-lêas**, *adj.* faultless.

grānian, *ic. v.* to lament, murmur, complain.

grâp, *st. f.* the hand ready to grasp, hand, claw, clutch.

grâpian, *ic. v.* to seize, lay hold of, grasp, grope.

ge-grâpian, to feel with the hands, touch.

grêdig. See **grædig**.

gregg, *adj.* gray.

gremian, **gremman**, *ic. v.*

ge-gremian, to exasperate, embitter, enrage.

grêne, *adj.* green. (Ger. *grün*.)

grénian, *ic. v.* to become green. (Ger. *grünen*.)

gremnian, *ic. v.* to grin, show the teeth. (Ger. *grinsen*.)

grêtan. See **grætan**.

grêtan, *ic. v. 1.* to greet, salute, address, accost, call upon, take leave of.—**2.** to approach, come near, seek out, touch, take hold of, assail, go in, visit. (Ger. *grüßen*.)

ge-grêtan, the same as above.

grêat, *adj.* great, immense, grand. (Ger. *gross*.)

grêosan, *st. abl. v. VI.*

be-grêosan, to be seized with fright. Sat. 52.

grêot, *st. m.* grit, sand, earth, dust. (Ger. *gries*.)

grêotan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to cry, weep, lament, mourn.

grêot-hord, *st. n.* earth-treasure, *i. e.* human body, because it is buried in the earth.

grim, *adj.* grim, fierce, wild, furious, enraged, angry, hostile, severe, cruel, savage, horrible. (Ger. *grim*.)

grîma, **grîmma**, *ic. m.* mask, visor, ghost, helmet.

grimetan, **grymetan**, **-ian**, *ic. v.* to give forth a sound of rage, to rage, gnash with the teeth, roar, grunt.

grim-helm, *st. m.* mask-helm, helmet with visor.

grim-lic, *adj.* grim, terrible.

grim-lice, *adv.* grimly, terribly, harshly, cruelly.

grimman, *st. abl. v. I. 1.* to snort, roar, rage.—**2.** to go forward hastily, to hasten. B. 306.

grimme, grymme, *adv.* grimly, fiercely, cruelly, in a hostile manner, sharply, bitterly, sternly.

grim-nes, -nys, *st. f.* grimness, ferocity, cruelty.

grin, gryn, *st. f.* noose, snare, trap, gin.

grindan, *st. abl. v. I.* to grind, rub together, strike, clash, collide.

be-grindan, **1.** to grind off, polish, sharpen.—**2.** to deprive of, rob.

for-grindan, to grind up, grind to pieces, destroy, ruin.—**2.** to destroy, kill? or to stop, put a stop to a person's proceedings. B. 424.

ge-grindan, to grind off, sharpen; *part. gegrunden*. Ruin. 14?

grindel, *st. m.* bar, bolt, clog.

gring, *st. f. n.?* slaughter, downfall.

gringan, *st. abl. v. I.* to fall, sink down, perish.

gring-wracu, *st. f.* death-torment.

gripan, *st. abl. v. V.* to gripe, seize, lay hold of, grasp. (Ger. *greifen*.)

for-gripan, **1.** to lay hold of, apprehend, grasp, snatch away.—**2.** to lay hands on violently, do violence to, kill by the gripe.

ge-gripan, to gripe, seize, grasp, lay hold of.

wid-gripan, *w. dat.* to strike against (Grein);—to seize at, oppose a thing, restrain it (Gro-schopp);—to maintain, hold erect (H. & S.). B. 2522.

gripe, *st. m.* gripe, attack, hold, grasp, seizure, clutch;—**gūdbilla gripe**, shield. Wald. 2, 13.

gripu, *st. f.* kettle, vessel (Leo). Sal. 46.

grist-bitung, *st. f.* gnashing of teeth.

grid, *st. n.* peace.

grom, grondor. See **gram, grandor**.

grorn, *st. m.?* sorrow, sadness, mourning. (*ms. grom*. Reim. 66.)

gorne, *adv.* sorrowfully, miserably, sadly.

grom-hof, *st. n.* house of sorrow, hell.

grornian, *w. v.* to mourn.

be-grornian, to mourn for, bemoan.

grorn-torn? *st. m.?* sadness, mourning? Reim. 66.

grōwan, *st. red. v.* to grow, sprout, bud, become green, spring up.

for-grōwan, in the expression **in forgrōwan**, to grow into something. Reim. 46.

grund, *st. m.* (literally, the thing ground, from **grindan**), **1.** ground, bottom, the lowest part of a body, the bottom or foundation of anything.—**2.** ground, earth, plain, fields, land.—**3.** depth, abyss, hell, sea, ocean. (Ger. *grund*.)

grund-bedd, *st. n.* ground, soil.

grund-būend, *part. & subs.* earth-dweller.

grund-fūs, *adj.* inclined to the abyss, to the lower world.

grund-hirde, -hyrde, *st. m. f.* keeper or defender of the bottom of the sea. B. 2136.

grund-lēas, *adj.* **1.** groundless, bottomless, very deep.—**2.** homeless, banished, exiled.

grund-scēat, *st. m.* lap of the earth, earth.

grund-sele, *st. m.* hall at the bottom of the sea.

grund-wæg, *st. m.* foundation-wall, earth.

grund-wang, *st. m.* ground surface, lowest surface, bottom.

grund-wela, *v. m.* possession of the ground (earth).

grund-weall, *st. m.* foundation-wall, ground-wall.

grund-wyrgen, *st. f.* she-wolf of the bottom of the moor, Grendel's mother. B. 1518.

grym, grymetan, grymme, gryn. See **grim, grimetan, grimme, grin**.

gryn, *st. f.* sorrow, care, evil (Grein); net, noose, snare (H. & S.).

gryndan, *u. r.* to be deep, or to be in the deep? Dan. 324. (Ger. *gründen*.)

ā-gryndan, to come to the ground, to descend.

grynde, *st. n.* abyss. (Cf. Goth. *afgrundipa*; Ger. *abgrund*.)

gryn-smid, *st. m.* originator of evil, pain, or sorrow; plotter of mischief.

gryre, *st. m.* dread, terror, horror, fright; what is horrible or terrible.

gryre-brōga, *u. m.* terror and horror, amazement.

gryre-fæst, *adj.* terribly firm, strongly fixed.

gryre-fāh, *adj.* horribly gleaming? terribly hostile.

gryre-gæst, *st. m.* terror-bringing stranger, terror-guest.

gryre-geatwe, *st. f. pl.* equipments against the terror of battle, warlike equipments.

gryre-hwil, *st. f.* time of terror.

gryre-lêod, *st. n.* terror-song, fearful song.

gryre-lic, *adj.* terrible, horrible.

gryre-aid, *st. m.* way of terror, terrible journey.

gu-dæd. See **iudæd**.

guma, *u. m.* (bride-groom), man, human being. (Goth. *guma*; Lat. *homo*.)

gum-cyn, *st. n.* human race, people; a people, nation.

gum-cyst, *st. f.* man's excellence, man's virtue, bravery, piety, liberality, &c.

gum-dréam, *st. m.* joyous doings of men.

gum-dryhten, *st. m.* lord of men.

gum-fêda, *u. m.* troop of men going on foot.

gum-frêa, *u. m.* lord of men, king.

gum-man, *st. m.* man, human being.

gum-rice, *st. n.* kingdom of men, kingdom, earth.

gum-rinc, *st. m.* man, warrior.

gum-stól, *st. m.* seat of man, eastle (Grein); — throne (B.-T.).

gum-pegen, *st. m.* man.

gum-pêod, *st. f.* a folk, people.

gūd, *st. f.* war, battle, combat, conflict.

gūd-beorn, *st. m.* hero of the fight, warrior.

gūd-bill, *st. n.* battle-sword.

gūd-bord, *st. n.* war-shield.

gūd-byrne, *u. f.* coat-of-mail, battle-corselet.

gūd-cearu, *st. f.* care or sorrow which battle brings.

gūd-cræft, *st. m.* strength in battle, warlike strength.

gūd-cwên, *st. f.* battle-queen.

gūd-cyning, *st. m.* king in battle, king directing the battle.

gūd-cyst, *st. f.* battle-host? chosen warriors? bravery? Exod. 343.

gūd-dêad, *st. m.* death in battle.

gūd-fana, *u. m.* battle-flag, military standard.

gūd-flā, *u. f.* battle-arrow.

gūd-floga, *u. m.* flying fighter, dragon.

gūd-frec, *adj.* bold, ready for battle, warlike.

gūd-fremmend, *part. & subs.* warrior, fighter.

gūd-frêa, *u. m.* lord of the battle, prince, chieftain.

gūd-fruma, *u. m.* a warlike chief.

gūd-fugol, *st. m.* warlike bird, eagle.

gūd-gelāca, **-gelæca**, *u. m.* comrade in war, warrior.

gūd-gemôt, *st. n.* meeting in battle, battle. [ments.

gūd-getawa, *st. f. pl.* battle equip-

gūd-geþingu, *st. n. pl.* imminent or expected battle (Grein); — the lot to be expected from impending war (B.-T.).

gûd-gewæde, *st. n.* war-dress, armor.

gûd-geweorc, *st. n.* battle-work, warlike deed.

gûd-gewinn, *st. n.* contest of battle, battle.

gûd-geatwe, *st. f. pl.* war-equipments, weapons.

gûd-hafoc, *st. m.* war-hawk, eagle.

gûd-helm, *st. m.* battle-helmet.

gûd-here, *st. m.* warlike host, army.

gûd-heard, *adj.* bold, excellent in battle.

gûd-horn, *st. n.* battle-horn, trumpet.

gûd-brêd, *st. m.* battle-fame, warlike glory.

gûd-hring? *st. m.* noise, wail? B.1118.

(*ms. -rinc.* See *gudrinc.*)

gûd-hwæt, *adj.* quick, fierce in battle.

gûd-lêod, *st. n.* war-song.

gûd-mæcga, *w. m.* warrior.

gûd-maga, *w. m.* warrior.

gûd-môd, *adj.* courageous in battle, disposed to battle.

— **Gûd-myrc**, *st. pl.* the blacks accustoming to battle, warlike Ethiopians.

gûd-plega, *w. m.* war-play, battle.

gûd-ræs, *st. m.* rush, onset of battle, attack, battle.

gûd-rêaf, *st. n.* battle-dress, arms.

gûd-rêow, *adj.* fierce in battle.

gûd-rinc, *st. m.* fighter, warrior, hero.

gûd-rôf, *adj.* bold, skillful in battle, renowned.

gûd-scear, *st. m.* slaughter in battle, defeat.

gûd-sceada, *w. m.* he who injures through battle, foe.

gûd-sceorp, *st. n.* warlike ornament or clothing.

gûd-scrûd, *st. n.* battle-dress.

gûd-sele, *st. m.* battle-hall, *i. e.* the hall in which a battle takes place.

gûd-searo, *st. n.* battle-equipment, arms, armor.

gûd-spell, *st. n.* report of the battle, tidings from the war.

gûd-sweord, *st. n.* battle-sword.

gûd-pracu, *st. f.* warlike force, power, hostile attack.

gûd-prêat, *st. m.* war-band, warlike host.

gûd-wêrig, *adj.* wearied by battle, death-weary.

gûd-weard, *st. m.* keeper of the battle, leader.

gûd-weorc, *st. n.* warlike work or deed.

gûd-wiga, *w. m.* warrior, fighter of battles.

gûd-wine, *st. m.* battle-friend, comrade in battle.

gûd-wudu, *st. m.* battle-wood, spear.

gyd, *gyddian.* See *gid*, *giddian.*

gyden, *st. f.* goddess. (Ger. *göttinn.*)

gyf, **gyfa**, **gyfan**, **gyfen**, **gyfede**, **gyfl**, **gyft**, **gyfu.** See *gif*, *gifa*, *gifan*, *geofon* or *gifen*, *gifede*, *gifl*, *gift*, *gifu.*

gylan, *w. v.* to exult, shout, yell.

gylð, **gylðan.** See *gild*, *gildan.*

gylðen, *adj.* golden.

gyllan, **gylp**, **gylpan.** See *gellan*, *gilp*, *gilpan.*

gylt, **gelt**, **gielt**, *st. m.* guilt, trespass, sin, wrong.

gyltan, **giltan**, *w. v.*

â-gyltan, to commit a sin, do wrong.

gýman, **gēman**, **giman**, **gieman**, *w. v.* to bear sorrow for, to sorrow, care for, to be careful about, observe, watch, keep.

for-gýman, to neglect, slight, not to care for.

ofer-gýman, the same as above.

gym-cyn. See *gim-cyn.*

gýme-lêas, *adj.* careless, negligent, heedless, improvident.

gýmen, **gēmen**, *st. f.* care, solicitude.

gyn (*gynn*), **gyman.** See *gin*, *ginnan.*

gyrd, **gierd**, *st. f.* rod, twig. (Ger. *gerte.*)

gyrdan, *w. v.* to gird, lace, encircle, surround. (Ger. *gürten*.)

be-gyrdan, to encircle, gird, strengthen.

embe-gyrdan, same as above.

ge-gyrdan, the same as above.

gyrdels, *st. m.* girdle, belt, zone. (Ger. *giirtel*.)

gyrd-wite, *st. n.* punishment brought upon the Egyptians by the rod of Moses, afflictions.

gyren, *st. f.* noose, snare, gin.

gyrn, *st. m. n.* sorrow, mourning, sadness, ill, trouble, disquiet, unhappiness, injury, calamity.

gyrnan, *w. v.* to yearn, desire, demand, long for.

ge-gyrnan, the same as above.

gyrn-stæf, *st. m.* injury, affliction.

gyrn-wracu, *st. f.* revenge for harm or for trouble.

gyrwan, **gýsel**, **gyst**, **gystra**, **gyt**, **gyta**, **gytan**. See **gerwan**, **gisel**, **gæst**, **geostra**, **git**, **gita**, **gitan**.

gyte, *st. m.* outstreaming flood. (Ger. *guss*.)

gyte-sæl, *st. m.* joy produced by wine.

gýtsian. See **gitsian**.

H

habban, *w. r., pres. ind. sg. 1.* **hæbbe**, **hafa**, **hafa**, **hafu**. — **2.** **hæfst**, **hafast**, **hafest**. — **3.** **hafad**, **hæfed**, **hæfd**; — *pl.* **habbad**, **hæbbad**; — *subj. sg.* **hæbbe**, **hæbben**; — *imper.* **hafa**, **habbad**; — *pret.* **hæfde**; — *part.* **hæfed**. — **1.** to have, possess, occupy, comprehend, hold, keep, hold together, assert, maintain. — **2.** auxiliary *vb.* **have**. (Ger. *haben*.)

be-habban, **1.** to surround, encompass, inclose. — **2.** to seize hold of, apprehend, understand.

for-habban, to hold, hold together, hold back, restrain, avoid; to keep one's self, restrain one's self, contain, refrain, abstain from.

ge-habban, *intrans.* to hold, keep firm ground, resist.

on-habban, to abstain from, hold one's self far from.

wid-habban, *w. dat.* to resist, offer resistance, hold out against one.

wider-habban, to remain, be.

hād, *st. m. 1.* person. — **2.** sex. — **3.** age, degree, rank, order, condition, dignity; especially ecclesiastical degree, rank, or order. — **4.** race, family, tribe, kind. — **5.** general designation for beings of one genus or species. — **6.** choir; — **on hāde**, in the choir. — **7.** shape, form, appearance, nature, kind. — **8.** manner. Wald. 2, 21., perhaps to be changed into **hand**. (Ger. *-heit*.)

hādor. See **heador**.

hādor, *adj.* bright, clear, fresh, loud, brilliant. (Ger. *heiter*.)

hādre, *adv.* clearly, brightly, loudly.

hæbbad, **hæbbe**, **hæbben**, **hæbbende**, **hædre** (*adj.*). See **habban** and **hebban**, **hādor**. [iously.

hædre, *adv.* straitly, narrowly, anxiously. **hædre**, *adv.* brightly, clearly, loudly, serenely.

hæf, **heaf**, *st. n.* sea. (Icel. *haf*; Dan. *hav*.)

hæfde, **hæfed**, **hæfed**, **hæfst**, **hæfen**.

See **habban**, **hebban**.

hæft, *st. n.* haft, handle.

hæft, *st. m.* 1. prisoner, captive.—
2. slave, servant.

hæft, *st. m.* 1. fetter, bond.—2. captivity, bondage, imprisonment.—
3. pressure, distress, affliction.
(*Ger. haft.*)

hæftan, *heftan*, *w. v.* to make captive, bind, fetter. (*Ger. heften.*)
ge-hæftan, to fetter, bind, take prisoner.

hæfte-clom, *st. m.* fetter.

hæfte-dōm, *st. m.* servitude, slavery.

hæfte-nēod, *st. f.* desire of vexing or of binding (Grein);—custody, prison? (*B.-T.*).

hæft-ling, *st. m.* captive. See **helle-hæftling**.

✧ **hæft-mēce**, *st. m.* sword with a handle or hilt.

hæftnan, *-iau*, *w. v.* to capture, seize, take prisoner.

ge-hæftnan, to fetter, bind.

hæft-nēd, *-nȳd*, *st. f.* necessity of captivity, thralldom, oppression.

hæfd. See **habban**.

hægan, *w. v.*

ge-hægan, to fight, vex, disturb (Grein);—to surround as with a hedge (*B.-T.*).

hægel, **hægl**, *st. m.* hail;—name for the Rune **h**.

hæge-steald. See **hagusteald**.

hægl-faru, *st. f.* hailstorm. [storm.]

hægl-scūr, *st. m.* hail-shower, hail-

hæl, *st. n.* favorable omen, token of favorable omen. (*O. H. Ger. heil.*)

hæl, *st. f.* health, happiness, welfare, luck. (*O. H. Ger. heili.*)

hæl, *adj.* whole, full, complete.

hæla. See **hēla**.

hælan, **hēlan**, *w. v.* to heal, make whole, cure. (*Ger. heilen.*)

ge-hælan, the same as above.

hæle, *st. m.* man.

hæle, *w. f.* health, welfare, safety.

hælend, **hēland**, **hælynd**, *part. & subs.* healer, Savior. (*Ger. heiland.*)

hæled, **heled**, *st. m.* hero, warrior, man, human being. (*Ger. held.*)

hæled-helm, *st. m.* a helmet rendering the wearer invisible. Gen. 44.

hæls-man (**hēls-**), *st. m.* enchanter? B. 3056 (Grein). (*ms.* he is manna.)

hælu, **hælo**, **hēlo**, *st. f.* health, healing, safety, welfare, luck.

hælu-bearn, *st. n.* child of healing, Christ.

hæman, *w. v.* to live with, go in unto, to be guilty of or commit sodomy.

hæmed, *st. n.* sexual intercourse.

hæmed-lâc, *st. n.* sexual intercourse.

hæn, **hen**, *st. f.* hen. (*Ger. henne.*)

hændu. See **hȳndu**.

hær, **hēr**, *st. n.* hair. (*Ger. haar.*)

hær-fest, *st. m.* harvest, time of harvest, autumn. (*Ger. herbst.*)

hær-lic, **hærian**. See **hērlic**, **hērian**.

hærn, *st. f.* sea, ocean, flood, wave.

hærn-flota, *w. m.* ship.

hæs, *st. f.* behest, command, order, commission.

hæst, **hēst**, *st. f.* zeal, violence, exertion, fury, contention.

hæste, *adj.* hasty, violent, vehement.

hæst-lice, *adv.* vehemently, hotly, fiercely.

hætan, *w. v.* to heat, make hot. (*Ger. heizen.*)

on-hætan, to heat, set afire,

kindle, enflame, make hot.

hætsan, *w. v.* to strike, hurl? throw? Rā. 4, 5.

hætte, **hæted**. See **hātan**.

hættian, *w. v.* to scalp.

hætu, **hæto**, *st. f.* heat, warmth. (*Ger. hitze.*)

hæd, *st. f.* heath, hedge, waste, untilled land. (*Ger. heide.*)

hæden, *adj. & subs.* heathen, pagan, gentile, heathenish.

hæden-cyning, *st. m.* heathen king.

hæden-cynn, *st. n.* heathen race.

hæden-dōm, *st. m.* heathendom.

hæden-feoh, *st. n.* heathen sacrifice.
hæden-gild, **-gield**, *st. n.* idol, idolatry.

hæden-styrc, *st. m.* heathen steer, the golden calf.

hæd-stapa, *u. m.* that which goes about on the heath, wolf, stag.

hæwen, *adj.* blue, azure.

hafa, **hafast**, **hafad**, **hafo**, **hafu**. See **habban**.

hafenian, *u. r.* to hold, hold firm, to raise, uplift.

hafoc, **hafola**. See **heafoc**, **heafola**.

haga, *u. m.* (**haw**), inclosed piece of ground, hedge, farm-inclosure, small farm, court, house.

hagal, **hagol**, *st. m.* hail. (Ger. *hagel*.)

hagol-scûr, *st. m.* hail-shower.

hagu, **hæg**, **hæge-steald**, *st. m.* one who lives in another's inclosure, liegeman, servant, vassal; youth, bachelor.

hago-stealdman (**hægstealdman**) = **hagusteald**.

hagu-steald, *st. n.* celibacy.

hâl, *adj.* whole, sound, healthy, unhurt, hale. (Ger. *heil*.)

haldan, half. See **healdan**, **healf**.

hâlgian, *u. r.* to hallow, sanctify, make holy, consecrate. (Ger. *heiligen*.)

ge-hâlgian, **1.** to consecrate.—**2.** to sanctify, keep holy.

hâlig, *adj.* holy. (Ger. *heilig*.)

hâlig-mônd, *st. m.* holy month, September. Men. 164.

hâlig-nea, *st. f.* **1.** holiness.—**2.** sacred thing, sanctuary.

hâlor, *st. m. & n.?* safety, salvation.

hals. See **heals**.

hâls, **heâls**, *st. f.* health, safety, salvation.

hâlsian, **heâlsian**, *u. r.* to entreat earnestly, beseech, implore, conjure, exorcise.

halsre. See **healsre**.

hâlsung, *st. f.* entreaty, request.

hâls-wurdung, **-weordung**, *st. f.* praise and thanksgiving for a blessing received.

hâl-wende, *adj.* healthy, salutary.

ham, **hom**, *st. m.* dress, garment.

hâm, *st. m.* home, dwelling-place;—*acc.* = *adr.* home, homeward. (Ger. *heim*.)

hama, **homa**, *u. m.* dress, garment.

hamelian, *u. r.* to hamble, hamstring, mutilate.

hâm-fæst, *adj.* resident, permanently at home.

hâm-lêas, *adj.* homeless.

hamor, **homer**, *st. m.* hammer. (Ger. *hammer*.)

hâm-sittende, *part. & subs.* sitting at home, home-dwellers.

hâm-weordung, *st. f.* honor or ornament of the home, or of the house.

hana, *u. m.* cock. (Ger. *hahn*.)

han-crêd, *st. m.* cock-crow, crowing of the cock.

hand, **bond**, *st. f.* hand. (Ger. *hand*.)

hand-bana, *u. m.* hand-killer, murderer with the hand.

hand-gemôt, *st. n.* hand-to-hand conflict, battle.

hand-gesceaft, *st. f.* a creature formed or fashioned by the hand, Adam.

hand-gesella, *u. m.* hand-companion, a comrade close by one.

hand, **heand-gestealla**, *u. m.* same as above.

hand-geswing, *st. n.* swing of the hand, battle.

hand-geweald, *st. f. u.* power of the hand, power.

hand-geweorc, *st. n.* handiwork, work or deed of the hands.

hand-gewinn, *st. n.* fight, labor, pains, contest.

hand-gewriden, *part.* wreathed or woven with the hands, hand-wreathed, hand-twisted.

hand-gift, *st. f. n.* bridal gift.

hand-hrine, *st. m.* hand-touch, touch with the hand.

hand-lēan, *st. n.* reward through the hand, recompense, retribution.

hand-locen, *part.* joined, united by the hand. [hand.]

hand-mægen, *st. n.* strength of the hand—**plega**, *w. m.* hand-play, contest with the hands, fighting, encounter.

hand-ræðs, *st. m.* rush of battle, onset.

hand-rôf, *adj.* strong with the hand, renowned for strength.

hand-scálu, *-scôlu*, *st. f.* hand-attendance, retinue.

hand-scio, *st. m.* an attack made with the hands; or a proper name.

B. 2076 (Grein);—a glove (B.-T.).

hand-slyht, *st. m.* stroke or blow with the hand.

hand-spor, *st. n.* hand-spur, claw.

hand-pegen, *st. m.* immediate attendant, servant.

hand-weorc, *st. n.* handwork, work or deed of the hands.

hand-wundor, *st. n.* wonder done by the hand, wonderful handwork.

hand-wyrm, *st. m.* handworm, a kind of worm attending the itch.

hangen. See **hôn**.

hangelle, *w. f.* pendulum.

hangian, **hongian**, *w. v.* to hang, be suspended.

hâr, **heâr**, *adj.* hoar, gray, old.

hâr. See **hær**.

hard. See **heard**.

hâs, *adj.* hoarse. (Ger. *heiser*.)

hasu, **heasu**, *adj.* gray, ashen, tawny.

hasu-fâg, *adj.* ash-colored, grayish.

hasu-pâd, *adj.* having gray feathers, gray-coated.

haswig-federe, *adj.* same as above.

hât, *adj.* 1. hot, burning, glowing, flaming, fervent, fervid, fierce.—

2. warm, dear. (Ger. *heiss*.)

hât, *st. n.* heat, fire.

hâta, *w. m.* commander, orderer, ruler, summoner. [Used only in compounds.]

hâtan, *st. red. v. pret.* heht, hêt.

1. to order, bid, command, direct.

2. to promise, vow. Jul. 33.—3.

to call, name, give a name to. (Ger. *heissen*.)

be-hâtan, to promise, vow, threaten.

for-hâtan, to despise, hate;—*part.* weak form **forhâtena**, the arch-fiend, devil.

ge-hâtan, 1. to promise, give one's word, vow.—2. to order, bid; to call near.—3. to call, be called.

on-hâtan, to promise, vow.

hâtan, *w. v.* to be named or called. (Ger. *heissen*.)

hâte, *adv.* hotly, fervidly, warmly.

hât-heort, *adj.* hot-hearted, wroth, furious, ardent.

hât-heortnes, *st. f.* wrath, anger, fury, zeal.

hât-hige, *st. m.* hot-headed thought, fury, rage.

hatian, *w. v.* to hate, be an enemy to, hurt. (Ger. *hassen*.)

hât-wende, *adj.* hot, burning.

hâwe, *adj.* in appearance. [Used only in compounds.]

hê, *m.*, **hêo**, *f.*, **hit**, *n.*; *pers. pron.*

he, **she**, **it**; in oblique cases reflexive;—*sg. nom. m.* **hê**; *f.* **hêo**,

hio, **hie**, **hi**; *n.* **hit**, **hyt**; *gen. m.*

his, **hys**; *f.* **hire**, **hyre**, **hiere**; *n.*

his; *dat. m.* **him**, **hym**; *f.* **hire**,

hyre; *n.* **him**; *acc. m.* **hine**, **hyne**,

hiene; *f.* **hi**, **hÿ**, **hie**, **hêo**; *n.* **hit**,

hyt; *pl. uom. acc. m. f. n.* **hi**, **hÿ**,

hie, **hêo**, **hio**, **hig**; *gen. m. f. n.*

hyra, **heora**, **hiora**, **hiera**; *dat. m.*

f. n. **him**, **hym**, **heom**, **hiom**.

hebban, *st. abl. v. IV.* to heave, lift up, raise, erect exalt.

(Ger. *heben*.)

ā-hebban, to raise, lift from, take away, elevate, exalt, erect, lift up.

in-hebban, to lift away from, lift up and away.

on-hebban, to erect, lift up.

hēdan, *v. r.* to heed, guard, protect: to get possession of, obtain. See also hȳdan. (Ger. *hüten*.)

ge-hēdan, to get possession of, give, acquire, win.

hefe, hefed. See hebban.

hefgan. See hefgian.

hefig, *adj.* heavy, weighty, troublesome.

hefig, *adv.* heavily, weightily.

hefgian, hefgan, hefgan, *v. r.* 1. to molest, afflict.—2. to become heavy, depressed, weakened.

ge-hefgian, to burden, oppress, vex, afflict, disquiet, molest.

hefig-nes, *st. f.* heaviness, burden, slowness.

hefon, heftan. See heofon, hæftan.

hēg. See hig.

hēgan, *v. r.* to hedge. (Ger. *hegen*.)

ge-hēgan, to foster, cherish, entertain, practise, do, effect, perfect, carry out.

hēgan, *v. r.* to exalt, celebrate? Dan. 207.

hegdig. See hygdig.

hēh, heht, hēhd, hēhdu. See hēah, hyht, hātan, hēahdu.

hel, hell, helle, hyll, *st. f.* hell. (Ger. *Hölle*.)

hēla, hāla, *v. m.* heel.

helan, *st. abl. r.* II. to conceal, hide, cover. (Ger. *hehlen*.)

be-, bi-helan, to cover.

for-helan, to hide, cover, conceal.

hēlan. See hēlan.

hell-bend, *st. m. f.* bond or chain of hell.

hell-cræft, *st. m.* hellish strength or power, hellish art.

hel-cwalu, *st. f.* pains of hell, torment.

held. See hyld.

heldan (= healdan?), cf. hyldan.

be-heldan, to give heed to, observe.

hel-dor, *st. n.* gate of hell.

hēlend, heled. See hælend, hæled.

hel-firen, *st. f.* crime of hell.

hel-fūs, *adj.* hellward inclined, bound for hell.

hel-geþwing, *st. n.* restraint of hell.

hel-hēodo, *st. f.* hall or vault of hell, hell.

helian, *v. r.*

be-, bi-helian, to cover, bury.

hell, hell-, helle. See hel and hel-.

helle-bealu, *st. n.* evil, sorrow of hell.

helle-bryne, *st. m.* brand of hell, hell-fire.

helle-ceafl, *st. m.* jaws of hell, gulf of hell.

helle-clam, *st. m.* chain or bond of hell.

helle-cynn, -cinn, *st. n.* hellish race.

helle-dēoful, *st. m. n.* devil of hell, devil.

helle-dor, *st. n.* gate of hell.

helle-duru, *st. f.* same as above.

helle-flōr, *st. m.* floor of hell, courts of hell.

helle-fȳr, *st. n.* hell-fire.

helle-gāst, -gæst, *st. m.* spirit of hell.

helle-grund, *st. m.* abyss, gulf of hell.

helle-gryre (hyll-), *st. m.* hellish horror.

helle-hæft, *st. m.* captive or servant of hell.

helle-hæfta, *v. m.* same as above.

helle-hæftling, *st. m.* captive or servant of hell, devil.

helle-hēaf, *st. m.* wailings or howlings of hell.

helle-hinca, *w. m.* hell-limper, devil.

helle-hūs, *st. n.* hell-house.

helle-nīd, *st. m.* torments of hell.

helle-scealc, *st. m.* servant, slave of hell.

helle-sceada, *w. m.* hellish enemy, devil.

helle-sēad, *st. m.* hell-pit or pool, hell.

helle-pegen, *st. m.* devil.

helle-wite, *st. m.* torment of hell.

helm, *st. m.* 1. protection, guard, covering affording protection.— 2. **helm**, helmet.— 3. crown, diadem.— 4. protection, protector, defender, shield (God, Christ, and earthly lord), covering. (*Ger. helm.*)

helman, *w. r.* cf. **hylman**.

be-helman, to cover over, cover.

ofer-helman, to cover over, over-shadow.

helm-berend, *part. & subs.* helmet-wearer, warrior.

helmian, *w. r.* to draw over, cover.

bi-helmian, to cover over, cover.

helo, *st. f.* covering, equipment. B. 2723. (*Leo.*)

hēlo. See **hælo**.

help, *st. f.* help, succor, aid, support. (*Ger. hülfe.*)

helpan, *st. abl. v. I.* to help, aid, assist, support. (*Ger. helfen.*)

â-helpan, the same as above.

helpe, *w. f.* help.

helfend, *part. & subs.* helper.

hel-rûna, *w. m.* soreerer, hellish monster.

hêls. See **hælsman**.

helle-sceada, *w. m.* hellish enemy, fiend, devil.

hel-træf, *st. n.* devil's temple. An. 1693.

hel-trega, *w. m.* torment of hell.

hel-waran, *w. m. pl.* inhabitants of hell.

hel-waru, *st. f.* hell's population.

hen, **hēnan**. See **hæn**, **hȳnan**.

hendān, *w. r.*

ge-hendan, to seize, hold.

hēng. See **hōn**.

hengest, *st. m.* stallion, horse. (*Ger. hengst.*)

hentan, *w. r.* to follow anything vigorously in order to get it again, to seek after, follow, pursue.

ge-hentan, to get by hunting after, to seize, lay hold of.

hēnd, **hēndu**. See **hȳnd**, **hȳncu**.

hēr, *adv.* 1. **here** (that is, in this world, in this land).— 2. **hither**, to this place.— 3. **in this year**. (*Ger. hier.*)

hēr. See **hær**.

hēr, *adj.* noble, elevated, sacred. (*Ger. hehr.*)

hēra, *w. m.* one who belongs to another, servant, vassal, follower.

hēran. See **hērian** and **hȳran**.

hēr-būend, *part. & subs.* **here** (in this world) dwelling, inhabitant of earth.

hēr-cyme, *st. m.* hither-coming, advent.

herd. See **heord**.

herdan, *w. r.* to harden, make hard. Cf. **hyrdan**.

herde. See **hirde**.

here, *st. m.* army, troops, band, host, multitude. (*Ger. heer.*)

hēre, **hære**, *st. f.* dignity, majesty. (*O. H. Ger. hēre.*)

here-blêad, *adj.* timid, cowardly, panic-stricken.

here-broga, *w. m.* terror of the army, fear of war.

here-bȳme, *w. f.* war-trumpet, sack-but. [let.

here-byrne, *w. f.* coat-of-mail, corse-

here-combol, *st. n.* army-standard, battle-flag (*Grein*); — war-signal, battle-cry (*B.-T.*).

- here-cirm, *st. m.* noise of battle, war-ery.
 here-cist, -cyst, *st. f.* division of an army, cohort.
 here-fêda, *u. m.* a troop on foot, infantry.
 here-feld, *st. m.* battlefield, field.
 here-flȳma, *u. m.* a fleeing warrior, deserter from battle.
 here-folc, *st. n.* army-folk, army.
 here-fugol, *st. m.* any bird that follows an army, eagle, vulture, raven.
 here-geatu, *st. f.* war-equipments.
 here-grima, *u. m.* battle-mask, helmet with visor.
 here-hlôd, *st. f.* war-host, troop.
 here-hûd, *st. f.* booty taken in war, spoil, plunder.
 here-lâf, *st. f.* remains of an army.
 here-mæcg, *st. m.* warrior, fighter.
 here-mægen, *st. n.* a warlike force, multitude, assembly of the people.
 here-medel, *st. n.* council, assembly of the people.
 here-nes, -nis, -nys, *st. f.* praise.
 here-net, *st. n.* war-net, coat-of-mail.
 here-nid, *st. m.* battle-enmity, battle.
 here-pâd, *st. f.* battle-dress, coat-of-mail, armor.
 here-pad, *st. m.* military road, way, road.
 here-ræswa, *u. m.* warrior.
 here-rêaf, *st. n.* booty, plunder.
 here-rinc, *st. m.* warrior, fighter, hero.
 here-sceaf, *st. m.* battle-shaft, shaft of a spear, spear.
 here-sceorp, *st. n.* warlike ornament.
 here-aid, *st. m.* warlike expedition, march.
 here-apêd, *st. f.* success in war.
 here-stræl, *st. m.* arrow, missile.
 here-atræt, *st. f.* public way, military road.
 here-swêg, *st. m.* noise or rejoicing of the armed host.
 here-syrce, *u. f.* battle-sark, shirt-of-mail.
 here-têma, -tȳma, *u. m.* army-leader, general, king, emperor.
 here-têam, *st. m.* 1. plunder, spoils of war.— 2. warlike expedition, plundering, predatory excursion. An. 1553.
 here-toga, *u. m.* duke, leader of an army, general. (Ger. *herzog*.)
 here-prêat, *st. m.* company, cohort, band.
 here-wæd, *st. f.* war-weed, coat-of-mail.
 here-wæpen, *st. n.* war-weapon.
 here-wæsma, *u. m.* fierce strength in war. B. 667.
 here-wæda, *u. m.* warlike hunter.
 here-weorc, *st. n.* war-work, battle.
 here-wic, *st. n.* camp, encampment.
 here-wisa, *u. m.* leader of the army.
 here-wôp, *st. m.* weeping or cries of the army.
 here-wôsa, *u. m.* army-leader (Grein); one who is fierce in fight, warrior? (B.-T.)
 here-wulf, *st. m.* war-wolf; warlike, cruel enemy, warrior.
 herga, hergas. See here, hearç.
 herge, hergea, hergeas, hergum. See here.
 hergian, *u. r.* to harry, lay waste, devastate. (Ger. *verheeren*.)
 herh-eard. See hearçearð. [pise.
 herian, herigean, *u. r.* to mock, deride.
 herian, hergan, hergian, hærian, heran, *u. r.* to praise, give praise to, glorify, commend;—with reference to God, to adore.
 â-herian, to praise fully? Hy. 3, 10.
 ge-herian, to praise, laud, glorify.
 herige, heriges, herigum, herigweard. See here, hearç, hearçweard.
 her-lic (hær-), *adj.* praiseworthy, glorious, excellent. (Ger. *herrlich*.)
 herm, herra. See hearç, hearra.
 herstan. See hyrstan.

herwan, hyrwan, hirwan, *v.* to neglect, scorn, despise, blaspheme.

ge-hyrwan, the same as above.

hēst, hēt. See hæst, hātan.

hētan, *v.*

and-hētan, to confess.

hete, *st. m.* hate, enmity, hostility, envy, malice, spite. (Ger. *hass*.)

hete-grim, *adj.* cruel, fierce.

hete-lic, *adj.* hateful, hated. (Ger. *hässlich*.)

hetend. See hettend.

hete-nid, *st. m.* enmity full of hate, hostility.

hete-rōf, *adj.* skilled in hating, very hateful.

hete-rūn, *st. f.* a Rune which produces hate. Rū. 34, 7.

hete-spræc, *st. f.* malicious speech, hostile talk.

hete-sweng, *st. m.* hostile blow, chastisement.

hete-þanc, *st. m.* hostile thought or design.

hete-þoncol, *adj.* hostilely disposed.

hetlen, *adj.* full of hate, hostile, malignant.

hettend, hetend, *part. & subs.* enemy.

hēa (= hēo, hie), *nom. pl.* of hē.

hēa, hēa-burg. See hēah, hēahburg.

hēa-dūn. See hēah and dūn.

heador. See heador.

hēaf, *st. m.* wailing, mourning, lamentation.

hēafan, *st. red. v.* to weep, mourn, lament, wail.

hēa-fæder. See hēahfæder.

heafdian, *v.*

be-heafdian, to behead. (Cf.

Ger. *enthaupten*.)

heaf. See hæf.

heafoc, hafoc, hafuc, *st. m.* hawk. (Ger. *habicht*.)

heafod, heafud, *st. m. n.* head. (Ger. *haupt*.)

heafod-beorh, *st. f.* head-defense, protection for the head.

heafod-beorht, *adj.* with a splendid, shining head.

heafod-gerim, *st. n.* (certain) number of persons.

heafod-gim, *st. m.* gem of the head, eye.

heafod-gold, *st. n.* head-gold, diadem, crown.

heafod-lēas, *adj.* headless.

heafod-mæg, *st. m.* head kinsman, very near relation.

heafod-maga, *v. m.* same as above.

heafod-swima, *v. m.* swimming of the head, drunkenness.

heafod-sýn, -sien, *st. f.* sight of the head, eyes.

heafod-weard, *st. m.* head-warder, chief watch or lord.

heafod-wisa, *v. m.* head-leader, chief director.

heafod-wōd, *st. f.* voice of the head.

heafod-wylm, *st. m.* tears.

heafola, hafola, -ela, -ala, *v. m.* head.

hēah, hēa, hēh, *adj.* 1. high, tall, sublime, lofty. — 2. high, lofty, noble, excellent, illustrious, important, weighty, heavy. — 3. high-minded, proud. (Ger. *hoch*.)

hēah, hēa, *adv.* high.

hēah-beorh, *st. m.* a high hill or mountain.

hēah-bliss, *st. f.* exultation, rejoicing.

hēah-boda, *v. m.* archangel.

hēah-, hēa-burh, *st. f.* high city, first city of a country, metropolis.

hēah-cāsere, *st. m.* high ruler, highest emperor.

hēah-clif (*pl.* cleofu), *st. n.* high cliff, lofty rock.

hēah-cræft, *st. m.* superior art, excellent skill.

hēah-cyning, *st. m.* high king, most noble of kings, king of kings.

hēah-, hēh-engel, *st. m.* archangel.

hēah-, hēa-, hēh-fæder, *st. m.* patriarch.

hēah-fæst, *adj.* immutable, unchangeable, fixed.

hēah-flōd, *st. m.* high tide, the deep (of the flood).

hēah-frēa, *ic. m.* highest, most noble lord.

hēah-fȳr, *st. n.* lofty flame.

hēah-gæst, *st. m.* Holy Ghost.

hēah-gesceaft, *st. f.* high creature.

hēah-gesceap, *st. n.* destiny fixed by the Highest; fate, destiny.

hēah-gestrēon, *st. n.* excellent, splendid treasure, rich jewels.

hēah-getimbrad, *part.-adj.* nobly, magnificently built.

hēah-getimbru, *st. n. pl.* lofty edifice, grand building.

hēah-geþring, *st. n.* force or press of the lofty waves, flood, breakers.

hēah-geweorc, *st. n.* noble, excellent work.

hēah-gealdor, *st. n.* ineantation, magic word.

hēah-gnornung, *st. f.* great sighing or groaning.

hēah-god, *st. m.* the high God, Most High.

hēah-heort, *adj.* high-minded, proud.

hēah-hlīd, **-hleod**, **-hlīoð**, *st. n.* high, lofty hill.

hēah-land, *st. n.* high land, mountainous country.

hēah-lic. See **hēalīc**.

hēah-lufe, *ic. f.* high love, great love.

hēah-mægen, *st. n.* high strength, power, virtue.

hēah-miht, *st. f.* supreme power.

hēah-mōd, *adj.* **1.** of high spirits, joyous, courageous, lofty-minded. **2.** high-minded, proud.

hēah-nama, *ic. m.* most excellent name.

hēah-, **hēa-nes**, **-nis**, **hēan-nes**, *st. f.* hight, highest point, sublimity, excellence.

hēah-ræced, *st. n.* high house, temple.

hēah-rodor, *st. m.* lofty sky, high firmament.

hēah-sæ, *st. f.* high sea, deep sea.

hēah-sæl, *st. f.* favorable opportunity, good fortune, luck.

hēah-seld (**hēh-**), *st. n.* high seat, throne.

hēah-sele, *st. m.* high hall, first hall in the land, hall of the ruler.

hēah-setl, *st. n.* high seat, throne.

hēah-stede, *st. m.* high place, ruler's place.

hēah-stefn, *adj.* having a high prow, high-prowed.

hēah-stēap, *adj.* very high, steep.

hēah-strengdu, *st. f.* strength, bravery.

hēah-timber, *st. n.* lofty building.

hēah-trēow, *st. f.* high compact, solemn league.

hēah-, **hēh-þegen**, *st. m.* angel.

hēah-þegnung, *st. f.* high service, illustrious office.

hēah-þearf, *st. f.* great need, necessity.

hēah-prēa, *ic. m.* great terror, affliction, punishment.

hēah-þrym, *st. m.* great glory.

hēah-þrymnes, *st. f.* great glory.

hēahdu, **hēhdu**, **hēhd**, **biehdo**, *st. f.* hight, point, top, summit.

hēah-þungen, *part. adj.* noble, well-born, illustrious.

hēah-weorc, *st. n.* high, lofty work.

heal, **heall**, *st. f.* hall, main apartment, large building.

heal-ærn, *st. n.* hall-building, castle.

healdan, **haldan**, *st. red. v.* **1.** to hold, hold fast, uphold, support, have in custody.—**2.** to have in one's power, hold, have, own, possess, occupy, inhabit.—**3.** to watch over, protect, guard, defend; keep, preserve, observe, fulfill, perform. hold, assert, retain; to celebrate, observe; to hold, cherish.—**4.** to

rule, direct.—**5.** to reach forth, offer, furnish, give.—**6.** to hold out, last. (Ger. *halten*.)

an-healdan, to preserve, hold, maintain.

be-, bi-healdan, **1.** to hold, have, possess, occupy, inhabit.—**2.** to hold upright, preserve, protect, defend, guard, take care of, attend to, cherish.—**3.** to look at, behold, consider, observe, view.

for-healdan, to hold in dishonor, disregard, treat slightingly, despise, fall away from, rebel.

ge-healdan, **1.** to hold with the hands, hold fast.—**2.** to hold, maintain, preserve, watch over, guard.—**3.** to hold, possess, occupy, rule.—**4.** to hold, keep, observe, hold on, persist in.—**5.** *w. predicate adj. or part.* to hold, keep, preserve.—**6.** *reflex.* to hold one's self to, guard one's self.

ymb-healdan, to hold on all sides, contain.

healdend, *part. & subs.* holder, watch, keeper, dweller, inhabitant, king, lord, God.

healf, half, *adj.* **half**. (Ger. *halb*.)

healf, *st. f.* **1.** the half, a part.—**2.** side. (Ger. *halbe*.)

healf-cwic, *adj.* half-quick, half-dead.

healf-weard, *st. m.* sharer in rule or in possession.

heal-gamen, *st. n.* hall-joy, social enjoyment in the hall.

hêa-lic, *adj.* **1.** high.—**2.** noble, excellent, distinguished.—**3.** high-flown, proud, haughty.

hêa-lice, *adv.* highly, loftily, excellently.

heall, heall-. See **heal, heal-**.

healm, *st. m.* **haulm**, straw, stalk of grass, stem. (Ger. *halm*.)

heal-reced, *st. n.* hall-building, hall.

heals, hals, *st. m.* **1.** neck.—**2.** prow of a ship. (Ger. *hals*.)

heals. See **hâls**.

heals-bêag, *st. m.* neck-ring, collar.

heals-fæst, *adj.* stiff-necked, obstinate.

heals-gebedda, *w. f.* beloved bed-fellow, wife.

healsian. See **hâlsian**.

heal-sittende, *part.* sitting in the hall.

heals-mæged, *st. f.* maid whose neck a man embraces, beloved maid.

healsre-, halsre-feder, *st. f.* neck-feather, down.

heals-wrida, *w. m.* chain for the neck, necklace.

healt, *adj.* halt, limping.

heal-þegen, *st. m.* hall-thane, one who is acquainted with or occupies the hall.

heal-wudu, *st. m.* hall-wood, frame, woodwork, paneling, &c., of a hall.

hêan, *w. v.* to lift up, magnify, exalt. (Ger. *erhâhen*.)

hêan, *adj.* depressed, downcast, poor, miserable, abject, low, despised, rejected. (Goth. *hamms*.) [12.

heand-gestealla. See **handgezteal**.
hêane, *adv.* lowly, basely, ignominiously.

hêa-nes, -nis. See **hêahnis**.

hêan-lic, *adj.* base, ignominious.

hêan-lice, *adv.* lowly, basely, miserably, disgracefully.

hêan-môð, *adj.* downcast or depressed in spirits, sad, sorrowful.

hêanne, hêannes. See **hêah, hêan, hêahnis**.

hêan-spêðig, *adj.* having poor success, poor.

heap. See **hæp**.

heap, *st. m. f.* (Sat. 87). heap, multitude, crowd, troop, band, army; body of men, assembly. (Ger. *haufe*.)

hêar, hêara, *gen. pl.* See **hâr, hêah**.

heard, *adj.* **1.** hard, of natural hardness.—**2.** bold, brave, able, skillful, strong, efficient in war.—**3.** hard, hardened; hard-hearted, unmerciful.—**4.** hard, harsh, severe, stern, rough, obstinate, cruel, impetuous, terrible: hard to bear. (Ger. *hart*.)

heard-cwide, *st. m.* sharp word, abuse.

hearde, *adv.* **1.** hardly, severely, vigorously, vehemently, rashly, fiercely.—**2.** firmly, closely, narrowly.—**3.** very, very much, exceedingly.

heard-ecg, *adj.* sharp-edged, hard of edge.

heard-fyrde, *adj.* hard to bear away, heavy.

heard-hycgende, *part. & adj.* of a bold disposition, brave, warlike.

hearding, *st. m.* bold man, hero.

heard-lic, *adj.* hard, severe, rash, impetuous, dire, terrible, heavy.

heard-lice, *adv.* hardly, severely, sharply, vehemently, very, very much.

heard-môd, *adj.* of a brave or bold mind, stout-hearted.

heard-ræd, *adj.* firm of counsel, constant.

heard-sælig, *adj.* unhappy.

hearg, **hearh**, **herg**, **herig**, *st. m.* **1.** grove, wood.—**2.** grove sacred to the gods, temple, idol. (Icel. *hörgr*; O. H. Ger. *harue*, *haruch*.)

hearh, **herh-earð**, *st. m.* a dwelling in the wood.

hearh-træf, *st. n.* a temple for idols, heathen temple.

hearh, **herig-weard**, *st. m.* guardian of the temple.

hearm, **herm**, *st. m.* **1.** harm, sorrow, affliction.—**2.** loss, hurt, injury, misfortune, misery, evil.—**3.** harmful, biting speech, insult. (Ger. *harm*.)

hearm, **herm**, *adj.* causing harm or sorrow, hurtful, sharp, biting, malignant, malicious.

hearm-cwalu, *st. f.* great suffering.

hearm-cwedend (**herm**-), *part. & subs.* calumniator, evil-speaker.

hearm-cwide, **-cwyde**, *st. m.* hurtful speech, calumny, blasphemy, curse.

hearm-edwit, *st. n.* grievous, cutting reproach.

hearm-lêoð, *st. n.* elegy, lamentation, song of sorrow.

hearm-locæ, *st. m.* place of sadness, hell, prison.

hearm-plega, *st. m.* painful play, fight, strife.

hearm-scearu, *st. f.* what is imposed as a punishment or penalty.

hearm-sceada, **-scada**, *st. m.* sorrow or injury bringing enemy, grievous enemy.

hearm-slege, *st. m.* hurtful, grievous blows.

hearm-stæf, *st. m.* the cause of sorrow, loss, affliction, tribulation.

hearm-tân, *st. m.* twig of sorrow, germ of misfortune.

hearpe, *st. f.* harp, cittern. (Ger. *harfe*.)

hearpere, *st. m.* harper.

hearra, **herra**, **hierra**, **heorra**, *st. m.* lord, master.

hêarsum. See **hýrsum**.

heador, **heador**, **hador**, *st. n.* place of deposit, safe-keeping, receptacle, warehouse, depot.

headorian, *st. n.*

ge-headorian, to shut in, force, press in, confine, control, compress.

headu, **heado**, battle, fight. [Used only in compounds.]

hêadu (= **hêahdu**?), *st. f.* deep sea, high waves.

headu-byrne, *st. f.* battle-mail, coat-of-mail.

headu-dêor, *adj.* daring, brave in battle.

headu-fremmente, *part.* giving battle, fighting.

headu-fȳr, *st. n.* battle-fire, fiery breath.

headu-geong, *adj.* young and warlike.

headu-glem, *st. m.* wound in battle, wound.

headu-grim, *adj.* grim, fierce in battle.

headu-helm, *st. m.* battle-helmet.

headu-lâc, *st. n.* war-play, battle.

hêadu-lidend, *part. & subs.* seafarer, sailor.

headu-lind, *st. f.* shield of linden-wood, war-shield.

headu-mære, *adj.* renowned in war.

headu-ræs, *st. m.* rush of battle, attack.

headu-rêaf, *st. n.* battle-dress, coat-of-mail.

headu-rinc, *st. m.* battle-hero, warrior. [tle.]

headu-rôf, *adj.* bold, skillful in battle.

headu-sceard, *adj.* seared in battle, cut to pieces in battle.

headu-sêoc, **-sioc**, *adj.* battle-sick, wounded.

hêadu-sigel, *st. m.* sun rising out of the sea. Râ. 72, 16.

headu-stêap, *adj.* high in battle, commanding in battle, lofty.

headu-swât, *st. m.* blood shed in battle.

headu-sweng, *st. m.* battle-stroke, blow of the sword. [tle.]

headu-torht, *adj.* loud, clear in battle.

headu-wêd, *st. f.* battle-dress, shirt-of-mail.

headu-wælm, **-wel**, **-wylm**, *st. m.* battle-wave; fierce, deadly flame-wave, surging flames.

headu-wêrig, *adj.* battle-weary.

headu-weorc, *st. n.* battle-work, battle.

hêawan, *st. red. v.* to **hew**, cut, strike, smite. (Ger. *hauen*.)

â-hêawan, to hew off, cut off.

be-, **bi-hêawan**, to cut off, rob or deprive of by cutting off.

for-hêawan, to hew or cut in pieces, cut down, kill by hacking.

ge-hêawan, to hew, cut, cleave.

hêo. See **hê**, **hiw**.

hêo-dæg, *adv.* to-day. (Ger. *heute*.)

hêof, *st. m.* lamentation, wailing, mourning.

hêofan, **hiofan**, *v. v.* to lament, wail, howl, mourn.

heofod ? = **heafod** ? Gn. Ex. 68.

heofon, **hiofon**, **hefon**, **-un**, **-en**, *st. m.* heaven. (Goth. *himins*; Ger. *himmel*.)

hêofon, *st. f.* lamentation, mourning.

heofon-bêacen, *st. n.* heavenly sign, token.

heofon-beorht, *adj.* heavenly bright, glorious.

heofon-bȳme, *v. f.* heaven's trumpet.

heofon-candel, **-condel**, *st. f.* heaven's candle, heavenly light, column of fire, sun and moon, stars.

heofon-col, *st. n.* a heavenly coal, heat of the sun.

heofon-cund, *adj.* celestial, heavenly.

heofon-cȳning, *st. m.* heaven's king.

heofon-dêma, *v. m.* heaven's ruler.

heofon-drêam, *st. m.* heaven's joys.

heofon-dugud, *st. f.* heavenly host.

heofon-engel, *st. m.* angel of heaven.

heofon-fugol, *st. m.* bird under heaven, bird, fowl of the air.

heofon-hâlig, *adj.* holy and heavenly.

heofon-hâm, *st. m.* heavenly home.

heofon-hêah, *adj.* high as heaven, sublime.

heofon-blâf, *st. m.* bread of heaven.

heofon-lrôf, *st. m.* heaven's roof, heaven.

heofon-hwealf, *st. f.* heaven's vault.

heofon-lêoht, *st. n.* heaven's light.

heofon-lêoma, *w. m.* heaven's splendor, sun.

heofon-lic, *adj.* heavenly. (Cf. Ger. *himmlisch*.)

heofon-mægen, *st. n.* heavenly strength:—used with reference both to God and to the heavenly hosts.

heofon-ric, *st. n.* heavenly kingdom. (Cf. Ger. *himmelreich*.)

heofon-steorra, *w. m.* star of heaven.

heofon-stól, *st. m.* heaven's throne.

heofon-timber, *st. n.* heavenly building, heaven.

heofon-torht, *adj.* heavenly bright, glorious.

heofon-tungol, *st. n.* star of heaven, constellation, heavenly body.

heofon-præat, *st. m.* heaven's army.

heofon-prym, *st. m.* heavenly glory, heavenly majesty.

heofon-waru, *st. f.* inhabitants of heaven.

heofon-weard, *st. m.* heaven's keeper, God.

heofon-wolcen, *st. n.* cloud of heaven, heaven's welkin.

heofon-wôma, *w. m.* resounding crash of heaven.

heofon-wuldor, *st. n.* heavenly glory.

hêof, **hêow-sid**, *st. m.* sorrowful, mournful fate; sad condition.

heofun, **hêofun**. See **heofon**, **hiofon**.

heolfor, *st. n.* blood, gore, putrid or festering blood.

heolfrig, *adj.* bloody.

heolod-cyn, *st. n.* inhabitants of the lower world.

heolod-helm, *st. m.* helmet rendering the wearer invisible. Wal. 45.

heolstor, *adj.* dark, shadowy.

heolstor, *st. n.* covering, hiding-place, lurking-place, cavern, darkness. (Goth. *hulistr*.)

heolstor-côfa, *w. m.* covered resting-place, grave.

heolstor-hof, *st. n.* dark dwelling, hell.

heolstor-loc, *w. m.* prison, cell.

heolstor-sceadu, *st. f.* darkness.

heolstor-scuwa, *w. m.* darkness.

heona, **hiona**, *adv.* hence, from here.

heonan, **hionan**, **-on**, **-un**, *adv.* hence, from here, from now on.

heonane, **heonone**, *adv.* from here, hence.

heonan-sid, *st. m.* departure from here, death.

heonan-weard, *adj.* receding, passing away.

heopian, *w. v.*

be-heopian, to rob, deprive of. Gen. 2644.

heor, *st. m. f.* hinge of a door.

heordan, *w. v.*

â-heordan, to free from captivity? B. 2930.

heord, **herd**, **hyrd**, *st. f.* 1. guard, protection, keeping. — 2. flock, herd. — 3. family, household. (Ger. *heerde*.)

heorde. See **hirde**.

hêore, **hiore**, **hÿre**, **hire**, *adj.* 1. pleasant, not haunted, secure. — 2. gentle, mild, obedient. — 3. pure, clean, spotless.

heoro. See **heoru**.

heorot, **heort**, *st. m.* stag, hart, Heorot. (Ger. *hirsch*.)

heorra. See **hearra**.

heort, *adj.* high-minded, judicious? Ps. 118. 2.

heorte, **hiorte**, *w. f.* heart. (Ger. *herz*.)

heort-lufe, *w. f.* heart-love, hearty love.

heord, *st. m.* hearth. (Ger. *herd*.)

heard-genêat, *st. m.* hearth-companion, follower who shares the hearth of his lord.

heord-weorud, **-werod**, *st. n.* household sharing the same hearth, family, servants, retainers.

heoru, **heoro**, **hioro**, *st. m.* sword.
(Goth. *hairus*.)

heoru-blâc, *adj.* pale from sword-strokes, mortally wounded.

heoru-cumbol, *st. n.* standard of war, ensign.

heoru-dolg, *st. n.* sword-wound, deadly wound.

heoru-drêor, *st. m.* sword-blood, gore.

heoru-drêorig, *adj.* bloody.

heoru-drync, *st. m.* the sword's drink, blood which follows the sword out of the wound.

heoru-fædm, *st. m.* sword's embrace, death-bringing embrace.

heoru-gifre, *adj.* greedy to destroy, eager for hostile inroads.

heoru-grædig, *adj.* bloodthirsty, greedy for blood.

heoru-grim, *adj.* very fierce or cruel, savage.

heoru-hôciht, *adj.* sharp like a sword, supplied with sharp, cutting hooks, barbed.

heoru-scearp, *adj.* exceedingly sharp.

heoru-sceorp, *st. n.* war equipments.

heoru-serce, *w. f.* coat-of-mail, war-shirt.

heoru-sweng, *st. m.* blow of the sword, sword-stroke.

heoru-swealwe, *w. f.* falcon, hawk.

heoru-wæpen, *st. n.* war-weapon, sword.

heoru-weallende, *part.* fiercely boiling, raging.

heoru-wearh, *st. m.* bloodthirsty wolf (Grein);—he who is sword-cursed, who is destined to die by the sword (H.-S.).

heoru-word, *st. n.* cutting word, hurtful speech.

heoru-wulf, *st. m.* sword-wolf, warrior.

hêod, *st. f.* vaulted part of the hall where the dais sits (Grein);—room, hall (B.-T.).

hêow. See **hiw**

hêowan. See **hêofan**.

hêowian. See **hiwian**.

hêow-sid. See **hêofsid**.

hi, **hie**, **hicgean**, **hidan**. See **hê**, **hycgan**, **hýdan**.

hider, **hider**, **hyder**, *adv.* **hither**.

hider-cyme, *st. m.* arrival, coming, advent.

hig. See **hê**.

hig, **hêg**, **hio**, *st. n.* **hay**. (Ger. *heu*.)

hige. See **hyge**.

hi-, **hý-gedriht**, *st. f.* band of household retainers.

higian, *w. v.* to **hie**, heed, strive, hasten.

ofer-higian, to strive to surpass, to surpass, excel, exceed.

higora, *w. m.* jay, woodpecker. (O.H. Ger. *lechrau*.)

hiht, **hihtan**, **hild**. See **hyht**, **hyhtan**, **hyld**.

hild, *st. f.* battle, fight, combat. (O. H. Ger. *hilt*.)

hild-bedd, *st. n.* war-bed, deathbed.

hilde-bill, *st. n.* battle-sword.

hilde-bord, *st. n.* battle-shield.

hilde-calla, *w. m.* war-herald, one who calls the troops to battle.

hilde-cordor, *st. n.* war-host, war-like band.

hilde-cyst, *st. f.* excellence in war, warlike valor.

hilde-dêoful, *st. n.* demon, devil.

hilde-dêor, *adj.* daring in battle, brave in war.

hilde-freca. See **hildfreca**.

hilde-frôfor, *st. f.* help for battle, weapon? sword?

hilde-gæst, **-giest**, *st. m.* battle-guest, enemy.

hild-egesa, *w. m.* terror of battle.

hilde-geatwe, *st. f. pl.* equipment for battle, adornment for combat, armor.

hilde-gicel, *st. m.* battle-icicle, blood dripping from the sword.

hilde-grâp, *st. f.* battle-gripe, hostile hand.

hilde-hlæm, -hleam, *st. m.* rage, noise, tumult of battle.
hilde-lēoma, *u. m.* battle-light, gleam of battle.
hilde-lēod, *st. n.* battle-song.
hilde-mæcg, *st. m.* man of battle, warrior.
hilde-mēce, *st. m.* war-sword.
hilde-nædre, *st. f.* battle-adder, dart, arrow, lance.
hilde-pil, *st. m.* warlike missile, dart.
hilde-ræs, *st. m.* rush of battle, onset, attack.
hilde-rand, *st. m.* battle-shield.
hilde-rinc, *st. m.* hero of battle, warrior.
hilde-sæd, *adj.* satiated with battle, tired of battle, mortally wounded.
hilde-sceorp, *st. n.* battle-adornment, armor, coat-of-mail.
hilde-scūr, *st. m.* battle-shower, darts (of disease).
hilde-sege, *u. f.* battle-seythe, sword (Grein); — others print **hildes-egesan**. B. 3155.
hilde-serce, *u. f.* battle-sark, shirt-of-mail.
hilde-setl, *st. n.* battle-seat, saddle.
hilde-spell, *st. n.* news of the battle, story of the fight.
hilde-strengo, *st. f.* battle-strength, bravery in battle.
hilde-swât, *st. m.* battle-sweat: hot, damp breath of the dragon. B. 2558.
hilde-swæg, *st. m.* din of battle, sound of battle.
hilde-torht, *adj.* having warlike splendor.
hilde-tusc, -tux, *st. m.* battle-tusk, tusk, fang.
hilde-þremma, *u. m.* warrior.
hilde-þrym, *st. m.* warlike strength or vigor.
hilde-þryð, *st. f.* the same as above.
hilde-wæpen, *st. n.* war-weapon.
hilde-wiaa, *u. m.* leader in war, general.

hilde-wōma, *u. m.* tumult or crash of battle, terror of battle.
hilde-wræsn, *st. f.* warlike chain, fetter for captives.
hilde-wulf, *st. m.* battle-wolf, hero, warrior.
hild-, hilde-freca, *u. m.* battle-wolf, hero, warrior.
hild-from, *adj.* strong in battle, valiant in war. [peror.
hild-fruma, *u. m.* battle-chief, em-
hild-læt, *adj.* sluggish in battle, cowardly. (Grein.)
hild-lata, *u. m.* one sluggish in war, slow to fight, coward. (B.-T.)
hild-stapa, *u. m.* one who approaches as an enemy, warrior.
hild-þracu, *st. f.* onset of battle, power in war.
hilt, *st. m. n.* **hilt**, sword-hilt, handle.
hilde-cumbor, *st. n.* banner with a hilt.
hilted, *part. & adj.* furnished with a handle or hilt.
hina. See **hine**, **hiwan**.
hind, *st. f.* hind, female of the hart. (Ger. *hinde*.)
hindan, *adv.* behind, in the rear. (Ger. *hinten*.)
hindan-weard, *adv.* at the hinder or farther side.
hindema, *u. adj.* the last, hindmost.
hinder, *adv.* behind, back, after, in the farthest part. (Ger. *hinter*.)
hinder-hōc, *st. m.* trick, snare.
hinderling, — used only in the phrase on **hinderling**, backwards.
hinder-peostru, *st. n. pl.* the farther part of hell's darkness; hence, the darkest part.
hinder-weard, *adj.* tending backward, artful.
hinde-weard, *adj.* backward, behind.
hine, *adv.* hence, away.
hine. See **hē**.
hinfūs, *adj.* hastening to depart, ready to die.

hin-gang, *st. m.* departure, going away, death.

hingran. See **hyngan**.

hin-, **hinn-sid**, *st. m.* going away, departure, death.

hinsid-gryre, *st. m.* dread of death, fear of going away, of dying.

hīran. See **hýran**.

hirde, **hierde**, **heorde**, **hiorde**, **hyrde**, *st. m.* (herd), keeper, guardian, protector, lord, possessor. (Ger. *hirtc.*)

hire. See **hē**.

hire. See **hēore**.

hi-, **hý-rêd**, *st. m.* household, family, assembly.

hirêd-man, *st. m.* follower.

hirwan. See **herwan**.

his, **hit**. See **hē**.

hitsian, *w. v.* to be heated, warm, hot (Grein);—others print **hyt sý**. B. 2649.

hīdan, **hider**. See **hýdan**, **hider**.

hiw, **hēow**, **hēo**, *st. n.* appearance, form, figure, look, color, hue. (Goth. *hiwi*.)

hiwan, *w. m. pl.* domestics, servants.

hiw-, **hiow-beorht**, *adj.* of exceeding beauty, of striking figure.

hiw-cūð, *adj.* familiar, well-known.

hiwe, *adj.* of perfect form, beautiful.

hiwian, **hēowian**, *w. v.*

ge-hlwian, to form, fashion, shape.

hie, **hiedan**, **hiehdū**, **hiene**, **hiendo**,

hieran, **hierde**, **hierra**, **hiedan**. See **hē**, **hýdan**, **hēahdū**, **hē**, **hýnd**, **hýran**, **hirde**, **hearra**, **hýdan**.

hio, **hiofon**, **hiold**, **hiom**, **hiona**,

hionan, **hiorde**, **hiore**, **hioro**,

hiorte, **hiow**. See **hē** and **hig**, **heofon**, **healdan**, **hē**, **heona**, **heonan**, **hirde**, **hēore**, **heoru**, **heortz**, **hiwbeorht**.

hladan, *st. abl. v. IV.* 1. to laðe, load, heap up, bring together, pile

up in layers.—2. to load, lay, place upon, place in.—3. to load, burden.

4. to draw. (Ger. *laden*.)

â-hladan, to draw out, lead out.

ge-hladan, 1. to load, heap up.

2. to load, burden, freight.

tô-hladan, to scatter, disperse,

hlæder, *st. f.* ladder, flight of steps. (Ger. *leiter*.)

hlæfdige, *w. f.* lady, mistress of a house.

hlæman, *w. v.*

bi-hlæman, to resound, strike with noise.

hlænan, *w. v.* to lean, incline.

â-hlænan, to rise up against.

be-hlænan, to surround or beset by leaning.

hlæst, *st. n.* burden, load;—**holmes**

hlæst, fishes. (Ger. *last*.)

hlæstan, *w. v.*

ge-hlæstan, to load, burden, freight, adorn.

hlæw, **hlâw**, *st. m.* 1. hill, mound,—especially a grave-hill.—2. grave-dwelling, hole, cave.

hlâf, *st. m.* loaf, bread. (Goth. *hlaifs*.)

hlâf-gebrece, *st. n.* bit of bread, morsel.

hlâf-mæsse, *w. f.* **Lammas**, the first of August.

hlâf-ord, **-urd**, *st. m.* lord, ruler, master.

hlâford-léas, *adj.* lordless.

hlanc, *adj.* lank, lean, thin, gaunt.

hlâw. See **hlæw**.

hlégan. See **hligan**.

hlehhan, **hlihhan**, **hlihan**, **hlyhhan**, *st. abl. v. IV.* to laugh, rejoice, deride. (Ger. *lachen*.)

â-hlehhan, 1. to laugh out, laugh at, deride.—2. to laugh out loud, shout, exult, rejoice.

bi-hlehhan, to laugh at, deride, exult over.

hlem, *st. m.* noise, sound, crash. [Used only in compounds.]

hlemman, *w. v.* to cause to sound, clash; — **hlemman togædre**, to strike together.

bi-hlemman, the same as above.

hlence, **hlenca**, *w. f. m.* link, chain, coat-of-mail.

hleahor, *st. m.* 1. noise, din. — 2. laughter, unrestrained laughter.

3. laughter, derision. — 4. exultation, rejoicing. — 5. joy, merriment.

hleahor-smid, *st. m.* causer of laughter.

hléapan, *st. red. v.* to leap, run, spring, dance. (Ger. *laufen*.)

â-hléapan, to leap up, jump, exult.

ge-hléapan, *w. acc.* to overtake by running, get by leaping, leap upon, run or leap to.

hléo, **hléow**, *st. m.* 1. shelter, protection. roof. — 2. shelter, defense. 3. protector, defender.

hléo-bord, *st. n.* protecting board, book-cover. Râ. 27, 12.

hléo-burh, *st. f.* fortress or city giving protection, ruler's castle or city.

hléo-dryhten, *st. m.* protector, defender.

hléo-fæst, *adj.* firm or mighty in protecting or consoling.

hléo-léas, *adj.* 1. without shelter. — 2. affording no shelter, roofless, cheerless.

hléo-mæg, *st. m.* a kinsman whose duty it is to afford right and lawful protection.

hléon, **hléowan**, *w. v.* 1. to warm, make warm, cherish. — 2. to become warm or hot.

hléonad, *st. m.* place of safety, couch, dwelling.

hleonian, **hlinian**, *w. v.* to incline, hang over, reel, lie down.

hléor, *st. n.* cheek, face. (Icel. *hlýr*.)

hléor-bere, *w. f.* what is worn on the cheek, visor (of the helmet?) B.304.

hléor-bolster, *st. m.* cheek-bolster, pillow.

hléor-dropa, *w. m.* drop running down the cheek, tear.

hléor-sceamu, *st. f.* shame shown on the cheek, blush.

hléor-torht, *adj.* having bright, beautiful cheeks.

hléo-sceorp, *st. n.* protecting ornament.

hléotan, *st. abl. v.* VI. 1. to cast lots.

2. to obtain by lots, share in, participate, attain, get. (Cf. Ger. *erlösen*.)

ge-hléotan, to obtain by lot, attain, get. [ing.]

hléod, **hléowd**, *st. f.* shelter, cover-hleodian. See **lidian**.

hléodor, *st. n.* 1. hearing. — 2. sound, tone, clang. — 3. voice, speech, cry, song. — 4. oracle, response.

hléodor-cwide, **-cwyde**, *st. m.* 1. speech, saying, vocal utterance. — 2. narration, narrative. — 3. prophecy, revelation, oracular utterance.

hléodor-stede, *st. m.* oracle, place for prophesying.

hléodrian, *w. v.* 1. *intrans.* to speak, talk earnestly, exclaim. — 2. *w. acc.* to say. — 3. to sound, resound, cry aloud, sing.

hleodu. See **hlid**.

hleow, **hléow**, **hléowan**. See **hléo**, **hlôwan**, **hléon**.

hleow-fedre, *st. f. pl.* wings affording protection, sheltering wings.

hleow-lora, *w. m.* one who has lost a protector.

hleow-stól, *st. m.* safe seat, asylum.

hleowd. See **hléod**.

hlid, *st. n.* lid, covering, protection, door, gate. (O. H. Ger. *hlit*.)

hlidan, *st. abl. v.* V. 1. to cover, shut, close. — 2. to come forth, spring up.

be-hlidan, to cover, shut up, close.

on-hlidan, *i.* to unlock, open.—
2. to rise.

tô-hlidan, to spring apart, open,
burst, gape, spring to pieces,
break.

hlifian, *w. r.* to rise up, be prominent,
tower up.

ofer-hlifian, to rise over,
overtop.

hligan, *st. abl. v. V.* to call, call
upon; to praise.

be-, bi-hligan, to speak ill of, de-
fame. *Gu. Ex.* 65.

hliahhan. See hlehhan.

hlím, *st. f.* stream, torrent. *Ps.* 82, 8.

hlímmán, hlymman, *st. abl. v. I.* to
sound, roar, resound, rage.

hlímme, *w. f.* stream, torrent.

hlín. See hlyn.

hlín, name of a tree, ash? *Rä.* 56, 9.

hlín- (lean-. (*Ger. lehn-*.) Cf. hleo-
nan. [Used only in compounds.]

hlín-bed, *st. n.* bed for reclining,
resting-place.

hlínc, *st. m.* hill, rising ground.
(link, linch. Cf. Halliwell.)

hlín-duru, *st. f.* the leaned to or
closed door.

hlínian, hlingan. See hleonian.

hlín-ræced, *st. n.* a closed house,
prison.

hlín-scûa, -scûwa, *w. m.* the dark-
ness of a closed room.

hlínsian, hlísa, hlistan. See hlyn-
sian, hlýsa, hlystan.

hlíosa. See hlýsa.

hlíd, *st. n.* cliff, precipice of a mount-
ain. (*Ger. leite*.)

hlosnian, *w. r.* to listen, be on the
lookout.

hlód, *st. f.* troop, band, crowd, mul-
titude, people. [mass.]

hlód-gecroð, *st. n.* crowded, dense
hlôwan, *st. red. v.* to low, roar,
blow loudly.

hlūd, *adj.* loud. (*Ger. laut*.)

hlūde, *adv.* loudly.

hlutor, hluttur, *adj.* clear, pure,
clean, bright. (*Ger. lauter*.)

hlutre, hluttre, *adv.* clearly, brightly.

hluttran, *w. r.* to clear, purify, make
bright.

â-hluttran, the same as above.

Hlýða, *w. m.* sounding, stormy
month; March;—so called on ac-
count of equinoctial storms.

hlýðan, *w. r.* to strike up, cry aloud,
make a great noise. (*Ger. lauten*.)

hlýgan, hlyhhan, hlymman. See
hligan, hlehhan, hlímmán.

hlyn, hlín, hlynn, *st. m.* sound, din,
noise, clatter, clamor.

hlynian, *w. r.* to sound, resound,
roar, shout.

hlymman, *w. r.* to sound, resound,
groan, roar, cry aloud, make a
noise or din.

hlynsian, hlinsian, *w. v.* the same
as above.

hlýp, *st. m.* leap, jump, spring.

hlýsa, hlíosa, hlísa, *w. m.* what is
heard.—1. sound.—2. report,
fame, rumor, renown.

hlyst, *st. f.* 1. hearing.—2. listening
with eager attention.

hlystan, hlistan, *w. r.* to list, listen
to, hear, attend.

ge-hlystan, the same as above.

hlyt, *st. m.* lot, portion.

hlytm, *st. m.* lot, portion.

hlýðan, *w. r.*

be-hlýðan, to rob, deprive of.

hnæcan, *w. r.* to kill.

ge-hnæcan, to push, rub against,
strike on, bruise.

hnægan, hnégan, *w. r.* to bend, hu-
miliate.

ge-hnægan, to bow, humble,
bring down, strike down, fell,
subdue.

hnægan (= nægan), *w. r.* to speak
to, greet. *B.* 1320.

hnæsc, hnesc, *adj.* weak, tender,
soft.

hnâg, **hnâh**, *adj.* 1. low, inferior, miserable, poor.—2. of a low way of thinking, mean, niggardly.

hnappung, *st. f.* napping, slumbering, slumber.

hnâtan, *st. red. v.* to strike together, clash.

hnecca, *w. m.* neck. (Ger. *nacken*.)

hnêgan, **hnesc**. See **hnægan**, **hnæsc**.

hnêapan, *st. red. v.*

â-hnêapan, to pluck off.

hnêaw, *adj.* avaricious, stingy, close. (Ger. *genau*.)

hnêaw-lice, *adv.* stingily, sparingly.

hnigan, *st. abl. r. V.* 1. to bend, bow one's self.—2. to make a bow, prostrate one's self (in greeting or in making a request, &c.)—3. to descend, fall.

ge-hnigan, to bow down, be humble.

on-hnigan, to bow down, incline one's self, worship.

under-hnigan, to bow down, go down under or into.

hnipian, *w. r.* to incline, bow down. (Ger. *nippen*.)

hnitan, *st. abl. r. V.* to strike, dash against, encounter.

hnossian, *w. r.* to strike.

hnyssan, *w. r.*

ge-hnyssan, to frighten;—*part.* affrighted.

hō. See **hōh**.

hōc, *st. m.* hook, hinge, snare, trap.

hōciht, *adj.* having hooks, barbed, hooked.

hōf. See **hebban**.

hof, *st. n.* inclosed space, courtyard, estate, house, dwelling. (Ger. *hof*.)

hōf, *st. m.* hoof. (Ger. *huf*.)

hōfian, *w. r.*

be-, **bi-hōfian** (**behoove**), to need, require, want.

hogde. See **hycgan**.

hogian, *w. r.* to think.

hogede, **hogode**, **hogade**. See **hycgan**.

hōh, **hō**, *st. m.* hough, heel;—on **hōh**, behind, back.

hohsnian, *w. r.*

on-hohsnian, to scold, mock, scorn (Grein). B. 1944.

on-hōhsnian, *w. r.* to hinder (H.-S.). (*ms.* on **hoh snod**.)

hol, *st. n.* hole, cave, cavern, den.

hōl, *st. n.* silly talk, foolish speech, calumny.

hold, *adj.* inclined to, attached to.—

1. used of a lord or ruler to his subjects: friendly, kind, gracious, good.—2. of subjects to their lord: obedient, true, loyal, devoted, faithful.—3. in general: true, kind, friendly, favorable, faithful, loyal. 4. pleasant, dear, agreeable. (Ger. *hold*.)

holde, *adv.* graciously, devotedly.

holde-lice, *adv.* devotedly.

hold-lice, *adv.* graciously, pleasantly, kindly, devotedly.

holen, **holegn**, *st. m.* holly.

hōlinga, **hōlunge**, *adv.* in vain, without reason.

holm, *st. m.* literally, a rounded light.—1. high-going sea-waves.

2. deep sea, ebb, wave, sea, water.

3. helm of the ship. An. 396.

holm-ærn, *st. n.* sea-house, ship.

holm-clif, *st. n.* sea-cliff, rocky shore, promontory.

holmeg, *adj.* stormy as on the sea? misty. Exod. 396.

holm-mægen, *st. n.* strength of the waves or fullness of the deep.

holm-þracu, *st. f.* tumult of the waves or sea, storm at sea, tossing of the sea, violence of the waves.

holm-weg, *st. m.* seaway. [waves.]

holm-weall, *st. m.* sea-wall, wall of

holm-weard, *st. m.* sea-warler, governor of the ship. [cross.]

holm-wudu, *st. m.* mountain-wood,

- holm-wyllm**, *st. m.* waves of the sea, billows.
- holt**, *st. n.* **1.** holt, wood, forest, hedge.—**2.** wood. (Ger. *holz*.)
- holt-wudu**, *st. m.* **1.** forest-wood, grove, forest.—**2.** wood.
- hólunge**, *hom*, *homa*, *honcer*. See **hólinga**, *ham*, *hama*, *hamer*.
- hôn**, *st. red. v.* to hang, suspend. (Ger. *hängen*.)
 â-hôn, to hang, suspend, crucify.
 be-, bi-hôn, to behang, hang round.
 ge-hôn, to hang with, adorn.
- hond**, *hongian*. See **hand**, *hangian*.
- hóp**, *st. n.* (hoop); hence, something round, hope, bay, moor, marsh; extended in meaning, sea.
- hóp-gehnâst**, *st. n.* dashing of the waves;—used of the sea-beaten cliffs.
- hopian**, *v. r.* to hope. (Ger. *hoffen*.)
- hōpig**, *adj.* in ring-shaped waves, eddying. Ps. 68, 2.
- hord**, *st. n. m.* the guarded treasure, hoard, treasure; the thoughts shut up in the breast, the spirit dwelling in the body; secrets; and finally whatever is collected or brought together, fullness, abundance. (Ger. *hort*; Goth. *huzd*.)
- hord-ærn**, *st. n.* treasure-house, treasure-room.
- hord-burh**, *st. f.* city or castle in which the ruler's (king's) treasure is kept, royal city.
- hord-cōfa**, *v. m.* chamber or closet of the secret thoughts, breast, heart.
- hord-fæt**, *st. n.* treasure-vessel, (sc. in utero Mariæ).
- hord-gestrēon**, *st. n.* treasure-hoard, precious treasure.
- hord-geat**, *st. n.* door to the secret treasure.
- hord-loca**, *v. m.* treasure-chest, coffer; secret thoughts.
- hord-mægen**, *st. n.* abundance of treasure, riches.
- hord-maddum**, *st. m.* treasure-jewel, costly jewel.
- hord-wela**, *v. m.* wealth of treasures, abundance of riches.
- hord-weard**, *st. m.* warder of the treasure, keeper of treasure.
- hord-weordung**, *st. f.* gift out of the treasure.
- hord-wyn**, *st. f.* treasure-joy, joy-giving treasure.
- horn**, *st. n.* **horn.** **1.** of an animal. **2.** horn, trumpet.—**3.** pinnacle, horn-shaped gable-end. (Ger. *horn*.)
- horn-boga**, *v. m.* horn-bow, bow made of horn, bow with the ends curved like a horn.
- horn-bora**, *v. m.* horn-bearer, trumpeter.
- horn-fisc**, *st. m.* hornfish, a kind of pike.
- horn-gestrēon**, *st. n.* all the pinnacles of a house.
- horn-gēap**, *adj.* rich in pinnacles (Grein);—having a wide extent between the "horns," (B.-T.)
- horn-reced**, *st. n.* pinnacled house, building having pinnacles (Grein & B.-T.);—building whose two gables are crowned by the halves of a stag's antler (?) (Heyne).
- horn-sæl**, *st. n.* the same as above.
- horn-scip**, *st. n.* ship with beak, or horn-shaped prow.
- horn-sele**, *st. m.* hall, house having pinnacles.
- hors**, *st. n.* horse. (Ger. *ross*.)
- horsc**, *adj.* **1.** quick, swift, expeditious.—**2.** quick in thought, ready, active, wary, prudent.
- hors-lice**, *adv.* promptly, prudently, wisely.
- horu**, *st. m.* dirt, filth, spittle. (O.H. Ger. *horo*.)

- hōs, *st. f.* accompanying troop, escort. (Goth. *hansa*.)
- hosp, *st. m.* reproach, blasphemy, insult, contumely, disgrace.
- hosp-cwide, *st. m.* contemptuous, insulting words.
- hosp-word, *st. n.* same as above.
- hodma, *w. m.* place of concealment, cave, grave.
- hrā, hrāw, hreā, hreāw, hræw, hræ, *st. n.* 1. body of a living human being.—2. corpse.
- hraca, *w. m.* throat, jaws, gullet. (Ger. *rachen*.)
- hræd, hred, *adj.* quick, active, nimble, ready, busy.
- hræder. See hreder.
- hræd-lice, *adv.* quickly, immediately, straightway, soon, forthwith.
- hræd-tæfle, *adj.* skilled in the game at draughts.
- hræd-wægn, -wæn, *st. m.* swift wain or wagon.
- hræd-wyrde, *adj.* quick speaking, rash in speech.
- hræfn, hrefn, hræm, hrem, *st. m.* raven. (Ger. *rabe*.)
- hrægl, *st. n.* covering, dress, garment, armor.
- hrægn-locā (Rä. 72. 21). See brægnlocā.
- hræd, hred, *adj.* quick, swift, sudden.
- hræde, hræder. See hrade, hreder.
- hræw. See hrā.
- hrā-fyl, *st. m.* fall of bodies in battle, slaughter.
- hragan, *st. abl. v. IV.* [spread. ofer-hragan, to cover, over-
hran, hron, *st. m.* whale.
hran-fisc, *st. m.* whale.
hran-mere, *st. m.* whale-mere, ocean.
hran-rād, *st. n.* whale's road, sea.
hrade, hræde, hrede, *adv.* (rathe, *adj.* Milton), quickly, immediately, at once, forthwith, soon, straightway.
hrader. See hreder.
hrāw. See hrā.
- hrā-wērig, *adj.* body-weary, tired of life.
- hrā-wic (hreā-), *st. n.* place of corpses, battle-field.
- hred. See hræd.
- hreddan, *w. r.* to rid, snatch away, rescue, deliver. (Ger. *retten*.)
ā-hreddan, to take away, rescue, free from.
- hreddan, *w. r.*
ā-hreddan, to move, shake, make to tremble.
- hrēfan, *w. r.*
ge-hrēfan, to cover, cover over, roof.
- hrefn, hrem. See hræfn.
- hrēman, *w. v.* to make a noise over, boast of. (Ger. *rühmen*.)
- hrēmig, *adj.* 1. lamenting (Seel. 9).
2. rejoicing, boasting, exulting.
- hreppan, *w. r.* to touch, lay hold of, afflict.
- hrēran, *w. r.* to touch, move.—2. to be moved. (Ger. *rühren*.)
on-hrēran, to move, excite, agitate, disturb.
- hrēnes, *st. f.* excitement, commotion.
- hrest (*pres. 3 sig.*), withers. Met. 11, 58.
- hred. See hræd.
- hrêd, *st. f.* honor, renown, glory, triumph, joy. (Cf. *ruhm*, Kluge, Etym. Wbb. p. 277.)
- hrēdan, *w. v.* to glory in, exult, rejoice.
- hrede. See hrade.
- hrêde, *adj.* rough, savage, wild.
- hrêd-êadig, *adj.* glorious, joyful.
- hred, hredor, hræder, hrader, *st. m.* 1. the inner parts of the body, entrails, heart, bosom, breast, —especially as seat of life, thought, and feeling.—2. in general, the inside of anything.
- hredor-bealo, *st. n.* evil that takes hold on the heart, sore evil.
- hredor-cōfa, *w. m.* breast.

hreder-glêaw, *adj.* prudent, wise.
hreder-loca, *w. m.* inclosure of the breast, breast.

hrêdig, *adj.* triumphant, exulting.
hrêd-lêas, *adj.* joyless, or without renown.

hrêd-sigor, *st. m.* glorious victory, triumph.

hrêâ, **hrêaw**. See **hrâ**.

hrêam, *st. m.* ery, outcry, din, noise, tumult.

hrêamig. See **hrêmig**.

hrêo. See **hrêoh**.

hrêof, *adj.* rough, seabby, leprous. (O. H. Ger. *rioh*.)

hrêofan, *st. abl. v. V.*

be-hrêofan? Ruin. 4.

hrêoh, *st. n.* rough, stormy weather, tempest.

hrêoh, **hrioh**, **hrêo**, **hrêow**, *adj. 1.* rough, wild, angry, raging, stormy, excited.—**2.** sad, troubled.

hrêoh-môð, *adj. 1.* angry at heart, enraged.—**2.** sad at heart, troubled.

hrêorig, *adj.* falling to decay, in ruins. Ruin. 3.

hrêosan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to rush, fall headlong, break forth, fall, sink.

be-, **bi-hrêosan**, **1.** to cover over.—**2. part.** **beħroren**, divested of, fallen away from.

ge-hrêosan, to fall down, rush headlong, sink, disappear, fail.

of-hrêosan, to fall down, fall headlong.

tô-hrêosan, to fall asunder.

hrêoðan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to draw over, cover, clothe, adorn, decorate.

ge-hrêoðan, the same as above.

on-hrêoðan, the same as above.

hrêow. See **hrêoh**.

hrêow, *st. f.* sadness, distress, sorrow, regret, penitence. (Ger. *reue*.)

hrêowan, *st. abl. v. VI. impers.* to rue, repent, be sorry for, grieve. (Ger. *reuen*.)

ge-hrêowan, same as above.

hrêow-cearig, *adj.* sorrowful, sad.

hrêowig, *adj.* the same as above.

hrêowig-môð, *adj.* sad of heart, sorrowful.

hrêow-lic, *adj.* the same as above.

hrêow-lice, *adv.* miserably, cruelly.

hricg. See **hrycg**.

hrif, *st. f.* (-riff), belly, womb.

hrim? **hrim** on lime. Ruin. 4.

hrim, *st. m.* rime, hoar-frost. (O. H. Ger. *rime*.)

hriman, *v. v.*

be-hriman, to cover with hoar-frost.

hrim-ceald, *adj.* icy cold.

hrim-gicel, *st. m.* icicle.

hrimig, *adj.* frosty, covered with frost.

hrimig-heard, *adj.* hard with frost.

hrinan, *st. abl. v. V.* to touch, lay hold of, grasp, strike. (O. H. Ger. *hrinan*.)

ge-hrinan, the same as above.

on-hrinan, the same as above.

hrið, *part.* dead (Grein);—rustling (Heyne);—barky (Thorpe);—rinded (Kemble);—placed in a ring or circle? (B.-T.). B. 1363.

hriðan, *st. abl. v. I.* to strike, push, thrust.

hring, *st. m. 1.* ring, gold ring as ornament.—**2.** ring as a fetter.—

3. shirt-of-mail (of interlaced rings).—**4.** circle formed by a

number of men.—**5.** circle of the year, circuit.—**6.** orb or circumference of the earth.—**7.** ban, extent of the ban, territory over

which one's power extends.—**8.** circle, circuit, territory, influence.

(Ger. *ring*.)

hring, *st. m.* ring, sound.

hringan, *v. v.* to ring, elash, give forth a sound, rattle.

hring-boga, *v. m.* one who bends himself into a ring, bowed or bent

dragon.

hringed, *adj.* supplied with rings, made of rings.

hringed-stefna, *w. m.* ship whose prow is provided with iron rings for making it fast to the land.

hring-iren, *st. n.* ring-iron, iron rings of a coat-of-mail (Grein); — sword ornamented with rings (H.-S.).

hring-loc, *w. m.* shirt-of-mail.

hring-mæl, *st. n.* sword marked with rings, i.e. marked with ring-shaped characters, or ornamented with inlaid rings.

hring-mæled, *adj.* marked with rings. See above.

hring-mere, *st. n.* water-basin in a bath-house, bath.

hring-naca, *w. m.* ship provided with iron rings in the prow.

hring-net, *st. n.* coat-of-mail made of iron rings.

hring-sele, *st. m.* ring-hall; — 1. hall in which rings are distributed. — 2. the cave or hole of the dragon guarding the treasure consisting mainly of rings. B. 2840, 3053.

hring-pegu, *st. f.* the receiving of rings when distributed by one's lord.

hring-weorðung, *st. f.* donation of rings (Grein); — ring-ornament. (H.-S.) B. 3017.

hrisil, *st. f.* shuttle; bone of the lower arm, radius.

hrīd, *st. f.* snowstorm? Wand. 102.

hrīoh. See **brēch**.

hrōf, *st. m.* 1. roof, rafters, vault, chamber. — 2. top, the highest part of an object, point, summit.

hrōf-fæst, *adj.* with a firm roof, well-covered.

hrōf-sele, *st. m.* covered hall.

hron. See **hran**.

hrōpan, *st. red. v.* to call, cry out, scream, howl. (Ger. *rufen*.)

hrōr, *adj.* stirring, moving, strong, stout, valiant, skillful.

hrōst-béag, *st. m.* woodwork of the roof. Ruin. 32.

hrôdor, *st. m.* joy, delight, consolation, solace, benefit, advantage, gain.

hrôdor-lêas, *adj.* joyless.

hrung, *st. f.* rung, staff, beam, pole (of a wagon-cover). (Ger. *runge*.)

hrungeat-torr, *st. m.* tower with a grate-door. (Ruin. 4.)

hruse, *w. f.* earth, soil, ground.

hrûtan, *st. abl. v.* VI. to make a noise, whiz, snore.

hrycg, **hricg**, *st. m.* back, height, surface, ridge. (Ger. *rücken*.)

hryre, *st. m.* fall, downfall, ruin, destruction, death.

hrysian, *w. v.* to shake, move.

hrystan, *w. v.* to adorn, ornament.

hrydig, *adj.* fallen to decay, in ruins.

hū (= **hwī**), *instr.* of **hwæt**, *adv.* how, why, wherefore; *w.* the comparative.

hugod, **hugende**. See **hycgan**.

hulpa, *w. m.* name of a sea-animal (Wülker), Seef. 21: — name of a bird, — so called from its note (D.-T.).

hū-líc, *adj.* of what sort.

hund, *st. m.* dog, hound. (Ger. *hund*.)

hund, *num.* one hundred.

hund-nigontig, *num.* ninety.

hundred, *num.* hundred.

hund-seofontig, *num.* seventy.

hund-teontig, *num.* hundred.

hund-twelftig, *num.* one hundred and twenty.

hungor, **hungur**, *st. m.* hunger, famine. (Ger. *hunger*.)

hungrig, *adj.* hungry, famishing. (Ger. *hungrig*.)

hunig, *st. n.* honey. (Ger. *honig*.)

hunig-flôwend, *part.* flowing with honey.

hunig-smæc, *st. m.* honey-smack, words sweet as honey.

hunta, *w. m.* hunter.

hunted, *st. m.* hunt, hunting. [hip.

hup-seax, *st. n.* knife worn on the

hūru, *adv.* at least, surely, yet, notwithstanding, however, indeed;—**and huru**, and especially. *Sat.* 523.

hūs, *st. n.* house,—used collectively for household, family, race. (*Ger. haus.*)

husc, **hux**, *st. n.* mockery, derision, scorn, insult.

husc-word, *st. n.* insulting word, scornful speech.

hūsel, **hūsl**, *st. n.* insulting word, scornful speech.

hūsel, **hūsl**, *st. n.* housel, sacrifice, eucharist, consecrated bread and wine. (*Goth. huns; Icel. hūsl.*)

hūsel-bearn, *st. n.* son (man) worthy of the eucharist.

hūsel-fæt, *st. n.* vessel for sacrifice.

hūsel-wer, *st. m.* man worthy of the eucharist.

hūd, *st. f.* booty, spoil, plunder.

hūdan, *st. abl. v.* VI.

â-hūdan, to rob, plunder.

hux. See **husc**.

hux-lic, *adj.* scornful, insulting, ignominious.

hwā, *nom. m. hwæt; gen. m. n. hwæs; dat. m. n. hwām, hwæm, acc. m. hwone, hwane, hwæne; n. hwæt; instr. n. hwi, hwig, hwýf, hwan, hwon.*—*I. pron. interrog. who, what, how,*—in dependent clauses with indic. & subjunc.—*II. pron. indef. any one, some one; any thing, some thing; swā hwā (hwæt) swā, whosoever, whatsoever, whatever.* (*Ger. wer.*)

hwæl, *st. m.?* wheel, circuit. *Exod.* 161. (*Icel. hrcl.*)

hwæl, *st. m.* whale. (*Icel. hwalr.*)

hwæla, *v. m.* whale.

hwæl-mere, *st. m.* whale-mere, sea.

hwæm, **hwæne**. See **hwā**, **hwêne**.

hwænne, **hwonne**, *adv. & conj.* when, as long as, until;—**hwonne ær**, how soon, when first.

hwær, **hwâr**, *v. v.* where, whither, anywhere, somewhere; when. *B.* 3062.

hwærfed, **hwærgen**. See **hwearfan**, **hwergen**.

hwæs, *adj.* sharp, piercing.

hwæt (= *neut. of hwā*), **1.** why.—

2. how! what! lo! ah! indeed!—

3. indeed, surely, verily, for, truly, not. (*Ger. was.*)

hwæt, *adj.* sharp, bold, valiant, brave, courageous.

hwæte, *st. m.* wheat. (*Ger. weizen.*)

hwæte-cyn, *st. n.* kind of corn, corn.

hwæten, *adj.* wheaten.

hwæt-ædig, *adj.* rich in courage, very brave.

hwæt-hwega, **-hwiga**, **-hwyga**, **hwugu**, *n.* (used as noun or as adverb), somewhat, a little.

hwæt-lice, *adv.* quickly, promptly.

hwæt-môð, *adj.* courageous, bold in mind.

hwæt-ræð, **-rêð**, *adj.* firm, determined.

hwæder, *pron.* **1.** whether, which of two.—**2.** one of two, either (*Met.* 5, 41).—**3.** each of two, both (*Sat.* 132).—**4.** **swā hwæder**, whoever of two.

hwæder, *conj. v. subjunc.* whether.

hwæder=**hwider**, whither. *B.* 1331.

hwædere, **hwæðre**, **hwedere**, **1.** *adv.* yet, however, nevertheless.—

2. *conj.* whether. *B.* 1314, *Gû.* 323.

hwam, **hwom**, *st. m.* corner, angle.

hwan. See **hwā**.

hwanan, **hwanon**, **hwonan**, *adv.* whence.

hwanne, **hwâr**. See **hwænne**, **hwær**.

hwelan, *st. abl. v.* II. to roar, rage.

hwelc. See **hwilc**.

hwelp, *st. m.* whelp, a young dog; the young of an animal. (*O. H. Ger. welf.*)

hwêne, *adv. u. compar. (instr. sg. of hwôn)*, a little.

hwer, *st. m.* kettle, caldron.

hwerfan, *u. v.* to turn one's self around, be turned, revolve.

â-hwerfan, to turn from, avert.

be-hwerfan, to roll, turn.

for-hwerfan, to change into, to transform.

ymb-hwerfan, to go about or around, travel or march round.

hwergen, **hwærgen**, *adv.* anywhere; —**elles hwergen**, elsewhere.

hwetan, *st. abl. v. III.* to whet, to sharpen.

hwettan, *u. v.* to **whet**, excite, incite, urge on, encourage. (Ger. *wetzen*.)

â-hwettan, 1. to excite, kindle.

2. to hold out to, provide.—3. to drive away, cast out.

hweder (Seef. 63), **hwedere**. See **hreder**, **hwædere**.

hwealf, *adj.* arched, convex. (Ger. *gewölbt*.)

hwealf, *st. m.* vault, arch. (Cf. Ger. *gewölbe*.)

hwearf, *st. m.* crowd, congregation.

hwearf, *adj.* violent, gusty, turning rapidly, changeable (Grein);—**and-hwearf**, *prct. of and-hweorfan*, to move against, come against, blow into one's face. (Thorpe, Kemble, & Heyne). B. 548.

hwearfan, *u. v.* to turn, go, revolve, roll, change.

ymb-hwearfan, to go around, make the circumference of.

hwearfan, *u. v.* to turn, go, flit about, wander about, roll on, pass by. (Goth. & O. H. Ger. *hwarbon*.)

hwearft, *st. m.* going around, circuit, circle, revolution.

hwéol, *st. n.* wheel.

hweorfan, **hworfan**, **hwurfan**, *st. abl. v. I. 1.* to turn. Cri. 485.—2. to turn one's self, be turned,

turn around, change, return, depart, be converted.—3. to go, wander, go about, hover over.—4. to go to or from a place, die. (Goth. *hwarban*.)

â-hweorfan, 1. to turn away, turn about, convert.—2. to turn away from, turn, move.

æt-hweorfan, to enter, to go to.

be-hweorfan, to change, turn.

ge-hweorfan, 1. to turn, turn about, go, wander, go over, come. 2. to turn, change, convert.

geond-hweorfan, to wander about in, go through from end to end.

on-hweorfan, 1. to turn, change.

2. to turn.

tô-hweorfan, to go away, separate, scatter.

ymbe-hweorfan, to go around, wander about.

hweodu, *st. f.* air, breeze. Ps. 106, 28.

hwi, **hwig**, *instr. of hwæt*. Cf. **hū**. **hwider**, **hwyder**, *adv.* whither;—at times like **hwær**, *u. gen.*

hwil, *st. f.* while, time, space of time;—*acc. pā hwile pā*, as long as, until;—**hwile**, for a time, a while, long;—**hwile-hwile**, sometimes—sometimes, now—now;—*dat. pl. hwilum (whilom)*, **hwilon**, at times, many times, often;—**hwilum-hwilum**, now—now, at one time, at another. (Ger. *weilc*.) **hwilc**, **hwelc**, **hwylc**, *pron. interrog.* which, of what sort, who, what;—*indcf.* some, any, every, of any kind. (Ger. *welcher*.)

hwilen, *adj.* temporary.

hwiled (An. 495). See **hwelan**.

hwinan, *u. v.* to whizz, whirr; later, to whistle (of the wind).

hwit, *adj.* white, brilliant, shining, glistening, flashing, clear. (Ger. *weiss*.)

hwitan, to whiten, polish (Reim. 62); perhaps **hwitan** (akin to **hwæt**), to sharpen (cf. **hwetan**) would be better. Cf. **sweord-hwita**.

hwit-loc, *adj.* having white locks, fair-haired, blonde. Rā. 43, 3.

hwit-locced, *part.* same as above.

hwom, **hwon**. See **hwam**, **hwā**.

hwōn, *st. n.* a little, very little.

hwonan. See **hwanan**.

hwōn-lice, *adv.* a little, very little.

hwonne. See **hwanne**.

hwōpan, *st. red. v.* to whoop, cry aloud, threaten.

hworfan, **hwurfan**, **hwȳ**, **hwyder**,

hwylc. See **hweorfan**, **hwi**,

hwider, **hwilc**.

hwylfan, *w. v.*

â-hwylfan, to cover over, subvert, submerge.

be-hwylfan, same as above.

hwyrfan, *w. v.* 1. to turn, change.—2. to turn, be changed.—3. to go hither and thither, wander about. 4. to fall.

â-hwyrfan, to turn away, east off.

for-hwyrfan, to turn about, pervert.

ge-hwyrfan, to avert, to turn aside; to turn around, pervert, change.

on-hwyrfan, to turn, to turn around, to invert.

ymb-hwyrfan, to go around or about, to travel or march about.

hwyrf (Dan. 221). See **hweorfan**.

hwyrf, *st. m.* 1. way out, outlet, issue.—2. circuit, space.—3. going, descent, turn.—4. crowd, mob.—(Others make **hwyrfum**, *adv.* to and fro. See above — circling movement, turn, under 3).—5. circle, orb.

hwyrf-weg, *st. m.* turning-way, way out.

hȳ. See **hē**.

hycgan, **hicgan**, *-ean*, *w. v.* (*pret.* **hogade**, **hogode**, **hogede**, **hogde**).

1. to think.—2. to meditate, think about.—3. to think of, be mindful of, study.—4. to determine, resolve, purpose.—5. to remember, consider.—6. to hope. (See Sievers, *Ags. Gram.* §§ 415, 416. *Aum.* 3.)

â-hycgan, to think out, devise, seek after, search, invent.

be-hycgan, *w. acc.* to be solicitous about, to have great anxiety on account of.

for-hycgan, to despise, scorn, reject with contempt.

ge-hycgan, 1. to think.—2. to consider, take to heart, deliberate. 3. to devise.—4. to think of, determine upon, resolve, purpose.—5. to be mindful of, care for.—6. to hope.—7. to be disposed, inclined; *part.* **gehugod**, disposed, minded, inclined.

ofer-hycgan, to condemn, despise, give up, renounce.

on-hycgan, to weigh, consider.

wid-hycgan, to withstand in mind, condemn, despise.

hȳd, *st. f.* hide, skin. (Ger. *haut*.)

hȳdan, **hīdan**, **hiedan**, **hēdan**, *w. v.* to hide, conceal, protect, preserve.

â-hȳdan, to hide away, conceal.

be, **bi-hȳdan**, to cover up, hide away, conceal.

for-hȳdan, the same as above.

ge-hȳdan, 1. to hide, protect, preserve.—2. to bring into safety, fasten (Wal. 13).—3. to hide, conceal.—4. to obtain, get.

hyder. See **hider**.

hȳdig, *adj.* heedful, thoughtful, attentive.

hygd, *st. f.* thought, mind.

hyge, **hige**, *st. m.* manner of thinking, thought, mind, soul, heart, courage, disposition.

- hyge-bend**, *st. m. f.* mind-fetter, heart-band.
hyge-blind, *adj.* blind of soul.
hyge-blide, *adj.* blithe of heart, gay, joyful.
hyge-clæne, *adj.* clean in heart.
hyge-cræft, *st. m.* strength of mind, power of thinking, knowledge, wisdom.
hyge-cræftig, *adj.* wise, prudent, sagacious.
hȳ-gedryht. See **hi-gedriht**.
hyge-fæst, *adj.* firm, shut up in mind, concealed.
hyge-frôð, *adj.* wise, prudent.
hyge-frôfor, *st. f.* consolation for the heart, solace of the soul.
hyge-gælsa, *w. adj.* proud, haughty. Ph. 314.
hyge-gâl, *adj.* loose, unbridled, lascivious.
hyge-gâr, *st. m.* mind's dart.
hyge-gêomor, **-giomor**, *adj.* of sad mind, mournful, complaining.
hyge-glêaw, *adj.* prudent, wise, skillful.
hyge-grim, *adj.* savage, cruel.
hyge-lêas, *adj.* thoughtless, rash, heedless.
hyge-lêast, *st. f.* heedlessness, rashness.
hyge-mæd, *st. f.* becoming, careful attention, due respect.
hyge-mêde, *adj.* soul-crushing, sorrowful.
hyge-rôf, *adj.* vigorous-minded, bold, valiant.
hyge-rûn, *st. f.* secret of the heart.
hyge-aceaft, *st. f.* thought, mind, soul.
hyge-snottor, *adj.* sagacious, wise.
hyge-sorg, *st. f.* heart-sorrow.
hyge-strang, *adj.* strong-minded, firm, bold, brave.
hyge-têona, *w. m.* soul-injury, insult.
hyge-trêow, *st. f.* fidelity.
- hyge-panc**, **-ponc**, *st. m.* thoughts of the mind, mind, thought.
hyge-pancol, **-poncol**, *adj.* thinking, reflecting, weighing, considering, mindful, thoughtful.
hyge-prym, *st. m.* strength of mind, fortitude.
hyge-pryð, *st. f.* impetuosity of mind, pride, insolence.
hyge-pyhtig, **-pihtig**, *adj.* doughty, courageous.
hyge-wælm, *st. m.* boiling of the mind, anger.
hyge-wlanc, **-wlonc**, *adj.* haughty, proud.
hȳhst, *superl.* See **hêah**.
hyht, **hiht**, **heht**, *st. m. (f.)*, **1.** hope.
2. intention of the mind, desire, striving.—**3.** joyful thinking, joy, exultation, rejoicing.
hyhtan, **hihtan**, *w. r.* **1.** to hope.—**2.** to rejoice, exult, be glad.
hyht-ful (**heht-**), *adj.* **1.** full of joy or hope, mirthful, pleasant.—**2.** joyful, joyous.
hyht-gifa, *w. m.* giver of joy.
hyht-giefu, *st. f.* pleasure-giving gift.
hyht-lêas, *adj.* hopeless, distrustful, unbelieving.
hyht-lic, *adj.* joyful, pleasant, agreeable, sweet.
hyht-lice, *adv.* joyfully, pleasantly, sweetly.
hyht-plega, *w. m.* refreshing, pleasant play.
hyht-willa, *w. m.* hoped-for good, expected joy.
hyht-wyn, *st. f.* hoped-for joy.
hyld, **hild**, **held**, *st. m.* protection, favor, grace, observance, reverence.
hyldan, *w. r.* to protect, guard, keep, sustain.
ge-hyldan, to preserve, keep, hold.

hyldan, heldan, *w. v.* to incline, incline one's self, lie down.

â-hyldan, **1.** to incline, bend, bow down.—**2.** to avert from, turn away from. Jul. 171.

on-hyldan, **1.** to incline.—**2.** to incline one's self, descend, go down.

hyldelêas, *adj.* defenseless.

hyldemæg, *st. m.* near kinsman.

hyldo, hyldu, *st. f.* grace, favor, inclination. (Ger. *huld*.)

hylest, hyll. See **helan, hell**.

hyll, *st. m.* hill. (Cf. Ger. *hügel*.)

hylman, *w. v.*

for-hylman, to transgress.

ofer-hylman, to transgress.

hylt, *3d sig.* of **hyldan**.

hyltan, *w. v.*

â-hyltan, to block the way of, supplant.

hym. See **hê**.

hȳnan, hēnan, *w. v.* to bring low, humiliate, crush, afflict, injure.

ge-hȳnan, the same as above.

hyne. See **hê**.

hyngnan, hingnan, *w. v.* to hunger, to be hungry. (Ger. *hungern*.)

hȳnd, hȳndo, -n, hēndo, hændo, hiendo, *st. f.* oppression, humiliation, damage, injury, affliction.

hȳra. See **hêra**.

hȳran, hēran, hieran, *w. v.* **1.** to hear, perceive, learn by hearsay. **2.** to hear, hearken, obey.—**3.** to belong to, be subject to. (Ger. *hören*.)

ge-hȳran, **1.** to hear, perceive.

2. to grant.—**3.** to obey.

ofer-hȳran, not to hear, neglect.

hȳran, *w. v.* to honor, adore.

hyrcnian, *w. v.* to hearken, listen. (Ger. *hören*.)

hyrd (Gen. 2695). See **heord**.

hyrdan, *w. v.* to harden, make hard; encourage, animate, exhort. (Cf. Ger. *verhärten*.)

â-hyrdan, the same as above.

for-hyrdan, to harden against, hold out against.

ge-hyrdan, to harden, make hard.

on-hyrdan, to strengthen, encourage.

hyrde. See **hirde**.

hyrd-nes, *st. f.* watch.

hyre, hȳre, hȳrêd. See **hê, hēore, hirêd**.

hyrgan, *w. v.*

on-hyrgan, to imitate, emulate.

hyrned, part. horned.

hyrned-neb, adj. having a horned neb or beak.

hȳrra, compur. of **hēah**.

hyrst, *st. f.* equipment, ornament, accoutrements, armor, costly object, jewel, treasure. (O. H. Ger. *rust*; Ger. *rüstung*.)

hyrstan, *w. v.* to equip, deck, adorn, decorate. (Ger. *rüsten*.)

ge-hyrstan, the same as above.

hyrstan, *w. v.* to roast. (Cf. Ger. *rösten*; Middle Eng. *rôsten*, from O. Fr. *rostit*.)

hȳr-sum, hēar-sum, adj. obedient.

hyrtan, *w. v.* to hearten; *w. reflex.* to take heart, be emboldened. B. 2593. (Ger. *herzen*.)

hyrwan. See **herwan**.

hys. See **hê**.

hyscan, *w. v.*

on-hyscan, to curse, abhor, abominate.

hyse, hysse, *st. m.* youth, young man, boy.

hyse-beordor, *st. m.* boy? An. 1144.

hyspan, *w. v.* to mock, laugh at, deride, upbraid, reproach.

hyt. See **hê**.

hȳd, st. f. haven, harbor.

hȳdan, hīdan, hiedan, *w. v.* to make

booty, plunder.

â-hȳdan, to plunder, lay waste,

destroy, kill.

hyde-lic, adj. suitable, proper.

hȳd-weard, st. m. haven-warder,

keeper of the harbor.

I

ic, *pron.* **I**; *gen.* **min**; *dat.* **mē**; *acc.* **mec**, **mē**. (Ger. *ich*.)

ican. See **ȳcan**.

icge-gold, *st. n.* treasure-gold, rich gold? (Heyne); — **sword**, edge (Körner). B. 1107.

idel, *adj.* **1.** idle, worthless, useless, empty, bare. — **2.** deprived of. B. 2888. (Ger. *citel*.)

idel-bende, *adj.* with empty hands, empty-handed.

idel-nes, *st. f.* idleness, vanity, emptiness; idle, vain existence.

ides, *st. f.* woman, wife, lady, queen.

idig, *adj.* greedy for, desirous of. Ph. 407.

idlian, *u. v.* to become idle or useless.

ig, **ieg**, *st. f.* island.

ig-büend, *part. & subs.* islander, dweller on an island.

ig-land, *st. n.* island.

ilca, **ylca**, *u. pron.* the same, idem.

ilde. See **ylde**.

in, *prep.* **I. u. dat. 1.** denoting place, condition, situation: **in**, on, upon. — often equivalent to **into**, *u. acc.* **2.** temporal: **in**, at, during. — **II. u. acc. 1.** local: **in**, into, upon, up to, — sometimes equivalent to **in**, *u. dat.* **in** German. — **2.** denoting purpose: **in**, to, for. — **3.** temporal: **in**, at, about, toward. — **III. u. instr. in.** Jud. 2.

in, **inn**, *adv.* **1.** in, within, inside of. — **2.** into.

in, **inn**, *st. n.* chamber, tent, inn, house.

in-bend, *st. m. f.* inner bond or chain.

inc. See **git**.

inca, **incga**, *u. m.* disquieting doubt, suspicion, ground, cause, inducement, complaint, grievance.

inca-péode = **in-gepéode**. Exod. 443.

incer, **1.** *pron. pers.* you two, both, belonging to both of you. — **2.** *gen.* see **git**.

incg, *adj.* costly? mighty? or **Inc-ges**? B. 2577 (Grein); — edge (Körner).

incit. See **git**.

in-côfa, *u. m.* inner place, breast, heart.

in-dryhten, *adj.* very noble, most illustrious. [bility.

in-dryhto, *st. f.* noble followers, no-

in-flêde, *adj.* very watery or billowy.

in-frôd, *adj.* very aged, very experienced.

ing = **ging**, **geong**, *adj.* young. Exod. 190.

in-, **inn-gang**, *st. m.* entrance, access to. (Ger. *eingang*.)

in-gebed, *st. n.* earnest, inward prayer.

in-gefolc, *st. n.* native, home people.

in-, **inn-gehygd**, *st. n.* innermost, most secret thinking, intention.

in-gemynd, *st. n.* inward thought, consideration, memory.

in-gemynde, *adj.* fixed in the mind, well-remembered.

in-genga, *u. m.* ingoer, visitor.

in-gesteald, *st. n.* house-property, possessions in the house.

in-geþanc-, **-geþonc**, *st. m. n.* inner thinking, earnest thought, mind.

in-gepéode, *st. n. pl.* people, nation.

in-lende, *adj.* inland, domestic, native. (Cf. Ger. *inländisch*.)

in-locast, *adv.* innermost, most heartily.

inn. See **in**, *subs. & adv.*

innan, **I. adv.** within, inside, in. — often used with **in**, **on**, **geond**; — **pær on innan**, therein, thence. **II. prep. u. gen. & dat. in.** — **3. u. acc. into.** (Ger. *innen*.)

innan-cund, *adj.* inner, entire, whole.
innan-weard, *adj.* within, inward, intrinsic.
innad, innod, *st. m. f.* inner parts, contents, entrails, belly, womb, breast.
inne, *adv.* 1. inside, within.—2. into, within.—3. still further, besides. B. 1867. (Ger. *inne*.)
innera, *v. adj.* the inner, inward.
inne-weard, *adj.* inward, within.
inn-gang, inn-gehygd. See **ingang, ingehygd**.
innian, *v. v.*
 ge-innian, to fill.
innod. See **innad**.
inn-weorud, *st. n.* retainers, followers, house-companions.
inn-wit. See **inwid, inwit**.
in-sittende, *part.* sitting in.
in-stæpes, *adv.* immediately, on the spot.
in-tinga, *v. m.* cause, ground, reason.
inweard-lice, *adv.* inwardly, in soul.
in-weorud. See **innweorud**.
in-wid, in-wit (inn-), *st. n.* iniquity, injustice, malice, evil, fraud, deceit, cunning, hostility.
in-wid, in-wit, *adj.* unjust, bad, wicked, malicious.
in-wid-. See **inwit-**.
inwit-feng, *st. m.* malicious grasp, hostile attack.
inwit-flā, *v. f.* hostile dart, a missile of malice.
inwit-full, *adj.* wicked, crafty, cunning.
inwit-gæst, *st. m.* evil guest, hostile stranger.
inwit-gecynde, *st. n.* wicked nature, evil kind.
inwit-gyren, *st. f.* treacherous snare, trap.
inwit-blem (inwid-), *st. m.* malicious wound, wound inflicted through malice.

inwit-hrōf, *st. m.* hostile roof, lair.
inwit-net, *st. n.* net of malice, cunning snare.
inwit-nid, *st. m.* cunning hostility, hostility through secret attacks.
inwit-rūn, *st. f.* evil, crafty counsel.
inwit-scear, *st. m.* massacre through cunning; murderous contest.
inwit-searo, *st. n.* cunning, artful intrigue.
inwit-sorh (inwid-), *st. f.* sorrow caused by malice or treachery; grief, misfortune.
inwit-spell, *st. n.* tale of woe, tidings of misfortune.
inwit-stæf, *st. m.* wickedness, evil, malice.
inwit-panc (inwid-), *st. m.* wicked, deceitful thought; malicious, hostile disposition.
inwit-panc, *adj.* malicious, hostile, ill-disposed, crafty, cunning.
inwit-wrāsen, *st. f.* deceitful band, hostile fetter.
iren, *st. n.* iron, sword. (Ger. *eisen*.)
iren, *adj.* of iron, iron.
iren-bend, *st. m. f.* iron band, bend, rivet.
iren-byrne, *v. f.* iron coat-of-mail.
iren-heard, *adj.* hard as iron, of hard iron.
iren-præat, *st. m.* troop in iron armor.
irnan, yrnān, *st. abl. v. I.* to run, leap, flew. (Ger. *rennen*.)
 ā-irnan, to go or pass by, run out.
 be-irnan, to run up to or into, to occur, happen.
 on-irnan, to run back, open, give way.
 tō-irnan, to run hither and thither, wander about.
irre, irsung. See **yrre, yrsung**.
is, ys, 3d *pers. sg.* of **eam**, **is**;—used either absolutely—**is**, exists, endures, &c.: or with *adj.* or *subs.* predicate, or *v. pret. part.* (Ger. *ist*.)

is, *st. n.* ice, name of the Rune **i**.
(*Ger. eis*.)

is-ceald, *adj.* ice-cold, cold as ice.

isen, *st. n.* iron.

isen, *adj.* of iron, iron.

isern, *st. n.* iron, sword.

isern, *adj.* of iron, iron.

isern-byrne, *w. f.* iron corselet.

isern-here, *st. m.* iron army, host in iron armor.

is-gebind, *st. n.* ice-fetters.

isig, *adj.* icy, shining, brilliant.

isig-federa, *adj.* with ice-covered wings.

is-mere, *st. m.* ice-sea, frozen sea.

istoria, history.

it, **ited**, **itst**. See **etan** (to eat).

lw, *st. m.* yew, yew-tree. (*Ger. eibe*.)

iecan, *leg.* See **ēcan**, **ȳcan**, **ig**.

ieht, *st. f.* increase, strength, size.

ierne, **ieted**, **iewan**. See **yrre**, **etan**, **cowan**.

iode, **iogod**. See **eode**, **geogod**, youth.

lor, *st. m.* name of a fish, and of the Rune **io**.

iorne, **iwian**. See **yrre**, **ēowan**.

iu, *adv.* still, yet. Sol. 249.

iu, *adv.* once, formerly, ever, of old.

iu-dæd, **gu-dæd**, *st. f.* former deed, deed done formerly.

iu-lēan, *st. n.* reward for a former deed.

iu-man, *st. m.* man of old, of the former times.

iu-mēowle, *w. f.* formerly a virgin, aged woman.

iung. See **geong**. (*Ger. jung*.)

iu-wine, *st. m.* former, dead friend.

Januarius, January. Men. 10.

Jula, *w. m.* Yule, December and January. Men. 221.

Julius mōnad. Men. 132.

Junius mōnad. Men. 109.

L

lā, *interj.* O, lo. See **ēa**.

lā, *enclitic*. yes, indeed, certainly, undoubtedly (= **ecce**, **certe**).

lāc, *st. n.* **1.** play, sport, strife, contest.—**2.** booty, spoils.—**3.** gift, present.—**4.** offering, sacrifice.—**5.** message. Gû. 1317.

lācan, *st. red. v.* **1.** to spring, jump, fly, swoop, swing, take ship, flutter, waver.—**2.** to fight, contend.—**3.** to change the voice, modulate. Rîd. 32, 19.

be-lācan, to flow around.

for-lācan, to mislead, betray, deceive.

geond-lācan, to flow through.

lāc-geofa, *w. m.* giver of gifts. Cf. **wedlock**.

lācnian, *w. v.* to heal, to cure. Cf. to leech.

ge-lācnian, same as the above.

lād, *st. f.* **1.** road, way, journey.—

2. nourishment, maintenance, support. Gû. 360.

lādian, **lādigan**, *w. v.* **1.** to cleanse, purify, free from guilt.—**2.** to excuse.

lād-tēow. See **lāttēow**.

læc, *adj.* wounded? Fin. 34?

læcan, *w. v.* to spring up, rise, strike upward.

nēah-læcan (**nēa-**), to bring near, approach.

ge-nēalæcan, same as above.

læccan, *w. v.* to seize, take, grasp. Cf. **latch**.

læce, *st. m.* leech, physician.

læce-cynn, *st. n.* the leechkin, profession of physician, physician's way or manner.

læcedōm, *st. m.* leech-craft, healing art.

lædan, lēdan, *v. v.* 1. to lead, conduct, bring.—**2.** to move (Kr. 5).
3. to produce (Gen. 1298).—**4.** to sprout forth, grow.

â-lædan, 1. to lead, lead forth, produce.—**2.** to come forth, creep out, sprout forth or up.

on-lædan, to lead on or to, bring up, draw forward, conduct to.

for-lædan, 1. to mislead, lead astray.—**2.** to fail in leading, lead unsuccessfully.

ge-lædan, 1. to lead, conduct, bring.—**2.** to go, journey? An. 43.

on-lædan, to lead on, conduct to.

ôð-lædan, to lead away or out; deprive of, carry off, snatch from.

wid-lædan, the same as above.

lædan, to excuse. Ps. 140, 5.

læfan, *v. v.* to leave, leave behind or over, have left.

lægdon. See *leccan* (to lay).

læht. See *læccan* (to seize).

læl, *st. f.* 1. rod, whip.—**2.** spot, bruise, boil.

lælan, lælian, *v. v.* to be or become blue or bruised.

læmen, *adj.* loamy, clayey.

læn, *st. n.* what is left over, remnant, gift, present, benefit.

lænan, *v. v.* to lend, give, grant.

on-lænan, to lend (as a loan).

læn-dagas, *st. m. pl.* transitory days, one's (brief) lifetime, loan-days.

læne, léne, *adj.* transitory, temporary, lent, perishable, evanescent, liable to death or destruction.

læran, *v. v.* (cf. *learn*), to teach, instruct, advise, admonish, command.

â-læran, to teach, instruct.

for-læran, to mis-teach, mislead by teaching, seduce.

ge-læran, 1. to teach, instruct.

2. to bring before (Sat. 413: 9); to advise to do, persuade, convince.

lær-gedêfe, *adj.* fitted to teach, for teaching, adapted for instruction.

lærig, *st. m.* rim or edge of a shield.

læs, *adv.* 1. less, least;—*pȳ, þē læs, conj. lest.*—**2. n.** the less;—*pȳ læs,* so much the less.

læssa, *v. adj.* (superl. *læsast, -est*), less, smaller, slighter.

læst, *st. f.* performance, fulfillment.

læstan, lēstan, *v. v.* 1. to perform, follow out, hold, fulfill, execute, accomplish.—**2.** to follow (as a retainer). Met. 1, 27.—**3.** to last, continue, remain.

ge-læstan, 1. to perform, make, carry out, accomplish.—**2.** to hold, perform, fulfill.—**3.** to stand by, follow (as a retainer).—**4.** to last, continue, remain.

ful-læstan, to help, stand by, assist.

ge-fullæstan, same as above.

læt, *adj.* 1. (cf. *late*), slack, lax, negligent, hesitating.—**2.** slow (of time).—**3.** patient? Cri. 436.

lætan, lētan, *st. red. v.* 1. to let be done, cause, occasion, permit, endure.—**2.** to leave (behind), abandon.—**3.** to hand over. Chr. Sax. 852.

â-lætan, 1. to let, permit, endure.—**2.** to pardon.—**3.** to liberate, free.—**4.** to let go, give up, leave behind.

for-lætan, 1. to let, permit, cause;—*ân, âne, âne forlætan,* to let alone, leave to one's self, give up, abandon.—**2.** to release, pardon.—**3.** to leave, abandon, avoid, leave behind.—**4.** to pass over, indulge, conceal.

ge-lætan, to let.

of-lætan, to abandon, leave behind.

on-lætan, to release, liberate.

læt-hydig, *adj.* lazy, slow-minded.

læt-lice, *adv.* slowly, negligently.

læddu, *st. f.* suffering, insult, offense.

lāf, *st. f.* leaving, remnant, remains, relie, heritage, inheritance; *u. gen.* following: 1. that of which something is left.—2. the leaver or bequeather.—3. a thing from which something has escaped.

lafian, *u. v. in.*

ge-lafian, to refresh, cheer. Cf. Ger. *laben*.

lago, **lagu**, *st. m.* lake, sea, ocean;—name for the Rune l.

lagu, *st. f.* law.

lagu-cræftig, *adj.* acquainted with the sea, skilled in seafaring (lake-crafty).

lagu-fæsten, *st. n.* water-fastness, sea, ocean.

lagu-fædam, *st. m.* water-embrace, enveloping waves.

lagu-flôd, *st. m.* water-flood, sea, stream (lake-flood).

lagu-lād, *st. f.* seaway, sea-path or journey.

lagu-mearg, *st. m.* seahorse, ship.

lagu-sid, *st. m.* sea-journey, navigation, ship's path.

lagu-stræt, *st. f.* watery way, sea-path.

lagu-atréam, *st. m.* sea-stream, sea-current, sea, ocean, river.

lagu-swimmende, *part.* sea-swimming.

lām, *st. m.* loam, clay, muck, filth.

lama, *u. adj.* lame, weakly.

lamb, *st. n.* lamb.

lambor, **lomber**, *st. n.* same as above.

lām-fæt, *st. n.* vessel of clay (loam-vat).

lām-rindum? Ruin. 17.

land, **lond**, *st. n.* 1. land in contrast to water.—2. land in contrast to air.—3. tillable land, field, real estate, soil.—4. land, territory, dominion, realm.

land-büend, *part. & subs.* land-dweller, inhabitant, native.

land-fruma, *u. m.* land prince.

land-gemyrcu, **-gemercu**, *st. n. pl.* landmarks, frontier, territory marked out.

land-gesceaft, *st. f.* earthly creature, mortal.

land-geweorc, *st. n.* working of the land? fortification? earthwork?

land-man, *st. m.* land-inhabiter, native.

land-mearc, *st. f.* landmark, limit of the land, frontier.

land-rest, *st. f.* rest in the grave.

land-riht, *st. n.* right to landed estate; hence, landed estate.

land-sceap, *st. n.* land, landscape.

land-scearu, *st. f.* land, province, domain.

land-scipe, *st. m.* land, landscape, landskip.

land-sôcn, *st. f.* land-seeking.

land-stede, *st. m.* place or position on the land, location.

land-waru, *st. f.* (total) land-population.

land-wela, *u. m.* earthly wealth, riches, possessions (land-wealth).

land-weard, *st. m.* land-warden, shore-guard.

lang, **long**, *adj.* long (space and time); *compar.* lengra; *superl.* lengest.

langad. See langod.

lange, **longe**, *adv.* long, a long time; *compar.* leng and lenge; *superl.* lengest.

lang-fyrst, *st. m.* long space of time, long time.

langian, **longian**, *u. v.* to long, long after; *impers. u. acc.* of person who longs.

â-langian, *impers.* to last too long, to demand? See l. 154.

langod, **langad**, **longad**, *st. m.* longing.

langsum, **longsum**, *adj.* longsome, long-lasting, lasting, tedious, long.

- lang-twidig**, *adj.* long granted, lent for a long time.
- langung, longung**, *st. f.* **1.** longing. **2.** disgust, ennui. Ps. 118, 28.
- langung-hwil**, *st. f.* time of disgust, ennui.
- lann, loun**, *st. f.* chain, fetter? Sal. 265, 278.
- lār**, *st. f.* **1.** (lore), teaching, instruction, learning, preaching.—**2.** counsel, exhortation, encouragement, command, commission.—**3.** example (Exod. 405).—**4.** cunning (Gen. 2693).—**5.** history (An. 1480).
- lār-cræft**, *st. m.* lore-craft, teaching, knowledge. Sal. 3.
- lār-cwide**, *st. m.* teaching, speech, sermon, discourse.
- lāreow, lāriow**, *st. m.* teacher.
- **lār-smid** (*pl. -smeodas*), *st. m.* lore-smith, teacher, leader, counselor.
- lāst, leāst**, *st. m.* **1.** trace, a track left behind, footstep, trail. Cf. shoe-last.—**2.** on **lāste**, behind, following behind.—**3.** gait, step.
- lāst-weard**, *st. m.* track-guarder; hence, **1.** successor, heir.—**2.** persecutor, pursuer.
- lāst-word**, *st. n.* fame after death, posthumous glory.
- late**, *adv.* laxly, slowly.
- latian, leatian**, *v. r.* to be slack, late, indolent; to hesitate.
- lāttēow, lātpēow**, *st. m.* leader, guide.
- latu**, *st. f.* hesitation, tarrying.
- lād**, *st. n.* suffering, harm, evil, injury, difficulty, injustice, insult, sin.
- lād**, *adj.* loath, loathing.—**1.** causing pain, sorrow, death; painful, bitter, bad.—**2.** hateful, hated, **loathsome**.—**3.** hostile.—*subs.* enemy.
- lād-bite**, *st. m.* hostile bite, wound.
- lāde**, *adv.* hostilely. Ps. 118, 87.
- lād-genidla**, *v. m.* one that thinks, strives after, hostility; persecutor, enemy.
- lād-getēona**, *v. m.* harm-doer, enemy.
- lād-gewinna**, *v. m.* enemy.
- ladian**, *v. r.* to invite, ask. (Ger. *laden*.)
- ge-ladian**, the same as above.
- lād-lic**, *adj.* loathly, hateful, unpleasant, troublesome, painful.
- lād-lice**, *adv.* hatefully, disgustingly.
- lād-scipe**, *st. m.* loathsomeness, suffering, misfortune, unhappiness.
- lād-searo**, *st. n.* hateful cunning, intrigue.
- lād-sid**, *st. m.* hateful journey, death, destruction.
- lād-spell**, *st. n.* sad or evil tidings, loathly spell. Cf. **good-spell** (gospel).
- lād-trēow**, *st. n.* loathly tree, tree of death or destruction.
- lād-wende**, *adj.* hostile, hateful, troublesome, bad.
- lād-wendemôd**, *adj.* hostile-minded.
- lād-weorc**, *st. n.* loathly work, evil deed.
- leccan**, *v. r.* (*pret.* **leohte**), to wet, moisten.
- ge-leccan**, the same as above.
- leccan**, *v. r.?*
- ô-leccan, liccan**, to flatter, make advances, honor, revere, adore.
- leccan**, *v. r.* to **lay**, set, place.
- â-leccan**, **1.** to **lay**, lay down.—**2.** to lay upon, impose (Gen. 2684). **3.** to lay down, resign, give up, abandon.—**4.** to diminish, lessen.
- be-, bi-leccan**, to belay, surround.
- ge-leccan**, to lay, place.
- of-leccan**, to lay down or off.
- lêdan, lêde**. See **lêdan, leccan**.
- lef**, *adj.* weak, feeble.
- lēfan, lêft**. See **lýfan, lýft**.
- lēg**, *st. m.* flame, fire. Cf. **low**.
- lēgan**, *v. r.* to break out in flames, to ignite.
- be-, bi-lēgan**, to flame about, surround with fire.
- lēg-bryne**, *st. m.* burning fire.

- lêg-draca, *w. m.* fiery dragon.
 legen, *part.* Cf. licgan (to lie).
 lêgen, *adj.* flaming, fiery.
 leger, *st. m.* lying-place, bed. Cf. lair.
 leger-bed, *st. n.* the same as above.
 lêh, *pret.* Cf. lêogan (to speak falsely).
 lehtor. See leahtor (laughter).
 lemian (lemman?), *w. r.* to lame, hinder, oppress, crush.
 lencten, *st. m.* spring, springtime (lent).
 lencten-tid, *st. f.* same as above.
 lendan, *w. r.* to land.
 lêne. See læne (lent).
 leng. See lange.
 langan, *w. r.* 1. to lengthen out, prolong, procrastinate, put off.— 2. *intr.* to extend to, reach, attain.
 ge-lengan, to lengthen, prolong.
 lenge, lengest. See lange, lang.
 lenge, *adj.* at hand, near, extending along.
 lengian, *w. r.* to long for, demand; *impers. w. acc.* of person who longs. Sal. 270.
 lengra, lengust. See lang.
 lengu, *st. f.* length.
 leppan, *w. r.* to weaken, exhaust, render languid.
 lesan, *st. abl. r. III.* to pick, select, collect. [choose.
 â-lesan, to pick out, select, lêasan. See lÿsan.
 lêast. See læst.
 lêatan. See læstan.
 lêtan. See lætan.
 lettan, *w. r.* (*w. acc.* of person, and *gen.* of thing), to let or hinder one in a matter.
 ge-lettan, to hinder, detain, prevent, injure.
 leder, *st. n.* leather, hide.
 ledre. See lydre.
 lêad, *st. n.* lead.
 lêaf, *st. f.* leave, permission.
 lêaf, *st. n.* leaf, foliage.
 lêafnes-word, *st. n.* leave, permission.
 lêaf-scæd, *st. n.* leaf-shadow, tree-shadow.
 leah. See lihan (to lend).
 leahan. See lêan (to lend).
 leahtor, leahter, *st. m.* 1. reproach. 2. sin, crime, misdoing.
 leahtor-cwide, *st. m.* reproachful talk, blasphemy.
 leahtor-lêas, *adj.* 1. blameless, free from reproach.— 2. sinless, crimeless.
 lêan, *st. abl. r. IV.* to scold, blame, censure.
 be-lêan (*w. dat.* of person, and *gen.* of thing), to censure one out of a thing, to dissuade by blame or reproach.
 lêan, *st. n.* loan, reward, restitution, compensation, advantage, profit.
 lêan, *st. n.* loan, partial gift.
 lêanian, *w. r.* to reward, compensate.
 ge-lêanian, the same as above.
 lêap, *st. m.* 1. basket.— 2. carcass. (Jud. 111), lap?
 lêas, *adj.* loose, free, empty, bare, bereft.
 lêas, *adj.* loose, false, deceitful, faithless, inconstant, disgraceful.
 lêas, *st. n.* falsehood, lie.
 lêasing, lêasung, *st. f.* leasing, falsehood, lie, deceit, delusion.
 lêas-lic, *adj.* false, deceitful.
 lêast. See læst (track).
 leatian. See latian (to be slack).
 lêaw-finger, *st. m.* index-finger.
 leax, *st. m.* salmon. (Ger. *lachs*.)
 leo, *w. m.* & *f.* lion, lioness.
 lêod, *st. m.* prince, leader.
 lêod, liod, *st. f.* folk, people; — *n. pl.* one's race; people, men.
 leoda. See lida.
 lêodan, liodan, *st. abl. r. VI.* to spring up, grow.
 â-lêodan, the same as above.
 ge-lêodan, to grow, increase.

lēod-bealu, *st. n.* folk-bale, injury to the people or nation.
 lēod-burg, *st. f.* folk-burg, princely castle, capital, metropolis.
 lēod-cyning, *st. m.* folk-king, ruler.
 lēod-fruma, *w. m.* prince of the people, ruler.
 lēod-geborga, *w. m.* people's protector, influential man.
 lēod-gebyrga, -gea, *w. m.* the same.
 lēod-gewin, *st. n.* popular strife, struggle.
 lēod-geard, *st. m.* national or urban inclosure or limits; town, state, domain.
 lēod-gryre, *st. m.* people's terror, horror seizing and afflicting the people.
 lēod-hata, *w. m.* people-hater, tyrant, despot.
 lēod-hete, *st. m.* hate from the people, popular hatred.
 lēod-hryre, *st. m.* defeat, downfall, death of the people or prince.
 lēod-hwæte, *adj.* very valiant.
 lēod-mæg, *st. m.* relation from the same people, one of the people, people's companion, comrade.
 lēod-mægen, *st. n.* might of the people, multitude, host.
 lēod-mearc, *st. f.* people's mark, domain, territory.
 lēod-riht, *st. n.* law of the land.
 lēod-sceada, *w. m.* folk-scather, destroyer of the people.
 lēod-scearu, *st. f.* division of the people, tribe, nation, country, province.
 lēod-scipe, *st. m.* same as above.
 lēod-stefn, *st. m.* race, tribe.
 lēod-þeow, *st. m.* people's custom, popular usage.
 lēod-weras, *st. m. pl.* men, human beings.
 lēod-werod, *st. n.* host, collection of people.

lēod-weard, *st. f.* guardianship of the people, government, territory.
 lēod-wyn, *st. f.* people's joy, joy from living together with one's people.
 lēof, liof, *adj.* dear, valued (*lief*).
 lēofan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to love, enjoy, choose, prefer? value? Dan. 56.
 leofon, lifen, *st. f.* food, nourishment.
 leofian. See lifian (to live).
 lēofian, *w. r.* to be or become dear. Gú. 110.
 lēoflic, *adj.* lovely, dear, valued, amiable.
 lēoflice, *adv.* in a loving, friendly manner.
 lēof-spell, *st. n.* love-spell, loving or precious knowledge.
 lēof-tæl (-tæle), *adj.* kind, friendly.
 lēof-wende, *adj.* loving, friendly, courteous.
 lēof-wendum, *adv. instr. pl.* same as above.
 lēogan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to lie, deceive, betray.
 ā-lēogan, to lie, belie, leave unfulfilled.
 ge-lēogan, to lie, deceive, betray.
 leoht. See leccan (to wet).
 lēoht, *adj.* light.
 lēoht, *adj.* bright, flashing, clear.
 lēoht, lioht, liht, *st. n.* light, daylight.
 lēohtan, *w. r.* to lighten, shine forth, illumine.
 in-lēohtan, the same as above.
 on-lēohtan, the same as above.
 lēoht-bære, *adj.* light-bearing, brilliant.
 lēoht-berende, *part.* light-bearing, Lucifer.
 leohte, *pret.* of leccan (to wet).
 lēohte, *adv.* brightly, clearly, brilliantly.

lēoht-fæt, *st. n.* light-vessel, lantern, candelabrum, torch.
 lēoht-fruma, *u. m.* creator, prince of light.
 lēohtian, *u. r.* to give light, illumine.
 lēoht-lic, *adj.* brilliant, flashing, light-like. [going.
 lēoht-mōd, *adj.* light-minded, easy-
 lēolc, *pret.* of lācan (to play).
 lēoma, *u. m.* light, brightness.
 leomu, *pl.* of lim (limb).
 leoran, *u. r.* to go, move off or by, pass away, vanish.
 ge-leoran, to go, wander, roam.
 ofer-leoran, to pass over or beyond.
 leornere, *st. m.* scholar, one taught, learner.
 leornian, *u. r.* to learn, estimate, reflect over, think out, conceive.
 ge-leornian, to learn.
 leorning, leorning, *st. f.* learning, teaching.
 leorning-cræft, *st. m.* learning, science, knowledge.
 lēort, *pret.* of lætan.
 léosan, *st. abl. r.* VI. in
 be-léosan, *bi-*, 1. to rob of, deprive.—2. to be robbed, lose.
 for-léosan, 1. *u. acc.* to destroy, ruin.—2. *u. acc. & instr.* to lose something.
 léot, *pret.* of lætan.
 lēod, liod, *st. n.* lay, song, poem.
 lēod-cræftig, *adj.* skilled in song, acquainted with song.
 lēod-gidding, *st. f.* lay, song, poem.
 leodian. See lidian.
 lēodian, *u. r.* to sing, sound (forth), resound.
 leodu, *st. f.* retinue, followers.
 Reim. 14.
 leodo, *pl.* of lid, or leodu.
 lēodor = hlēodor, sound, tone?—or leodor, leather?
 lēodu-bend, *st. m. & f.* limb-band, fetter. (Ger. *ghed*.)

lēodu-cæge, *st. f.* limb-key (?), limbs serving for a key? Cri. 33+.
 lēodu-cræft, *st. m.* skill of limb, sleight-of-hand.
 lēodu-cræft, *st. m.* lay-craft, poesy, *ars poetica*.
 lēodu-cræftig, *adj.* skilled with one's limbs, alert.
 leodu-fæst, *adj.* well-skilled in.
 lēodu-lic, *adj.* appertaining to the limbs.
 lēodu-rūn, *st. f.* song-seeret, secret instruction or message given in song.
 lēodu-syrce, *u. f.* limb-sark, corselet woven of links.
 lēodu-wāc, *adj.* (limb-weak), with supple limbs.
 lēod-word, *st. n.* song-word, poetic word, words of a song.
 lēod-wyrht, *st. f.* poetry, something wrought in song.
 libban, lybban, *u. r.* to live.
 ā-libban, the same as above.
 be-libban, *part. belifd*, deprived of life, dead.
 lic, *st. n.* body. Cf. M. E. lyche. (Ger. *leiche*.)
 lican, *v.* to please, like (*impers*).
 lic-byaig, *adj.* ready of body, active of limb.
 liccan. See leccan (to hurt).
 liccian, *u. r.* to lick.
 licend-lic, lȳcend-, *adj.* likable, agreeable, pleasant.
 licettan, *u. r.* to pretend, be hypocritical, delude, dissemble.
 lic-fæt, *st. n.* (body-vat), body.
 licgan, licgean, *st. abl. c.* III. 1. to lie, lie down.—2. to lay one's self, succumb, lie prostrate, rest, fail
 ā-licgan, to lie, succumb, lie prostrate, rest, cease, fail, give up.
 be-, bi-licgan, to lie about, surround, inclose. (Cf. beleaguer.)
 for-licgan, to lie unlawfully, lie with, cohabit.

- **lic-hama, -homa**, *w. m.* body (as the soul's home).
- lic-hord**, *st. n.* body-hoard, body's contents or interior.
- lic-hryre**, *st. m.* decay, destruction of the body.
- lician**, *w. v.* to like (*impers.*) please. **ge-lician**, same as above. Hy. 11, 17.
- licciend-lic**, *adj.* agreeable, pleasant.
- lic-sâr**, *st. n.* wound, bodily pain. Cf. **score**.
- lic-syrce**, *w. f.* body-sark, body-corselet.
- lic-wund**, *st. f.* wound.
- lic-wyrde, -werde**, *adj.* worthy of applause or liking, agreeable.
- lid**, *st. n.* vehicle, means of getting about, boat.
- lida, leoda**, *w. m.* sailor.
- lidan**, *st. abl. v. V.* to grow. Ps. 91: 11; Rid. 34: 11).
- liden**. See **lidan**.
- lid-man**, *st. m.* sailor, seafarer.
- lid-wêrig**, *adj.* sea-weary.
- lid-weard**, *st. m.* ship-warden.
- lif**, *st. n.* life.
- lif**, *adj.* weak? Wy. 18.
- lifan**. See **lȳfan** (to allow).
- lifan**, to leave, leave over (Gen. 1916), concede, relinquish.
- lif-bysig**, *adj.* toiling for life, struggling with death.
- lif-cearu**, *st. f.* life-care, grief.
- lif-dæg**, *st. m.* life-day, life.
- lifde**, *pret.* of **libban** (to live).
- lifien**. See **leofen**.
- lifer**, *st. f.* 1. liver.— 2. the liver-mass, together with its blood. An. 1278.
- lif-fæst**, *adj.* vigorous.
- lif-frêa**, *w. m.* lord of life.
- lif-fruma**, *w. m.* originator or author of life.
- lifgan**. See **lifian**.
- lif-gedâl**, *st. n.* separation from life, death.
- lif-gesceaft**, *st. f.* life-fate, destiny.
- lif-getwinnan**, *w. m. pl.* twins.
- lifian, lifian, lifgan, leofan**, *w. v.* to live.
- lif-naru**, *st. f. (dat. nere)*, food, nourishment, that which preserves life.
- lift**. See **lyft** (air).
- lif-weg**, *st. m.* life-path, way of life.
- lif-wela**, *w. m.* 1. life-weal, life's blessings; glorious, heavenly life. 2. wealth.
- lif-weard**, *st. m.* life-warden, guardian of life.
- lif-wradu**, *st. f.* life-protection, personal safety.
- lif-wyn**, *st. f.* enjoyment of life, pleasure, joy.
- lig**, **ligg**, *st. m. & n.* flame, fire.
- lig-bryre**, *st. m.* burning fire.
- lig-cwalm**, *st. f.* fiery torment.
- lig-draca**, *w. m.* fiery dragon.
- lige**. See **lyge** (lie).
- lig-egeza**, *w. m.* fiery horror or terror (of the dragon).
- ligen**. See **lygen** (lie).
- liget**, *st. f. & n.* flash, lightning-flash.
- lig-fȳr**, *st. n.* flame of fire.
- lignian**. See **lȳgnian** (to deny).
- lig-pracu**, *st. f.* fiery onset or impetus.
- lig-ȳd**, *st. f.* wave of fire.
- lihan, lȳhan**, *st. abl. v. V.* to lend, give.
- on-lihan**, the same as above.
- liht**. See **lēoht** (light).
- lihtan**, *w. v.* to alight, light, descend. **ge-lihtan**, to descend to (Sat. 431); also, **gelyhtan**, to shine forth, illumine.
- lihtan**. See **lȳhtan**.
- lilie**, *f.* lily.
- lim**, *st. n.* 1. limb.— 2. branch.
- lim**, *st. m.* lime, gluten, mortar, cement.
- lim-hâl**, *adj.* limb-whole, sound of limb.

lim-nacod, *adj.* naked of limb, stark naked.

limpan, *st. abl. v. I. (impers. w. dat.)*, to happen, occur, take place, happen to, befall, succeed.

â-limpan, to occur, take place, befall, fall to one's lot.

be-limpan, *w. dat.* to come upon, befall.

ge-limpan = **limpan**.

lim-sêoc, *adj.* limb-sick, lame, paralytic.

lim-wæde, *st. n.* limb-weeds, clothing, covering for the limbs.

lim-wæstm, *st. m.* growth of limb, stature.

lim-wêrig, *adj.* limb-weary, weary of limb.

linan, *w. v.* to follow line by line, examine critically, learn. Sol. 86.

lind, *st. f.* linden, lime; — in the poets = shield, linden-shield (shield covered with linden-bast).

lind-croda, *w. m.* shield-crowding, collision of shields, battle-clash, battle.

linden, *adj.* linden, of lime-wood.

lind-gebora, *w. m.* shielded protector.

lind-gecrod, *st. n.* shielded crowd, troop with shields.

lind-gelâc, *st. n.* shield-sport, battle between shield-bearers (soldiers).

lind-gestealla, *w. m.* shield-comrade, battle-companion, squire.

lind-hæbbend, *part. & subs.* shield-bearer, warrior with shield.

lind-hwæt, *adj.* shield-brave, valiant shield-bearer. El. 11.

lind-plega, *w. m.* shield-play, conflict of shield-bearers.

lind-wered, *st. n.* troop armed with shields.

lind-wiga, *w. m.* shield-warrior.

lind-wigen, -wiggend, *part. & subs.* the same as above.

line, *w. f.* line, cable, hawser; line, series, row; discipline, directing, direction.

linnan, **lynnan**, *st. abl. v. I.* to yield, go off, desist; — *w. instr.* or *gen.* to be deprived of, lose.

â-lynnan, to free, liberate.

lis, **liss**, *st. f.* indulgence, favor, grace, softness, rest, pleasure.

lisne? Ps. 52, 6.

lissan? Sol. 294.

list, *st. m. & f.* art, experience, wisdom, skill, cunning; — *instr. pl.* listum, artfully, thoughtfully, heedfully. (Ger. list.)

list-hendig, *adj.* cunning-handed, skilled.

listan. See **lystan** (to lust after).

lit (Met. 26: 119). See **lȳtan** (to bow).

litel. See **lytel**.

lid. See **lid**.

lid = **liged**. See **liogan** (to lie).

lid, *st. n.* limb, limbs. (Scotch, lith.)

lid, *st. m.* a drink; beaker, cup.

lid, *adj.* gentle, soft, mild. Cf. **lithe**. (Ger. lind.)

Lida, *w. m.* the months June and July. Men. 108.

lidan, *st. abl. v. V. 1.* to go, move, travel, voyage, fly. — **2.** to be deprived of, lose. Gn. Ex. 26.

be-lidan, to flee away, escape, abandon; to rob of.

ge-lidan, to move, journey, go, come, reach; to pass away.

ofer-lidan, to stride over, pass over or beyond.

lide, *adj.* gentle, mild, soft, kind, agreeable, peaceful, friendly, benevolent.

lide, *adv.* gently, softly.

lidian, **leodian**, *w. v.* in

â-leodian, to remove a limb, take out, extract.

tō-lidian, to dismember, separate.

lidigan, *w. v.* to soften.

on-lidigan, to indulge, become indulgent.

lidre, *w. f.* sling, slinging-pouch.
lids, *st. f.* mildness, gentleness, repose.
lid-wæge, *st. n.* drinking-cup containing **lid** (a fermented, wine-like drink). B. 1982.
linan = **linan**. Sol. 86.
lixan, **liexan**, *w. r.* to flash, shine forth.
liod, **liodan**, **liof**, **licht**, **liod**, **liodu**.
 See **lêod**, **lêodan**, **lêof**, **lêoht**, **lêod**, **leodu**.
loc, *st. m.* **lock** (of hair).
loc, *st. n.* **lock**, bolt, bar.
loca, *w. m.* **lock**, bolt, bar; locking up, captivity, imprisonment.
locen, *st. n.* **lock**.
locen, *part.* of **lūcan** (to lock).
lōcian, *w. r.* to **look**, see, behold.
lof, *st. n.* (*m.*) praise, laudation. (*Ger. lob.*)
lof, *st. n.* shady spot, protection, help, favor, grace.
lof-dæd, *st. f.* deed of praise.
lof-georn, *adj.* desirous of praise.
lofian, *w. r.* to praise, exalt, celebrate, magnify.
lof-mægen, *st. n.* numerous manifestations of praise; laudation.
lof-zang, *st. m.* **song** of praise, eulogy, hymn.
lof-sum, *adj.* praiseworthy.
lōg, *pret.* of **lēan** (to blame).
loga, *w. m.* **liar**. [Used only in compounds.]
lomber, **lond**, **long**, **longad**, **longe**, **longian**, **lonn**. See **lamber**, **land**, &c.
losian, *w. r.* to be loosed from, taken out; to escape, get away.
lot, *st. n.* cunning, fraud, deceit, betrayal.
lōða, *w. m.* mantle, garment.
lūcan, *st. abl. v. VI. 1.* to **lock**, close, inclose.—**2.** to unite, link together, interweave.—**3. intr.** close.

be, **bi-lūcan**, to **close**, inclose, embrace, preserve, protect.
ge-lūcan (to close together), to unite, weave together.
on-lūcan, to **unlock**, open.
tō-lūcan, to open, dissolve, break to pieces, destroy.
lufe, *w. f.* love.
lufen, *st. f.* hope, comfort? B. 2886, Dan. 73.
lufian, *w. r.* to **love**, exhibit love by word or deed.
ge-lufian, to **love**, cherish.
luf-sum, *adj.* **lovely**, loving, friendly.
luf-tācen, *st. n.* **love-token**.
lufu, *st. f.* love.
lungre, *adv.* **hastily**, quickly, soon, immediately.
lust, *st. m.* pleasure, joy, **lust**, longing, desire.
lust-gryn, **-grin**, *st. f.* pleasure-trap. Seel. 23.
lustice, *adv.* **merrily**, **gayly**, **lustily**.
lust-lice, the same as above.
lūtan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to **lout**, bow, bend, fall down.
on-lūtan, to bend, bow, incline, strive.
under-lūtan, to bow or bend beneath or under.
lutian, *w. r.* in.
ge-lutian, to be concealed, hide one's self.
lybban. See **libban** (to live).
lyccan, *w. r.* to snatch out, pluck out. Met. 12, 28.
lýcend-lic. See **licendlic**.
lýf. See **lif**.
lýfan, *w. r.* (**lêof**), in.
ge-lýfan, to render dear, endear. Cf. **lief**.
lýfan, **lêfan**, **lifan**, *w. r.* to **leave**, allow, let, permit, grant, concede.
â-lýfan, to allow, grant, concede, hand over.
ge-lýfan, to allow, grant.

lȳfan, **lēfan**, **lifan**, *u. r.* to believe, trust (*in*).

ge-lȳfan, to believe, trust, hope.

lyfian. See **lifian**.

lyft, *st. m. & f.* air. Cf. M. E. *lift*. (*Ger. luft*.)

lȳft, **lēft**, *st. n.* vow, promise, gift.

lyft-edor, *st. n.* air-region, space of the sky.

lyft-fæt, *st. n.* air-vessel (the moon).

lyft-fēogende, *part.* flying in air, air-traversing.

lyft-floga, *u. m.* fier in air.

lyft-gelac, *st. n.* air-sport, flight.

lyft-geswenced, *part.* air-rocked, wind-tossed (of a ship in harbor). B. 1913.

lyft-helm, *st. m.* air-helm, atmosphere, cloud, mist.

lyft-lācende, *part.* sporting in the air, flying.

lyft-sceada, *u. m.* air-scather, foe living in the air (erow).

lyft-wundor, *st. n.* air-wonder, meteor.

lyft-wyn, *st. f.* revel in the air, joy in the air (of the dragon).

lyge, **lige**, *st. m.* lie.

lygen, **ligen**, *st. f.* same as above.

lygen-word, *st. n.* lie-word, falsehood.

lyge-searu, *st. n.* lying deception, machination, cunning.

lyge-synnig, *adj.* sinning by lie, liar.

lyge-torn, *st. n.* hypocritical or pretended wrath.

lyge-word, *st. n.* lie-word, lie.

lyge-wyrhta, *u. m.* lie-wright, manufacturer of lies.

lȳgnian, **lignian**, *u. r.* to deny. Cf. *Ger. läugnen*.

lȳhan. See **lihan** (to lend).

lȳhtan, **lihtan**, *u. r.* to lighten, flash, shine.

geond-lȳhtan, to flash or shine through.

in-lȳhtan, to flash forth, illuminate.

on-lȳhtan, the same as above.

lyhd, **lȳhd**. See **lēan**, **lēogan**.

lynd, *st. f.* fat, grease.

lynnan. See **linnan** (to cease).

lyre, *st. m.* loss, destruction.

lȳsan, **lēsan**, *u. r.* to loose, redeem, liberate.

ā-lȳsan, to let loose, release, ransom, liberate.

on-lȳsan, 1. to loose, unloose. 2. to redeem, ransom.

tō-lȳsan, 1. to dissolve. — 2. to separate.

lystan, *u. r.*, *impers. u. acc.* of person, and *gen.* of thing; or *u. inf.* to lust after, long for, long; — *part.*

gelysted, longing for, desirous of.

lysu, *adj.* base, false, faithless.

lysu, *st. n.* falsehood.

lyt, *adj.* little.

lyt, *n. adj.* few, not many.

lȳt, 3*d pers. sg. pres.* of **lūtan** (to bow).

lȳtan, **litan**, *u. r.* to lout, bow, bend, turn.

lytegian, *u. r.* to be hypocritical, dissimulate, pretend, dissemble.

lytel, **litel**, *adj.* little, small.

lytel-hydig, *adj.* little-minded, pusillanimous.

lytes-nā, *adv.* within a little, nearly, almost.

lyt-hwōn, *n. & adv.* little, but little.

lytlian, *u. r.* to lessen, decrease.

ge-lytlian, to diminish, depreciate, belittle, degrade.

lydre, **ledre**, *adj.* lewd, bad, base, corrupt, unworthy.

M

mā, **1. n. subs. & adj. more.**—**2. adv.** more, longer (quantitative or temporal or frequentative), = *plus*, *magis*, and *amplius*.

macian, *w. r. in.*

ge-macian, to make, prepare.

mā-cræftig, *adj.* having more vigor or power than others, highly skilled.

mād-mōd, *st. n.* madness, weak-mindedness.

mæ, *adv.* more.

mæc, *adj.* comrade-like, companionable.—*subs.* comrade.

mæcg, **mecg**, *st. m.* man.

mæcga, *w. m.* the same as above.

mædan, *w. r. in* [fatuate.

ge-mædan, to fool, madden, in-

mæg. See *magan*.

mæg, *st. m.* blood relation of any kind; son, nephew, cousin, brother, grandson, kinsman, &c.

mæg, *st. f.* female blood-relation; wife, woman, maiden.

mæg-burg, *st. f. 1.* kindred in general; family, tribe, race, people, nation.—**2.** genealogy, family tree.

mægden, *st. n.* maiden, girl, young woman (unmarried).

mægden-hād, *st. m.* maidenhood.

mæge. See *magan*.

mæge, *w. f.* female (blood) relation.

mægen. See *magan* (may).

mægen, **mægn**, **mægyn**, *st. n. 1.* power, main-strength, bodily vigor, might, ability, virtue.—**2.** forces, multitude, army.

mægen-âgend, *part.* possessing strength, valiant, heroic.

mægen-byrden, *st. f.* immense burthen.

mægen-cordor, *st. n.* strong troop, large force.

mægen-cræft, *st. m.* great strength, power.

mægen-cyning, *st. m.* mighty king, virtuous king.

mægen-dæd, *st. f.* deed of strength or power.

mægen-ellen, *st. n.* great strength, heroic vigor.

mægen-êaca, *w. m.* increase of power or strength, strengthening.

mægen-êacen, *adj.* vigorous, sturdy, able-bodied.

mægen-earfede, *st. n.* great misery or trial.

mægen-fæst, *adj.* steadfast, strong.

mægen-folc, *st. n.* powerful nation or people.

mægen-fultum, *st. m.* vigorous support.

mægen-hæp, **-heap**, *adj.* vigorous, powerful.

mægen-ræs, *st. m.* violent onslaught.

mægen-róf, *adj.* powerful.

mægen-scype, *st. m.* might, power.

mægen-spêd, *st. f.* abundant power, strength, main-speed.

mægen-stân, *st. m.* immense stone, rock.

mægen-strang, *adj.* strong, energetic.

mægen-streng, *adj.* same as above.

mægen-strengdu, **-strengu**, *st. f.* main strength, great strength, power.

mægen-þegen, *st. m.* powerful thane.

mægen-þise, *w. f.* attack? Rid. 28, 10.

mægen-þreat, *st. m.* host, large troop

mægen-þrym, *st. m. 1.* glory.—**2.** vigor, strength, power.—**3.** noise, tumult (Exod. 540).—**4.** heavenly host or glory.

mægen-þrymnes, *st. f.* great glory, majesty.

mægen-weorc, *st. n.* immense work.

mægen-wisa, *ic. m.* (powerful) leader, general.

mægen-wudu, *st. m.* might-wood, spear.

mægen-wundor, *st. n.* (great) marvel of glory, striking wonder.

mæged. See mægd.

mæg-lufe, *ic. f.* love between kindred; connubial love.

mægn. See mægen.

mægnian, *ic. v.* to be strong, mighty, possess strength.

mægon. See magan (may).

mæg-ræden, *st. f.* relationship, kinship.

mægd, mæged, *st. f.* maid, virgin, wife, woman.

mægd, *st. f.* tribe, folk, nation, family.

mægd-hād, *st. m.* maidenhood, virginity.

mæg-wine, *st. m.* blood-friend, kinsman.

mæg-wlite, mæg, *st. m.* family likeness, aspect, appearance, form, figure.

mægyn, mæht, mæhtig. See mægen, meht, mehtig.

mæl, *st. n.* 1. measure.—2. what is measured: time, point of time.—3. meal, meals.—4. mole, spot.—5. in compounds, meal, in piece-meal, &c.

mæl, *st. f.* speech.

mælan, *ic. v.* to speak, talk.

ge-mælan, the same as above.

on-mælan, to address, speak to.

mælan, *ic. v.* to fleck, spoil, soil, mark. Cf. mildew (?).

ge-mælan, the same as above.

mæl-cearu, *st. f.* time-care, trouble from (evil) times? B. 189.

mæl-dæg, *st. m.* a day's time, day.

mældan. See meldan.

mæl-gesceaft, *st. f.* time allotted by fate, lifetime, destiny.

mæn. See man.

mænan, *ic. v.* to share; communicate, announce, pronounce, speak of.

ge-mænan, to pronounce, speak out, inform.

mænan, *ic. v.* 1. intr. to moan, complain, sorrow, grieve.—2. *ic. acc.* to bemoan, mourn over.

bi-mænan, to bewail, mourn over.

mænan, *ic. v.* to think. (Ger. *meinen*.)

mænan, *ic. v.* in.

ge-mænan, to injure maliciously, break. B. 1101.

mæne, *adj.* mean, inimical, infamous, godless.

mængan, mæni, mænig, mænigo, mænigeo. See mangan, manig, menigo.

mæran, *ic. v.* to spread, divulge, disseminate, make known, mention, magnify, eulogize, praise.

mæran, *ic. v.* in.

ge-mæran, to define, mark off; increase. Wd. 42.

mære, mære, *adj.* 1. bright, clear, mere.—2. sublime, illustrious, famous, well-known, distinguished.

mære-, mære-torht, *adj.* bright-shining.

mærsian, *adv.* nobly, illustriously.

mærsian, *ic. v.* 1. to make known, celebrate, narrate.—2. to distinguish (Met. 1, 6), render famous.

ge-mærsian, to distinguish, celebrate, render famous.

mærd, mærd, *st. f.* 1. glory, repute, fame.—2. glorious deed.

mær-weorc, *st. n.* noble work or deed.

mæsse, *ic. f.* mass; fair (day on which the annual fair is held, 2d February). Men. 20.

mæssere, *st. m.* priest who conducts mass.

mæst, most, *st. m.* 1. trunk of a tree, branch.—2. **mast** (of a vessel).

mæst, *st. f.* **mast** (vegetable matter).

mæst, *adj. superl.* 1. greatest, most.

2. *subs. n.* most.—3. *adv.* most, in the greatest degree.

mæstan, *v. r.* to feed with **mast**, fatten.

â-mæstan, the same as above.

mæst-râp, *st. m.* **mast-rope**, halyard.

mætan, *v. r.* in.

ge-mætan, *impers. v. dat.* or *acc.* of person, to dream.

mæte, *adj.* moderate, small, slight, modest.

mætgan, *v. r.* in

ge-mætgan, to lessen, diminish.

mæting, *st. f.* dream.

mæd, *st. f.* (= **gemet**) (right) measure, limit; one's due, honor, right.

mæd, *st. n.* dishonor? disgrace? Dêor. 14.

mædel, **medel**, *st. n.* 1. place of assembly.—2. assembly.—3. speech, interview.

mædel, **medel-cwide**, *st. m.* speech.

mædel, **medel-hêgend**, *part.* holding conclave, deliberating.

mædel-bergend, *part.* the same.

mædel, **medel-stede**, *st. m.* place of assembly where a court is held, negotiations take place, &c.

mædel, **medel-word**, *st. n.* word, speech.

mædlan, **medlan**, *v. r.* to speak, talk.

mæw, *st. m.* sea-mew, gull.

maga, *v. m.* son, young man, man.

mâga, *v. m.* relation. [Used only in compounds.]

magan (**mugan**), *pret. pres. v.* may, can;—*pres. indic. sg. 1st & 3d pers.*

mæg; 2d **meaht**, **miht**; *pl.* **mâgon**,

mægon (Gen. 2013); **mâgan** (An.

760, 1349); **mâgum** (Cri. 1179); **mâgun** (Cri. 862); *subj. sg. 1, 3*, **mæge**; *pl.* **mægen**, **mæge** (Exod. 428, 1ly. 3, 13); *pret. indic. sg. 1, 3*, **meahte**, **mehte**, **mihte**; 2, **meahtes**; *pl.* **meahtum** (Jul. 599); **meahton**, **meahtan**, **mihton**, **mihten** (Jud. 24); *subj. sg. 1, 3*, **meahte**, **mihte**; 2, **meahte**, **meahtes** (Met. 24, 8, 11); **meahtest** (Met. 24, 15); *pl.* **meahton**, **mihton** (An. 132), **meahtan** (Az. 164), **meahten** (Ph. 573), **mihten** (Sat. 500), **meahte** (Gû. 404), **mihte** (Ps. 77, 1);—the *indic. mæg*, *may*, is used in a hortative, semi-imperative sense.

mâgas. See **mæg**.

mâge, *v. f.* female relation.

magister, *st. m.* master.

magon. See **magan**.

magu, **magô**, *st. m.* 1. son.—2. servant.—3. man.

magu-dryht, **-driht**, *st. f.* troop, band (of young men).

magu-geogud, *st. f.* youth, young man.

mâgum, **mâgun**. See **magan**.

magu-rædend, *part. & subs.* troop-adviser, counselor.

magu-ræswa, *v. m.* leader of men.

magu-rinc, *st. m.* man.

magu-timber, *st. n.* 1. son.—2. growth, increase (of family relationships or connections).

magu-tudor, *st. n. (f?)*, descendant, scion.

magu-pegu, *st. m.* liegeman, vassal, knightly follower, man.

mâg-wlite. See **mæg-wlite**.

mâh, *adj.* regardless, unfortunate, stubborn, hard, bad.

Maius, *m.* May. Men. 79.

mâmrian, *v. r.* to think out, elicit by thought, scrutinize.

man. See **munan**.

- man, mann, mon, monn, *irreg. m.*; *gen. mannes*; *dat. mænn, men, menn*; *nom. & acc. pl. mæn, men, menn*; *gen. manna*; *dat. instr. mannum*; — 1. man, person. — 2. *indef. one, they, anybody.* (Ger. man.
- mân, *adj.* bad, godless, criminal, mean.
- mân, *st. n.* unright. badness, meanness, injustice, crime, sin, evil deed.
- mân-bealu, *st. n.* crime, cruelty, detestable deed.
- mân-cwealm, *st. m.* destruction, death.
- man-cyn, -cynn, *st. n.* mankind, men.
- mand. See mond.
- mân-dæd, *st. f.* evil deed, crime, evil. Cf. main-swear.
- man-drêam, *st. m.* human joy, revelry, festivity.
- mân-drinc, *st. m.* deadly drink, potion.
- man-dryhten, -drihten, *st. m.* lord of men, prince of the people, prince, lord.
- manegu, manetian. See mengo, monetian.
- mân-fêhdu, *st. f.* deadly hostility, feud, enmity.
- man-faru, *st. f.* army, host (in motion?) Cf. agmen.
- mân-folm, *st. f.* criminal hand, deadly hand.
- mân-fordædla, *u. m.* evil-doer, criminal.
- mân-forwyrht, *st. n.* evil deed, sin.
- mân-fremmende, *part.* crime-doing, sinning, criminal, vicious.
- mân-frêa, *u. m.* evil, criminal lord; ruler, devil.
- mân-ful, *adj.* full of evil, infamous, mean, degraded.
- mân-genidla, *u. m.* evil foe, persecutor.
- mân-gewyrhta, *u. m.* evil-doer, sinner.
- mân-hûs, *st. n.* evil house, house of crime or criminals.
- marian, monian, *u. v.* to admonish, challenge, warn, remind.
- ge-manian, the same as above.
- mân-idel, *adj.* mean and idle, vain and bad.
- manig, mænig, monig, *adj.* many a, many.
- manigeo. See mengu.
- manig-feald, *adj.* many-fold.
- manig-, mæni-fealdlice, *adv.* the same as above.
- man-lica, *u. m.* man-likeness, statue, effigy.
- man-lice, *adv.* like a man.
- man-lufe, *u. f.* love for men.
- mann. See man.
- manna, monna, *u. m.* man, person. (*vir* and *homo*.)
- manna, *n.* manna (Hebrew). Ps. 77, 25.
- man-rim, *st. n.* multitude of men.
- mân-sceada, maan-scada, *u. m.* evil injurer, malicious foe, robber, sinner.
- mân-sceat, *st. m.* usury, iniquitous demand or exaction.
- mân-scyld, -scild, *st. f.* guilt, crime, fault.
- mân-scyldig, *adj.* criminal, guilty.
- mân-slagu, *st. f.* sinful torture, cruel torment, scourging.
- mân-swara, -swora, *u. m.* main swearer, perjurer.
- man-péaw, *st. m.* men's habit, custom.
- man-pwære, *adj.* philanthropic, benevolent, gentle, mild.
- man-pwærnes, *st. f.* philanthropy, kindness, gentleness, mildness.
- mân-wam, -wom, *st. m.* evil stain, crime.
- mân-weorc, *st. n.* evil work, crime.
- mân-weorc, *adj.* sinful.

man-weorud, *st. n.* collection of men, multitude, congregation.

man-wise, *w. f.* men's wise, custom, habit.

mân-word, *st. n.* mean word; base, evil word.

mân-wyrhta, *w. m.* evil-doer, sinner.

mâra, *compar. adj.* 1. greater.—2. more.—*acc. sg. n. adv.* more, further.

marmor-stân, *st. m.* marble.

Martius, *m.* Mareh. Men. 36.

martyr-dôm, *st. m.* martyrdom, martyr's death.

martyre, *st. m.* martyr.

martyr-hâd, *st. m.* martyrdom, martyrhood.

madelian, **madolian**, *w. v.* to speak, utter words.

mâdum, **mâddum**, **mâdm**, **mâdum**, *st. m.* gift; jewel, valuable.

mâdum-æht, *st. f.* possessions in jewels, jewel.

mâdum-fæt, *st. n.* treasure vessel, casket, costly vessel.

mâdum-ge-steald, *st. n.* possessions in jewels, treasure, wealth.

mâdum-ge-strêon, *st. n.* jewel-treasure, costly jewels.

mâdum-gyfa, *w. m.* jewel-giver, dispenser of treasure or jewels.

mâdum-gifu, *st. f.* dispensing of jewels or treasure.

mâdum-hord, *st. n.* treasure-board.

mâdum-sele, *st. m.* treasure-hall, hall where treasure is dispensed.

mâdum-sigle, *st. n.* costly jewel, precious treasure or gem.

mâdum-sweord, *st. n.* costly sword.

mâdum-wela, *w. m.* wealth in jewels, treasure.

mâwan, *st. red. v.* to mow.

â-mâwan, to mow down.

me, **mec**. See **ic** (I).

mêce, *st. m.* sword.

mæg. See **mæg** (kinsman).

mecgan (Gn. C. 24, for **mengan**?). **mêd**, *st. f.* meed, reward, compensation, price.

mêdan, *w. r. impers.* to suppose, occur to one's mind.

ge-êad-mêdan, to humble.

mêde, *adj.* of a (certain) mind or mood, minded.

mêder, **medo**, **medo-**. See **môdor**, **meodu**.

mêdren-cyn, *st. n.* mother's kindred, female line.

med-spêdig, *adj.* moderately happy or fortunate, middling fortunate.

med-, **met-trymnes**, *st. f.* weakness, infirmity.

medu, **medu-**, **medum**. See **meodu**, **meodum**.

med-wis, *adj.* moderately or middling wise.

meht, **mehte**, **mehtig**. See **meaht**, **magan**, **meahtig**.

meld, *st. f.* announcement, information, news, power to explain or announce.

melda, *w. m.* announcer, indicator, informer, betrayer.

meldan, **mældan**, *w. r.* to announce, speak, inform. (Ger. *melden*.)

tô-mældan, to announce in twain, destroy or break up by words.

meldian, **meldigan**, *w. r.* to announce, speak, inform, show, reveal.

ge-meldian, to announce, make known.

mele-dêaw, *st. m.* mildew, honey-dew.

meltan, *st. abl. v. I.* to melt, become fluid, dissolve, burn up.

for-meltan, to melt to pieces, melt up.

ge-meltan, to melt, dissolve, burn up, pass away.

meltan, *v.* to smelt, free, liberate.
on-meltan, to soften.

men, mengan. See man, mengan.

mene, *st. m.* necklace.

mengan, menggan, mægan, *v.*

1. to mingle, mix with (Sat. 132).

2. to mix. — 3. to mix among, associate, unite with.

ge-mengan, to mix, mingle, confuse, unite, compound, saturate with.

geond-mengan, to confuse, bewilder.

mengu (-go, -geo), menigo (-ego,

-igeo (-ego, -igeo), menio, mæni-

go (-ego, -igeo, -egeo), mænieo,

manegn (-igeo), *st. f.* many, mul-

titude, folk, people.

menn. See man.

mennen, *st. n.* maid, maid-servant.

mennisc, *adj.* manlike, human, natural.

mennisc, *st. m.* man, human being.
(Ger. *mensh.*)

menniscnis, *st. f.* humanity, human nature, incarnation. H6. 123.

merce. See mearc.

merced = myrced, darkened?
murky? Sat. 710.

mercels, *st. m.* mark, goal, aim.

mere, *st. m.* mere, sea, marsh.

mère. See mære.

mere-bât, *st. m.* sea-boat.

mere-candel, -condel, *st. f.* sea-candle, sea-lamp, sun.

mere-ciést, *st. f.* sea-chest, ship, ark.

mere-déad, *st. m.* death at sea; drowning.

mere-déor, *st. n.* sea-animal.

mere-fara, *v.* sea-farer, sailor.

mere-farod, *st. m.* billowing of the sea, fluctuation of the waves.

mere-fiác, *st. m.* sea-fish.

mere-flôd, *st. m.* sea-flood.

mere-grund, *st. m.* sea-bottom, depth of the sea.

mere-hengeat, *st. m.* seahorse, ship.

mere-hrægl, *st. n.* sea-garment, sail.
(M. E. *rail.*)

mere-hūs, *st. n.* sea-house, ship, ark.

mere-hwearf, *st. m.* seashore. Cf. wharf.

mere-lâd, *st. f.* seaway.

mere-lidende, *part.* sea-traversing, seafarer, skipper, sailor.

mere-amylte, *adj.* sea-still, quiet as the sea.

mere-stræt, *st. f.* sea-street, seaway.

mere-strengo, *st. f.* strength exerted in the sea. B. 533. (*vis maris*?)

mere-strêam, *st. m.* sea-current, sea-flood.

mere-tor, *st. m.* sea-tower, sea-rampart.

mere-torht, *adj.* sea-bright, bright like the sea.

mere-pissa, -pyssa, *v. m.* sea-traverser, ship.

mere-weard, *st. m.* sea-warden, guardian of the sea.

mere-wêrig(e), *adj.* sea-weary.

mere-wif, *st. n.* sea-woman, titaness of the sea.

merg, *adj.* gay, merry, delightful.

mergan. See merian (to cleanse).

mergen, *st. m.* morning, morn.

mergen-tid, *st. f.* morning tide.

merian, mergan, *v.* to purify, cleanse, render mere.

â-merian, to test, cleanse, purify.

merran, *v. r.* in.

â-merran, to provoke, disquiet, disturb.

merac, *v. m.* marah, swamp.

merwe. See mearu.

mêsan, *v.* to breakfast, eat.

metan, *st. abl. v. III.* 1. to measure or traverse a space. — 2. to mete, measure, measure out. — 3. to measure, mark off (Exod. 92). — 4. esteem, estimate.

â-metan, 1. to measure out. —

2. to deal, give to. — 3. to get, procure. El. 730.

ge-metan, to traverse (a space).
 mētan, *w. r.* to meet, find, encounter.

ge-mētan, the same as above.

mete, *st. m.* meat, food.

mēte, *adj.* meeting, encountering, coming toward.

metend, *part. & subs.* measuring (one), creator, God.

metegian, metigean, *w. r.* to reflect over, consider, meditate upon.

ge-metgian, the same as above.

ge-panc-metian, to think over, meditate upon.

metegung, *st. f.* reflection, meditation.

mete-lēas, *adj.* meatless, without food.

mete-lēast, -list, *st. f.* lack of food.

mete-þegn, *st. m.* meat-thane, steward.

mete-þearfende, *part.* needing food, destitute.

metgian, *w. r.* to moderate, control, guide, govern.

ge-metgian, **1.** to moderate, control, guide, govern.—**2.** to restrain or control one's self, soften.

metod, metud, mettrymnes. See meotud, med-trymnes.

mēde, *adj.* **1.** tired, weary.—**2.** troubled, sad. (Ger. *müde*.)

medel. See mædel.

mēdgian, *w. r.* in.

ge-mēdgian, to exhaust, tire.

medlan. See mædian.

meagol, *adj.* mighty, strong, powerful, able, emphatic.

meagol-lice, *adv.* powerfully, vigorously, emphatically.

meaht, mæht, meht, miht, mieht, myht, *st. f.* might, power.

meaht, *adj.* mighty, powerful.

meaht, meahte, meahtan, meahten, meahtes, meahtest, meahton, meahtum. See magan.

meahte-lice, *adv.* mightily.

meahtig, mæhtig, mehtig, miktig, *adj.* mighty, powerful.

meaht-mōd (miht-), *st. n.* streng mind, violent temper.

mear. See mearg (horse).

mearc, merc, *st. f.* **1.** definite point of time, goal, mark, end.—**2.** limit, boundary marked off.—**3.** domain, district marked off.—**4.** province.

mearcan, *w. r.* in.

ge-mearcan, to remark, note, observe.

mearc-hof, *st. n.* place, court, or house lying within a district, mark, or limit.

mearcian, *w. r.* **1.** to note, mark distinctly.—**2.** to indicate, characterize.—**3.** to dwell? put up? B. 450.

ā-mearcian, to indicate, characterize.

ge-mearcian, to draw, indicate, determine, mark off, deal out, elose.

mearc-land, *st. n.* march-land, border-land; domain, province, land, march.

mearc-pæd, *st. m. n.* march-path, road through a province.

mearc-stapa, *w. m.* march-stepper, one that strides through a land or province.

mearc-stede, *st. m.* place in a district or province.

mearc-þræat, *st. m.* army that crosses a frontier.

mearc-wādu (El. 233). See mearc-pæd.

mearc-weard, *st. m.* march-warden, forest-watch, wolf.

mearg, mearh, mear, *st. m.* horse. Cf. mare.

mearh-cōfa, *w. m.* marrow-cesser, bone (?).

mearm-stân, *st. m.* marble.

mearu, meru, *adj.* tender, soft.

meodu, **meodb**, **medu**, **medo**, *st. m.*
mead, honey-drink, hydromel.

meodu-ærn, *st. n.* mead-hall.

meodu-benc, *st. f.* mead-bench,
bench in the mead-hall.

meodu-burg, *st. f.* mead palace or
castle.

meodu-drêam, *st. m.* mead-joy, rev-
elry, joyous doings over mead.

meodu-drinc, *st. m.* drink of mead,
mead-drinking.

meodu-ful, *st. n.* mead-cup.

meodu-gâl, *adj.* mad with mead,
joyous, tipsy.

meodu-heal, *st. f.* mead-hall.

meodum, **medum**, *adj.* 1. middling,
moderate, mediocre, small.—2. re-
spectable, considerable.

meodu-ræden, *st. f.* providing with
mead, dealing out mead.

meodu-scenc, *st. m.* mead-skinker,
mead-pourer.

meodu-seld, *st. n.* mead-dwelling,
mead house or hall.

meodu-setl, *st. n.* same as above.

meodu-stig, *st. m.* mead-path, path
to the mead-hall.

meodu-wang, *st. m.* mead-field, field
surrounding the mead-palace.

meodu-wêrig, *adj.* mead-weary,
drunk.

meohx, **meox**, *st. m.* dung, filth, dirt.

meolc, **meoluc**, *st. f.* milk.

meord, **meord**, *st. f.* reward, com-
pensation, pay.

meoring, *st. f.* hindrance, danger?
Exod. 62.

meornan, *st. abl. v. I.* 1. to be appre-
hensive, anxious.—2. to shrink
from. [over.]

be-meornan, to bemoan, grieve

meord. See **meord** (pay).

meoto, *st. f.* thought, reflection.

meotud, **meotod**, **metod**, **metud**,
st. m. 1. fate (Wald. I, 19).—2. ere-
ator, God, Christ.

meotud-ge-sceaft, *st. f.* fate, allot-
ment; fate after death.

meotud-sceaft, *st. f.* same as above.

meotud-wang, *st. m.* field of battle,
battlefield.

mêowle, *w. f.* maiden, woman, wife.

meox. See **meohx** (filth).

micel, **mycel**, *adj.* mickle, great;—
instr. sg. micle;—*v. compar. & su-
perl.* by much, by far;—*gen. sg.*
micles, and *instr. pl.* miclum;—
adv. by much, by far, much, very.

micel-lic, *adj.* great, magnificent.

micel-môd, *adj.* great-minded, mag-
nanimous.

micelnes, *st. f.* greatness, magna-
nimity.

miclian, *v. v. I.* 1. to render large,
magnify, increase.—2. to become
great, large; to increase in size,
grow.

ge-miclian, to render large, to
make larger.

mid, *I. prep., v. dat., instr., & acc.*

1. with: expresses accompani-
ment, ecommunity, accompanying
circumstances, simultaneity.—2.
with, among, in (with plural or a
collective), among (a number).
3. means by which, with, by means
or help of, through, by.—**mid** often
follows the governed word.—II.
adv. with, at the same time, sim-
ultaneously.

mid, **midd**, *adj.* middle, midway, in
the middle.

mid, *st. n.* middle;—**tô-middes**, in
or into the middle or midst of.

middan-eard, *st. m.* mid-earth,
earth.

middan-geard, *st. m.* same as above.

midde, *v. f.* middle, center.

middel, *st. m.* middle, middle part.

middel-ge-mæru, *st. n. pl.* middle
district, mid-province.

middel-neah, **-niht**, *st. f.* midnight.

midl, *st. n.* iron middle-piece, bit of a bridle.

midor, *compar.* of **mid**, *adj.*

mid-wist, *st. f.* presence, being present.

miht, **mihte**, **mihten**, **mihton**. See **magan**.

miht, **mihtig**, **miht-mōd**. See **meaht**, **meahtig**, **meaht-mōd**.

mil, *st. f.* mile.

milde, *adj.* mild, kind, friendly.

milde, *adv.* the same as above.

mild-heort, *adj.* mild-hearted.

mild-heortnes, **-hiortnys**, *st. f.* sympathy, pity, mercy.

milds, **milts**, *st. f.* 1. mildness, sympathy, favor, grace.—2. joy, gayety.

mildsian, **miltsian**, *w. v.* 1. to pity, sympathize with, feel favorably toward.—2. to act mildly or kindly toward, to render gentle or mild.

mildsung, **miltsung**, *st. f.* sympathy, compassion.

mil-ge-mearc, *st. n.* mile's distance, mile.

mil-pæd, *st. m.* mile-path, distance or road reckoned by miles.

miltn, **myltan**, *w. v.* 1. to melt, dissolve, vanish.—2. to free, liberate. Sol. 55.

ge-miltan, to melt, dissolve; relax.

milts, **miltsian**, **miltsung**. See **milds**, **mildsian**, **mildsung**.

min, *adj.* 1. small.—2. low, common, vulgar, vile.

min, 1. *poss. pron.* mine.—2. *gen.* of ic. See **ic**.

min-dōm, *st. m.* powerlessness, feebleness.

mine. See **myne**.

minsian, *w. v.* to grow less, decrease, dwindle.

mirc, **mīrce**, **mīrhd**, **mīrigd**. See **myrc**, **myrce**, **myrgd**.

mis-dæd, **-dēd**, *st. f.* misdeed, evil deed.

mis-ge-dwield, *st. n.* distortion, error, wrong, perversion.

mis-ge-hyd, *st. f. n.* misthought, wrong mode of thinking.

mis-ge-mynd, *st. f.* same as above.

mis-lic, *adj.* various, manifold, diverse.

mis-lice, *adv.* the same as above.

mis-micel, *adj.* of varying size.

missan, *w. v.* to miss, fail in or of.

missen-lic, *adj.* various, manifold, diverse.

missen-lice, *adv.* same as above.

missere, *st. n.* semester, half-year.

Cf. the counting by half-years with the counting by nights, winters, &c.

mist, *st. m.* **mist**, vapor.

mist-glōm, *st. m.*? **mist-gloom**, darkness, cloud. Wal. 47.

mist-helm, *st. m.* **mist-helm**, enveloping cloud (blindness).

mist-hlid, **-hleod**, *st. n.* **misty** slope, hillside covered with cloud.

mistig, *adj.* **misty**.

mittan, *w. v.* to find, encounter, meet.

ge-mittan, the same as above.

midan, *st. abl. v. V.* 1. to hide, conceal, keep to one's self.—2. *instr.* to avoid, shun.—3. to dissemble.

4. *intr.* to conceal one's self.

be, **bi-midan**, to hide, conceal, keep secret.

mieht. See **meaht**.

mōd, *st. n.* 1. mood, spirit, soul, heart (as seat of thought, feeling, passion, sensibility).—2. courage.

3. arrogance, pride, moodiness.—

4. greatness, power (Ps. 144, 5; 150, 2); violence (Exod. 488).

mōd-blind, *adj.* mood-blind, spiritually blind.

mōd-blissiende, *adj.* mood-joyful, exultant of mind.

mōd-bysgung, *st. f.* mood-depression, sorrow, mental affliction.

mōd-cearig, *adj.* sorrowful.

- môð-cearu**, *st. f.* mood-care, sorrow, grief of heart.
- môð-cræft**, *st. m.* mood-craft, power of mind, wisdom, shrewdness, cleverness.
- môð-cræftig**, *adj.* judicious, possessing judgment, skillful.
- môð-cwânig**, *adj.* sad at heart, sorrowful, querulous.
- môðdor**, **môðer**. See **môður**.
- môðe-lice**, *adj.* valiantly, bravely.
- môðe-wæg**, *st. m.* rushing wave, current.
- môð-earfoð**, *st. f.* grief, sorrow, misery of mind.
- môð-ge-hygð**, *st. f.* mood-thought, mind, thought.
- môð-ge-mynd**, *st. f. n.* sentiment, thought, reflection, memory.
- môð-ge-þanc** (**-ge-þonc**), *st. m. n.* mood-thought, thought, mind.
- môð-ge-þoht**, *st. m.* same as above.
- môð-ge-þyldig**, *adj.* patient of mind, enduring with courage.
- môð-ge-winna**, *w. m.* mood-foe, sorrow, grief.
- môð-geómor**, **-giómor**, *adj.* sorrowful-minded.
- môðgian**, **-igan**, *v. r. 1.* to rage, roar, become excited or moody. (Exod. 458).—**2.** to show bravery, boldness.
- ofer-môðgian**, to be arrogant, proud, presumptuous. [*ous*.]
- môð-glæd**, *adj.* glad-minded, joy-
- môð-glêaw**, *adj.* wise, clear-minded, quick-witted, clever.
- môð-hæp**, **-heap**, *adj.* rich in courage, brave.
- môð-hete**, *st. m.* hate, hatred.
- môð-hord**, *st. n.* heart's treasure, secret thoughts.
- môð-hwæt**, *adj.* bold, energetic, valiant.
- môðig**, *adj. 1.* spirited, courageous.
2. roused, excited, angry.
- môðigan**. See **môðgian** (to rage).
- môðig-lic** (**-môði-**), *adj.* courageous, brave, high-spirited.
- môð-lêof**, *adj.* dear, precious.
- môð-lufe**, *w. f.* love.
- môðor**. See **môður** (mother).
- môð-rôf**, *adj.* vigorous-spirited, valiant-hearted.
- môð-sefa**, *w. m.* mood-thought, mind, spirit.
- môð-sêoc**, *adj.* mind-sick, sad.
- môð-snottor** (**-snotor**), *adj.* shrewd, sharp-minded, wise.
- môð-sorg**, *st. f.* heart-sorrow, sadness, grief.
- môð-swîð**, *adj.* brave, valiant.
- môð-þracu**, *w. f.* bold-mindedness, courage, valor, fortitude.
- môð-þrêa**, *w. m.* uneasiness of mind, terror, vexation.
- môð-þryðu**, *st. f.* strength of mind or soul, energy, vigor? B. 1931.
- môður**, **môðor**, **moddor**, **môðer**, *irreg. f. gen. sg.* **môður**, **môðor**, **môðdor**; — *dat. sg.* **mêðer**, **mêðer** = mother. [son.
- môður-cild**, *st. n.* mother's child,
- môð-wên**, *st. f.* thought, opinion? Rid. 87, 7.
- môð-wlanc**, *adj.* haughty, arrogant.
- mold-ærn** (**-ern**), *st. n.* house of mold, earthy house, grave.
- molde**, *w. f. 1.* dust, earth as material.—**2.** soil, mold.—**3.** earth as habitation of men.—opposed to water, air, sky.—**4.** province, district.
- mold-græf**, *st. n.* grave, grave in the earth.
- mold-hrérende**, *part.* earth-touching, moving in or on the earth.
- mold-weg**, *st. m.* earthway, earth.
- mold-wyrm**, *st. m.* earthworm.
- molsian**, *v. r. r.* to molder, rot, decay.
ge-molsian, to wither, fade.
- mon**, **môn**. See **man** and **manan** (*rb.*), **mân**.
- môna**, *w. m.* moon.

mônad, **mond**, *st. m.* (moonth), month.

mond, *st. n.* ^p Gû. 514.

monetian, *v. v.* to despise, condemn? An. 747.

monian, **monig**, **monn**, **monna**. See **manian**, **manig**, **man**, **mauna**.

môr, *st. m.* **1.** moor, morass, swamp. **2.** mountain, wooded mountains.

morgen, *st. m.* **morn**, morning, forenoon.

morgen-ceald, *adj.* **morn-cold**, cold as at early morn.

morgen-colla, *v. m.* terror at morn? Jud. 245.

morgen-lang, *adj.* morning-long, lasting through the morning.

morgen-léoht, *st. n.* morning light. **morgen-regn**, **-rên**, *st. m.* morning rain.

morgen-sêoc, *adj.* sick, ill, or sad in the morning.

morgen-spell, *st. n.* morning news, news spreading in the morning.

morgen-steorra, **-stiorra**, *v. m.* morning star.

morgen-swêg, *st. m.* morn-sound, cry at morn.

morgen-tid, *st. f.* morning-tide, time.

morgen-torht, *adj.* morn-bright, bright at morn or in the morning.

môr-hæd, *st. f.* moor-heath; swampy, mountainous heath.

môr-heald, *adj.* surrounded by moors, marshy? Ex. 61.

môr-hôp, *st. n.* moor-bight, hiding-place in the moor?

môr-land, *st. n.* moorland, mountain-land.

morna, *gen. pl.* of **morgen**.

môr-stapa, *v. m.* moor-stepper, traverser of moors and mountains.

mord, *st. n.* **1.** murder, death.—**2.** deadly sin. Gen. 691.

mord-bealu, *st. n.* murder-bale, murder, violent death.

mordor, **mordur**, *st. n.* **1.** violent death, murder.—**2.** punishment by death, death-torment, martyrdom.—**3.** erime, deadly sin.

morder-bed, *st. n.* murder-bed, bed of death.

mordor-bealu, *st. n.* murder, baleful death.

mordor-côfa, *v. m.* murder-cell, prison, torture-house.

mordor-cræft, *st. m.* murderous craft or might.

mordor-cwealm, *st. m.* murder, death.

mordor-hete, *st. m.* murderous hate, deadly hostility, bloody feud.

mordor-hof, *st. n.* murder-house, place of punishment (hell).

mordor-hûs, *st. n.* same as above.

mordor-hycgende, *part.* with murderous thoughts.

mordor-léan, *st. n.* reward for murder or crime.

mordor-scyldig, *adj.* guilty of murder, crime.

mordor-sleah, **-sleht**, *st. m.* slaughter, defeat.

mordur. See **mordor** (murder).

môs, *st. n.* food, feed, victuals.

môt. See **môtan** (must).

môtan, *pret.-pres.*; *pres. ind. sg.* **1, 3**, **môt**.—**2.** **môst**; *pl.* **môtan** (Gû. 786), **môtun** (Ph. 668), **môton**, **môtan** (An. 109), **môten** (Sat. 297); *subj. sg.* **môte**; *pl.* **môtan** (Reb. 16), **môten** (El. 433), **môte** (Cri. 1327); *pret.* **môste**, to be in a position adapted to, to have an opportunity or leisure for; hence, **1.** to be permitted, to be able.—**2.** **must** (B. 1939, 2886. Sat. 108.)

modde, *v. f.* moth, book-worm or moth.

mugan. See **magan** (may).

munan, *pret.-pres.*; *pres. ind. sg.* **1, 3**, **man**, **mon**.—**2.** **manst**; *pl.* **munon**; *subj.* **mune**; *pret.* **munde**.—**1.** to

think of or about, be mindful of, remember.—2. to esteem, appreciate, value.

ge-munan, to remember, be mindful of, recollect.

ou-munan, 1. to provide with, deem worthy of.—2. to remind, admonish? B. 2640.

mund, *st. m.* 1. hand.—2. protection, guardianship.

mund, *st. m.* bridal gift, dower. Cri. 93.

mund-beorg, *st. m.* hill of refuge or protection, mountain refuge.

mund-bora, *w. m.* protection-bearer, protector, guardian, tutor.

mund-byrd, -berd, *st. f.* protection, patronage, aid, help.

mund-gripe, *st. m.* hand-grip.

mund-heals, -hals, *st. n.* protection? guardianship? *salus tutela*? Cri. 446.

mundian, *w. r.* to protect, to watch over.

mund-rôf, *adj.* strong-handed.

munec, *st. m.* monk.

munt, *st. m.* mount, mountain.

munt-giôp = **munt-giôf**, Jupiter's mountain, **Mons Jovis**, Alps? Met. 1: 8-14.

mûr, *st. m.* wall. (Ger. *mauer*.)

murc, *adj.* murky, gloomy.

murge, *adv.* cheerfully, brightly, merrily.

murnan, *w. r.* to mourn, sorrow, long after; bemoan.

be, **bi-murnan**, to mourn, mourn over, sorrow for.

must, *st. m.* must (of grapes).

mûtian, *w. r.* in

bi-mûtian, to change, exchange for.

mûd, *st. m.* 1. mouth.—2. opening, door.

mûda, *w. m.* mouth, opening, entrance.

mûd-bana, *w. m.* mouth-murderer, one that kills with the mouth.

mûd-hæl, *st. n.* mouth—"hail," "hail" spoken with the mouth.

mûd-lêas, *adj.* mouthless.

mycel, **myclian**, **myht**. See **micel**, **miclian**, **meaht**.

mylen-scearp, *adj.* whetted on the grindstone.

myltan. See **miltan** (melt).

myndgian, *w. r.* to remind, recall to mind, remember, be mindful of.

ge-myndgian, same as above.

myne, **mine**, *st. m.* 1. spirit, soul.—2. feeling, sentiment.—3. mind.

4. intention, aim, demand.—5. love, affection.

myne-lic, *adj.* desirable, lovable, noble, splendid.

myngian, *w. r.* 1. to warn, admonish, suggest.—2. to remember.

ge-myngian, to remember.

mynian, **mynnan**, *w. r.* to be mindful of, have one's mind on; to strive for, long for, demand.

ge-mynian, to be mindful of.

intent on, heedful; to see to, see. **mynle**, *w. f.* mind, spirit; demand, desire.

mynster, *st. n.* **minster**, monastery, cloister

myntan, *w. r.* to have one's mind on, intend, be mindful of, think.

ge-myntan, the same as above.

myrc, **mirc**, *st. n.* **murk**, darkness, disaster, mischief.

myrce, **mirce**, *adj.* murky, dark, uncanny.

myrce, *adv.* the same as above.

myrcels, *st. f.* peril, disaster, mischief. Gû. 429.

myrgan, *w. r.* to be merry, rejoice.

â-myrgan, to delight, cheer. Sol. 240.

myrgen, *st. f.* mirth, joy, pleasure.

myrgd, **myrd**, **mird**, **mirigd**, *st. f.* the same as above.

myrran, *v. r.* to mar, disturb, confuse, render uneasy.

â-myrran, to disquiet, hinder, oppose, prevent.

ge-myrran, to provoke, irritate, disquiet, hinder, prevent.

myrrelse, *v. f.* offense, provocation, scandal, irritation.

myrd. See **myrgd**.

myrd, *st. f.* sorrow? grief? marring? B. 810.

mysci, *pl.* mosses.

N

nâ (= ne & â), *adv.* never, not by any means.

nabban (= ne & habban), *pres. ind. sg.* 1. næbbe.—2. nafast, næfst.

3. nafad, næfd;—*pl.* nabbad;—*subj. pres.* næbbe;—*pret.* næfde, not to have.

naca, *v. m.* boat, vessel.

nacod, *nacud*, *adj.* naked, nude.

nædl, *st. f.* needle.

nædre, **næddre**, **nedre**, *v. f.* adder (*v. n.* dropped); viper, snake.

næfne. See **nefne**.

næfre (ne & æfre), *adv.* never.

nægan, **nēgan**, *v. r.* to approach, attack, assail;—**wordum nægan**, to address, speak to.

ge-nægan, to attack, assail, oppress, disquiet; to call, address.

nægel, *st. m.* 1. nail.—2. plectrum (in harp-playing: Wy. 84).—3. nail (of fingers and toes).

nægled, *part.* nailed.

nægled-bord, *adj.* with nailed sides.

nægled-cnear, *st. m.* nailed vessel.

næh, **nællæs**. See **nēah**, **nealles**.

næman, *v. r.* in

be-næman, to deprive of, rob of, take away. (Ger. *benehmen*.)

næenne, *acc.* of **nân** (none).

næenig (= ne & ænig), *pron.* none (often strengthened by ne).

nærende. See **neam** (am not).

næs (= ne & wæs), *was* not;—*pl.*

næron (= ne & wæron);—*subj.*

nære (= ne & wære).

næs, *adv.* not, not at all.

næs, **nes**, *st. m.* 1. stratum, layer, portion or crust of earth.—2.

naze (cf. **nose**), cape, sea-cliff, promontory, precipitous bank.

næs-hlid, **-hleod**, *st. n.* naze-slope, precipice of a promontory.

næssa, *v. m.* promontory.

næstan, *v. r.* in

ge-næstan, to push, urge, vex, fight with? Rid. 28, 16.

nætan, *v. r.* to afflict, press upon, vex, attack.

nāgan (= ne & āgan), *pres. ind. sg.* nāh;—*pl.* nāgon;—*pret.* nāhte, not to have, not to own.

nāht. See **nāwiht** (naught).

nahte, *pret.* did not grant? Dan. 454.

nāht-fremmende, *part.* nought-doing, useless.

nā-hwær, **-hwar**, *adv.* nowhere.

nā-hwæder, *pron.* neither, nothing.

nalas, **nalæs**, **nales**, **nalles**. See **nealles**.

nām, *st. f.* taking; rapine, appropriation, deprivation, robbery.

nama, **noma**, *v. m.* name.

namian, **nomian**, *v. r.* in

ge-namian, to name, mention.

nân (= ne & ân), *none*;—*neut.* nothing.

nāpan, *st. red. v.* in

ge-nāpan, to attack? to overwhelm? to destroy? Exod. 475.

nard, *st. m.* nard (perfume).

nâst, **nât**. See **nitan** (ne & witan).

nāt-hwær (= **ne & wāt**), *adv.* I know not where, somewhere or other.

nāt-hwæt, *pron.* I know not what, something or other.

nāt-hwīlc, -hywīlc, *pron.* I know not which, some one or other.

nāuht. See **nāwiht**.

nā-wiht, nāwuht, nāuht, nāht, *neut. pron.* naught, not a whit.

nāwder (= **ne & āwder**), **neither**.

ne, *adv.* not; **ne—ne**, neither—nor.

[**ne** is often doubled to strengthen the negative.]

nē, nēo, *st. m.* corpse, cadaver, dead human body.

neb, nebb, *st. n.* face, countenance, mouth, nib, beak.

nōd, nēdan, nedre. See **nȳd, nēod, nȳdan, nædre**.

nefa, *ic. m.* nephew, grandson.

nefne, næfne, nemne (= **ne & gif & ne**), **1. conj.** if not, unless.—

2. prep. ic. dat. except, with exception of.

nefre, *adj.* weak (Gn. Ex. 38), infirm.

nē-fugol, *st. m.* corpse-bird, carrion fowl.

nēgan, nēh, neht, nellan, nēman, nemde (*prct.*). See **nāgan, nēah, neaht, nillan, nēman, nemnan**.

nemnan, *ic. v.* **1.** to name, give a name to.—**2.** to address, speak to.—**3.** to mention by name, make mention of.—**4.** to relate, narrate. Gū. 64.

ā-nemnan, to pronounce, inform, tell.

be-nemnan, to pronounce solemnly, affirm, asseverate, confirm.

ge-nemnan, to name.

nemne. See **nefne**.

nemned (Ps. 106. 41, = **hemned?**)

hemnan, to stop up, close, shut.

nemde, nimde, nymde, *conj. w. subj.* if not, unless, except.

nep? nep? = **neap-tide?** Exod. 469.

nerian, nerigan, nergan, *w. v.* to nourish, preserve, save, heal, redeem, liberate.

ge-nerian, to ransom, redeem, liberate; to preserve, save, protect.

neriend, nerigend, nergend, *part. & subs.* savior, redeemer, God, Christ.

nes. See **næs** (was not).

nesan, *st. abl. v. III.* to endure successfully, survive, be freed from, be saved.

ge-nesan, **1. intr.** to remain safe, survive uninjured, be preserved.—

2. ic. acc. to endure successfully, be fortunate, be freed from, be saved.

nest, *st. n.* nest.

nest, nyst, *st. n.* nourishment, food, means of traveling, *viaticum*.

net, *st. n.* net.

netan. See **nitan** (**ne & witan**).

nēten, nieten, nȳten, *st. n.* neat-cattle, beast of burden, cattle.

nēdan, *ic. v.* to dare, venture, display valor.

ge-nēdan, to dare, venture, risk one's self, strive to.

nēding, *st. f.* daring, valor.

nēad. See **nȳd** (effort).

nēad-cōfa, *ic. m.* prison.

neafola, *ic. m.* nable.

nēah, nēh, *adj., adv., & prep. ic. dat.* near, nigh;—*compar.* **neār, niōr**;

—*superl.* **neāhst, nēhst, nȳhst, nihst, niehst**.—**1.** next, nearest.

2. latest, last.—**3. adv.** in the next place, at last.

neah. See **nugan**.

neah, *adv.* enough, sufficiently.

nēah-būend, *part. & subs.* near-dwelling, neighbor.

neahhige, *adv.* enough.

nēah-man, *st. m.* neighbor.

neaht, neht, riht, nyht, *st. f.* night, (often used in enumerations, where

Mod. Eng. uses *days*); — *adv. gen.* **nihtes** (*n. f. m. f.*), of a night, nights, by night; — **dæges and nihtes**, by day and by night, day and night.

neaht-, niht-beahm, *st. n.* **night-bale**, destruction that comes by night.

neaht-, niht-egesa, *w. m.* night horror, nocturnal terror.

neaht-, niht-feormung, *st. f.* **night-haven** or refuge, place of protection for the night.

neaht-, niht-ge-rim, *st. n.* **night-number** (numbering by "nights"); reckoning of time (Gen. 1193), chronology.

neaht-, niht-glōm, *st. m. f.* **night-gloom**, morning or evening twilight, darkness.

neaht-, niht-helm, *st. m.* **helm** or veil of night.

neaht-hræfn, niht-hrefen, *st. m.* **night-raven**.

neaht-, niht-lang, *adj.* lasting the lifelong night.

neaht-, niht-rest, *st. f.* **night-rest**.

neaht-, niht-rim, *st. n.* number of nights.

neaht-scūa, niht-scuwa, *w. m.* **night-shadow**.

neaht-, niht-weard, *st. m.* **night-warden**, watchman by night.

neaht-, niht-weorc, *st. n.* **night-work**, deed or doings done at night.

nēah-, nēa-west, *st. f.* being near; vicinity, neighborhood; cohabitation.

nealles, nalles, nallas, nællæs, nales, nalas, nalæs, *adv.* not at all, by no means, least of all.

neam, neom (= *ne & eam*), I am not; 3*d sg.* **nis, nys**; *pl.* **nearon** (Seaf. 82); *pres.-part.* **uærende**.

neân, *adv.* 1. from near. — 2. near, near by. — 3. almost, nearly.

neâr, nearon. See **nēah, neam**.

nearu, nearo, *adj.* **narrow**, near together, close, confining, producing misery or oppression.

nearu, nearo, *st. f.* **narrowness**, closeness, straitness, oppression.

nearu-bregd, *st. f.* oppression, compulsion, crushing.

nearu-cræft, *st. m.* narrowness, art of rendering difficult of access? inaccessibility. B. 2243.

nearu-grâp, *adj.* close-clutching. Rid. 81, 6.

nearu-lic, *adj.* oppressing, clutching closely.

nearu-nêd, *st. f. f.* close quarters, captivity.

nearunes, *st. f.* **narrowness**, oppression.

nearu-searu, *st. f.* dark cunning, secret fraud or intrigue, misery-bringing quarrel.

nearu-sorg, *st. f.* crushing sorrow, anxiety.

nearu-pearf, *st. f.* crushing need, distress.

nearu-wrence, *st. m.* crushing cunning, guile.

nearwe, *adv.* **narrowly**, tightly, closely, precisely.

nearwian, *w. r.* 1. to force in, confine. — 2. to force one's self in, become smaller, shrink.

ge-nearwian, to force in, drive to close quarters, oppress.

nêat, *st. n.* **neat** cattle, beast of burden, cattle, ox.

nēa-west. See **nēahwest**.

nêo. See **nê** (corpse).

nêo-, nio-bed, *st. n.* **deathbed**, dying bed.

nêod, niod, nied, nýd, nêd, *st. f. f.* effort, eagerness, zeal, longing, desire, pleasure; — *instr. sg.* eagerly, zealously, carefully, diligently, violently.

nêod-fracu, *st. f.* effort, striving, longing, yearning.

nêod-ful, *adj.* eager, zealous, careful, sedulous.

nêod-ladu, *st. f.* polite invitation, hospitable pledging at drink. B. 1320.

nêod-lice, *adv.* eagerly, carefully.

nêod-lof, *st. n.* eager praise, eulogy.

nêod-spearuwa, *w. m.* sparrow.

nêod-weordung, *st. f.* eager appreciation, exalted praise.

nêol. See **neowol** (chasm).

neom. See **neam** (I am not).

neoman. See **niman** (to take).

neomian, *w. r.* to sing (Wy. 84).

nêon. See **niwan** (lately).

neorxna, **neorxena-wang**, *st. m.* Paradise.

nêosan, **niosan**, *w. r. 1.* to search, acquaint one's self with, spy out, seek to learn.—**2.** to seek, hunt for, visit, attack.

nêosian, **niosian**, *w. r. 1.* to search out, investigate.—**2.** to hunt for, visit, seek (with hostile intent), to attack.

ge-nêosian, to visit.

nêo-sid, *st. m.* death.

nêotan, **niotan**, *st. abl. r. VI.* to enjoy, use.

be-, **bi-nêotan**, to deprive of, to rob.

neodan, **niodan**, *adv.* from beneath, beneath, below.

neodane, **-one**, *adv.* same as above.

neode-meast, *adj. superl. (be)neath-most*, farthest beneath, lowest.

neodor. See **nider** (below).

neodo-, **niodo-weard**, *adj.* under-ward, beneath.

neowan, **neowe**, **neowinga**. See **niwan**, **niwe**, **niwinga**.

neowol, **nêol**, **nywol**, *adj.* inclined, steep, precipitous, deep.

neowol-, **nêol**-, **nywolnes**, *st. f.* abyss, chasm.

nicor, *st. m.* nixie, water-sprite, marine monster.

nicor-hûs, *st. n.* nixie-house, dwelling of water-sprites.

nifol, *adj.* nebulous, cloudy, dark, gloomy.

nigan? *Rid. 9: 8, 9.*

nigen, **nigon**, *num. nine.*

nigeda, **nigoda**, *ord. num. ninth.*

nigon-tig, *num. ninety.* See **hund-rigontig**.

nigon-tyne, *num. nineteen.*

nihst, **riht**. See **nêah**, **neahst**.

nillan, **nellan**, **nyllan** (= **ne & willan**), *pres. ind. sg. 1, 3, nelle, nele, nylle, nyle; pl. nellad; pret.*

molde,—**will** not. Cf. **nolo** = **ne & volo**.

niman, **nyman**, **neoman**, **nioman**, *st. abl. r. II. 1.* to take, assume, accept, receive; occupy, seize, grasp.—**2.** to take away, take from. **3.** to suffer, tolerate, endure, attain, obtain.

â-niman, to take, take from. **rob.**

æt-niman, to take away, take from.

be-, **bi-niman**, to take away, deprive of. (Ger. *benahmen*).

for-niman, to take away, deprive of.

ge-niman, **1.** to take, appropriate, seize, receive, occupy.—**2.** to take, take away, remove.—**3.** to attain, endure.—**4.** to enter? take? obtain? *Dan. 313.*

nimde. See **nemde** (except).

nipan, *st. abl. r. V.* to spread gloom or darkness, veil over, cover.

ge-nipan, **1.** to be or become dark or gloomy.—**2.** to come upon, cover over, veil.

nis. See **neam** (am not).

nistlan, **nyatlan**, *w. r.* to nestle, build nests (in).

nitán, **nytan**, **netan** (= **ne & witan**), *pres. ind. sg. 1, 3, nât.—2. nâst; pl. nyton, neton; pret. nyste, nysse*, not to know, wit, wot.

- nid**, *st. m.* creature, human being, person. [Used in the plural only.]
- nid**, *st. n.* abyss. Sat. 634.
- nid**, *st. m.* 1. striving, effort, exertion, violence.—2. deed of valor, battle, strife.—3. hostile onslaught, attack, pursuit, oppression, misery. 4. hate, envy, hostility.—5. meanness, badness, unworthiness.
- nid**, *adj.* intended? Mōd. 44.
- nid-cwalu**, *st. f.* miserable death, destruction.
- nid-cwealm**, *st. m.* murder, violent death.
- nid-draca**, *v. m.* battle-dragon, hostile dragon.
- nide**, *adv.* below, beneath. B. 2243.
- nider**, **nyder**, **nydor**, **niodor**, *adv.* nether, downward, down, below.
- nider-dæl**, *st. m.* nether part.
- nider-beald**, *adj.* downward inclined, downward, prone.
- niderian**, **nyderian**, *v. r.* in ge-nyderian, to degrade, humble, east down.
- nider-weard**, *adj.* netherward, downward tending, prone.
- nid-gæst** (-gyst), *st. m.* hostile stranger, mischief-making alien.
- nid-ge-tëou**, *st. n.* (cf. **teen**), battle-effort, exertion in battle, battle.
- nid-ge-weorc**, *st. n.* foe's work, battle deed, fierce deed.
- nid-grim**, *adj.* furious in battle, fierce.
- nid-gripe**, *st. m.* furious grip, fierce assault.
- nid-hete**, *st. m.* 1. fierce hate, hostility.—2. torment, misfortune.
- nid-hete**, *st. m.* fierce hater, foe.
- nid-heard**, *adj.* hardened to battle, bold, valiant.
- nid-hycgende**, *part.* hate-cherishing, hostile-minded.
- nid-hydig**, *adj.* in meed fer battle, brave-minded.
- nid-locu**, *v. m.* dungeon, place of torment.
- nid-plega**, *v. m.* battle-sport, battle, fight.
- ridre**, *adv.* below, beneath.
- nid-sceada**, *v. m.* foe, persecutor.
- nid-sele**, *st. m.* hall below, submarine hall, cavern in the deep.
- nid-syn**, *st. f.* heavy sin. [tle.
- nid-weorc**, *st. n.* battle-work, bat-
- nid-wracu**, *st. f.* torture, punishment, death penalty, mischief.
- nid-wundor**, *st. n.* wonder below, wonder of the deep.
- niwan**, **neowan**, **nëon**, *adj.* 1. newly, lately.—2. anew, again. B. 3104.
- niwe**, **neowe**, **niowe**, *adv.* newly.
- niwian**, **niowian**, *v. r.* to renew.
- ed-niwian**, same as above.
- ge-ed-niwian**, same as above.
- ge-niwian**, same as above.
- niwinga**, **neowinga**, *adv.* anew, again.
- niwlice**, *adv.* newly, lately.
- niw-tyrwd** (-tyrwyd), *part.* newly tarred.
- nied**, **niehst**, **nieten**. See **nýd**, **nëod**, **nëah**, **nëten**.
- niobed**, **niod**, **nioman**, **nior**, **niosan**, **niosian**, **niotan**, **niodan**, **niodor**, **niodoweard**, **niowe**, **niowian**. See **nëobed**, **nëod**, **niman**, **nëah**, **nëotan**, **nëosan**, **nëosian**, **neodan**, **nider**, **neodoweard**, **niowe**, **niwian**.
- nô** (= **ne** & **ô**), *adv.* never, not at all, by no means, not.
- nôht**, **nohte**. See **nôwiht**, **nugan**.
- noide**, **noma**, **nomian**. See **nillan**, **nama**, **namian**.
- nôn**, *st. f.* (noon), **hora**, **nona**, ninth hour of the day (3 o'clock in the afternoon).
- nord**, *st. m.* north; *adv.* northward, in the north.
- nordan**, *adv.* from the north.

nord-dæl, *st. m.* northern region, north wind (*aquilo*).

nord-ende, *st. m.* northern end.

nordern, *adj.* northern, northerly.

nord-half, *st. f.* northern side or quarter.

nord-man (-mon), *st. m.* inhabitant of the north.

nord-mest, *adj.* northernmost.

nord-ródor, *st. m.* northern sky.

nord-weg, *st. m.* way to the north.

nóse, *w. f.* noselike projection, promontory, naze.

nosu, *st. f.* nose.

nôð, *st. f.* 1. boldness, daring, valiant deed.—2. booty, plunder. Wal. 28.

Nowembris, November. Men. 196.

nôwiht, nôht, 1. *neut.* naught, nothing.—2. *adv.* not, not at all.

nu, 1. *adv.* now.—2. *conj.* inasmuch as, since, because, as.

nugan, *pret.-pres., pres.ind.sg.* neah; *pl.* nugon; *pret.* nohte, in

be-nugan, to have in one's power, at one's disposal, enjoy.

ge-nugan, to suffice, satisfy. (Ger. *genügen*.)

nýd. See *nêod* (effort).

nýd, nied, *nêad, nêd, st. f.* need, necessity, violence, force;—name of the Rune n.

nýdan, *nêdan, w. r.* to force, compel.

ge-nýdan, to force, compel, force upon.

nýdan, *w. r.* to be eager for, exert one's self to, strive to.

ge-nýdan, the same as above.

nýd-bád, *st. f.* forced pledge, extorted pledge.

nýd-bi-bod, *st. n.* compelling or binding command.

nýd-boda, *w. m.* boder of evil, messenger of ill.

nýd-bysgu, *st. f.* labor, effort, toil, wretchedness.

nýd-bysig, *adj.* forced to labor, working from necessity, self-exhausting.

nýd-cláfa, *w. m.* prison, dungeon, torture-chamber.

nýd-, *nêd-cleofa, w. m.* the same.

nýd-costing, *st. f.* misery, oppression, disquietude.

nýd-fara, *w. m.* need-farer, fugitive from necessity. [death.

nýd-ge-dál, *st. n.* forced separation,

nid-genga, *w. m.* wanderer in misery or need.

nid-ge-stealla, *w. m.* companion in misery.

nýd-ge-weald (-gewald), *st. f. & n.* tyranny, violence, force.

nýd-gráp, *st. f.* compelling hand, compelling grasp.

nýd-, *nêd-pearf, st. f.* 1. need, distress.—2. want, thing needed.

nýd-péow, *nied-piow, st. m.* servant or server from necessity, poor servant.

nýd-, *nied-wædla, w. m.* needy one, person in need.

nýd-wracu, *st. f.* violent persecution, oppression, vexation.

nýhst, *uyht, nyllan, nyman, nymde.* See *nêah, neaht, nillan, niman, nemde.*

nyrwian, *w. r.* in

ge-nyrwian (cf. *narrow*), to force in, press upon, drive into a corner, oppress.

nys, nyst, nyste, nystlan, nytan.

See *neam, nest, nitan, nistlan, nitan.*

nyt, *adj.* useful, of use, helpful.

nyt, *st. f.* 1. use, advantage, profit. 2. duty, service, office.

nytan, *nýten.* See *nitan, nêten.*

nyttian, *w. r.* to enjoy, to use.

ge-nyttian, the same as above.

nýd = nýd, *st. f.* zeal, eagerness, desire? Gn. Ex. 38.

nyder, *nydor.* See *nider.*

nyderian. See *niderian.*

nywol, *nywolnes.* See *neowol, neowolnes.*

O

ô, *adv.* ever, at any time.

October, October. Men. 183.

of, I. *prep. w. dat.* **of**, out of, from, from — to, since (sometimes postponed).— II. *adv.* **off**, away, absent.

ofæt. See **ofet** (fruit).

of-dæġl, *st. n.* abyss, chasm.

ofen, *ofu*, *st. m.* oven.

ofer, *prcp.* **over**.— 1. *w. acc.* (*a*) with verbs of motion, seeing, &c.,— direction, tendency (above, below, toward, &c.)— 2. indicating motion from below upward, above something.— 3. the end or aim or object of motion.— 4. extent over a space. 5. like German *auf*, *über*, *w. dat.* indicating rest.— 6. indicating power or sway over.— 7. preference, excellence, transgression.— 8. contrariety, opposition to one's wish, command, desire.— 9. without (Dan. 73, B. 685).— 10. the cause of joy or object of conversation (B. 2724; Ps. 118, 162).— 11. temporal: after, through. Jud. 20. II. *w. dat.* 1. above a thing.— 2. upon a thing.— 3. preference, excellence, superiority over (Ps. C. 75).— 4. over (of rule, sway, dominion).— the preposition is sometimes separated from its case).

ôfer, *st. m.* shore, bank, beach, edge. (Ger. *ufer*.)

ofer-ceald, *adj.* excessively cold.

ofer-geatu, *st. f.* negligence, forgetfulness. [above.

ofer-gitnes (-gytnes), *st. f.* same as

ofer-gitol, -gittol, -gyttol, -geotul, -geottul, *adj.* forgetful.

ofer-gitolnes, -gytolnes, -gittolnes, *st. f.* forgetfulness.

ofer-hêah, *adj.* extremely high, lofty.

ofer-hidig (-higd). See **oferhydig** (-hygd).

ofer-hige, *st. m.* elevation, high-mindedness, exaltation.

ofer-hlêodur, *adj.* failing to hear or perceive.

ofer-holt, *st. n.* over-wood, eover, shield.

ofer-hyd, *st. n.* haughtiness, pride, arrogance, assumption.

ofer-hyðig, *adj.* haughty, proud, arrogant.

ofer-hyðig, *st. n.* pride, over-mindedness.

ofer-hygd (-higd), *st. n.* the same.

ofer-hyrned, *part.* strong-horned, with large horns.

ofer-lêof, *adj.* over-dear, very dear.

ofer-mæcga, *w. m.* one over-mighty, superior in might, very powerful. Gû. 664.

ofer-mægen, *st. n.* over-might, superiority.

ofer-mæte, *adj.* immoderate, beyond bounds.

ofer-mâðmas, *st. m. pl.* precious jewels.

ofer-mêde, *st. n.* haughtiness, pride.

ofer-medla, *w. m.* same as above.

ofer-met, *st. n.* extravagance, pride, haughtiness.

ofer-mihtig, *adj.* very mighty, powerful.

ofer-môð, *st. m.* over-mood, pride, insolence.

ofer-môð, *adj.* puffed up, proud, insolent.

ofer-môðig, *adj.* same as above.

ofer-sæld, *st. f.* false happiness.

ofer-pearf, *st. f.* great need, extreme distress.

ofer-prym, *st. m.* excessive strength, power.

ofer-wealdend, *part. & subs.* highest lord, sovereign.

ofer-wlenca, *st. f. pl.* great wealth, riches.

ôfest. See **ôfost** (haste).

ofet, **ofæt**, *st. n.* fruit. (Ger. *obst.*)

of-hende, *adj.* lost, misplaced. Cf. **off-hand**.

of-longod, *part.* seized with longing, yearning.

of-lysted, **-lyst**, *part.* very lustful, voluptuous.

ofn. See **ofen** (oven).

ôfost, **ôfest**, *st. f.* haste.

ôfost-lice, **ôfest-**, **ôfst-**, **ôfes-**, *adv.* hastily, in haste, quickly.

oft, *adv.* often.

of-þyrsted, *part.* very thirsty, greedy

ôht. See **ôwiht** (aught).

ôht, *st. f.* persecution, oppression, disquietude.

ôht-nýd, **-nied**, *st. f.* same as above.

ô-hwær, **ô-wer**, *adv.* anywhere, anywhither.

ô-hwæder. See **ôwder** (either).

ô-hwonan, *adv.* anywhence, from any source.

ôl, *pret.* of **alan**, to grow, spring up, beget, arise. Rim. 23.

ôm, *st. m.* rust, corruption; eruption.

om-beht, **-biht**, **-bieht**. See **am-beht**.

ômig, *adj.* rusty, rust-eaten.

on. See **unnan** (to grant).

on, *prep.* I. *acc. dat.* or *instr.* **1.** **on**, upon, besides, in; **on** (of musical instruments accompanied by singing).—**2.** from, of (*v.* verbs of taking, receiving; and expressions of material).—**3.** in, on, upon (often *v.* verbs of placing, motion, &c).—**4.** temporal: in, on, during.—II. *acc.* **1.** **on**, upon, in, to, toward, to one side (*v.* verbs of hoping, trusting, believing, thinking, seeing, looking, hearing, making, becoming, changing).—**2.** into.—**3.** according to, in accordance with.

4. toward.—**5.** temporal: to, at, for, on, in. [The preposition often follows its case, or is separated from it.]

on-ædele, *adj.* innate, natural.

on-bæru, *st. f.* renunciation? abstinence? self-denial? Gû. 1027.

on-heht, **-hyht**. See **amheht**.

on-bid, *st. n.* abiding, expectation, hope; lingering, wasting.

oncer, **oncyr**. See **ancor** (anchor).

on-cýð, *st. f.* pain, suffering.

on-cýð-dæd, *st. f.* deed causing pain or suffering.

on-cýdig, *adj.* suffering; painful.

ond, **ond-**, **onda**. See **and**, **anda**.

on-drysne, *adj.* frightful, terrible, awe-inspiring, awful, venerable.

on-drysnlic, *adj.* terrible, frightful. Ps. Th. 46, 2.

on-ettan, *v. r.* to hasten, hurry, eagerly set to work.

on-eardiend, *part. & subs.* indweller, inhabitant.

on-feng, *st. m.* **1.** seizing on, grasping (Rui. 44).—**2.** hostile seizure, attack.

on-foran, *adv.* afore, in front of.

on-forht, **onga**, **onge**. See **anforht**, **anga**, **ange**.

on-gegn, **-gegen**, **-geân**, **-gân**, **-gên**, *prep. v. dat. & acc. & adv.* against, opposite.

on-gend, *prep.* beyond? on yonder side? Wid. 85.

on-gin, *st. n.* **1.** beginning, commencement (Ph. 638).—**2.** something begun, enterprise, undertaking.—**3.** onrush, attack. An. 466.

on-hæl, *adj.* whole, hale, entire.

on-hæle, *adj.* secret, concealed.

on-hinden, *adv.* behind.

on-hrêrnes, *st. f.* confusion, uproar, excitement.

on-lang, *adj.* continuous, extended, along. Exod. 53.

on-lic, *adj.* like, resembling, similar.
on-lice, *adv.* the same as above.
on-licnes, *st. f.* 1. likeness, resemblance, similarity. — 2. image, effigy, likeness.
on-mædla, -mædla, *w. m.* haughtiness, pride.
on-môd, *adj.* valiant, brave.
onn. See **unnan** (to grant).
on-riht, *adj.* 1. lawful, proper, true. 2. partaking of? elinging to? Exod. 358.
on-sæge, *adj.* tending to fall, falling.
on-scœoniendlic, *adj.* to be shunned, abominable.
on-segednes, *st. f.* offering, sacrifice.
on-sêon, -sien, -sion. See **onsÿn** (sight).
on-stæel, *st. m.* arrangement, destination, determination.
on-stealle? Dan. 247.
on-sund, *adj.* sound, hale, whole, uninjured.
on-sÿn, -synn, -sêon, -sien, -sion, *st. f.* sight, glance, face, aspect, appearance.
on-sÿn, -sien, *st. f.* lack, deficiency.
on-sÿne, *adj.* visible, evident, prominent.
on-wald, -walg, -walh. See **on-weald**, **onwealh**.
on-weg, *adv.* away, off.
on-wendednes, *st. f.* change, exchange.
on-weald, -wald, *st. m.* might, power.
on-weald, *adj.* mighty, powerful.
on-wealda, *w. m.* prince, lord.
on-wealh, -walg, *adj.* sound, whole, uninjured.
on-wille, *adj.* agreeable, pleasant, dear.
on-wist, *st. f.* presence at, on, or in a place: presence.
on-wunung, *st. f.* dwelling, house.
open, *adj.* open, evident, clear, well-known.

openian, *w. v.* to open, open up, declare, reveal.
ge-openian, the same as above.
open-lice, *adv.* openly, publicly.
ôr, *st. n.* 1. origin, beginning. — 2. vanguard of an army, front rank in battle, front. (Ger. *ur-*.)
ôra, *w. m.* edge, brink, margin.
orad. See **ord** (breath).
orc, *st. m.* vessel, beaker, can.
or-cnawe, -cnawe, *adj.* evident, noticeable, well-known.
orc-nê, *st. m.* sea-monster, larva.
ord, *st. n.* (cf. **odd**), point — 1. sword-point, spear-point, sword, spear. — 2. beginning. — 3. head of an army, foremost rank, line of battle. — 4. head, prince, chief.
ord-bana, *w. m.* spear-slayer, one who kills with a spear.
ord-fruma, *w. m.* 1. originator, author, creator. — 2. sovereign, prince.
ord-stapu, *st. f.* spear-ingress or entrance, entrance of a spear.
ord-wiga, -wÿga, *w. m.* forefighter in battle.
oret, *st. m. & n.?* battle, labor. Ps. 127, 2.
oreta. See **oretta**.
oret-mæg, -mæg, -mecg, *st. m.* warrior, soldier, hero, champion.
oretta, *w. m.* the same as above.
oretan, *w. v.* to exert one's self, fight or contend for, pursue eagerly.
ge-oretan, to confuse, confound, put out of countenance.
ored. See **ord** (breath).
or-feorme, *adj.* naked, bare, empty, aimless, useless, without means.
organ, -gana, -ganon, *st. & w. m.* 1. organ. — 2. song, canticle.
or-gete, -geate, *adj.* known from the beginning, well known.
or-hlytte, *adj.* without lot or part, unpossessed of, destitute of.
or-læg, *st. n.* ancient, primitive, or primeval law, fate.

or-læg-gifre, *adj.* greedy for war, fond of war.

or-leg, *st. n.* destruction, evil, effort, trouble, torture.

or-leg-cēap, *st. m.* prize of war, booty, spoil.

or-lege, *st. n.* lawlessness, war, conflict, hostility. — 2. contradiction (*Jul. 97*). — 3. martyrdom, torture, misery.

or-lege, *adj.* hostile, inimical.

or-leg-from, *adj.* fitted or able for war or battle, strenuous.

or-leg-hwil, *st. f.* time of battle, war-time.

or-leg-nid, *st. m.* battle-rage, hostility, war.

or-leg-sceaft, *st. f.* death-penalty or punishment.

or-leg-atund, *st. f.* time of battle, decision of battle.

or-leg-weorc, *st. n.* war-deed, work of war.

or-leahtre, *adj.* blameless, unblemished.

or-mæte, *adj.* immeasurable, measureless, immense.

or-mete, *adj.* the same as above.

or-mōd, *adj.* despairing, hopeless.

orod. See **ord** (breath).

or-sāwle, *adj.* soulless, lifeless.

or-sorg, *adj.* careless, free from care or sorrow.

or-sorgnes, *st. f.* carelessness, freedom from care or sorrow.

or-trýwe, *adj.* without trust, mistrustful, distrustful.

ord, **orad**, **ored**, **orod**, **orud**, *st. n.* breath, spirits, snorting.

or-panc, **-ponc**, *adj.* artistic, ingenious. *Ruin. 16.*

or-panc, **-ponc**, *st. m. & n. 1.* original thought, genius, spirit, skill, art. —

2. thoughtlessness, negligence. *Sol. 164.* [**bond**.

or-ponc-bend, *st. f.* artistic band or

or-ponc-pil, *st. n.* artistic staff, rod? stylus?

orud. See **ord** (breath).

or-wēna, *w. adj.* hopeless, despairing, mistrustful. Cf. **ween**.

or-wēnnys, *st. f.* despair, hopelessness.

or-wearde, *adv.* without a guard, keeper, or guardian.

or-wige, *adj.* unwarlike, cowardly.

or-wyrdu, *st. f.* unworthiness, shame.

or-yldu, *st. f.* great age, weakness of old age, senility. Cf. *Ger. uralt*.

ōs, *st. m. 1.* God. — 2. name of the Rune **o**. *Run. 10.*

otor, *prep.* over, beyond, beside, apart from, outside of. *Dan. 73.*

ōd, *I. prep. w. acc.* until, to, up to, as far as; — **ōd þæt**, *conj. w. ind. & subj.* until, till; so long as (*An. 827*); — **ōd þe**, *conj.* until, till. — *II. conj.* till, until.

ōdel, *st. m.* home.

ōder, *pron. 1.* (the) other, (the) second; — **ōder** — **ōder**, the one — the other; — *pl.* the rest, the others. — 2. one of two. — 3. another.

ōder. See **ōwder** (either).

odde, *conj.* or

ō-wiht, **ōht**, *neut.* aught, a whit, something.

ōwder, **ōder** (= **ōhwæder**), *pron.* either, one of two.

ō-wer. See **ōhwær** (anywhere).

oxa, *w. m. ox* (bos).

P

pād, *st. f.* covering, garment. Cf.

pea-jacket?

pæd, pād, *st. m.* path.

pæddan, peddan, *w. v.* to traverse,
penetrate, travel over.

palma, *w. m.* palm-tree.

palm-trêow, *st. m.* same as above.

panna, panne, *w. m. & f.* pan.

pandher, *st. m.* panther.

pater-noster, *m. n.* paternoster (our
Father).

pad. See pæd.

pentecosten, *n.* pentecost.

pernex, *st. m.* a bird? Rid. 41: 66.

peddan. See pæddan (to traverse).

pêa, *w. m.* peaeoek.

peord, name for the Rune p. Run.
38.

pil, *st. m.* arrow, dart, pilum.

plega, *w. m.* 1. quick motion, jour-

ney, movement. — 2. battle-play,
battle. — 3. play, jest, sport, pas-
time, joy.

plegan, plegian, *w. v.* 1. to put one's
self in rapid motion, to move rap-
idly. — 2. to clap the hands. — 3. to
play, sport, jest.

porte, *w. f.* portal, gate, door.

portic, *st. m.* portico, colonnade,
porch.

prass? (By. 68), press? throng?

prêost, *st. m.* priest, presbyter.

psalterium, — psalter.

pund, *st. n.* pound.

pynd? pond? cistern? lake? Rim.
49.

pyndan, *w. v.* in

for-pyndan, to crush, suppress,
remove.

pyt, *st. m.* pit.

R

racente, *w. f.* chain, fetter.

racentêag, *st. f.* the same as above.

racian, *w. v., w. dat.* to rule, guide,
control.

racu, *st. f.* course of a thing, evolu-
tion, unfolding, representation, re-
counting, narration, cause.

rād, *st. f.* 1. riding, raid (Run. 13).

2. journey (El. 982). — 3. road,
way. — 4. rhythm, time. — 5. name
of the Rune r. Run. 13.

rādor. See rōdor (sky).

rād-pyt, *st. m.* riding-pit, *i. c.* well
with drawing-pole attachment.
Rid. 59: 14, 15.

rād-wêrig, *adj.* road-weary, foot-
sore.

ræcan, ræcean, *w. v.* to reach,
stretch out, extend, run along.

ge-ræcan, 1. to reach, attain,
strike, hit, take. — 2. reach after,
extend to, reach to (Ps. 137: 7). —
3. to reach to, extend, stretch out
(Gn. Ex. 92). — 4. to attain, win. —
5. *intr.* to reach. Wid. 16: 27.

ræced, reced, recyd, *st. m. & n.*
building, house, room, hall.

ræð, rêð, *st. m.* 1. counsel, good ad-
vice, rede. — 2. advantage, gain,
profit. — 3. power, might.

ræðan, *st. red. v.* 1. to advise, coun-
sel, persuade. — 2. to advise for,
care for. — 3. to rule, govern, reign.
4. to have power over, possess. —
5. to guess, forebode. (Ger. *rathen*.)
ræðan, *w. v.* 1. to advise, counsel. —
2. to rule, guide. — 3. to read.

â-ræðan, to unriddle, decipher.

- be-rædan, to betray, withdraw, take away, rob of.
 rædan, *w. r. in*
 â-rædan, to make ready? prepare? Wand. 5; Gn. Ex. 192.
 ge-rædan, to start, get ready, prepare, execute, resolve.
 ræd-bora, *w. m. rede-bearer, adviser.*
 ræde, *adj. ready, complete.*
 rædelle, *w. f. riddle (something to read, or guess.)*
 rædend, *part. & subs. adviser, guide, ruler, commander.*
 ræd-fæst, *-fæst, adj. resolute, resolved, steadfast, determined.*
 ræd-ge-peaht, *st. n. deliberation, counsel, consultation.*
 ræd-hygcende, *part. acquainted with, cognizant of.*
 ræd-lêas, *adj. 1. redeless, ill-advised. 2. abandoned, bad.*
 ræd-snottor, *adj. wise in counsel, clever, sage.*
 ræd-peahtende, *part. that deliberates, wise, sagacious.*
 ræd-peahtere, *st. m. deliberator, adviser.*
 ræfnan, *refnan, ræfnian, w. r. 1. to do, execute, accomplish.—2. to endure, sustain, tolerate. Ph. 643.*
 â-ræfnan, to endure, suffer, carry out, accomplish, do.
 ræft, mold, decay? Kim. 66. (*Eng. raft = fusty smell?*)
 ræg-hær, *adj. hoar, roe-colored.*
 rægn, rægol-fæst. See regn, regol-fæst.
 ræman, *w. r. in*
 â-ræman, to rise, stand up.
 rændan, *w. r. in*
 tô-rændan, to rend, to tear in pieces.
 ræpan, *w. r. to bind, tie with ropes.*
 ge-ræpan, the same as above.
 ræping, *st. m. one bound, prisoner.*
- ræran, *w. r. to rear, rise up, lift up, erect, arrange, elevate, promote; arouse, set in motion.*
 â-ræran, the same as above.
 ræs, *st. m. 1. attack, onslaught, onrush.—2. leap, jump, rush.*
 ræsan, *w. r. 1. to rush on or at, attack, press.—2. to send. Kid. 26: 8.*
 ge-ræsan, the same as above.
 purh-ræsan, to rush through.
 ræs-bora, *w. m. rusher-on, leader, deliberator, provider, adviser, king.*
 ræst, ræstan. See rest, rēstan.
 ræsu, *st. f. foresight? Az. 126.*
 ræswa, *w. m. prince, ruler, adviser, guide.*
 rafan, *st. abl. r. IV. in*
 be-rafan, to rob of, despoil.
 rahte, *pret. of reccan (to rule).*
 ram, rom, *st. m. ram.*
 ranc-stræt, *st. f. street through the foe, gap in hostile ranks. Gen. 2112.*
 rand, rond, *st. m. rim, margin, edge.*
 1. edge of a rock (B. 2538).—2. edge or rim of a shield.—3. shield.
 randa, *w. m. shield. By. 20.*
 rand-burg, *st. f. 1. fortress or castle provided or decked with shields? shield-wall? defense? Jul. 19.—2. shield-wall of waves, upheaved Red Sea. Exod. 463.*
 rand-ge-beorh, *st. n. shield-defense, protecting shield (wave).*
 rand-hæbbende, *part. shield-holder, shield-warrior.*
 rand-wiga, *w. m. shield-warrior, warrior.*
 rand-wigend, -wiggend, *part. & subs. the same as above.*
 râp, *st. m. rope.*
 râsettan, *w. r. to rage.*
 rāsian, *w. r. to search out, explore, discover.*
 â-rāsian, to search out, discover, uncover, seize.

rade, *adv.* instantly, at once, quickly.

Cf. **rathe**.

réc, *st. m.* reek, smoke, steam.

récán, *w. v.* to smoke, reek.

récan, **réccan**, *w. v.* to **reck**, care about, seek after, examine, long for, demand.

reccan, **recan**, **reccean**, *w. v.* (*pret.* **reahte**).—**1.** to rule, guide, direct, govern.—**2.** to stretch out, extend (*Met.* 29: 63).—**3.** to recount, inform, narrate, say, speak.

â-reccan, **1.** to spread out, strike out (*Cri.* 1125).—**2.** to put in order, build up, complete (*Rim.* 10).—**3.** to erect, build up.—**4.** to explicate, explain, clear up.—**5.** to say, pronounce, announce, inform, narrate.

and-reccan, to narrate, inform, bring forward.

ge-reccan, **1.** to guide, arrange, set up, establish.—**2.** to explicate, represent, explain.—**3.** to narrate, inform.—**4.** to blame, reprimand, scold.

reccend, *part. & subs.* ruler, regent, guide, leader.

rêce-lêast, **-lêst**, *st. f.* recklessness, carelessness.

reced, **récels**. See **ræced**, **rýcels**.

recen, **recon**, *adj.* ready, prompt, quick.

récen, *adj.* smoky, smoked, reeking, filthy.

recene, **ricene**, **ricone**, **rycene**, *adv.* immediately, instantly, at once.

recenian, *w. v.* in

ge-recenian, to explain, represent clearly.

recon, **recyd**. See **recen**, **ræced**.

rêd. See **ræd** (advice).

rede, *adj.* ready.

redian, *w. v.* in

â-redian, *trans. & intrans.* to find one's way, attain, reach; to do, execute, effect.

refnan. See **ræfnan** (to perform).

regn, **rên**, *st. m.* rain.

regn-heard, *adj.* very hard, firm.

regnian, **rênian**, *w. v.* to arrange, prepare, plan.

be-rênian, the same as above.

ge-regnian, to prepare, provide, furnish, deck.

regnig, **rênig**, *adj.* rainy.

regol, **regul**, *st. m.* rule, regulation, canon, guidance.

regol-fæst, *adj.* rigid, strict, adhering to monastic rules.

regn-pêof, *w. m.* arrant thief.

regn-, **rên-weard**, *st. m.* preëminent ruler, excellent guardian.

regn-wyrm, *st. m.* rainworm.

reliquias (*acc. pl. Latin*), relics.

rên, **rên-**, **rene**, **rênian**, **rênig**. See **regn**, **ryne**, **regnian**, **regnig**.

rêran. See **ræran** (to rear).

rêsele, *w. f.* riddle, solution of a riddle. (*Ger. râthsel*.)

rest, **ræst**, *st. f.* **1.** rest.—**2.** resting-place, bed, grave.

restan, *w. v.* to **rest**, repose, celebrate holy days or holiday; to succumb;—often reflexive.

ge-restan, the same as above.

rêstan, **ræstan**, *w. v.* to rejoice, exult, cry out. *Ps.* 113: 4.

rest-bedd, *st. n.* bed of rest.

rétan, *w. v.* to delight, give pleasure to, cheer up.

â-rétan, the same as above.

rede, *adj.* intended, calculated: fixed, valid.

rede, *adj.* rude, rough, wild, severe, furious, savage, wroth.

rêde, *adv.* the same as above.

rede-hyðig, *adj.* ready-minded, easy-tempered.

rede-man, *st. m.* money-lender, capitalist.

rêde-môð, *adj.* savage, wroth, cruel.

redian, *w. v.* to arrange, dispose, fix, establish.

rêdig-môd, *adj.* savage, fierce-spirited.

rex (Latin), king.

rex genidlan (El. 609). See under **cearc**.

rêad, *adj.* red.

rêade, *adv.* the same as above.

rêad-fâg, *adj.* red, red-colored.

rêaf, *st. n.* robe, garment, corselet.

2. booty, plunder, spoil (in war).

rêafere, *st. m.* robber, rover.

rêafian, *w. v.* to rob, plunder, despoil, ravage.

â-rêafian, to take away, deprive of, destroy.

be-, bi-rêafian, to bereave, rob of, plunder.

rêaf-lâc, *st. n.* plunder, booty, spoil, rapine.

reachte, *pret.* of **reccan** (to rule).

rêoc, *adj.* tumultuous, wild, rough, raging.

rêocan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to reek, smoke.

rêod, *adj.* red, ruddy.

rêodan, *st. abl. v. VI.* 1. to redden, stain with blood.—2. to kill, slay.

reoden, *st. f.* shaking? shaking up? sieve, dresser? Rid. 26: 8.

reodian, *v. r.* to pass through a sieve.

rêofan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to break up, split, reave, break through.

be-, bi-rêofan, to rob of, deprive of.

reomig-môd, *adj.* genial, generous-minded, cheerful in spirit.

rêon (?) lament, lamentation. Hû. 6.

rêon (*pret.*), **rêone**. See **rôwan**, **rêow**.

rêonig, *adj.* sad.

rêonig-môd, *adj.* sorrowful-minded.

✓ **reord**, *st. f.* (n.), speech, talk, language, voice.

✓ **reord**, *st. f.* means of subsistence, food. Gen. 1344.

rêord, *pret.* of **râedan** (to advise).

reord-berend, *part. & subs.* endowed with speech; human being.

reordian, *w. v.* to speak, talk, say.

un-reordian, to dishonor, disagree. Sat. 66.

reordian, *w. v.* in

ge-reordian, to sustain with food, satisfy, prepare food, entertain.

reot, *st. m. f. f.* noise? tumult? riot? noisy joy? B. 2457.

rêotan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to weep, wail, lament, sorrow.

be-rêotan, to bewail, grieve over.

wid-rêotan, to contend against, resist, frighten off.

rêotend, *adj.* weeping.

rêow, *adj.* rough, savage, furious.

rib, *st. n.* rib.

rice, *adj.* mighty, powerful, wealthy, rich.

rice, *st. n.* (cf. -rick), might, superior might, supremacy, rule.—2. realm, domain.

ricels, **ricene**, **ricone**. See **rȳcels**, **recene**.

ricsian, **rixian**, *w. v.* to be mighty, powerful; to rule, govern.

ricu, *st. f.* direction? Rid. 4: 31:—21: 16.

ridan, *st. abl. v. V.* 1. to ride.—2. to move (in general).—3. to lie upon, sit. Gen. 372.

ge-ridan, to ride over (a place or spot).

od-ridan, to ride to, go to.

ridan, *st. abl. v. V.* in

ge-ridan, to prepare, get ready.

ridend, *part. & subs.* rider.

rift, **ryft**, *st. f.* linen cloth, sack, bag, veil, covering.

rignan, *st. abl. v. I.* to rain.

rihde (B. 2239). See **wyacan**.

riht, **ryht**, *adj.* 1. right, straight.—

2. right, correct, just, righteous.—

3. allowable, fitting.

riht, *st. n.* **1.** *riġt*.—**2.** first=part, portion, possession.—**3.** duty, obligation, debt.—**4.** true state of a thing, correctness.—**4.** account.

rihtan, *w. v.* **1.** to **direct**, prepare, arrange.—**2.** to set up, erect.
ge-rihtan, to direct.

riht-ædlo, *st. n. pl.* true natural disposition.

rihte, *ryhte*, *adv.* **rightly**, correctly, outright.

rihtend, *ryhtend*, *part. & subs.* director, leader, guide.

riht-fremmende, *part.* right-acting, right-doing.

riht-heort, *adj.* right-hearted, honest.

riht-lice, *adv.* **rightly**, correctly, justly.

rihtnes, *-nys*, *st. f.* **rightness**, rectitude, justness.

riht-ryne, *st. m.* right or straight course.

riht-scytte, *st. m.* good and true protection or defense? true **shot**?

riht-, *ryht-wis*, *adj.* **righteous**, just.

riht-wislice, *adv.* **righteously**, wisely.

riht-wisnes, *st. f.* **righteousness**, rectitude; justness, straightness.

rim, *st. n.* (*rime*), number, multitude.

riman, *w. v.* **1.** to count.—**2.** reckon up, number.—**3.** to count among, reckon as belonging to.

â-riman, to count out, through, up.

ge-riman, to count.

rim-cræft, *st. m.* art of reckoning, calculation, numeration, arithmetic.

rim-, *rym-cræftig*, *adj.* good at reckoning.

rim-ge-tæl, *-getel*, *st. n.* number.

rim-talu, *st. f.* the same as above.

rinc, *st. m.* man (*vir*).

rinc-ge-tæl, *st. n.* number of men.

rind. See *lâmrindum*.

rinnan, *st. abl. v. I.* to run, flow.

â-rinnan, to run out, off, or away; to pass away.

be-, **bi-rinnan**, to run upon, run over, overflow.

ge-rinnan, to run together, coagulate.

od-rinnan, to run off, out, away, escape.

rip, *rȳp*, *st. n.* ripeness, harvest.

rip, *adj.* ripe, mature.

ripan, *w. v.* to **reap**, harvest.

risan, *st. abl. v. V.* to **rise**, stand up.

â-risan, to **arise**, rise up, originate, spring up or from.

ge-risan, to fit, be fitting, appropriate, become, belong to.

riđ, *ryđ*, *st. m.* brook, stream.

rixian. See *ricsian* (to rule).

rocettan, *w. v.* to **eructate**, belch forth, throw up.

rôđ, *st. f.* rood, cross, holyrood.

rôđor, *râđor*, *st. m.* (radiant?), sky, firmament, ether.

rôđor-beorht, *adj.* heaven-bright.

rôđor, *râđor-cyning*, *st. m.* king of heaven.

rôđor-stôl, *st. m.* heaven-stool, throne of heaven.

rôđor-torht, *adj.* heaven-bright, with celestial brightness.

rôđor-tungol, *st. n.* heaven-star, star, constellation.

rôf, *adj.* able, strong, valiant.

rôf-word, *adj.* strong of speech, vigorous in word.

rogian, *w. v.* to thrive, grow, advance, go forward. (Ger. *rücken*.)

rom. See *ram* (male sheep).

rômian, *rômigan*, *w. v.* to strive for, seek to attain.

rond, **rôp**? (*Rid.* 58:3). See *rand*, *rôf*.

rôrend, *part. & subs.* rower.

rôse, *w. f.* rose.

rôt, *adj.* cheerful, bright, lively.

rôw, *st. f.* repose, quiet. (Ger. *ruhe*. Cf. uu-ruly.)

rôwan, *st. red. r.* to row, steer, swim, take ship.

rûh, *rûw*, *adj.* rough, rude; hirsute, hairy.

rûm, *st. m.* room, space.

rûm, *adj.* **1.** roomy, spacious, wide, comprehensive.—**2.** same meanings applied to the mind.—**3.** of great weight, bearing, or effect (Hy. 7: 15).—**4.** extreme, far reaching (Gû. 460).

rûme, *adv.* **1.** far.—**2.** richly, plentifully, numerously.—**3.** light-heartedly (Jud. 97).—**4.** openly, publicly (Jul. 314).—**5.** temporal: *compar.* **rûmor**, still further, further yet.

rûm-gâl, *adj.* exulting in space? much elated? Gen. 1466.

rûm-heort, *adj.* big-hearted, generous.

rûm-lice, *adv.* **1.** richly, abundantly. **2.** far, afar. B. 139.

rûm-môd, *adj.* great-minded, generous, big-hearted.

rûn, *st. f.* **1.** secret council, council, deliberation.—**2.** secret.—**3.** secret writing, **runic** writing. **rune**.

rûn-côfa, *ic. m.* secret-holder, breast, bosom.

rûn-cræftig, *adj.* acquainted with runes.

rûn-stæf, *st. m.* rune-stave, rune, runic letter.

rûn-wita, *ic. m.* **1.** rune-wit, knower of secrets.—**2.** privy councilor, private adviser.

rûw. See **rûh** (rough).

rÿcels, **rêcels**, **ricels**, *st. n.* incense, perfume.

rycene. See **recene** (quickly).

rÿfan, *ic. r.* in

be-rÿfan, to rob of, deprive, take away.

ryft, **ryht**, **ryht-**, **ryhte**, **ryhtend**.

See **rift**, **riht**, **rihte**, **rihtend**.

rÿman, *ic. r.* **1.** to make room or place, spread, prepare.—**2.** to clear away, remove. Ex. 479.

ge-rÿman, to make room or place, spread, grant, permit, allow.

rÿm-cræftig. See **rimcræftig**.

rÿn (?) roaring, roar.

rÿnan, *ic. r.* to roar.

ryne, **rene**, *st. m.* **1.** course, path.—**2.** running (of fluids), rain. Gen. 1416.

rÿne, *st. n.* secret.

ryne-gæst, **-giest**, *st. m.* rain-spirit, lightning.

rynel, *st. m.* runner, courier, messenger.

rÿne-man, *st. m.* rune-man, one initiated into mysteries, cherisher or keeper of secrets.

ryne-strong, *adj.* strong in running.

ryne-swift, *adj.* swift in running, swift.

ryne-pragu, *st. f.* running.

rynig, *adj.* able to run, a good runner.

rÿp. See **rip** (ripe).

rÿpan, *ic. v.* in

â-rÿpan, to separate, tear off or away, **rip**.

be-rÿpan, to rob of, deprive of.

ryd. See **rid** (brook).

S

sacan, *st. abl. v. IV.* 1. to fight, contend, struggle.—2. to attack, rush on, curse.

an-sacan, to repel, deny, refuse, contradict.

for-sacan, to forsake, renounce (what is forbidden), repel.

ge-sacan, to effect by contention, win, conquer, occupy.

on-sacan, 1. to contest, strive with or against.—2. to oppose, contend for.—3. to deny.

wid-sacan, to oppose, contend against, refuse, scorn, abandon, renounce.

sacerd, *st. m.* priest. Cf. sacerdos. sacerð-hād, *st. m.* priestly condition, rank, priesthood.

sacu, *st. f.* strife, controversy, hostility, feud, conflict.

sāda, *w. m.* sling.

sadian, *w. v.* in

ge-sadian, to satisfy, satiate.

sadol, *st. m.* saddle.

sadol-beorht, *adj.* with bright saddle, finely caparisoned.

sæ, *st. m. & f.* sea, ocean.

sæ-bāt, *st. m.* sea-boat.

sæ-beorg, *st. m.* sea mountain or wall, shore, mountain of waves.

sæc, *st. n.* strife, controversy.

sæcan. See sēcan (to seek).

sæccan, to fight? Rid. 172.

sæcie, sæce. See sacu (strife).

sæcgen, *st. f.* saying, announcement, utterance.

sæcgan. See secgan (to say).

sæ-cir, -cyr, *st. m.* sea-turning, ebb, backflow of the sea.

sæcra = sætra, *gen. pl.* of sætere, ambuscade? plot? Rim. 65.

sæ-cyning, *st. m.* sea-king.

sæd, *adj.* satisfied, satiated. Cf. sad = settled.

sæd, *st. n.* 1. seed, sowing.—2. seed.

3. seed, seion, descendant.—4. seed, seed-field.—5. growth.

sæd-berende, *part.* seed-bearing; having increase in God? God-fearing? Gen. 1145.

sæ-dæor, *st. n.* sea-beast.

sæ-draca, *w. m.* sea-dragon.

sæ-farod, -fearod, *st. m.* beating of the wave, wave-beat, wave.

sæ-fæsten, *st. n.* sea-fastness, ocean.

sæ-fisc, *st. m.* sea-fish.

sæ-flōd, *st. m.* sea-flood.

sæ-flota, *w. m.* sea-float, ship.

sæ-fōr, *st. f.* seafaring, sea-journey.

sægan, *w. v.* to sink (*trans.*), cause to sink.

ge-sægan, to fell, strike down, bend.

on-sægan, to fell, east down.

sægen, *st. f.* legend, tale, saga.

sæ-genga, *w. m.* seagoer, seafaring ship.

sæ-gēap, *adj.* sea-broad, broad enough for sea-navigation, spacious.

sægl, segl, *st. n.* sun (eye).

sægon. See sēon (to see).

sæ-grund, *st. m.* sea-bottom, ocean depth.

sæ-hengest, *st. m.* seahorse, ship.

sæ-holm, *st. m.* ocean.

sæl, *st. n.* room, house, hall. (Ger. saal.)

sæl, *st. m. & f.* 1. good fortune, happiness, well-being, bliss, joy.—2. position, place, condition.—3. auspicious opportunity, favorable time.

sæl. See sêl.

sæ-lāc, *st. n.* sea-spoil.

sæ-lād, *st. f.* seaway, path, sea-journey.

- sæ-lf, *st. f.* left or saved from the sea; sea-leaving(s).
- sælan, *w. r.* to take place, happen auspiciously, occur (to).
 ge-sælan, 1. to take place, happen luckily, occur to.—2. to effect, execute successfully. *Gú.* 318.
 tô-sælan, *impers.* 1. to be unsuccessful, fail.—2. to fail, lack, want.
- sælan, *w. r.* to tie, bind, fetter, fasten. (*Ger. seilen.*)
 â-sælan, the same as above.
 ge-sælan, the same as above.
 on-sælan, to untie, loosen, release.
- sæle. See sellan (to give).
- sæld. See seld (house).
- sæ-lida, -leoda, *w. m.* seafarer, sailor.
- sæ-lidend, *part. & subs.* the same.
- sæld, *st. f.* dwelling, house, hall, mansion.
- sæld, *st. f.* good fortune, auspicious fate, prosperity.
- sæl-wæg, *st. m.* house, wall.
- sæl-wong, *st. m.* fertile and pleasant field.
- sæ-man, *st. m.* seaman.
- sæ-mêde, *adj.* sea-weary, exhausted from sea-travel. (*Ger. müde.*)
- sæmest. See sæmra. [*ship.*]
- sæ-mearh, -mear, *st. m.* seahorse.
- sæmra, *compar. adj.* weaker, smaller, slighter, meaner, worse; *superl.* sæmest.
- sæ-naca, *w. m.* vessel, ship.
- sæ-næa, *st. m.* sea-promontory, cape, naze.
- sæne, *adj.* slow, slack, lazy, negligent (*segnis*).
- sæp, *st. m.* sap, juice. [*sea.*]
- sæ-rinc, *st. m.* seaman, hero of the
- sæ-róf, *adj.* brave at sea, bold on the sea.
- sæ-rýric, *st. m.* sea-reed. [*sea.*]
- sæ-sið, *st. m.* sea-journey, trip by
- sæ-stræam, *st. m.* sea-current.
- sæt, *st. f.* ambush, ambuscade. Cf. sitting.
- sæta, *w. m.* settler.
- sætan, sætian, *w. r.* to lurk in ambush, lie in wait for, plot against.
- sætere, *st. m.* lurker in ambush, liar in wait.
- sæ-tilcas (*Met.* 8: 31) = sccalcas.
- sætnian, *w. r.* to lie in wait for, cherish designs against.
- sæ-wæg, *st. m.* sea-wave.
- sæ-wang, *st. m.* expanse along the sea, seashore.
- sæ-warod, *st. m.* seashore, bank, beach.
- sæ-wërig, *adj.* sea-weary, tired of or by the sea.
- sæ-weall, *st. m.* sea-wall.—1. seashore, beach.—2. walls of divided water in the Red Sea.
- sæ-wicing, *st. m.* wicking, sea-robber, pirate.
- sæ-wudu, *st. m.* sea-wood, vessel, ship.
- sæ-wylm, *st. m.* surf, billowing of the sea.
- sæ-ýð, *st. f.* sea-wave.
- sâg (?) bundle, load, (sack?)
- sagian, *w. r.* (*defect.*), to say.
 ge-sagian, the same as above.
- sagu, *st. f.* saw, saying, utterance, tradition (*Gen.* 535), narrative, saga.
- sâl, *st. m.* rope, cord. (*Ger. seil.*)
- salig, salh, *st. f.* willow, willow-tree (*salix*).
- salletan, *w. r.* to sing to the psalter (*psallere*).
- salt. See sealt (salt).
- salor, *st. n. f.* hall, room, royal hall.
- salu, *pl.* of sæl (room).
- salu, salo, *adj.* sallow, darkish, dark brown.
- salu-, sealo-brûn, *adj.* sallow-brown, dark-brown.
- salu-neb, *adj.* sallow-beaked, with darkish beak.

salu-pād, *adj.* dark-clad.
sāl-wang. See **sæl-wang**.
salwed, *part.* darkened, colored dark, tarred.
salwig-federe, *adj.* swallow-feathered, dark-feathered.
salwig-, saluwig-pād, *adj.* the same.
same, some, *adv.* similarly, in like manner; — **swā some** = just as, equally as.
sam-heort, *adj.* of the same heart, one in mind, harmonious.
samnian, somnian, *w. r.* **1.** to collect, assemble, summon together. — **2.** to collect one's self, assemble, come together, meet.
ge-samnian, **1.** to collect, assemble, summon together, unite. — **2.** to unite, put together, associate.
3. to gather, assemble, come together, meet.
samnunga, *adv.* suddenly.
samod, samed, somod, somud, somed, *adv.* **1.** together, simultaneously. — **2.** *prep., w. dat.* with, at the same time with. B. 1311 & 2942.
samode, *adv.* together. (Ger. *sammt.*)
samod-eard, *st. m.* dwelling-place in common.
samod-fæst, *adj.* established together, fixed together.
sam-rād, -ræd, *adj.* of the same mind, accordant.
sam-tenge, *adv.* instantly, at once.
sām-wis, *adj.* semi-wise, not clever, dull.
sam-, som-wist, *st. f.* living together, community.
sām-worht, *adj.* semi-wrought, half-complete.
sanc. See **sang** (song).
sanct, *adj.* holy, sainted.
sand, sond, *st. m.* one sent, messenger. Run. 74.
sand, sond, *st. n.* **1.** sand. — **2.** sandy shore, beach, bank.

sand-beorg, *st. m.* sand-mountain, sandhill, sand-dune.
sand-corn, *st. n.* grain of sand, sand-kernel.
sand-grot, *st. n.* sand-grit, grain of sand.
sand-hlid (*pl.* **hleodu**), *st. n.* sand slope, sandy declivity.
sand-hof, *st. n.* sand house, grave-mound, grave.
sand-lond, *st. n.* sandy shore.
sang, song (sanc), *st. m.* song, lay, cry.
sang-cræft, *st. m.* songcraft, art of song or singing.
sangere, *st. m.* singer.
sānian, *w. r.* in
ā-sānian, to become slack, slow, negligent, lazy.
sār, *st. n.* (sore), pain, dolor.
sār, *adj.* sore, painful.
sār-ben, *st. f.* painful wound or sore.
sār-cwide, *st. m.* **1.** sore speech; insulting, wounding speech. — **2.** words of sorrow or pain. Met. 2: 4.
sāre, *adv.* sorely, painfully, bitterly. (Scotch *sair.*)
sār-ferhd, *adj.* sore in spirit, sorrowful.
sārgian, *w. v.* to cause pain, injure, wound.
ge-sārgian, the same as above.
sārig, *adj.* sorry, sad.
sārig-ferhd, *adj.* sorrowful-minded.
sārig-môd, *adj.* the same as above.
sārlic, *adj.* painful, sad, bitter.
sārlice, *adv.* the same as above.
sār-slege, *st. m.* painful blow, chastisement.
sār-spell, *st. n.* piteous story, lament, lamentation.
sār-stæf, *st. m.* sore story, painful speech, abuse, insult, attack.
sār-wracu, *st. f.* sore exile, painful exile, misery.
sār-wyln, *st. m.* upwelling pain, illness, disease.

Satan, *m.* Satan.

sāul. See sâwel (soul).

sâwan, *st. red. v.* to sow, strew (seed).

â-sâwan, to sow, sow with.

geond-sâwan, to strew, sow, scatter, disseminate.

on-sâwan, to sow.

tô-sâwan, to strew, scatter, spread.

sâwel, sâwol, sâwul, sâwl, sâul, sâwle, *st. f.* soul.

sâwl-berend, *part. & subs.* soul-bearing, mortal.

sâwel-cund, *adj.* spiritual.

sâwel-drêor, *st. m.* soul-gore, life's blood, heart's blood.

sâwel-ge-dâl, *st. n.* soul-separation, death.

sâwel-hord, *st. n.* soul-hoard, life-treasure.

sâwel-hûs, *st. n.* soul-house, body.

sâwel-lêas, *adj.* soulless, lifeless.

sâwl, sâwle, sâwol, sâwul. See sâwel.

sâwon. See sêon (to see).

scacan. See sceacan (to shake).

scâdan, sceâdan, *st. red. v. 1.* to divide, separate (as in water-shed).
2. to decide (Cri. 1233).—**3.** to be separated from, lose (Ruin. 31). (Ger. *scheiden*.)

â-scâdan, to divide off, separate, hold asunder, eliminate, cleanse.

for-scâdan, **1.** to scatter, dissipate.—**2.** to damn, condemn. Gû. 449.

ge-scâdan, to separate, decide, arrange.

tô-acâdan, **1.** to part, separate.

2. to distinguish, discriminate.

acâde, *w. f.* crown (of the head), vertex, apex. (Ger. *scheitel*.)

acadu-helm. See sceadu-helm.

acæcen, acæced. See sceacan (to shake).

scæd, scead, sced, *st. n.* shadow, shade.

scænan, scēnan, *w. v.* in

ge-scænan, to break, break in pieces, rub to pieces, graze, wound.

scænan, *w. v.* in

ge-scænan, to cause to shine, to render brilliant.

scæd, scêd, sceād, *st. f.* sheath, scabbard.

scal, scalc, scālu, scamian, scamu.

See sculan, scealc, scōlu, scamian, scamu.

scānan, *st. red. v.* to shine, flash.

scanca, sconca, *w. m.* shank, leg.

scand, sceand, scond, sceond, *st. f.* shame, disgrace. (Ger. *schande*.)

scand-, sceandlic, *adj.* shameful, disgraceful.

scada. See sceada (evil-doer).

aced, scêd (*pret.*). See scæd, scādan (to divide).

sceddān, sceadian, *w. v.* in

be-sceddān, to beshadow, overshadow.

sceft. See sceaft (shaft).

scehdun (Cri. 980), for scēndun, spared; or sceldun = scildun, shielded.

scel, sceld, sceldburg, sceldig,

scell. See sculan, scild, acyld,

scyldburg, scyldig, sculan.

scell, scyll, *st. f.* shell.

scēnan. See scænan (to make shine).

acenc, *st. m.* eup-bearer, skinker. (Ger. *schenke*.)

acencan, *w. v.* to pour out or present wine.

bi-sencan, to bepour, pour on, overflow.

scendan, scyndan, *w. v.* to disgrace, bring to shame.

ge-acendan, to disgrace, confound, confuse.

scendan, scēne. See scyndan, scýne.

scenne, *w. f.* thin sheet, plate, or blade of metal; part of a sword-hilt? lamina? (on a sword-hilt). B. 1694.

scēp. See **sceāp** (sheep).

sceppan, **scyppan**, **sceappan**, *st. abl. v. IV.* to shape, do, get done, effect, arrange, destine, fix, establish, conclude. (Ger. *schaffen*.)

ā-sceppan, to do, get done, fix, destine, determine.

for-sceppan, to shape or form over, change, transform.

ge-sceppan, to shape, form, arrange.

sceppend, **scippend**, **scyppend**, **scyppend**, *part. & subs.* shaper, creator;—*adj.* in Hy. 4: 15.

sceran, **sceoran**, *st. abl. v. II.* to shear, cut, shave, cut through, break in pieces, erase.

bi-sceran, to cut off, beshear, trim, remove.

ge-sceran, to cut up, hew to pieces.

scerian, **scirian**, **scyrian**, *w. v.* to arrange in parts or sections, form in troops, arrange, depute, destine, refer, present.

ā-scyrian, to arrange, destine, determine; to remove, separate, free.

be-, **bi-scerian**, to deprive of, rob of, separate from.

ge-scerian, **1.** to shear off, trim, deal out, allot, assign.—**2.** to count.

scerpen. See **scyrpan** (to adorn).

scerwan, *st. abl. v. III.* to squander, waste, dissipate.

be-scerwan, to rob of, to deprive of.

scēt, *pret.* of **scēotan** (to shoot).

scēd, See **scæd** (sheath).

sceddān, **scyddān**, *w. v.* to scathe, injure, harm, oppress, disturb.

ge-sceddān, the same as above.

sceacan, **scacan**, *st. abl. v. IV. 1.* *intrans.* to shake, move violently, hurry, rush, jump, fly, escape, &c. **2. trans.** to shake (Exed. 176).

ā-sceacan, **1.** to swing, set or be in motion, strike.—**2.** to become shattered, shaken, tottering.

on-sceacan, to swing, set or be in motion.

scead, **sceādan**, **sceadian**. See **scæd**, **scādan**, **sceddan**.

sceaden-mæl, *adj.* inlaid with arabesque, or ornamental work? deadly weapon? B. 1939.

sceadu, *st. f.* shadow.

sceadu-genga, *w. m.* shadow-goer, twilight-stalker.

sceadu-helm, *st. m.* veil of shadow, veil of darkness.

scēaf, *st. m.* sheaf, bundle.

sceaft, **sceft**, *st. m.* shaft (of arrow or spear), spear, bolt; grain-straw.

sceal, *n.* (?) troop, band? Sat. 268.

sceal, **sceall**, **scealt**. See **sculan**.

scealc, *st. m.* slave, servant, lad, warrior, man.

sceām, *st. m.* gray or gray-white horse. (Ger. *schimmel*.)

sceamian, **scamian**, **scomian**, **sceomian**, *w. v.* to shame.—**1.** to be ashamed, blush.—**2. impers.** = Lat. *pudet*, it shames me, &c.

ā-scamian, to shame, make ashamed.

ge-sceamian, **1.** to be ashamed, blush.—**2. impers. w. acc.** = Lat. *pudet*, it shames me, &c.

sceamu, **scamu**, **scomu**, **sceomu**, *st. f.* **1.** shame, disgrace, confusion.—**2.** shame-parts, *pudenda*.

sceamul, *st. m.* cushion. (Ger. *schemel*.)

sceand, **sceandlic**. See **scand**.

sceap, *st. n.* shape, vat, vessel, holder.

sceāp, **scēp**, *st. n.* sheep.

sceapeu, *part.* of **sceppan** (to shape).

scear(u?), *st. f.* troop? band! B. 3171.

sceard, *part.* 1. notched.—2. *w. gen.* robbed of, deprived of.

scearp, *adj.* 1. sharp, pointed.—2. sharp, shrewd.

scearpe, *adv.* sharply.

scearplice, *adv.* sharply, quickly.

scearpnes, *st. f.* sharpness.

scearu, *st. m.* stylus? plectrum? pencil! Wy. 83.

sceat, *st. m.* (scat), coin, money.

scéat, *st. m.* 1. projecting corner, edge.—2. part of the earth, locality, neighborhood.—3. lap (of a garment and of the body).—4. lap or surface of the earth.—5. hiding-place (El. 583). (*Ger. schoos.*)

sceād. See **scæd** (sheath).

sceada, **scada**, *w. m.* 1. scatter, injurer, robber, foe, antagonist, evil-doer (especially, the devil).—2. hero, warrior.

sceadan, *st. abl. v.* IV. *w. dat.* to scathe, injure, hurt, oppress, disquiet.

ge-sccadan, the same as above.

sceaden, *st. f.* scathing, injury, harm.

scēawend-wis, *w. f.* scenic song, theatrical song.

scēawere, *st. m.* observer, spy.

scēawian, *w. v.* 1. (show), *intrans.* to see, look, gaze.—2. *trans.* to see, look at, behold, inspect, contemplate.—3. *trans.* to see, go to see, visit. B. 308. (*Ger. schauen.*)

be-sceawian, to behold, contemplate, inspect, foresee, care for.

ge-scēawian, 1. *intrans.* to see, look around, survey, reflect (Ps. 93: 9).—2. to see, behold, look at or on.—3. to show, point out.

geond-scēawian, look through, to review (mentally).

scēawung, *st. f.* contemplation, beholding, inspection.

scēo? Rid. 4: 41.

scēoh, *adj.* shy, timid.

scēoh-môd, *adj.* timid, timorous.

sceoldan, **sceolde**, **sceole** (sceolon), **sceôlu**, **sceomian**, **sceomu**. See **scildan**, **sculan**, **scôlu**, **sceamian**, **sceamu**.

sceon, *w. v.* 1. to fall to, devolve upon, occur to.—2. to turn suddenly.

ge-sceon, to occur, happen, devolve upon; allot, assign.

sceond, **scéone**, **sceop**, **sceoppa**, **scéor**, **sceoran**. See **scand**, **scýne**, **scop**, **sceppan**, **scûr**, **scean**.

sceorp, *st. n.* ornament, clothing.

sceort, *adj.* short; *compar.* **scyrtra**.

scéot, *st. m.* quick movement or motion.

scéotan, **sciotan**, *st. abl. v.* VI. 1. *intrans.* to move violently, leap up, shoot forth.—2. *intrans.* to shoot, hurl missiles.—3. *trans.* to shoot, hurl missiles at.—4. *w. acc.* to press upon, urge.—5. *w. acc.* to push forward.

ge-scéotan, *w. acc.* to shoot toward, to move precipitously toward.

of-scéotan, to shoot dead, kill with missiles.

tô-scéotan, to bring up or near violently! Met. 27: 19.

scéotend, *part. & subs.* shooter (of javelins, &c.), warrior.

sceucca. See **scucca** (devil).

scild, **sceld**, **scyld**, *st. m.* 1. shield. 2. protection, defense (Ph. 463; Sol. 79).—3. part of a bird's plumage (Ph. 308).

scildan, **scyldan**, **sceoldan**, *w. v.* to shield, protect, defend.

ge-scildan, the same as above.

scildend, **scyldend**, *part. & subs.* shielder, protector.

scild, **sceld**, **burg**, *st. f.* 1. shield-wall or fortress, roof of shields, defense, *testudo*.—2. castle, fortress.

scild-, scyld-freca, *w. m.* shielded warrior.

scild-hrēada, *w. m.* shield.

scild-hrēoda, *w. m.* same as above.

scildig. See **scyldig** (guilty).

scild-weall, *st. m.* wall of shields.

scild-, scyld-wiga, *w. m.* shielded or shield-bearing warrior.

scyle. See **sculan** (shall).

scilling, *st. m.* shilling, silver coin.

scilling-rim, *st. n.* number or computation of shillings.

scima, *w. m.* shimmer, twilight, dim light.

scima, *w. m.* light, splendor, brightness, twinkling, coruscation.

scimian, *w. v.* to grow dusky or dim.

scin, *adj.* shining, brilliant. [tom.

scin, *st. n.* apparition, ghost, phan-

scinan, **scýnan**, *st. abl. v.* V. to shine, flash, grow bright.

â-scinan, to flash or shine forth, to beam, radiate.

be-scinan, to beshine, shine upon, light up.

ge-scinan, the same as above.

geond-scinan, to shine through or upon, to illuminate.

ymb-scinan, to shine around or about.

scin-ge-lâc, *st. n.* deceptive play, jugglery, magical practices, delusion, mockery.

scin-lâc, the same as above.

scinna, *w. m.* demon, devil; injurer, seducer.

scin-sceada, **-scaða**, *w. m.* demonic foe, devil.

scip, **scyp**, *st. n.* ship, vessel, boat.

scip-férend, *part. & subs.* shipper, sailor.

scip-flota, *w. m.* same as above.

scip-here, *st. m.* ship-host or army.

scippend. See **sceppend** (creator).

scip-weard, *st. m.* ship-warden or guard, sailor.

scir, *adj.* sheer, bright, clear, pure.

sciran, **scýran**, *w. v.* to render clear, brighten up, bring to the light, disclose;—*intrans.* to speak. Ps. 118: 23.

scire, *adj.* brightly, clearly, resonantly.

scir-ham, *adj.* with bright corselet or breastplate.

scirian. See **scerian** (to shear).

scir-mæled, *part.* brightly marked.

scir-wered, *part.* brightly ornamented, decked. Gû. 1262.

sciene, **scierpan**, **scio**, **sciolde**, **scionan**, **scionon**, **sciotan**. See **scýne**, **scyrpan**, **sceon**, **sculan**, **scinan**, **scānan**, **scēotan**.

scōd, *pret.* of **sceadan** (to seathe).

scolde. See **sculan** (shall).

scōlu, **sceōlu**, **scālu**, *st. f.* 1. school (Boeth. 3: 1).— 2. troop, number, shoal, multitude.

scomian, **sccmu**, **sconca**, **scond**. See **sceamian**, **sceamu**, **scauca**, **scand**.

scop, **sceop**, *st. m.* singer, shaper, poet.

scotere, *st. m.* shooter, warrior, hurler of the javelin.

scotian, *w. v.* to shoot, hurl the javelin.

scrâd (?), *ship? vessel?* Reim. 13.

scræf, **scref**, *st. n.* hole, pit, excavation, grave, lair.

scralletan, *w. v.* to resound loudly or shrilly.

scrid, **screod**, *st. m.* wagon, chariot, vehicle.

scrid, *adj.* advancing, quick.

scrifan, *st. abl. v.* V. 1. to hear confession, shrive.— 2. to impose or exact penance after confession.— 3. to judge, condemn, impose judicial or penal condemnation.— 4. to grant, admit, allow, lavish, expend.— 5. to impose, command. 6. *w. gen. or dat.* to have regard to, to be troubled about.

for-scrifan, **1.** to bewitch, cast under a spell (by written or incised magical characters).— **2.** *w. acc.* or *dat.* to condemn, damn.

gē-scrifan, to ascribe to, impose upon, prescribe, assign, lend.

scrifen (?). Reim. 13.

scrift, *st. m.* confessor.

scrinð, *st. f.* swift course? Ps. 103: 24.

scridan, *st. abl. v. V.* to stride, go, roam, move.

tō-scridan, to stride or go asunder, apart.

ymb-scriðan, to stride, to wander about or around.

scriðe, *st. m.* striding, running, course.

scrūd, *st. n.* (shroud), clothing, cloth, garment.

scūa, scūwa, *w. m.* shade? injury, harm, malice.

scucca, sceucca, *w. m.* seducer, devil, demon.

scucc-, sceucc-gyld, *st. n.* idol, demon-figure.

scūðan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to scud, run, hurry, flee.

scūfan, *st. abl. v. VI.* **1.** *trans.* to shove, push, push forward.— **2.** *intrans.* the same (By. 136).— **3.** *intrans.* to shove one's self, move, go.

ā-scūfan, to shove off or away, to drive out, remove.

be-scūfan, to push, to shove or push in, rush in.

for-scūfan, to push away, reject, remove, scatter.

ōð-scūfan, *w. reflex. dat.* to remove one's self, take one's self off.

tō-scūfan, to shove asunder or apart, to scatter.

sculan, *pret.-pres., pres. sg. indic.*

1. **3.** sceal, sceall (Sol. 159), acal (Gen. 663), scel (B. 2204), scell (An. 1483).— **2.** scealt, scealtū (=

pū, An. 220); *pl.* sculon, sculun (Run. 64), sculan (Men. 68), sceolon, sceolun (Sat. 41), sceolan (Jul. 195); *subj. sg.* scyle, scile (B. 3177); *pl.* scylen, scylan (Ps. 139: 13); scyle (Ps. Th. 4: 5); sceole (By. 59); *pret.* sceolde, scolde, sciolde (Met. 26: 82), shall (especially in present tense often serving almost as a circumlocution of the future = shall, will), is said to.

scūnian, *w. v.* in

on-scūnian, to shun, abhor, avoid, scorn.

scunnian, *w. v.* to urge on, incite against.

scūr, scēor, *st. m.* **1.** shower, storm (of weather or missiles).— **2.** quick, sudden movement (Hy. 11: 7).— **3.** blow? shock? (Jud. 79).

scūra, *w. m.* shower, sudden rain-shower.

scūr-beorg, *st. f.* shower-defense, roof.

scūr-boga, *w. m.* rainbow.

scūr-heard, *adj.* hard or hardened in the storm of battle or strife, hardened by blows.

scūr-sceadu, *st. f.* protection or defense against weather (shower-shade).

scūwa. See scūa (harm).

scyccan, *w. v.* (*pret.* scyhte), to seduce, mislead, (incite?).

scyde, *pret.* of sceon (to befall).

scýft, *3d sig. pres.* of scūfan (to shove).

scyl, *adj.* resonant, resounding. Cf. schallen.

scyld, sceld, *st. f.* debt, obligation, crime, guilt, sin. (Ger. schuld.)

scyld, scyldan, scyldend, scyld-freca, -wiga. See scild, scildan, scildend, scild-freca, -wiga.

acyld-fracu, *st. f.* (*dat.* frece), guilty shamelessness, wanton guilt, audacity, impudence.

scyld-full, *adj.* full of guilt, guilt-laden, criminal.

scyld-hata, *w. m.* collector, exacter, lictor, tribune, executor.

scyld-hete, *st. m.* foe.

scylðig, **sceldig**, **scilðig**, *adj.* guilty, in debt.

scyld-wreccende, *part.* debt or guilt avenger.

scyld-wyrcende, *part.* guilt, sinner, worker, sinner.

scyle. See **sculan** (shall).

scylfe, *w. f.* shelf, covering of boards.

scyll, **scýnan**, **scyndan**. See **scell**, **scinan**, **scendan**.

scyndan, *w. v.* to hurry, hasten, flee away or off, escape.

ge-scyndan, the same as above.

scýne, **scéone**, **scione**, **scēne**, *adj.* shēen, brilliant, light, beautiful, well-formed.

scyp, **scype**, **scyppan**, **scyppend**, **scýran**. See **scip**, **scipe**, **sceppan**, **sceppend**, **sciran**.

scyrðan, *w. v.* in

ge-scyrdan (?). An. 1315.

scyrian. See **scerian** (to shear).

scyrpan, **scierpan**, **scerpan**, *w. v.* to deck, ornament, clothe (with).

ge-scyrpan, the same as above.

scyrpan, *w. v.* to sharpen.

â-scyrpan, to sharpen, put a point to.

scyrtan, *w. v.* in

ge-scyrtan, to shorten, lessen, decrease, render smaller.

scyrtra, *compar.* of **sceort** (short).

scýt, 3d pers. sg. indic., **scýte**, *subj. pres.* of **scēotan** (to shoot).

scyte, *st. m.* shot, shooting, hurling the javelin.

scytel, *st. m.* arrow, dart, missile. Cf. **skittle**.

scyddan. See **sceddan** (to scathe).

se, **sēo**, **sio**, *pron.* 1. *article & demons.* the, he, she. — 2. *relative:* who, that (often connected with inde-

clinable **pe**: **se pe** = who, he who; — **se pe his** = whose (by attraction: Sat. 283); — **se pe him** (whom). Wid. 132-33. See **pæt**, for the other cases and the neuter. **sē** (= **swā**), so; — **sē pēah**, nevertheless, yet, notwithstanding. Cf. **swā**.

sēcan, **sēccan**, **sēccan**, **scōccan**, **sæcan**, *w. v.* 1. to seek, search for or through, hunt, try. — 2. to hunt up, look for, come or go to (person or place), visit. — 3. to hunt, seek with hostile intent, attack, wage war on.

â-sēcan, 1. to seek out, pick out, select. — 2. to search out, examine (into). — 3. to demand, ask from. **for-sēcan**, to follow up closely, visit, requite, punish.

ge-sēcan, 1. to seek. — 2. to hunt up or for, come or go to, attain. — 3. to seek with hostile intent, attack, surprise. — 4. *intrans.* to go, travel. — 5. to demand, determine, resolve, conclude. An. 1134; Ps. 104: 9.

geond-sēcan, to seek or search through.

ofer-sēcan, to overscek; to vanquish, overcome, conquer; to overreach.

on-sēcan, to contest something with another person, demand from.

secg, *st. m.* sedge, reed, rush.

secg, *st. f.* sword.

secg, *st. m.* (**secgan**?), man, hero, (speaker?).

secgan, **seccgan**, **secgean**, **sæcgean**, *w. v.* to say, speak.

â-secgan, to speak out, say, deliver, narrate, announce.

fore-secgan, to speak out, announce, predict. [rate.]

ge-secgan, to say, address, narrate, vow a sacrifice or offering, to offer.

secge, *w. f.* speech? language? *Cri.* 190.

secg-hwæt, *adj.* bold with the sword.

secg-plega, *w. m.* sword-play, fighting with swords.

secg-rôf, *st. n.* activity, fortitude, vigor? *Ruin.* 27.

sedian, *w. r.* in

ge-sedian, to satisfy, satiate.

sefa, seofa, siofa, *w. m.* mind, soul, spirit.

sefian? *Sol.* 267.

sêft, sêftan. See sôfte.

sêfte, *adj.* soft, gentle, mild, sweet, pleasant.

sêft-êadig, *adj.* comfortable, luxurious.

segel. See sægl (sun).

segel, segl, *st. m. & n.* sail.

segel-gyrd, *part.* sail-girt.

segel-râd, *st. f.* sail-road, sea, ocean.

segel-rôd, *st. f.* sail-rod, pole, spar.

segen, segn, *st. m. & n.* token, field ensign, banner;—sign or token on shield and helmet.

segen-berend, *part. & subs.* sign-bearer, bearer of shield or helmet-token, warrior.

segen-cyning (*Exod.* 172). See sige-cyning.

segel, segn. See segel, sægl, segen.

seglan, *w. r.* in

ge-segla, to equip with a sail.

segne, *w. f.* seine, drag-net.

segnian, sênian, *w. r.* to sign (with the cross), bless. (*Ger. segnen.*)

ge-segnian, the same as above.

segning, *st. f.* blessing, benediction.

sêgon. See sêon (to see).

sel, *st. n.* hall (saloon), room, house.

sêl, sæl, *adv. compar.* better; *superl.* sêlost.

sêl, *adj.* good;—*compar.* sêlra, sêlla, sýlla;—*superl.* sêlost.

seld, sæld, *st. n.* 1. hall, room, house.

2. seat, dwelling.—3. throne, dais.

selda, *w. m.* courtier.

seldan, seldon, seldum, *adv.* seldom.

seld-cyme, *st. m.* infrequent (seldom) coming.

seld-guma, *w. m.* houseman, room-haunter, stay-at-home.

seldlic, *adj.* singular, strange. (*Ger. seltsam.*)

seldon, seldum. See seldan.

sele, *st. m.* hall (saloon), room, house.

sêle, *acc. of* sæl? *B.* 1135.

sele-drêam, *st. m.* hall-joy, feasting in the hall, revelry.

sele-ful, *st. n.* hall beaker or cup.

sele-gæst, -gyst, *st. m.* hall-stranger, hall-guest, stranger received in the hall.

sele-ge-scot, -ge-sceot, *st. n.* house-floor, storey; timber-work, hut, tent. (*Ger. geschoss.*)

sele-rædend, *part. & subs.* hall-possessor, administrator, occupier.

sele-rest, *st. f.* resting-place in the hall.

sele-secg, *st. m.* hallman, courtier, attendant in the hall. [*ant.*

sele-pegen, *st. m.* hall-thane, attend-

sele-weard, *st. m.* hall-warden, guardian of the hall.

self, seolf, siolf, silf, sylf, *st. & w. pron.*

self;—*w.* declension with *art.* = the same;—*pæt sylfe, adv.* that same (way); just so.

self-, sylf-æta, *w. m.* eater of his like, eater of his fellow-men, cannibal.

self-, sylf-cwalu, *st. f.* self-murder, suicide.

self-lic, *adj.* selfish.

self-sceaft, *st. f.* immediate creation as opposed to generation or procreation.

self-will, *st. n.* self-will.

selian. See sylvian (to pollute).

sellan, sillan, syllan, *w. r.* (*pret.*

sealde), to give, give up or over, lend, present, spend, expend, (sell).

â-sellan, to expel, drive away or off.

be-sellan, to surround, cover (over).

ge-sellan, to give, give over or up.

ymb-sellan, to surround, envelop.

sellend, syllend, *part. & subs.* giver, spender, lavish.

sellic, syllic, *adj.* strange, odd, singular, admirable.

sellice, syllice, *adv.* same as above.

seld. See **sæld** (good fortune).

sêman, *w. r.* **1.** to smooth over, lay aside.—**2.** to satisfy, pacify, content.

ge-sêman, to satisfy, content.

semian, semle. See **seomian, simle**.

semninga, *adv.* at once, immediately, suddenly.

sencan, *w. r.* to **sink**, cause to sink.

be-, bi-sencan, to cause to sink, send to the bottom.

sendan, *w. r.* **1.** to **send**.—**2.** to set on the table, prepare a meal? (B. 600), feast? banquet?

â-sendan, to send forth or off.

an-sendan, to send, send away or out.

for-sendan, to send away, drive off, send to destruction.

geound-sendan, to send through, send in all directions? suffuse.

on-sendan, to send; send away, or out, or forth; to transmit.

sêgan. See **sênian** (to sign).

sênian. See **segnian** (to sign).

sênian, *w. r.* to **see**, behold. Az. 175.

â-sêgan = **â-sênian**, to make distinct or plain. Jul. 313.

senn. See **syn** (sin).

senst = **sendest**; **sent** = **sended**.

Septembris, September. Men. 167.

serce, syrce, *w. f.* **sark**, corselet, shirt of mail.

serwan, serian, syrwan, *w. r.* to devise cunningly, machinate, plot, think out, accomplish; intrigue, conspire maliciously.

be-serwan, to devise cunningly, effect, think out, plot; beguile, betray, deceive, rob.

ge-serwan, **1.** to devise cunningly, machinate, think or plot out.—**2.** to fit out, equip, arm, prepare.

sess, *st. m.* **seat**, settle, place for sitting.

sessian, *w. r.* to **sit**, be quiet.

set, *st. n.* **seat**, place.

setl, sitl, *st. n.* **settle**, seat.

setlan, *w. r.* to **settle**, place, put.

setl-gang, *st. m.* settling, sinking.

setl-râd, *st. f.* the same as above.

sêton, *pref. pl.* of **sittan** (to sit).

settān, *w. r.* to **set**, place;—*w. reflex. pron.* to set or seat one's self. I's. 117: 25.

â-settan, **1.** to set, set down, put down, lay down, set up or in.

2. sid âsettan, to accomplish or get over a journey.

be-, bi-settan, to **beset**, occupy, surround.

for-settan, to set, or place, or bring before.

ge-settan, **1.** to set, place, put, put down or in, destine, mark out.

2. to set, arrange, found, get, procure.—**3.** to occupy, fill up, populate, people.—**4.** to occupy, possess.—**5.** to lay aside, smooth over, appease (B. 2029).—**6.** to compose, set side by side (Met. 6: 7).—**7. intrants.** to seat or set one's self. Gen. 1469.

ymb-settan, to set around or about, surround, inclose.

settend, *part. & subs.* setter, founder, creator.

sêdan, *w. r.* in

ge-sēdan, to verify, confirm, testify, prove. Cf. sooth.

æddan, syddan, *u. r.* to punish, avenge.

sewian, *u. r.* to teach, instruct, show.

æwen (*part.*), sewenian (?). See sēon (to see), sēnian.

æalcan, in

ā-sealcan, to render slack, negligent, lazy, (sulky?). Gen. 2167.

seald (*part.*), sealde (*pret.*) of selan (to give, &c.)

sealm, *st. m.* psalm.

æalma, *u. m.* sleeping-place or room.

æalm-fæt, *st. n.* psalm-vessel or vase (?).

sealo. See salu (dark).

sealt, *st. n.* salt, salt sea or flood.

æalt, salt, *adj.* salt, salty.

æalt-stân, *st. m.* salt-stone, pillar of salt.

æalt-ȳd, *st. f.* salt wave, sea-wave.

searian, *u. r.* to become æere, to wither.

searo, æara, *st. n.* 1. trappings, armor, weapons, war-gear. — 2. hostile cunning, machination, plot, controversy, deceit. — 3. cunning, skill, art, care, circumspection. — 4. work of art (Rid. 33: 3).

searo-bend, *st. f.* artistic band or bond.

searo-bunden, *part.* artistically bound.

searo-cæg, *st. f.* artistic (complicated?) key.

searo-céap, *st. m.* artistic ware or object.

searo-, aiaro-cræft, *st. m.* artistic skill, art. — 2. cunning skill, guile, dissimulation, plotting, machination.

searo-cræftig, *adj.* skilled in art.

searo-cýne, *adj.* very bold, valiant in arms. Cf. keen.

searo-fāh, *adj.* cunningly inlaid, variegated.

searo-fearo, *st. n.* hostile intrigue, plot, conspiracy? Rim. 65.

searo-ge-præc, *st. n.* multitude of objects of art.

searo-gim, *st. m.* cunningly set gem.

searo-grim, *adj.* cunning and fierce, bold in battle.

searo-hæbbend, *part.* armed, weaponed, in arms.

searo-lic, *adj.* artistic, wonderful, admirable.

searo-lice, *adv.* the same as above.

searo-net, *st. n.* 1. armor-net, shirt of mail, corselet. — 2. fetter for the feet, fetter.

searo-nid, *st. m.* cunning hostility, malicious cunning, plotting. — 2. hostility, enmity, feud, battle.

searo-pil, *st. n.* artistically wrought javelin or dart.

searo-rūn, *st. f.* secret, mystery, (rune).

searo-sæled, *part.* carefully or artistically tied, bound.

searo-panc, -ponc, *st. m.* shrewdness, wisdom, sagacity, thought, ingenuity; — (in good and bad sense).

searo-pancol, -poncol, *adj.* cunning-minded, sharp-sighted, shrewd, sly.

searo-wundor, *st. n.* wondrous object, rare wonder.

searwian (?). Rim. 37.

sēad, *st. m.* spring, cistern, pit, abyss, lake, pond.

seaw, *st. n.* sap, juice.

seax, *st. n.* short sword, hip-knife, knife, dagger; coulter.

seax-, siex-ben, *st. f.* wound with a seax.

séo. See se, si.

seó, *st. f.* pupil (of the eye).

séoc, *adj.* 1. sick, ill, frail, diseased, weak, relaxed, dying. — 2. sad, troubled.

séocan. See **sécan** (to seek).
séocen, *adj.* sick, ill.
seofa. See **sefa** (soul, &c.).
séofian, siofian, *w. v. 1. intrans.* to sigh.—**3. w. acc.** to sigh over, utter with sighs.
seofon, seofone, syfone, *num.* seven.
seofon-feald, *adj.* sevenfold.
seofon-tig. See **hund-seofontig**.
seofon-tyne, *num.* seventeen.
seofon-, syfan-wintre, *adj.* seven winters (er years) old.
seofoda, *num. adj.* seventh.
séofung, siofung, *st. f.* sighing, lamentation, lament.
seohon. See **séon** (to see).
seolf. See **self**.
seolfer, silofer, sylfor, *st. n.* silver.
seolfren, seolofren, silfren, sylofren, *adj.* of silver, silvern.
seolh, *st. m.* seal, sealog.
seolh-bæd, *st. n.* seal's bath, sea, ocean.
seolh-wádu, *st. f.* seal's path, sea, ocean.
seoloc, sioloc, *st. n.* silk.
seolofren. See **seolfren** (of silver).
seolod, siolod, *st. m.* bight, bay, sea.
seomian, siomian, semian, *w. v.* to linger, tarry, abide.
séon, sion, *st. abl. v. III. (prct. sâwon, sêgon, sêgon).*—**1. intrans.** to see, look, behold.—**2. trans.** to see, look at, inspect, behold, gaze upon, find, visit.
be-, bi-séon, *intrans.* to see, look, gaze, look forth.—**2. trans.** to behold, inspect, visit, experience.
for-séon, to despise, scorn, abhor, depreciate.
fore-séon, to foresee.
ge-séon, to see, look, behold, look at, inspect, look into, recognize.
geond-séon, to look through or over, to inspect.

of-séon, to see, look at er on, behold.
ofer-séon, to oversee, observe, see, behold.
on-séon, to look on, glance at, gaze upon.
purh-séon, to look through, examine.
ymb-séon, to see er look around, about, gaze about.
séon, *st. abl. v. V.* in
bi-séon, to strain, filter, pour over.
séon, sien, sýn, *st. f.* seeing, sight, vision, eye.
séon, seondan. See **si, sind**.
seonod, sionod, sinod, *st. m.* synod, meeting.
seonod-dóm, *st. m.* synodal resolution, enactment.
seonu, sionu, sinu, synu, *st. f.* sinew.
seonu-ben, *st. f.* sinew-wound, wound hurting the sinews.
seonu-dolg, *st. n.* same as above.
séoslig, *adj.* tortured with pain.
séodan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to seethe, boil.
â-séodan, the same as above.
seoddan. See **siddan** (since).
seowian, siowian, *w. v.* to sew, sew together, unite, weave together.
si, sý, sig, sie, sêo, sio; *pl. sien, sie, sýn, sin, séon,* = subj. forms of verb *to be*.
sib, syb, *st. f. 1.* peace.—**2.** friendship, friendly union, bond of relationship.—**3.** love, affection, friendliness.
sib, syb, *adj.* united by friendship.
sib-ædeling, *st. m.* related atheling, noble kinsman.
sibbian, *w. v.* in
ge-sibbian, to appease, satisfy, delight, please.
sib-, syb-cwide, *st. m.* word of peace, pacific speech.

sib-ge-byrd, *st. f.* relationship, blood-relationship, consanguinity.

sib-ge-dryht, *ge-driht*, *st. f.* peaceful troop, pacific band.

sib-ge-mâgas, *st. m. pl.* blood-relations.

sib-lufe, (*sibb-*), *w. f.* friendship, benevolence, love.

sib-spræc, *st. f.* peaceful and pleasant speech, talk.

sibsum, *adj.* peaceful, pacific.

siccetung, *sicetung*, *st. f.* sigh, groan, lamentation.

sīd, *ayð*, *adj.* wide, broad, ample, roomy, spacious.

sīde, *adv.* widely, far and wide, far.

sīde, *w. f.* side.

sīd-fædme, *adj.* wide-bosomed, commodious, spacious.

sīd-fædmed, *part.* same as above.

sīd-folc, *st. n.* widespread folk, nation.

sīdian, *w. v.* to extend, spread, lie open.

sīd-land, *st. n.* wide-extended land, spacious land.

sīd-rand, *st. m.* broad-rimmed shield.

sīdo, *sīodo*, *st. m.* custom, habit. (*Ger. sitte.*)

sīd-weg, *st. m.* wide or broad way, road.

sīg. See **sī**.

sīgan, *st. abl. v. V. 1.* to sink, sink down, cause to sink, go down, fall, incline, bow, lay down.—**2.** (general). to move, advance, go.

ā-sīgan, to sink, sink down, cause to sink.

ge-sīgan, **1.** to sink, fall.—**2.** to cause to fall? *Gu. Ex. 118.*

sīge, *st. m.* victory, success. (*Ger. sieg.*)

sīge-bēacen, *st. n.* beacon or token of victory; cross of Christ.

sīge-bēam, *st. m.* tree of victory, triumph; cross of Christ.

sīge-bearn, *st. n.* (*bairn*), victorious son (Christ).

sīge-beorn, *st. m.* victorious man.

sīge-brōdor, *st. m.* victorious brother.

sīge-bȳme, *w. f.* trump of triumph, victory.

sīge-cempa, *w. m.* victorious champion, warrior.

sīge-cwēn, *st. f.* victorious queen.

sīge-cynning, *st. m.* victorious king.

sīge-dēma, *w. m.* judge or lender of victory.

sīge-dryhten, **-drihten**, *st. m.* lord of victory, victorious lord.

sīge-ēadig, *adj.* victorious, triumphant.

sīge-fæst, **-fest**, *adj.* victorious, triumphant.

sīge-folc, *st. n.* victor-folk.

sīge-hrēmig, *adj.* boastful of victory.

sīge-hrēd-secg, *st. m.* hero of triumphant glory or repute.

sīge-hrēdig, *adj.* famed for victory, rejoicing in victory.

sīge-hwil, *st. f.* time of victory. Cf. **while**.

sīgel, *st. m.* **1.** sun.—**2.** name of Rune s.

sīgel-beorht, *adj.* sun-bright, brilliant.

sīge-lēan, *st. n.* reward of victory.

sīge-lēas, *adj.* without victory.

sīge-lēod, *st. n.* lay of victory, poem.

Sīgel-hearwa, *w. m.* Ethiopian.

sīgel-torht, *adj.* sun-bright, radiant.

Sīgel-waras, *st. m. pl.* Ethiopians (sun-men).

sīge-mēce, *st. m.* victorious sword.

sīge-rīce, *adj.* victorious, triumphant.

sīge-rōf, *adj.* famous for victory, able to win victory.

sīge-aceorp, *st. n.* ornament of victory.

sīge-apēd, *st. f.* victory, good fortune in the field.

sige-tâcen, *st. n.* token or evidence of victory.
sige-tiber, *st. n.* offering of or for victory.
sige-torht, *adj.* brilliant in victory.
sige-tudor, *st. n.* victorious descendants, posterity.
sige-pêod, *st. f.* victorious people or nation.
sige-prêat, *st. m.* victorious troop or band.
sige-pûf, *st. m.* flag of victory.
sige-wæpen, *st. n.* victorious weapon, sword.
sige-wang, **-wong**, *st. m.* field of victory.
sigle, *st. n.* sun-shaped, flashing ornament, jewel, necklace.
sigor, **sygor**, *st. m.* victory, triumph.
sigor-bêacen, *st. n.* beacon or token of triumph, victory.
sigor-beorht, *adj.* brilliant in victory.
sigor-cynn, *st. n.* victorious kin or race.
sigor-êadig, *adj.* triumphant, victorious.
sigor-fæst, *adj.* the same as above.
sigor-lêan, *st. n.* recompense or reward of victory.
sigor-spêd, *st. f.* victory, good fortune in the field.
sigor-tâcen, *st. n.* token or evidence of victory.
sigor-tiber, *st. n.* offering of or for victory.
sigor-weorc, *st. n.* work or deed of victory.
sigor-wuldor, *st. n.* glory of victory.
sigu, *st. f.* sinking, descending, decadence. Met. 13: 56.
sihan, **sihsta**, **sihd**, **silf**, **silfren**, **silan**, **silofer**, **silofren**. See **sêon**, **sixta**, **self**, **sêon**, **seolfren**, **sellan**, **seolfor**, **seolfren**.
sima, *w. m.* fetter, knot, loop, snare.

simle, **semle**, **symle**, *adv.* continuously, continually, ever, always.
simles, **symles**, *adv.* ever, always.
sin. See **sî** (be).
sin, *possess. pron.* his, their (Ger. *sein*);—used in the pl.? Dan. 393.
sin-byrnende, *part.* ever-burning.
sinc, **sync**, *st. n.* treasure, riches, valuables, jewels, property.
sin-cald, *adj.* very cold, icy cold.
sin-caldu, *st. f.* extreme cold, rigor.
sincan, *st. abl. v. I.* to sink.
be-sincan, to submerge, immerse, dip, plunge.
ge-sincan, to sink, fall.
sinc-fæt, **-sync**, *st. n.* costly vessel, jewel-casket, jewel.
sinc-fâg, *adj.* sparkling with jewels or with costly ornaments.
sinc-ge-strêon, *st. n.* treasure, jewel.
sinc-ge-wæge, *n.* allotment or distribution of treasure.
sinc-gifa, **-giefæ**, **-gyfa**, *w. m.* treasure-giver, king.
sinc-gifu, *st. f.* gift of treasure.
sinc-gim, *st. m.* valuable gem, jewel.
sinc-hroden, *part.* jewel-laden, ornamented.
sinc-mâddum, *st. m.* jewel, treasure.
sinc-stân, *st. m.* precious stone.
sinc-pegu, *st. f.* reception or acceptance of jewels or treasure.
sinc-weordung, *st. f.* presentation or gift of jewels or treasure.
sind = **sîd**, *st. m.* -time? (as a multiplicative suffix: one time, &c. Jul. 354.)
sind, **sint**, **synd**, **synt**, **sindon**, **syndan**, **seondon**, **siendon**, *indic. pres. pl. of verb to be*. Cf. **sî**.
sinder, *st. m. f. n.?* slag, iron-dross, scoria. (Ger. *sinter*.)
sin-, **syn-dolg**, *st. n.* huge wound, gash.
sin-drêam, *st. m.* everlasting joy, rejoicing.

sin-fræa, *w. m.* wedded lord, husband.
singal, *adj.* continuous, continuing,
 ever-during, constant.

singala, *-e, -es, adv.* constantly, ever,
 always.

singal-lice, *adv.* the same as above.

singan, *st. abl. v. I.* to sing, resound,
 trill; sing of, celebrate in song.
 Ps. 58: 16; 100: 1.

â-singan, to sing, sing out or to
 the end.

be-singan, to besing, sing of,
 celebrate in song.

ge-singan, to sing.

singan. See **syngian** (to sin).

sin-grim, *adj.* exceeding fierce, cruel,
 grim.

sin-hera, *st. m.* immense host, army.

sin-hiwan, *w. m. pl.* wedded couple
 (ever-united members of a family).

sinnan, *st. abl. v. I.* (Ger. *sinnen*), **1.**
 to meditate on, think of, care
 about.—**2.** to make mention of
 Gen. 1853.

sin-, sien-, syn-neaht, -niht, -neht,
st. f. eternal night.

sin-nid, *st. m.* perpetual misery,
 wretchedness, uneasiness.

sinod. See **seonod** (synod).

sin-scipe, *st. m.* perpetual associa-
 tion, marriage.

sin-, syn-snæd, *st. f.* great bite(s),
 bits, ravenous biting.

ain-aorh, *st. f.* perpetual grief, con-
 stant sorrow.

sint, sinu, sitlu. See **sind, seonu**,
 setl.

sit, *3d pers. sg.* of **sittan** (to sit).

sittan, *st. abl. v. III.* to sit.

be-sittan, *w. acc. 1.* to sit by,
 beside.—**2.** to occupy, surround,
 envelop, beleaguer.

for-sittan, **1.** *w. acc.* or *instr.* to
 spend or lose by sitting, sit away,
 neglect.—**2.** *intrans.* to grow inact-
 ive from sitting, neglect; to vanish.

ge-sittan, **1.** to sit, sit down,

seat one's self.—**2.** *trans.* to seat
 one's self on or in (B. 633).—**3.**
trans. to possess, inhabit.

of-sittan, *w. acc.* to sit upon,
 rest one's self upon; surround, be-
 siege.

ofer-sittan, to leave off, leave
 undone, omit, forbear to do.

on-sittan, *w. acc. 1.* to seat
 one's self in (Bo. 26).—**2.** to be
 shocked or frightened at, to fear,
 to dread. (Ger. *entsetzen*.)

ymb-sittan, to sit around or
 about, surround, besiege; sit over,
 reflect upon.

sîd, *3d pers. sg. pres. of sêon* (to see).

sîd, *st. m. 1.* going, way, journey,
 trip, war-expedition, course.—**2.**
 arrival (B. 501).—**3.** way, road
 (Gen. 733; Exod. 478).—**4.** enter-
 prise, undertaking.—**5.** lot, fate,
 destiny, condition of life, expe-
 rience.—**6.** object or aim of travel,
 wooing, enlisting, message (B. 353).
7. -time (as multiplicative suffix).

sîd, *adj.* late; *superl.* **sîdast**, last;
 æt **sîdestan**, at last, finally.

sîd, *adv. compar. 1.* later, afterward.
2. late.

sîd, *prep. (sith)*, since (in **sîd pâm**
 = since). Cf. **siddan**.

sîd-boda, *w. m.* herald announcing
 a start; departure, or decamping.

sîd-dagas, *st. m. pl.* later days or
 times.

sîdd, *st. f.* company, accompaniment,
 escort. (Gen. 2401.)

sîddan, **sîddon**, **syddan**, **seoddan**,
sioddan.—**1.** *adv.* since, hence-
 forth, hereafter, subsequently, con-
 sequently.—**2.** *conj.* since, after,
 as soon as.

sîd-fæt, *st. n. 1.* going, way, jour-
 ney, expedition, trip, course.—**2.**
 aim or object of travel, destina-
 tion, enlisting.—**3.** experience,
 fact. Jul. 537.

sid-from, *adj.* forward-striving, onward-tending, hastening forward.
sid-geomor, *adj.* travel-weary, sad from travel, footsore.

sidian, *w. v.* to make a journey, set out; travel, go, voyage, wander.

for-sidian, to go or move to one's destruction, or to perdition.

sid-nese, *st. f.* happily accomplished journey.

sid-weg, *st. m.* path of travel, route.

sid-werod, *st. n.* traveling troop, marching band.

six, *siex*, *syx*, *num.* **six**.

sixta, *syxta*, *siexta*, *sihsta*, *num.* *adj.* **sixth**.

six-tig, *syx-tig*, *num.* **sixty**.

six-tyne, *num.* **sixteen**.

siaro. See **searo**.

sien, *sie*, *sieu*, *siendon*, *siex*, *siexta*.

See **sinneahrt**, **sēon**, **sī**, **sind**, **six**, **sixta**.

sio, *siodo*, *siofa*, *siofian*, *siofung*, *siolf*, *sioloc*, *siolod*, *siomian*, *sion*, *sionod*, *sionu*, *siow*, *siowian*. See **se**, **sī**, **sidu**, **sefa**, **siofian**, **sēofung**, **self**, **seoloc**, **sēolod**, **seomian**, **sēon**, **seonod**, **seonu**, **sāwan**, **seowian**.

slæhte, *pret.* of **sleccan** (to weaken).

slæp, *st. m.* **sleep**.

slæpan, *slāpan*, *slēpan*, *st. red. v.* to **sleep**.

â-slāpan, to be sleepy, slumber, dream.

slæp-wërig, *adj.* **weary** of sleep.

slaga, *w. m.* **striker**, **slayer**, **killer**, **murderer**.

slagan. See **slēan** (to slay).

slagu, *st. f.* **striking**, **blow**.

slāpan. See **slæpan** (to sleep).

slāw, *adj.* **slow**, **lazy**.

sleccan, *w. v.* **in**

ge-sleccan, to grow or make **slack**; to **weaken**, **lame**, **disable**.
 Cri. 149.

slege, *st. m.* **blow**, **striking**. Cf. **sledge-hammer**.

slege-fæge, *adj.* about to die from blows, death, slaying.

slegen (*part.*), **sleht**, **slēpan**. See **slēan**, **sleahrt**, **slēpan**, **slūpan**.

slēpan, *w. v.* to cover, draw a slip over, impose.

be-slēpan, the same as above.

sleac, *adj.* **slack**, relaxed, lazy.

slēan, **slagan**, *st. abl. v.* IV. **1. intrans.** to strike.—**2. trans.** to strike, flog.

3. trans. to slay, kill.

be-slēan, to rob of, plunder (in slaying).

for-slēan, to slay, kill.

ge-slēan, **1.** to slay, kill.—**2.** to strike, knock, tap (Gen. 383).—**3.** to win, gain, conquer.—**4.** to fight a battle (B. 459).—**5. intrans.** to strike up, leap up (Dan. 249).

of-slēan, to slay, kill.

slidan, *st. abl. v.* V. to **slide**, **slip**, **fall**, **fall down**.

â-slidan, the same as above.

slide, *st. m.* **slide**, **sliding**, **fall**.

slidor, *adj.* **slippery**.

sliht. See **sleahrt** (blow).

slitan, *st. abl. v.* V. **1. trans.** to **slit**, **slice**, **rend**, **tear** in pieces, **shiver**.
2. intrans. to be torn in pieces; to be broken up.

be-slitan, to rob of (in rending to pieces).

for-slitan, to tear with the teeth, consume.

slite, *st. m.* **slitting**, **biting**, **rending**, **lacerating**.

slidan, *st. abl. v.* V. to **injure**, **wound**, **hurt**.

slide, *adj.* **injuring**, **injurious**, **bad**, **fierce**, **eruel**, **dangerous**.

slide, *adv.* the same as above.

sliden, *adj.* the same as above.

slid-heard, **-herd**, *adj.* **furious**, **savage**, **erushing**.

sluma, *w. m.* **slumber**.

slūpan, **slēpan**, *st. abl. v.* VI. to **slip**, **slide**, **fall**.

â-slūpan, to slip off, to escape.
tō-slūpan, to slip asunder, go to pieces, become relaxed, dissolve, open.

smæc, *st. m.* smack, taste.

smæl, *adj.* small, narrow, weak, tender.

smæte, *adj.* pure (of gold).

smēc, smēoc, *st. m.* smoke, vapor.

smēde, *adj.* smooth, soft, agreeable.

sméagan, sméan, *u. v.* to examine, search into, explore, reflect upon, look at closely, scrutinize.

smealice, *adj.* subtly, accurately, penetratingly.

smēoc. See smēc (smoke).

smēocan, *st. abl. r. VI.* to smoke, give off vapor.

smeolt. See smolt (serene).

smeoru, *st. n.* (smear), grease.

amicere, *adj. & adv.* smuck, choice, tasteful, trim.

smilte. See smylte (serene).

smitan, *st. abl. r. V.* to smite, strike, soil, pollute, debauch, dishonor.

be-, bi-smitan, to soil, debauch, fleck, dishonor.

smið, *st. m.* smith, armorer.

smið-cræftega, *u. m.* artist-smith, armorer.

smidian (cf. smite?), *u. v. in*

be-smidian, to besmith, to surround or cover with smithwork.

smidde, *u. f.* smithy, forge.

smolt, smeolt, *adj.* serene, bright, cheerful, gentle, quiet, still.

smūgan, *st. abl. r. VI. in*

purh-smūgan, to pierce, bore through, eat through.

smýhd, *3d pers. sg. of smūgan.*

smylte, smilte, *adj.* serene, cheerful, bright, gentle, quiet, still.

amyrian, *u. r.* to smear, anoint, salve.

ge-amyrian, the same as above.

anadan, *st. abl. r. IV.*:—anôd on hōh? = he drove out, expelled,

that? or = on-hōhsnôde = he hindered? B. 1944.

snæð, *st. f.* bite, bit, snip. Cf. schnitt-chen.

snæðan, *st. red. v. in*

be-snæðan, to besnip, circumcise.

snægl, snæl, *st. m.* snail.

snâw, *st. m.* snow.

snâw-ceald, *st. n.* snowy, icy, cold.

snel, snell, *adj.* snell, quick, lively, brisk, vigorous, combative.

snellic, *adj.* the same as above.

snellice, *adv.* the same as above.

sneteru, sner. See snytru, snear.

snear, *st. f.* (snare), chord, cord, noose, string, harpstring.

snēome, sniome, *adv.* quickly, immediately, at once.

sneowan. See snowan (to hasten).

snican (?), to sneak, creep. Met. 31: 6.

snidan, *st. abl. r. V. 1.* (Ger. *schneiden*), to snip, cut.—2. to mow, reap, harvest.

of-snidan, to snip or cut off.

snowan, *u. impers. r.* to snow.

snioime. See snēome (quickly).

snotor, snottor, *adj.* shrewd, wise, clever, sensible.

snotorlice, *adv.* the same as above.

snowan, sneowan, *u. v.* to hurry, hasten.

snūd, *st. m.* quickness, swiftness, haste.

snūd, *adj.* quick, swift, soon at hand.

snūde, *adv.* the same as above.

snýrian, snyrgan, *u. r.* to hasten, hurry, move forward quickly.

snytre, *adj.* clever, wise, ingenious.

snytrian, snyttrian, *u. r.* to be clever, wise, ingenious.

snytru, snyttru, anyteru, *st. f.* shrewdness, sagacity, wisdom, cleverness.

snytru-cræft, *st. m.* same as above.

snytru-hūs, *st. n.* house of wisdom, tabernacle of testimony, ark of the covenant.

snydian, *v. r.* to hasten, hurry.

be-snydian, to rob, deprive of.
sôcen, *st. f.* 1. seeking, searching after.—2. visitation, hostile surprise, seeking, attack.—3. asylum, house of refuge, sanctuary.

sôfte, *adv.* (*compar.* sêft), softly, gently, quietly, lightly.

sôhte, *pret.* of sêcan (to seek).

sol, *st. n.* mud-puddle? water in general? bight? bog? B. 302.

sôl, *st. f.* sun.

solere, *st. m.* upper room, garret, balcony.

solian, *v. r.* to soil, become soiled or defiled.

Sol-mônad, *st. m.* February. Men. 16.

sôm, *st. f.* peace, reconciliation. (*Ice.* som.)

some, *somnian*, *somod*. See *same*, *samnian*, *samod*.

sôna, *adv.* soon, at once, forthwith; **sôna swâ**—**swâ**=so soon as.

sond, *song*. See **sand**, **sang**.

sorg, **sorh**, *st. f.* sorrow, grief, pain.

sorg-byrden, *st. f.* burden of sorrow.

sorg-cearig, **sorhg-cearig**, *adj.* sorrowful, grieved, sad.

sorg-cearu, *st. f.* sorrow, anxiety, grief.

sorgen. See **sorg**.

sorg-ful, *adj.* sorrowful, causing or enduring sorrow.

sorgian, *v. v.* to sorrow, grieve, be anxious.

bi-sorgian, to fear, apprehend, dread, shrink from. [*care.*]

sorg-lêas, *adj.* without sorrow or

sorg-lêod, *st. n.* song of sorrow, lament. [*ed.*]

sorglic, *adj.* sad, distressful, wretched.

sorg-lufa, *st. f.* anxious love, love that awakens sorrow or apprehension.

sorg-stæf, *st. m.* something that brings sorrow, anxiety.

sorg-word, *st. n.* word of sorrow, lament.

sorg-wælm, **-wylm**, *st. m.* welling up of sorrow, grief.

sorh, **sorh-**. See **sorg** (sorrow).

sotel, *st. m.* settle, stool, chair, arm-chair.

sôd, *adj.* sooth, true, genuine, reliable, just.

sôd, *adv.* truly, indeed; but, yet.

sôd, *st. n.* 1. sooth, truth.—2. justice, righteousness; rectitude.

sôd-cwîde, **-cwýde**, *st. m.* true speech, true saying.

sôd-cýning, *st. m.* true king, or king of truth and justice; God.

sôde, *adv.* in sooth, in truth, indeed, really, rightly.

sôd-fæder, *st. m.* true father, God.

sôd-fæst, *adj.* 1. firm or established in truth and justice, true, genuine, credible, pious, honest, just.—2. firm, unchangeable, unchanging, continuing.

sôd-fæstlic, *adj.* imperishable, durable, unceasing.

sôd-fæstnes, **-festnys**, *st. f.* truth, truthfulness, justice, piety.

sôd-gîd, **-gîed**, *st. n.* true speech, saying, report.

sôd-lic, *adj.* true, truthful, real.

sôdlice, *adv.* 1. truly, truthfully, indeed, in sooth.—2. but, yet. Ps. 54: 16.

sôd-word, *st. n.* true word, word of justification.

spâdl, *st. n.* spittle, saliva.

spæc. See **spræc** (speech).

spætan, *v. v.* to spit, spew, spit upon or out.

spanan, *st. red. v.* to draw on, irritate, incite, lure, mislead, seduce, persuade.

bi-spanan, to lead astray, seduce, persuade.

for-spanan, to mislead, lead astray, seduce.

spange, *u. f.* clasp, buckle, brooch, fibula. (Ger. *spange*.)

spannan, *st. red. v.* (*span*), to stretch, fasten, make fast, attach.

ge-spannan, the same as above.

on-spannan, to unspan, unloose, unbind, release, open.

sparian, *u. r.* to spare, indulge.

spâtl, *st. n.* spittle, saliva.

specan. See **sprecan** (to speak).

spêd, *st. f.* **1.** speed, haste.—**2.** progress, success, fulfillment, luck, good fortune.—**3.** scion, descendant, lad (Ps. 103: 16).—**4.** substance, power, might, ability, multitude, abundance.

spêdan, *u. r.* to speed, hasten, hurry.

â-spêdan, to come out of a matter successfully.

ge-spêdan, to succeed, speed well.

spêd-dropa, *u. m.* wholesome and healing drop.

spêdig, *adj.* lucky, fortunate, rich, powerful.

spêdlice, *adv.* hastily, quickly, speedily, successfully.

spel, **spell**, *st. n.* (*spell*), speech, utterance, narrative, legend, account, news, message.

spel-, **spell-boda**, *u. m.* messenger, apostle, prophet, angel.

spellian, **spellan**, *u. r.* **1.** to speak, talk, utter.—**2.** to announce, relate, deliver.

god-spellian, to preach the **god-spel** (good tidings, gospel).

spellung, *st. f.* speech, utterance, narrative.

spere, *st. n.* spear, javelin, lance.

spere-brôga, *u. m.* spear-terror, terrible javelin.

spere-nid, *st. m.* spear-battle.

spearca, *u. m.* spark.

spearcian, *u. v.* to throw out sparks, to sparkle.

spearuwa, **spearwa**, *u. m.* sparrow.

speornan, **spornan**, *st. abl. v.* **1.** to spur on, urge on, push against, spurn, tread, step.

ge-speornan, same as above.

specwian. See **spiwian** (to spew).

spild, *st. m.* destruction, annihilation, waste, ruin.

spildan, *u. r.* to ruin, destroy.

for-spildan, **1.** to destroy, ruin.

2. to accomplish fully. Wy. 59.

spild-sid, *st. m.* destructive journey, expedition with intent to destroy foes.

spillan, *u. r.* to destroy, ruin, kill.

spiwian, *st. abl. v.* **V.** to spew, spit out, vomit.

spiwian, **speowian**, **spiwian**, *u. r.* to spew, spit.

splot (?), blot, spot (splotch?)

spor, *st. n.* trace, footstep. (Ger. *spur*.)

spora, *u. m.* spur.

spornan. See **speornan** (to spurn).

spôwan, *st. red. v.* to succeed, enjoy success, speed well, thrive.

ge-spôwan, the same as above.

spôwendlice, *adv.* happily, fortunately, quickly, speedily.

spræcan. See **sprecan** (to speak).

spræc, **spæc**, *st. f.* speech, word, talk, eloquence.—**2.** narrative, fable, material (Met. 26: 2).—**3.** conversation, dialogue.—**4.** court, judicial negotiation or investigation, judgment, decision.

sprec, *st. n.* speech, word. Gû. 225.

spreca, *u. m.* speaker.

sprecan, **spræcan**, **apecan**, *st. abl. v.* **II.** to speak.

â-sprecan, to speak out, speak.

ge-sprecan, to speak.

spreccan, *u. r.* in

on-apreccan, to become bushy, bud, burgeon, put out shoots.

sprengan, *w. v.* to cause to spring, burst, break open; to sprinkle.
geond-sprengan, to besprinkle, to dash with water.

spreaht, *part. of spreccan* (to bud).

sprēatan, *st. red. v. in*
geond-sprēatan, to sprout through, pervade.

spreocan. See **sprecan** (to speak).

sprēotan, *st. abl. v. VI. cf. sprýtan* to sprout.

â-sprēotan, to sprout out or up, come up or out.

spricest, *spriced*. See **sprecan** (to speak).

springan, *st. abl. v. I.* to spring, jump.

â-springan, to spring up or forth; to dwindle, diminish, fail.

æt-springan, *w. dat.* to spring forth, out, or up.

ge-springan, **1.** to spring forth or up; to originate, arise, grow up. **2.** to befall, happen to, attack (Gn. Ex. 65).

on-springan, **1.** to spring or jump in two; to burst.—**2.** to spring up, arise, originate.

sprycst. See **sprecan** (to speak).

sprýtan, *w. v.* to sprout, come forth, germinate.

spryttan, *w. v.* the same as above.

spyrcan, *w. v. in*
for-spyrcan, to squirt away, spill, shed, exhaust by spilling, dry up, &c. Ps. 101: 3.

spyrian, *w. v.* (to *speer*, Scotch), to track, trace, seek, examine, search through, reflect upon or about.

â-spyrian, to track or trace out, to explore, fathom, find out.

stæde, *stæde*, *st. f.* steadiness, steadfastness, firmness, fixity.

stæde, *stæde-fæst*, *adj.* steadfast, constant, firm.

stæde, *stæde-heard*, *adj.* firm, hard, consistent.

stæf, *st. m.* **1.** staff, stave.—**2.** book-stave, letter.—**3.** in compounds, *stæf* usually marks an abstract idea or conception.

stæfn, *stæfna*. See **stefn**, **stefna**.

stæl, *st. m.* place, spot. (Ger. *stelle*.)

stælan, *w. v.* to place, put down; to impose, cast blame or guilt on; to accuse, avenge on.

ge-stælan, the same as above.

stælg = **stægl**, *adj.* steep. Cri. 679.

stæl-gæst, *-giest*, *st. m.* stealing guest, thievish guest.

stænan, *stænan*, *w. v.* to adorn, decorate with stones or gems.

â-stænan, the same as above.

stænen, *adj.* of stone.

stæpe, *st. m.* **1.** going, gait, pace, step, tread.—**2.** step, stair.

stæppan, *stærced-*. See **steppan**, *sterced-*.

stæd, *st. n. (m.)*, beach, shore.

stæddan, *w. v.* to support, establish, fix, fortify.

stæd-fæst, *adj.* steadfast, constant.

stæd-weall, *st. m.* shore-wall, sea or water rampart.

stalde, *pret. of stellan* (to place).

stalian, *w. v. in*

ge-stalian, to found, establish, fix, confirm.

stal-gang, *-gong*, *st. m.* stealthy going, secret journey, course, step.

stân, *st. m.* stone, rock.

stân-beorh, *st. m.* stony mountain, mountain of rock.

stân-boga, *w. m.* arch or cavern of stone or rock, vaulted chamber in the rock.

stân-burg, *st. f.* town, castle, or fortress of stone or rock.

stân-clif, *st. n. (pl. cleofu)*, crag, cliff.

standan, *standan*, *st. abl. v. IV. (pret. stôd)*, **1.** to stand.—**2.** to stand, step forward, appear, come in suddenly, disseminate.

ā-standan, to stand forth or up, to arise, originate, reinstate.
æt-standan, to stand at or beside.
be-standan, to stand around, by, or about.
for-standan, 1. *w. acc.* to stand before, place one's self before (to ward off something, prevent: person or thing against which in the dat. or with **wid**; or to defend, protect: "from" = dat.). — 2. to understand. (Gen. 769; Boeth. 5.3).
ge-atandan, 1. *intrans.* to stand. 2. *trans.* to attack, come on or in suddenly, press on. — 3. to resist, oppose, stop. Sol. 97.
of-standan, to arise, originate.
od-standan, to escape, withdraw, get away.
wid-standan, *w. dat.* to withstand, resist, oppose.
ymb-, **ymbe-standan**, to stand about or around.
stān-fæt, *st. n.* stone-vat; vessel, trough, or chest of stone.
stān-fāh, *adj.* varied, inlaid, or paved with stone (?).
stān-ge-fōg, *st. n.* stone structure, stone-fitting.
stān-gripe, **-greope**, *st. m.* handful of stones.
atān-hlid, **-hleod**, *st. n.* rocky slope, cliff, rock.
stān-hof, *st. n.* building or structure of stone.
stān-torr, *st. m.* tower of stone.
stān-wong, *st. m.* stony field, stone-strewn plain.
stapa, *w. m.* stepper, marcher. [Used only in compounds.]
atapan, *st. abl. v. IV.* to **atēp**, stride, go, advance, move.
æt-stapan, to step or stride up to.
ge-atapan, to step, go, move, stride.

stapu, *st. f.* stepping, striding, going about.
stapul, *st. m.* (staple), support, stay, pillar, column.
starian, *w. v.* to **stare**, fix the eyes on, gaze at.
ge-starian, same as above. [lish].
stadelian. See **stadolian** (to establish).
stadol, **-ul**, *st. m.* 1. foundation, basis, ground, pedestal, place. — 2. sky, heaven. Edg. 50.
stadol-æht, *st. f.* stationary possessions (real estate?).
stadol-fæst, *adj.* fixed, firm, well-established, steadfast.
stadolian, **-elian**, *w. v.* to found, fix, establish, strengthen.
ge-stadolian, the same as above.
stadol-wang, **-wong**, *st. m.* standing place, place, position.
stede, *st. m.* stead, place, spot, position, locality.
stēde, **stēde-**. See **stēde**.
stede-wang, **-wong**, *st. m.* field, space of ground.
stefn, **stæfn**, **stemn**, *st. f.* voice. (Ger. *stimme*.)
stefn, **stæfn**, **stemn**, *st. m.* 1. stem, trunk, stock, stick. — 2. stem, prow of ship; ship. — 3. stem, race, tribe (Sol. 51). — 4. -time (in multiplicatives): **nivan stefne** = anew, again.
stefna, **stæfna**, *w. m.* stem or prow of a ship.
stefnan, *w. v.* in
ge-stefnan, to support, prop, arrange, set in order.
stefn-byrd, *st. f.* hereditary quality, innate disposition, nature.
stefne, *w. f.* voice. (Ger. *stimme*.)
stelan, *st. abl. v. II.* in
be-, **bi-stelan**, to bestial, rob, steal from.
for-stelan, to steal, steal from.
stellan, *w. v.* (*pret.* **atealde**), in
ā-stellan, to place, put, erect, display. (Ger. *stellen*.)

- on-stellan, to put in place; to devise, think out.
- on-stellan, to put in place, effect, accomplish.
- stēman, stemn. See stýman, stefn.
- stemmettan, *w. v.* to resist, stem, oppose, stand ont, be steadfast.
- stēnan. See stānan.
- stenc, *st. m.* stink, stench, odor; perfume, fragrance.
- stencan, *w. v.* to press upon, afflict, trouble, disturb, weaken.
- tō-stencan, to drive apart or asunder, to scatter, disperse.
- steng, *st. m.* pole, stake, rod. (Ger. *stange*.)
- steut, 3d pers. sg. of standan (to stand).
- stēpan, *w. v.* 1. *w. acc.* (steep), to erect, raise (Gen. 1676).—2. to elevate, raise up, distinguish, adorn, enrich.
- ge-stēpan, 1. to erect, raise.—2. to elevate, support, help.
- on-stepan, to erect, raise up.
- stepe-gang, *st. m.* stepping, going? Rim. 22.
- steppan, stæppan, *w. v.* to step, stride, go, move.
- ge-stæppan, the same as above.
- ofer-stæppan, to overstep, stride over.
- sterced, stærced-ferhd, -fyrhd, *adj.* strong-minded, brave.
- steal, *st. m.* place, spot. (Ger. *stelle*?)
- stealc, *adj.* steep, precipitous, arduous.
- stealdan, *st. red. v.* to possess, own.
- steallian, *w. v.* to have room or place, to remain standing or in existence.
- stēam, *st. m.* 1. steam, vapor, smoke, odor.—2. steaming fluid, blood. Cr. 62.
- stēap, *st. m.* (stoup), tall cup, beaker, flagon.
- stēap, *adj.* steep, high.
- stearc, *adj.* strong, vigorous; stark, stiff, hard, violent.
- stearc-ferd, *adj.* strong-minded, courageous.
- stearc-heort, *adj.* strong-hearted, valiant.
- stearn, *st. m.* sea-swallow (*sterna*).
- stēop-cild, *st. n.* stepchild.
- stēor, *st. f.* governing, steering, restraint, check.
- stēora, *w. m.* steersman, guide, pilot.
- stēoran, *st. abl. v.* VI. 1. to steer, guide, govern.—2. to restrain, check. Met. 4: 49.
- ge-stēoran, to steer, guide, control, restrain, check.
- stēor-lēas, *adj.* steerless, without guidance or control, uncontrollable.
- steorra, stiorra, *w. m.* star.
- steort, *st. m.* tail. (Ger. *sterte*.)
- sticce. See stycce (piece).
- stician, *w. v.* 1. to stick, prick.—2. to stick, inhere.
- sticol, *adj.* sticking, pricking.
- stig, *st. m.* (sty), path (up), way, ascent.
- stig, *st. f.* path, way. (Ger. *steig*.)
- stigan, *st. abl. v.* V. 1. to step, rise, mount, go, move (in general). 2. to mount, climb, ascend.—3. to descend (Dan. 510).—4. to scale, mount upon, ascend.
- â-stigan, 1. *intrans.* to ascend, mount up, scale, rise.—2. *intrans.* to descend, come down.—3. *w. acc.* to ascend, ascend to, mount.
- ge-stigan, to ascend, rise, mount up, scale; to descend.
- ofer-stigan, to overstep, overstride, excel, surpass.
- stige, *st. m.* ascent, mounting.
- stig-, sti-wita, *w. m.* steward, overseer of household matters.
- stihtan, *w. v.* to destine, determine, dispose, govern, incite, instigate.

stihrend, *part. & subs.* instigator, inciter, guide.

stihung, *st. f.* arrangement, direction, preparation, caution, foresight, discipline.

stillan, *u. r.* **1.** to be still, rest.—**2.** *u. dat. or acc.* to still, quiet.

ge-stillan, the same as above.

stille, *adj.* still, quiet, silent, stilly.

stille, *adv.* the same as above.

stincan, *st. abl. r. I.* **1.** to stink, smell, reek.—**2.** to whirl up (*Rid.* 30: 12); to move about or around? inhale? snuff along? *B.* 2288.

ge-stincan, to smell something.

stingan, *st. abl. r. I.* to sting.

atirian, **stirgan**. See **styrian**.

stid, *adj.* firm, fixed, strong: hard, stiff, severe, cruel.

stide, *adv.* **1.** firmly, steadfastly.—**2.** harshly, bitterly.

stid-ecg, *adj.* stiff-edged, strong-bladed.

stid-ferhd, **-frihd**, *adj.* stout-hearted, strong-minded, of valiant spirit.

stid-hugende, *adj.* same as above.

stid-hycgende, the same as above.

stid-hydg, *adj.* the same as above.

stid-hygd, *adj.* the same as above.

stidlic, *adj.* firm, strong, stout.

stidlice, *adv.* the same as above.

stid-môd, *adj.* strong, firm, stout, severe (of mind).

atid-weg, *st. m.* rough way.

sti-wita, *stiell.* See **stigwita**, **atyll**.

stiep, *st. m.* downfall? fall? *Gen.* 60.

stieran, **atiorra**. See **stýran**, **stiorra**.

atôd (?), column, support, post? (*B.* 2345;—rather **stôd an**=**ston-dan**).

atôd, **stôdon**, *pret.* of **standan** (to stand).

atofn (?), trunk, stem, pillar. (*E.* **stovin**=stump?)

atol, *st. m.* atool, seat, chair, throne.

stondan, **stôwum**. See **standan**, **stôw** (place).

storm, *st. m.* **1.** storm, tempest.—**2.** noise, uproar, tumult.—**3.** noisy onrush or attack. *Hy.* 4: 58.

stôw, *st. f.* **stow**, place, spot, locality.

strâdan (?), to tread upon, stride over. *B.* 3073.

strâel, **strêl**, **streâl**, *st. m. & f.*; **stræle**, *u. f.* arrow. (*Ger.* *strahl*.)

stræt, *st. f.* street.

strang, **strong**, *adj.* **1.** strong, violent, hard, vigorous, valiant.—**2.** *u. instr.* firmly inhering. *Sat.* 427.

strange, *adv.* violently, furiously.

strangian, *u. r.* in

ge-strangian, to strengthen, invigorate.

strang, **strong-lic**, *adj.* firm, strong, unchangeable;—hideous, cruel, dreadful.

strang, **strong-lice**, *adv.* strongly, bravely, vigorously, actively.

streccan, *u. r.* in

â-streccan, to stretch out, extend; to prostrate, fell.

stredan, *st. abl. r. I.* **1.** to scatter, sprinkle.—**2.** to fall down, fall.

tô-stredan, to scatter, dissipate.

strégan, *u. r.* to strew, spread down, bestrew. [*ter.*

atregdan, *st. abl. r. I.* to strew, scat-

atrêl, **strencd**. See **strâel**, **stregnd**.

streg, *st. m.* **string**, cord, rope, sinew.

streng, *adj.* strong, brave; harsh, violent, strict, cruel.

stengel, *st. m.* ruler, lord, (strength-ener?)

streglic, *adj.* strong, firm.

stregnd, **atregndu**, *st. f.* strength, power, vigor, ability.

atregnu, *st. f.* power, strength, ability, valor.

stredan, **atrydan**, *u. r.* in

be-stredan, to bring to, draw over, cover, conceal.

streac, *adj.* strong, stiff, hard. (stark?)

streah̄t, (*part.*), **streāl**. See **strecan** (to stretch), and **strǣl**.

strēam, *st. m.* **stream**, current, flow of the sea, river, ocean,—especially in the plural.

strēam-faru, *st. f.* motion or flowing of water(s), current.

strēam-ge-win, *st. n.* battling of or uproar on the water; stream-struggle.

strēam-racu, *st. f.* stream-course, stream.

strēam-rād, *st. f.* road or path of the stream or sea.

strēam-stæd, *st. n.* (stream-stead), shore, beach.

strēam-welm, *st. m.* billowing of the sea or water, fluctuation of tides.

strēam-weall, *st. m.* stream-wall, shore, beach.

strēon, *st. f.* cover.

strēonan, **strienan**, **strȳnan**, *w. v.* **1.** to heap on or up, accumulate, amass.—**2.** to strain, beget children.

ā-strēonan, to strain forth, procreate, create.

ge-strēonan, **1.** to amass, gain.

2. to procreate, create. Gen. 1220.

strican, *st. abl. v. V.* to move, go; to enter on or begin a course.

strid, *st. m.* strife, conflict. (Ger. *streit*.)

strilenan, **strong**. See **strēonan**, **strang**.

strūdan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to ravage, devastate, plunder, rob, carry off.

be-strūdan, to plunder, rob.

ge-strūdan, to plunder, rob, ravage, waste.

strynan, *w. v.* in

ge-strynan, to stir up, torture? Seel. 45.

strȳnan, **strydan**. See **strēonan**, **stredan**.

stund, *st. f.* (Ger. *stunde*).—**1.** point, particle.—**2.** moment, hour, time; *instr. pl.* **stundum**, at times, meanwhile, sometimes; eagerly.

stunian, *w. v. 1.* to groan, roar, sound, resound.—**2.** (**stun**), to strike violently, impinge.

stycce, **sticce**, *st. n.* bit, piece, fragment. (Ger. *stück*.)

stȳlan, *w. v.* to harden (like steel).

stȳle, *st. n.* steel.

stȳl-ecg, *adj.* steel-edged.

stȳlen, *adj.* of steel, hard as steel.

styll, **stiell**, *st. m.* leap, jump, running.

styllan, *w. v.* to leap, jump, run.

ge-styllan, to leap, jump, descend, reach by leaping, overtake by running.

stȳman, **stēman**, *w. v.* to steam, give forth an odor, smell of (from).

be-stȳman, to foam over, on, around.

stynt, *3d pers. sg.* of **standan** (to stand).

stȳpel, **stēpel**, *st. m.* steeple, tower.

stȳr, *st. f.* steering, directing, guiding.

stȳran, **stieran**, *w. v. 1. w. acc.* to **steer**, guide, direct, govern.—**2.** to arrange, dispose, destine, determine (An. 1094).—**3. w. dat.** to restrain, check, hinder.

ge-stȳran, *w. dat.* to steer, guide; to restrain, check.

styrfan, *w. v.* in

ā-styrfan, to kill, slay.

styrian, **storgan**, **stirian**, **stirgan**, *w. v. 1.* to stir, move, rouse, excite.

2. to be moved, roused, set in motion.—**3.** to urge, incite, admonish (Fin. 18).—**4.** to move against, attack, disturb (B. 2840).—**5.** to deliver, narrate, sing of, celebrate (B. 872).—**6.** cause to resound (Met. 13: 49).

- â-styrian**, to stir up, excite, move forward or forth, remove.
- ge-styrian**, to arouse, excite, stir up.
- geond-styrian**, to stir through, to stir on all sides.
- on-styrian**, to move, rouse, stir up.
- styrman**, *w. v.* to storm, roar, rage, cry out.
- styrnan**, *w. v.* to be stern, strict, severe.
- styrne**, *adj.* stern, grave, harsh, cruel, savage, furious.
- styrnenga**, *adv.* sternly, severely.
- styrn-môð**, *adj.* stern-minded, rigid, severe.
- sû**, *sugu*, *st. f.* sow.
- sûcan**, *st. abl. r. VI.* to suck.
- â-sûcan**, to suck out, drain.
- sûgan**, *st. abl. r. VI.* in
- â-sûgan**, to suck out, drain.
- sugu**. See *sû* (sow).
- suh̃t**, *st. f.* malady, disease, illness.
- suh̃tor-fædran**, -*ge-fædran*, *w. m.* uncle and nephew.
- suh̃tria**, *suh̃triga*, *suh̃terga*, *w. m.* brother's son.
- sulh-ge-weorc**, *st. n.* ploughing or field implement.
- sum**, *pron.* (= *aliquis*, *quidam*, *unus ex pluribus*), one, a certain, any, one of several, many a; — *neut.* something; — *adv., acc. n.* partly; — *gen. n.* **sumes** = in a certain degree or measure.
- sumor**, *st. m.* summer.
- sumor-hât**, *st. n.* summer heat.
- sumor-lang**, -*long*, *adj.* lasting through the summer.
- sumsend**, *part.* (Ger. *summen*), buzzing, rustling, humming? *Rid. 4: 47.*
- sun-bearo**, *st. m.* sunny grove (barrow).
- sun-beorht**, *adj.* sun-bright, sunshiny.
- sund**, *adj.* sound, uninjured, whole.
- sund**, *st. m.* 1. swimming. — 2. capacity or ability to swim. — 3. **scund**, sea-strait, sea, ocean (that which sunders?)
- sund-bûend**, *part. & subs.* sea-dweller, man, human being.
- sund-flit**, *st. f.* struggle in the water, swimming-match.
- sund-ge-bland**, *st. n.* tumult of waters, billowing of the sea.
- sund-helm**, *st. m.* sea-helmet, covering sea.
- sund-hengest**, *st. m.* 1. seahorse, ship. — 2. power that moves the ship.
- sund-hwæt**, *adj.* accomplished in swimming.
- sund-liden**, *st. f.* sea-journey? *B. 223.*
- sund-nytt**, *st. f.* employment, gift, or utilization of swimming; ability to swim.
- aundor**, **sundur**, *adv.* especially, apart, separately, aside, **asunder**.
- sundor-cræft**, *st. m.* special power, capacity, capability.
- sundor-cræftig**, *adj.* specially endowed, gifted.
- sundor-ge-cynd**, *st. n.* special endowment, natural gift, structure, quality.
- sundor-gifu**, *st. f.* special gift, privilege, distinction, quality.
- sundor-nytt**, *st. f.* special service or prerogative.
- sundor-wine**, *st. m.* special friend, bosom friend.
- sundor-wis**, *adj.* specially wise.
- sundor-wundor**, *st. n.* special wonder, peculiar marvel.
- sundor-yrfe**, *st. n.* special heritage.
- sund-plega**, *w. m.* sea-play, swimming, boating; bathing, sea-journey.
- sundre**, *w. f.* separateness, sundering, isolation.
- sund-reced**, *st. n.* sea-house, ship.
- sundrian**, *w. r.* in

â-sundrian, to separate, isolate, **sunder**.
ge-sundrian, the same as above.
sundur. See **sundur**.
sund-wudu, *st. m.* sea-wood, ship.
sunna. See **sunnu** (**sun**).
sunne, *w. f.* **sun**.
sunnu, -a, *st. f.* the same as above.
sun-sciene, *adj.* **sunshiny**, brilliant.
sunu, *irreg. m. sg. gen.* **sun**a; *dat.* **sun**a, **sunu**; *acc.* **sunu**; *pl. nom.* *acc.* **sun**a, **sun**o, **sunu**; *gen.* **sun**a, **sun**ena; *dat.* **sunum**,—**son**.
sun-wlitig, *adj.* lovely with sunshine; beautiful and bright.
sûpan, *st. abl. v. VI.* to **sop** up, absorb, swallow (greedily).
ge-sûpan, the same as above.
sûsl, *st. n.* misery, torture, torment, punishment, death-penalty.
sûsl-bana, -bona, *w. m.* devil.
sûsl-hof, *st. n.* house of misery, hell.
sutol. See **sweetol** (plain).
sûd, *adv.* south, southward, in the south.
sûda, *w. m.* south.
sûdan, *adv.* from the south.
sûdan-êastan, *adv.* from the south-east.
sûderne, *adj.* southern, southerly.
sûd-êast, *adv.* southeast, in the southeast.
sûd-folc, *st. n.* south-folk, folk from the south.
sûd-heald, *adj.* inclining southward, southward.
sûd-man, -mon, *st. m.* southern man, man from the south.
sûd-portic, *st. m.* south portico.
sûd-rôdor, *st. m.* southern sky.
sûd-weg, *st. m.* southway, way or path southward.
sûd-weardes, *adv.* southwards.
sûd-wind, *st. m.* south wind.
swâ, *I. adv. & conj.* **so**, **as**. **1.** (referring back), **so**, consequently, in such wise, under such circum-

stances, therefore.—**2.** *emphatically*: **so**, **thus**, **indeed**, **even**.—**3.** *w. comparatives*, **the**.—**4.** **swâ** **pêah**, nevertheless, yet.—**5.** *relative*: **as**, **so far as**, **how**, **where**.—**6.** *w. subj.* **as if**, **as though**.—**7.** *w. indic.* (of time), **so soon**, **as soon**, **as**, **when**; **though**, **unless**, **so that not** (*w. neg.*)—**8.** supplies place of relative pronoun.—**9.** **that**, **so that**, **in such manner that**.
swæc, **swec**, *st. m.* **1.** smell, odor; exhalation, breath.—**2.** smack, taste.
swæfan, *w. v.* to stagger, reel, hesitate.
swægl. See **swegl** (ether).
swælan, *w. v.* in
 be-swælan, to sweal, singe, parch, seorch.
swæman, *w. v.* in
 â-swæman, to roam about, round, wander.
swær, *adj.* heavy, difficult. (*Ger. schwer.*)
swære, *adv.* the same as above.
swæs, *adj.* one's own, domestic, intimate; dear, precious, agreeable, benevolent.
swæsendu, *st. n. pl.* a meal. [*able.*]
swæslic, *adj.* kind, friendly, agree-
swæslice, *adv.* the same as above.
swætan, *w. v.* **1.** to sweat.—**2.** to bleed.
swæder = **swâ** **hwæder**, *pron.* whichever, whosoever (of two).
swædorian, **swadrian**, *w. v.* to decrease, diminish; become quiet, lie down, lie low or down.
swâfan, *st. red. v.* in
 for-swâfan, to sweep away or off; to drive out, expel, frighten away.
swâmian, *w. v.* to become dark or obscure; to vanish.
 â-swâmian, the same as above.
swan, **swon**, *st. m.* swan.

swān, *st. m.* swain, youth, young man. Fin. 39.

swancur, **swancor**, *adj.* 1. unsteady, pliant; languishing (Ps. 118: 81).

2. slender, supple-bodied (B. 2175).

3. causing to reel, limp, stagger (Dêor. 6). (Ger. *schwanken*.)

swangor, **swongor**, *adj.* heavy, weighty, torpid, inert. (Ger. *schwanger*.)

swan-rād, *st. f.* swan-road, path of swans, sea.

swāpan, *st. red. v.* 1. to sweep, swing.— 2. to blow, waft.

ā-swāpan, to sweep off or away, to remove.

for-swāpan, to sweep aside, or away; to drive off, or out.

to-swāpan, to sweep in two, apart, or asunder.

swār, *adj.* heavy. (Ger. *schwer*.)

swarian, **swerian**, **sweorian**, *w. v.* to talk, speak, utter.

and-swarian, ond-, to speak back, answer.

swart, **swās**. See **sweart**, **swæs**.

swât, *st. m.* 1. sweat.— 2. blood from wounds, blood, gore.

swât-fāg, *adj.* blood-stained, bloody.

swâtig, *adj.* 1. sweaty, sweating. 2. bloody.

swâtig-hlēor, *adj.* with sweating cheek or face.

swât-swadu, *st. f.* bloody trace or track.

swadrian. See **swædorian**.

swadu, *st. f.* trace, track.

swadul, *st. m.* smoke-reek, flame and smoke together.

swebban, *w. v.* to lull or put to sleep; to kill.

ā-swebban, the same as above.

swec. See **swæc** (odor).

swefan, *st. abl. v.* III. to sleep, slumber; to sleep the death-sleep; rest, cease from. Exod. 36.

swefed, *part. of swebban* (to put to sleep).

swefel, *st. m.* sulphur. (Ger. *schwefel*.)

swefen, *st. n.* (swoon?)— 1. sleep, stupor (Gen. 720).— 2. dream.

swefed, 3d pers. sg. of **swebban** (to put to sleep).

swefnan, -ian, *w. v.* to dream.

swefot. See **sweofot** (sleep).

swêg, *st. m.* (swough), sound, tone, voice; noise, crash, tumult.

swêg-dyn, *st. m.* din, din of noise.

swêg-hlēodor, *st. n.* detonation, clamor, explosion, sound, resonance.

swegl, **swegel**, *st. m.* 1. ether, sky.

2. sun.— 3. song, chorus, symphony.

swegl-befalden, *adj.* ether-covered.

swegl-beorht, *adj.* ether-bright, radiant.

swegl-bôsm, *st. m.* bosom of heaven, the sky.

swegl-candel, -condel, *st. f.* sky-candle; light of heaven, or ether.

swegl-cynig, *st. m.* king of heaven or glory.

swegl-drêam, *st. m.* heavenly joy.

swegle, *adj.* clear (of sight or sound), luminous, resounding.

swegle, *adv.* clearly, brilliantly.

swêg-leder, -leoder, *st. n.* sound leather, bagpipe?

swegl-rād, *st. f.* change of tone(s), modulation. [zling.]

swegl-torht, *adj.* heaven-bright, daz-

swegl-wered, *part.* ether-clad.

swegl-wuldor, *st. n.* heavenly glory.

swegl-wundor, *st. n.* heavenly wonder.

swelan, *w. v.* (to) (sweal), burn, glow, ignite, consume with heat.

for-swelan, to burn up.

swelc. See **swilc** (such).

swelgan, **sweolgan**, *st. abl. v.* I. to swallow, take in, absorb, imbibe.

for-swelgan, same as above.

ge-swelgan, same as above.

swelgian, *v. v.* in
ge-swelgian, to cause to swell up, inflate, be swollen? Pa. 41.
swellan, *st. abl. v. I.* to swell, swell up.
swelling, *st. m.* swelling sail.
sweltan, *st. abl. v. I.* to die.
swencan, *v. v.* to (swink), disturb, oppress, plague, torment.
ge-swencan, to confuse, disturb, oppress, exhaust, plague, chastise, crush.
swendan, *v. v.* in
tô-swendan, to cause to go asunder, destroy. (Ger. *schwinden*.)
sweng, *st. m.* (swing), blow, eastigation, cut, thrust.
swengan, *v. v.* in
tô-swengan, to swing in pieces, drive asunder, destroy.
swer, **swyr**, *st. m. & f.* pillar, column.
swerian, *st. abl. v. IV.* to swear.
â-swerian, the same as above.
for-swerian, 1. to put one's self under a spell; to render invulnerable by magical utterance.—2. to forswear, perjure, commit perjury.
ge-swerian, to swear.
swerian. See *swarian* (to speak).
swêtan, *v. v.* to sweeten, make sweet.
ge-swêtan, the same as above.
swête, *adj.* sweet;—*subs.* sweet(s).
 Seaf. 95.
swêt-met, *st. m.* sweetmeat.
swêtnes, *st. f.* sweetness.
swetole. See *sweetule* (plainly).
swedian, *v. v.* in
bi-swedian, to beswathe, wrap up, fold in.
swedrian, *v. v.* to diminish, decrease, neglect, yield, dwindle.
ge-swedrian, same as above.
swælg, *pret. of swelgan* (to swallow).
swæalwe, *v. f.* swallow (bird).

sweart, **swart**, *adj.* swart, swarthy.
 1. dark, obscure, black.—2. mischievous, hurtful, infamous.
swearte, *adv.* mischievously, hurtfully, infamously.
sweart-læt, *adj.* leaving black tracks or traces. Rid. 27: 11.
sweofot, **swefot**, *st. m.* sleep.
sweolce, **sweolgan**. See *swylce*, *swelgan* (to swallow).
sweôlod, **swôlod**, *st. m.* glow, fire, flame (*swealing*).
swecn (Rid. 16: 4), **sweopa**, **sweopian**, **sweopu** (*pl*). See *sû*, *swipa*, *swipian*, *swip*.
sweor, *st. m.* father-in-law. (Ger. *schwâher*).
sweora, **swiora**, **swira**, **swyra**, *v. m.* neck, nape.
sweorcan, *st. abl. v. I.* to be or become gloomy, dark, sad.
for-sweorcan, to darken, grow dark.
ge-sweorcan, to darken, obscure, grow dark; to become sad, gloomy.
sweorcend-ferhd, *adj.* gloomy of spirit, sad.
sweord, **swurd**, **swyrd**, *st. n.* sword.
sweord-berend, *part. & subs.* sword-bearer.
sweord-bealo, *st. n.* sword-bale, injury or destruction through the sword.
sweord-bite, *st. m.* sword-bite, wound with the sword.
sweord-freca, *v. m.* sword-wolf, sworded warrior.
sweord-ge-nidla, *v. m.* sworded foe, foe armed with a sword.
sweord-, **swyrd-ge-swing**, *st. n.* sword-swinging, combat, slaughter.
sweord-gifu, *st. f.* sword-giving, gift of swords.
sweord-gripe, *st. m.* sword attack, onslaught with swords.

sweord-, awurd-lêoma, *w. m.* sword-
gleam, coruscation of swords.

sweord-plega, *w. m.* sword-play,
conflict.

sweord-ræs, *st. m.* sword-rush; at-
tack.

sweord-slege, *st. m.* sword-thrust,
blow.

sweord-wigend, *part. & subs.*
sworded warrior.

sweord-wund, *adj.* sword-wounded.

sweorfan, *st. abl. v. I.* to wipe off,
cleanse, file, polish.

sweorian. See **swarian** (to speak).

sweostor, **swuster**, *st. f.* sister.

sweet, *st. n.* band, troop;—*instr. pl.*
sweetum, in troops.

sweotol, **awutol**, **sutol**, *adj.* 1. visible,
distinct, plain, evident.—2. audible,
clear, distinct. B. 90.

sweetule, **swetole**, *adv.* visibly,
clearly, plainly, precisely.

sweotulian, **swutulian**, *w. v.* to be
plain, visible, evident.

ge-sweotulian, to render plain,
distinct, visible.

sweotul-, **swutollice**, *adv.* plainly,
visibly, distinctly, precisely.

sweodrian. See **swidrian** (to lessen).

awian. See **swigian** (to be silent).

awic, *st. m.* odor, smell.

awican, *st. abl. v. V.* 1. (absolutely)
to go, move about, yield, give way,
evade, escape, get away.—2. **ût**
swican, to go out or forth.—3.
from awican, or **swican from**,
to decline, fall off, revolt, desist,
cease from.—4. *w. dat.* to desist,
leave in the lurch, abandon, re-
nounce.

â-swican, to fall off, desert,
abandon; to irritate, provoke.

be-awican, to beguile, deceive,
betray, mislead.

ge-awican, to omit, intermit,
desist, cease to help, abandon,
deceive, renounce, betray.

swice, **swyce**, *st. m.* 1. issue, result,
success.—2. procrastination, de-
lay (Gû. 1007).—3. offense, prov-
ocation, insult.

swice, *adj.* renouncing, deserting,
abandoning.

swician, **swycian**, *w. r.* 1. to err,
wander, wander about.—2. to de-
cline, fall off from, deviate (Ps.
118: 102).—3. to exert, weary one's
self (Gen. 607).

swicol, *adj.* guileful, deceitful, false.

swifan, *st. abl. v. V.* to roam, ramble
about. (Ger. *schweifen*.)

on-swifan, 1. *w. acc.* to swing,
to move against or toward.—2. to
push off, put aside, turn away.

swift, *adj.* swift, quick.

swiftu, *st. f.* swiftness.

swige, *w. f.* silence, stillness, rest.
(Ger. *schweigen*.)

swige, *adj.* silent, taciturn, quiet.

swigian, **swygian**, *w. v.* to be silent,
quiet, still. (Ger. *schweigen*.)

ge-swigian, 1. to be silent, quiet.
2. to silence.

swilc, **swylc**, **swulc**, **awelc**, *pron.*

1. each, every (B. 299).—2. who,
whoever, whichever (Ps. Ben. 19: 9).

3. such, such a.—4. which.—5.
swylc—**swylc**, such—as, so—as.

swilce, **swylce**, **swelce**, **sweolce**,
adv. 1. also, moreover, and further,
furthermore.—2. *w. subs.* as, so as.
3. in like manner, likewise, after
the same fashion, so, thus.—4. as
(how).—5. *w. subj.* as if, as though.

awilt. See **awylt** (death).

awima, *w. m.* giddiness, vertigo, diz-
ziness, swimming of the head.

awimman, **swymman**, *st. abl. v. I.*
to swim.

ofer-swimman, *w. acc.* to swim
over, across, through.

awin, *st. n.* awine, hog, boar.—2.
boar-figure or ornament on the
helmet.

swincan, *st. abl. v. I.* to **swink**, labor hard, toil, exhaust one's self.

swingan, *st. abl. v. I. 1.* to flog, strike, scourge, whip, chastise.—**2.** **swingan on twā** = strike in two, divide by a blow.—**3.** *intrans.* to swing, fly, flutter.

be-swingan, to flog, beat, strike, scourge.

ge-swingan, the same as above.

swingel, *st. f.* blow, beating, whipping; dejection, affliction.

swingela, **swingla**, *w. m.* whip, scourge.

swingere, *st. m.* swinger, striker, scourger.

swin-lica, *w. m.* **swine-likeness**, board-figure on the helmet.

swinsian, **swynsian**, *w. v.* to sound, resound, sing, rustle.

swip, *st. n. (pl. sweopu)*, whip, scourge.

swipa, **sweopa**, *w. m.* same as above.

swipian, **swippan**, **sweopian**, *w. v.* to whip, scourge, beat.

swira. See **sweora** (neck).

swid, **swyð**, *adj. 1.* strong, vigorous, valiant, powerful, violent.—**2.** in *compar.* right (or strong) hand (as opposed to left).

swidan, **swyðan**, *w. v.* to strengthen, establish, assist, enrich.

for-swidan, to crush, press upon, repel, push back.

ge-swidan, to strengthen, render strong, invigorate, reënforce.

ofer-swidan, *w. acc.* to excel, surpass, conquer, overwhelm, vanquish.

swide, **swyðe**, *adv.* strongly, very, much, violently;—*compar.* **swidor** = more, rather, more strongly, violently;—*superl.* most, very, exceedingly.

swid-ferd, **-ferhd**, *adj.* strong of mind, bold, brave.

swid-feorm, *adj.* strong, powerful, rich.

swid, **swyð-ge-neahhe**, *adv.* quite enough, very often, frequently.

swid-ge-neahhige, *adv.* the same as above. [quick.

swid-hwæt, *adj.* very prompt, agile, **swid**, **swyð-hycgende**, *part.* strong-minded, bold, brave.

swidlic, *adj.* immense, great, violent.

swid-mihtig, *adj.* very powerful, mighty.

swid-môð, *adj.* of strong or impetuous mind, bold, brave, insolent. **swidrian**, **sweodrian**, *w. v.* to increase, diminish, dwindle, give way, vanish, weaken, rest.

ge-swidrian, to lessen, diminish,

weaken; to effect, accomplish.

swid-snel, *adj.* very quick, agile, prompt.

swiora, **swiodol**. See **sweora**, **swadol**.

swôgan, *st. red. v. (to sough)*, to rustle, whistle, hum, buzz, roar, rattle.

swôl? glow, fire, flame. (Ger. *schwül*.)

swôlod, **swon**, **swoncor**, **swongor**, **swor** (Exod. 239), **sworcan**. See **sweôlod**, **swan**, **swancor**, **swangor**, **spor**, **sweorcan**.

sworcen-ferd, *adj.* somber, sad. Wy. 25.

swulc, **swurd**, **swuster**, **swutol**, **swutulian**. See **swilc**, **sweord**, **sweostor**, **sweetol**, **sweetulian**.

swyce, **swycian**, **swyðgian**, **swylc**, **swylce**. See **swice**, **swician**, **swigian**, **swilc**, **swilce**.

swyld, *st. f.* pain? Ps. 114: 3.

swylian, *w. v.* in

be-swylian, to soil, fleck, befoul.

swylt, **swilt**, *st. m.* death.

swylt-cwalu, *st. f.* death-torment, death.

swylt-dæg, *st. m.* day of death.

swylt-dêad, *st. m.* death, perishing.

swyttend. See **sweitan** (to die).

swylt-hwil, *st. f.* death-hour.

swymman, **swynsian**, **swyr**, **swyra**,
swyrd, **swyð**, **swyðan**, **swyðe**.

See **swimman**, **swinsian**, **swer**,
sweora, **sweord**, **swid**, **swidan**,
swide.

sȳ, **syb**, **sȳd**. See **si**, **sêon**, **sib**, **sid**.

syfon-. See **seofon-wintre**.

sȳfer, *adj.* sober, self-denying, pure,
clean. (Ger. *sauber*.)

syflan, *u. v. in*

ge-syflan, to provide or supply
with relishes or stimulants to ap-
petite.

syfone. See **seofan** (seven).

syge (?), sight, aspect.

sygor, **syhd**, **sylf**, **sylfor**. See **sigor**,
sêon, **self**, **seolfor**.

sylian, **selian**, *u. v.* to sully, spot,
fleck, pollute.

be-sylian, the same as above.

syll, *st. f.* sill, doorsill, threshold,
dais whereon benches stand.

sȳlla, **syllan**, **syllend**, **syllic**, **sylo-**
fren. See **sêl**, **sellan**, **sellend**,
sellic, **seolfren**.

symbol, *st. n.* banquet, drinking-
bout, feast, carouse, meal, festivity.

symbol, *st. n.* duration, continuance.

symbol-dæg, *st. m.* day of feasts or
feasting, holidays.

symbol-gâl, *adj.* merry or riotous in
feasting, intoxicated, drunk.

symbol-ge-fêra, *u. m.* constant com-
panion.

symbol-ge-reordu, *st. n. pl.* banquet-
ings, feasting, carousings.

symbol-gifa, *u. m.* giver of feasts
or meals.

symbol-wêrig, *adj.* weary of the
carouse or feast.

symbol-wlonc, *adj.* insolent or elated
from feasting.

symbol-wyn, *st. f.* joy of feasting,
social delight.

symble, *adv.* ever, forever, always.

ymblian, **ymblian**, *u. v.* to feast,
carouse, enjoy one's self.

symle, **symles**, **syn-**, **sȳn**. See **simle**,
simles, **sin-**, **si**, **sêon**.

syn, **sinn**, **senn**, *st. f.* 1. sin, guilt.

2. hostility, enmity, feud.

syn-byrden, *st. f.* burden of sin.

sync, **synd**. See **sinc**, **sind**.

syn-dæd, *st. f.* deed or act of sin.

syndig, *adj.* skilled in swimming?

Crä. 58.

syndon. See **sindon** (are).

syndrian, *u. v. in*

â-syndrian, to **sunder**, separate,
divide.

tô-syndrian, the same as above.

syndrig, *adj.* special, apart, alone,
unique.

syn-fâh, **-fâ**, *adj.* sin-stained.

syn-full, *adj.* sinful, guilty.

syngian, **singian**, *u. v.* to **sin**.

ge-syngian, the same as above.

syn-gryn, *st. f.* sin, harm, mischief
of sin.

syn-lêasig, *adj.* sinless, guiltless, in-
nocent.

synlice, *adv.* sinfully, foully, infamously.

syn-lust, *st. m.* pleasure in sin, de-
sire to sin.

synn. See **syn** (sin).

synnig, *adj.* sinful, guilty, punish-
able, criminal.

syn-rust, *st. m.* sin-rust, filth of sin.

syn-sceada, **-scada**, *u. m.* sinful
scather, unjust criminal.

synt, **synu**. See **sind**, **seonu**.

syn-wracu, *st. f.* punishment for sin.

syn-wund, *st. f.* wound of sin.

syn-wyrcende, *part.* sin-worker.

sȳp, *st. m.* sip, sup, sipping, drink-
ing in.

syrcce, **syrgan**. See **serce**, **serwan**.

syddam. See **siddan** (since).

syddan, *u. v.* to surrender, deliver
up, cast down? Ps. 73: 13.

T

tâcen, tâcn, *st. n.* **1.** token, mark.

2. suggestion, indication, symbol.

3. wonder, marvelous deed, act, heroic deed.—**4.** proof, ground, demonstration, subject.

tâcnian, *w. v.* in

ge-tâcnian, to sign, mark, characterize, betoken, designate, destine, determine, establish.

tâecan, tâecan, *w. v.* to show, point out, exhibit. (Ger. *zeigen*.)

be-tâecan, to show, point out, characterize, make over, assign, deliver.

ge-tâecan, to show, point out, reveal, designate, refer, make over, arraign.

tâecnan, *w. v.* to mark by a token, to denote, designate, trace out.

ge-tâecnan, to show, point out.

tâecne, *adj.* (in compounds), to be shown or pointed out.

tâefel, *st. f. & n.* die, eube, game at dice, dice-playing.

tâefle, *adj.* acquainted with or devoted to dice-playing.

tâegel, *st. m.* tail.

tâel. See **talû** (number).

tâelan, *w. v.* to slander, calumniate, accuse, blame, scold.

tâele, tâelêd, (*part.*), **tâelian**. See **tâlu, tellan, talian**.

tâel-met, *st. n.* tale, number, computation.

tâel-mearc, *st. f.* counting over, calculation.

tâel-, tâelnis, *st. f.* removal, deprivation, depreciation, degradation, blame, censure, transgression of duty, breach of official fidelity.

tâesan, *w. v.* **1.** to touse, tease, tug, pluck.—**2.** to wound, injure.

tâese, *adj.* mild, gentle.

tâesu, *st. f.* harm, injury, destruction.

tâetan (?), to eass. Wy. 4.

talian, tâelian, *w. v.* to count, calculate, value, consider (as), mention, believe, think.

talû, *st. f.* **1.** tale, number, calculation.—**2.** speech, telling, narrative.

tâl, *st. f.* calumny, false witness, abuse, malicious accusation.

tam, tom, *adj.* tame.

tama, *w. m.* tameness.

tân, *st. m.* **1.** rod, switch, bush, sprout, twig, branch.—**2.** staff, rod used in divination, magic, or prophecy; fate, destiny.

tân, *adj.* (tined?), branched, furnished with branches.

tapur, *st. m.* taper, wax taper.

tedre. See **tydre** (soft).

têgan, *w. v.* in

ge-têgan, to make. Met. 13: 14.

tela, teala, *adv.* fitly, fittingly, well, rightly.

teldan, *st. abl. v. I.* in

be-, bi-teldan, to cover, cover over, screen, protect, envelop, surround. (Ger. *zelt*.)

ofer-teldan, the same as above.

telg, *st. m.* fluid, infusion, tincture.

telga, *w. m.* branch, twig, vine-shoot.

telge (B. 2067). See **talian** (to count).

telgian, *w. v.* to put forth branches, or twigs.

tellan, *w. v.* (*pret. tealde*), **1.** to tell, count.—**2.** to reckon up, calculate, count out.—**3.** to esteem, reckon (as), mention, believe, think.

ge-tellan, to count, count out or over, compute, consider, weigh.

tô-tellan, to separate in counting, arrange, distinguish.

têlnys. See **têlnis** (blame).

temian, *w. v.* in

â-temian, to tame, to render gentle or quiet.

têman, tȳman, *w. r.* to bear, bring forth, teem with.

tempel, *st. n.* temple.

ten, tene, tyn, tyne, *num.* ten.

tênan. See tȳnan (to injure).

tengan, *w. r.* to press toward, hurry, hasten.

ge-tengan, to press; to devote, dedicate.

tennan, *w. r.* to lure, allure? Wy. 4. teran, *st. abl. r. II.* to tear.

tergan, tyrgan, *w. r.* to pull or pluck hither and thither, torment, tease; to scorn.

tesu, teswian. See teosu, teoswian.

têd. See tōd (tooth).

têafor, *st. n.* foundation, place for building (with external walls of a house). Ruin. 31.

têag, *st. f.* thong, rope, band, fetter, towline.

teagor, *st. m.* tear, teardrop.

teala. See tela, til, talu.

tealde, *pret.* of tellan (to count).

tealt, *adj.* tilting, unsteady, tottering.

tealtrian, *w. r.* to tilt, totter, vacillate, be in peril. [ant.

têam, *st. m.* sprout, scion, descend-

teâr, tȳr, *st. m.* 1. drop.—2. tear.

teârig-hlêor, *adj.* with tearful cheeks.

têofenian, *w. r.* to join, put together, unite.

têofrian, *w. r.* the same as above.

teoh, teohh, *st. f. & m. (n.?)* race, company, number, band, troop, society.

têohan. See tēon (to accuse).

teohhian, tiohhian, tilhian, tyhian, *w. r.* to fix, establish, show, direct, determine, resolve, believe.

teolian, teolum. See tilian, til.

tēon, tion, *st. abl. r. VI.* (Ger. *ziehen*.)

1. *w. acc.* to draw, lead.—2. educate, rear (Ps. 79: 5).—3. *intrans.*

to move, go, roam.—4. *w. acc.* to create, procreate, beget. Gen. 980.

â-tēon, 1. to draw out, off, from.

2. to handle, treat.—3. to move, journey, roam.—4. *intrans.* up â-tēon, to ascend, draw up, move away (Exod. 490).

for-tēon, 1. to draw away, distort, mislead.—2. to draw or put over; to obstruct, cover.

ge-tēon, 1. to draw.—2. to give, lend, put at the disposal of.

of-tēon, 1. to draw off, withdraw, take away.—2. to refuse, withhold, deny, deprive of.

ofer-tēon, to draw over, cover.

tō-tēon, to draw in two, draw in pieces.

purh-tēon, to draw or put through, to execute, carry out.

tēon. See tihan (to accuse).

tēon, tion, *w. r.* 1. to make, produce, work, set, fix, establish, constitute. 2. to furnish with or out, to deck. B. 43.

fore-tēon, to make beforehand, establish, exhibit, arrange, dispose, ordain.

ge-tēon, to make, work, set, establish, conclude.

tēon, *st. n.* teen, harm, hurt, hostility.

tēona, *w. m.* reproach, accusation, insult, offense, discord, enmity, injury.

tēon-cwide, *st. m.* hurtful speech, calumny, reproach, blasphemy.

tēone, *w. f.* calumny, injustice.

tēon-ful, *adj.* teenful, injurious, unworthy, malicious.

tēon-hete, *st. m.* malicious hate.

tēon-lêg, *st. m.* destroying flame, fire of perdition, burning of the world.

tēonlic, *adj.* destructive, hurtful, shameful.

tēonlice, *adv.* the same as above.

tēon-smid, *st. m.* calumniator, doer of injustice, evil-doer.

teon-tig, *num.* (ten-ty), hundred.
tēon-wærgdū, *st. f.* punishment.
tēon-wit, *st. m.* quarrel, strife.
tēon-word, *st. n.* abuse, calumny.
teorian, *w. r.* **1.** *intrans.* to dwindle, vanish, become weary, yield.—**2.** *w. acc.* to exhaust, tire. Ps.141: 3.
ge-teorian, to dwindle, vanish, weary, yield.
teosel, *st. m.* die (dice).
teosu, **tesu**, *st. f.* harm, injury, destruction.
teosu-spræc, *st. f.* calumny, harmful speech.
teoswian, **teswian**, *w. r.* to offend, insult.
tēoda, *num. adj.* tenth.
tiber, **tifer**, *st. n.* offering, victim, sacrifice, sacrificial animal.
tielum (?). (Rid. 40: 2. = **tidum**?)
tid, *st. f.* **1.** tide, time;—*instr. pl.* **tidum**, timely, at the right time (Gn. Ex. 125).—**2.** feast-day, festal tide.—**3.** hour.
tid-dæg, *st. m.* lifetime, death.
tid-ege, *st. m.* dread of one's appointed time, death.
tid-fara, *w. m.* timely traveler, opportune journeyer. Cri. 1674.
tidlice, *adv.* timely, in time.
tifer, **tigan**. See **tiber**, **týgan**.
tigol, *st. f.*; **tigele**, *w. f.* tile.
tigel-fâg, *adj.* with colored tiles.
—tigidian. See **tidian** (to grant).
tihan, **tēon**, *st. abl. v.* V. to accuse, accuse of. (Ger. *zeihen*.)
of-tihan, to deny, refuse.
tihhian, **tiht**, **tihtan**, **tiht**. See **teohhian**, **tyht**, **tyhtan**, **tēon**, **tihan**.
til, **till**, *adj.* adapted, suitable, fitting, good, useful.
til, *st. n.* goodness, fitness.
tila, **tela**, *adv.* fitly, well. Rid. 49: 2.
Tile, the isle of Thule (Met. 16: 15);—usually **pyle**.
til-, **till-fremmend**, *part.* well-doing, well-acting.

tilian, **tiligan**, **tiligean**, **tilgan**, **teolian**, **tiolian**, *w. r.* (*w. inf.*), **1.** to aim, have in view, strive for, seek, exert one's self.—**2.** *w. gen.* to attain, seek to attain, effect by effort, win, deserve.
ge-tilian, to win, give.
till, *st. n.* fixed standing-place, station, place. Met. 20: 172.
tillic, *adj.* fit, good.
tillice, *adv.* the same as above.
til-môð, *adj.* well-disposed, kind, good.
til-môðig, *adj.* the same as above.
tima, *w. m.* time.
timber, *st. n.* material (**timber**), structure, building.
timbran, **timbrian**, *w. r.* to build, construct, erect, form, forge.
â-timbran, to build up, erect.
be-timbran, to cover with **timber**, construct, build up. [*struct.*]
ge-timbran, to build, erect, construct.
timpanum. See **tympanum**.
tingan, *st. abl. v.* I. in
ge-tingan, to join, add one's self to, associate with, unite with, press upon.
tinnan (?). Rim. 54.
tintreg, **tinterg**, *st. n.* torture, torment, punishment.
tin-trega, *w. m.* the same as above.
tīr, **týr**, *st. m.* **1.** glory, honor, ornament, brilliancy.—**2.** name of the Rune **t**.—**3.** name of a constellation that does not set. Run. 48.
tīr, **týr-ēadig**, *adj.* glorious.
tīr-fæst, *adj.* established in reputation, famous.
tīr-fruma, *w. m.* prince of glory.
tīr-lêas, *adj.* without fame, shamefully vanquished. B. 843.
tīr-meahtig, *adj.* glorious, powerful.
tid, **týð**, *st. f.* assent, permission: gift, favor.
tida, *w. m.* (with gen. of thing), in possession of, participant in.

tidian, tigidian, tȳdian, *ic. v.* to grant a request, grant, perform, hold, keep.

ge-tidian, the same as above.

tiedran. See **tydran** (to beget).

tier (?), tier, series, mass. Met. 20: 81.

tiohhian, tiolian, tion, tion-læg. See

teohhian, tilian, téon, téon-læg.

tō, *I. prep.* **1. ic. dat. to.** — (*a.*) answers to question *whither?* (aim, object, end of motion; person spoken to or addressed). — (*b.*) **to, for, into**, answers to questions *wherefore?* *to, or for, or into what?* (eud or aim; to make *into*, change *to or into*, become). — (*c.*) at, by, near, from, answers to questions *where?* (from w. verbs of asking, receiving, &c.). — (*d.*) phrases: **ne tō wuhte**, by no means, under no circumstances (Gen. 839); **tō him**, next to or nearest to him (Gen. 234); **tō hwænes willan**, in accordance with some one's will (Gen. 717). — (*e.*) in temporal relations, **for: tō langre hwile** (Gen. 489; *up to, till: næs long tō þou þæt*, until (B. 2591); *to, during: tō dæge*, to-day (Hy. 5: 6). — **2. w. gen.** phrases: **tō þæa**, to him (Gn. Ex. 35); **tō þæa**, thither, to that point (An. 1125); **tō þæs þe**, thither where (An. 1061); **tō þæa**, whither, where (An. 1072); **tō hwæa**, whither (Exod. 192); **tō þæa** (before adjectives and adverbs), to that degree, so, so very; **tō middeas dægea**, at midday. — **3. ic. acc.** to, toward, at, in; **tō dæg**, to-day. — **4. to, w. inf.** (*a.*) uninflected inf. (Az. 37). — (*b.*) w. inflected inf. = Latin, *gerund, supine, ut and subj. & fut. act. part.* (Gen. 243; B. 257). — II. adverb: two, in two. — **1. w. verbs in improper compounds.** — **2. thereto** (!) (Gen. 1224). — **3. before adjectives and adverbs too**, too much, very.

tō-gadere, -gædere, -gædre, *adv.* together.

tō-gegenes, -gênes, -geânes, *adv.* towards, against.

tō-heald, *adv.* forward, in advance.

tō-hiht. See **tōhyht** (hope).

tō-hopa, *w. m.* hope, expectation.

tohte, *ic. f.* expedition, march, campaign, battle, conflict.

tō-hyht, tō-hiht, *st. m.* (?). Cf. **hyhtes**, (Jul. 442; Cri. 58, &c.), hope.

tom. See **tam** (tame).

tōme, *adv. (ic. gen.)*, free of, empty of, vacant.

tor, torr, *st. m.* **1. tower.** — **2.** mountain top, summit, rock. (Met. 5: 17.)

tord, *st. m.* **turd**, dung, filth.

torht, *adj.* bright, luminous, illustrious, famous.

torhte, *adv.* brightly, luminously, clearly.

torhtlic, *adj.* brilliant, clear.

torhtlice, *adv.* the same as above.

torht-mōd, *adj.* of brilliant mind or spirit.

torn, *st. n.* (Ger. *zorn*), offense, insult, misery, suffering, pain, grief, wrath. [*bad.*]

torn, *adj.* grievous, saddening, bitter.

torn-cwide, *st. m.* offensive or insulting speech.

torne, *adv.* insultingly, bitterly, grievously.

torn-ge-mōt, *st. n.* angry collision, hostile meeting.

torn-ge-nidla, *ic. m.* wrath-provoking foe, angry opponent.

tornlíc, *adj.* sorrowful, grievous.

torn-mōd, *adj.* wrathful-minded, angry.

torn-sorg, *st. f.* heartfelt sorrow, care, or anxiety. [*ousa word.*]

torn-word, *st. n.* insulting or grievous.

torn-wracu, *st. f.* outburst of wrath.

torr. See **tor** (tower).

tō-samne, -somne, *adv.* together.

toate, *ic. f.* toad, paddock.

tôd, *m.* **tooth**: *irreg. dat.* **ted** (Exod. 2124); *nom. & acc. pl.* **tôdas** (Ph. 407); **têd** (Deut. 32: 24); **tôd** (Ps. Stev 57: 7).

tôd-mægen, *st. n.* **tooth-power**, strength or firmness in the teeth.

tô-weard, *adj.* **1.** impending, imminent, future.—**2.** **toward**, against. Met. 28: 7.

tô-widere, **-widre**, *prep., w. dat., or acc.* **toward**, against.

trædan (?), (to tread?), to roam through, roam about. Rid. 58: 5.

træf, *st. n.* **1.** tent.—**2.** building, structure? An. 844.

trag, *adj.* evil, mean, bad, unfavorable, disgusting.

trage, *adv.* the same as above.

trag-mæl, *st. n.* disturbance, disquietude, misery, oppression, torment.

tragu, *st. f.* the same as above.

trahtian. See **treahitian** (to think).

treðan, *st. abl. r.* III. **1.** to tread, trample, mistreat.—**2.** to enter, enter upon, go upon, roam through.

treddan, *v. v.* to search out, scrutinize, think over, reflect upon.

â-treddan, the same as above.

treddian, **tryddian**, *w. r.* to tread, tramp, stride, go, go about.

trede, *adj.* current, customary, possible, practicable.

trega, *w. m.* oppression, grievance, disturbance, uneasiness, pain.

trem, **tremman**. See **trym**, **tryman** (to strengthen).

trendlian, *v. v.* in

â-trendlian, to fly forth or up, to enroll.

treaflic, *adj.* oppressing, grieving, crushing.

treahtere, *st. m.* interpreter, expounder, meditator (on, over).

treahitian, **trahtian**, *w. r.* in

ge-trahtian, to think over or upon, reflect upon, consider.

trêo, **treow**, *st. n.* **1.** tree.—**2.** wood, grove (Ph. 200).—**3.** wood, material (Rid. 57: 9).—**4.** tree of the cross, cross.

trêo-cynn, *st. n.* sort or kind of wood, wood species.

trêo-fugol, *st. m.* tree-fowl, forest bird.

treow. See **trêo** (tree).

trêow, **trýw**, *st. f.* **1.** firmness, reliability (Run. 25).—**2.** fidelity to a promise, covenantal faith.—**3.** plighted troth, vow of fidelity.—**4.** favor, grace, kindness.—**5.** confidence, belief.

trêowan, **trûwan**, **trýwan**, *w. v.* to trust, intrust, have confidence in, believe confidently. (Ger. *trauen*.)
ge-trêowan, **1.** to trust, believe, hope.—**2.** to confirm, authenticate, render certain or credible, vow solemnly. (B. 1095; Ps. 92: 6.)

ge-or-trêowan, to mistrust, lose faith in.

on-trêowan, to intrust, confide.

trêo-, **trêow-wæstm**, *st. f.* tree.

trêowe, **trýwe**, *adj.* true, faithful.

trêow-, **triow-fæst**, *adj.* the same.

trêow-ge-pofta, *w. m.* faithful comrade, plighted companion, confederate.

trêowian, **trûwian**, **trýwian**, *w. v.* **1.** *w. gen. or dat.* to trust, intrust, confide in, have confidence in, trust to.—**2.** *w. dat.* to be faithful. (Gen. 2324.)

ge-trêowian, to trust, intrust, confide in, hope.

trêow-lôga, *w. m.* troth-breaker, pledge-breaker.

trêow-lufu, *st. f.* true love.

trêow-ræden, *st. f.* true covenant, treaty, compact.

trêowd, *st. f.* truth, fidelity, veracity.

trêow-prâg, *st. f.* time of or for faithfulness, fidelity.

treow-wæstm. See **trêow-wæstm**.

trided, trieded, 3d pers. sg. pres. of **tredan** (to tread).

trio, triow. See **tréo, trêow**.

trodu, st. f. step, treading, pace, track, vestige.

trum, adj. firm, fixed, vigorous, active, cheerful.

trumlic, adj. the same as above.

trumnad, st. m. confirmation, assurance.

trûwan, trûwian. See **trêowan, trêowian** (to trust).

tryddian. See **treddian** (to tread).

tryded, 3d pers. sg. pres. of **tredan** (to tread).

trym, trem, (Ger. *trümmer*), st. n. fragment, part, piece; — **fôtes trym**, foot's length.

trymian, u. r. to strengthen, exhort, encourage, incite.

ge-trymian, the same as above.

trymman, tremman, u. r. 1. to invigorate, strengthen, fortify, build firmly. — 2. to strengthen, encourage, exhort, incite, comfort. — 3. to storm, rage, roar, whirr (El. 35; Exod. 159).

ge-trymman, to invigorate, strengthen, fortify, encourage; to get, procure. (Gen. 248.)

trymnes, st. f. firmness, solidity.

trýw, trýwan, trýwe, trýwian. See **tréow, trêowan, trêowe, trêowian**.

tû. See **pû** and **twegen** (two).

tucian, u. r. (Ger. *zucken*, **twitch**), to cause to quiver, palpitate, shake, convulse, disturb.

tuddor, tudor, st. n. scion, descendant, progeny, growth, posterity.

tuddor-spêd, st. f. fertility, fruitfulness.

tuddor-têonde, part. begetting posterity.

tûn, st. m. hedge, fence, inclosed dwelling, place, **town**.

tunece, u. f. **tunic**, undergarment, garment.

tunge, u. f. tongue.

tungol, tungel, tungl, st. m. & n. constellation, star, planet.

tungol-gim, st. m. star-gem, constellation.

turf, st. f. (dat. sg. **tyrf**), **turf**, soil, grass.

turf-haga, u. m. turf-cover, turf, covering of grass.

turtle, u. f. turtle-dove.

twâ. See **twegen** (two).

twæfan, u. r. in

ge-twæfan, 1. to separate from, deprive of, hinder in, incapacitate for. — 2. to confuse, bewilder (Gen. 53; Exod. 119).

twæman, u. r. in

ge-twæman, to incapacitate for, to render incapable of.

tô-twæman, to dissever, break up or in pieces, to dissolve.

ge-tô-twæman, to sever, part, hinder in, incapacitate for.

twegen, twâ, tû, num. two, twain; nom. & acc. **twegen**, f. **twâ**, n. **tû, twâ**; (**twâ** is also of common gender: **wit Adam twâ**, Adam and I: Sat. 411); gen. m., f., & n. **twegra, twega**; — dat. m., f., & n. **twâm, twæm**.

twelf, num. twelve.

twelfta, num. adj. twelfth.

twelf-tig (twelve-ty = 120). See **hund-twelftig**.

twen-tig, num. twenty.

twêo, st. m. 1. **twoness**, doubt. — 2. difference, distinction (El. 668).

twêogan, twêon, u. m. 1. to be of two minds, doubt, doubt of. — 2. *impers.* u. acc. of person: to seem or appear doubtful.

ge-twêogan, to doubt, hesitate, vacillate, be irresolute.

tweoh. See **twih** (both).

twêone, num. bini, two.

twēo-spræce, *adj.* two-spoken, ambiguous, double-minded.

twoox. See **twih** (both).

twidig, *adj.* granted, allowed, permitted.

twi-ecg, *adj.* two-edged.

twig, *st. n.* **twig**, branch, vine-shoot.

twiga, *w. m.* the same as above.

twigan, *w. v.* in

ge-palm-twigan, to deck or ornament with **palm-branches**.

twih, *acc. both*, two; *mid unc twih*, between us two. (Gen. 2253.)

twy-. See **twi-ecg**.

tȳan, *w. v.* to draw, pull, rear, instruct, teach.

ge-tȳan, the same as above.

tydernes, *st. f.* (†). Sol. 47.

tydran, **tyddran**, **tiedran**, *w. v.* 1. *intrans.* to get children.—2. *w. acc.* to beget, produce, bear, bring forth.

ā-tydran, to beget.

tydere, **tedre**, *adj.* weak, tender, feeble, cowardly.

tydrian, *w. v.* to weaken, soften, become feeble, fall to pieces.

tȳgan. See **tēag** (rope).

tȳgan, **tigan**, *w. v.* in

ge-tigan, to tie, bind together, to fetter. [lish].

tyhhian. See **teohhian** (to establish), **tȳhst**, *2d pers. st. pres.* of **tihan**, **tēon** (to accuse).

tyht, **tiht**, *st. m.* 1. training, discipline, instruction.—2. movement, motion.

tyhtan, **tihtan**, *w. v.* to train, breed, educate, instruct, goad, incite.

ā-tyhtan, 1. to beget.—2. to lead? lure in? Met. 1: 8.

for-tyhtan, to mislead, lead astray.

ge-tyhtan, to educate, teach, instruct.

on-tyhtan, to urge on, incite.

tȳhd, *3d pers. sg. pres.* of **tihan**, **tēon**.

tyllan, *w. v.* in

for-tyllan, to lead astray, mislead. Cri. 270.

tyllan. See **til** (fit).

tȳma, **tȳman**. See **tēma**, **tēman**.

tympanum, *n.* **tympanum**.

tyl. See **ten**.

tȳnan, *w. v.* in

ā-tȳnan, to shut off or out.

be-, **bi-tȳnan**, to hedge about, inclose, close up, bury.

ge-tȳnan, to shut or close in, to bury.

on-tȳnan, to unclose, open, reveal, unveil.

un-tȳnan, the same as above.

tȳnan, *w. v.* to grieve, insult, trouble.

tyne, **tȳr**, **tyrf**. See **ten**, **tir**, **turf**.

tȳtan, *w. v.* to sparkle, shine.

tȳd, **tȳda**, **tȳdian**. See **tīd**, **tīda**, **tīdian**.

p

pā, 1. *adv.* there, then.—2. *conj.* as, inasmuch as, if, when, since.

pa, **pā**. See **þæt** (*pron.*), **pāw**.

pæc, *st. n.* **thatch**, roof. (Ger. *dach*.)

pæh, **pæm**, **pænnē**. See **pēah**, **þæt**, (*pron.*), **þeam**, **þanne**.

pær, **þar**, **þer**, 1. *adv. & conj.* of place: there, yonder.—2. where, there. 3. thither.—4. whither.—5. thither-where.—II. represents demonstra-

tives and relative pronouns in union with (postponed) prepositions.—III. *conj.* with *subj. & indie.* if, though.

pæra, **pære**, **pæs**, **pæs**. See **þæt**, (*pron.*), **þes**.

þæt (*m. se, f. sēo, sio*), **that**: *gen. m. & n. pæs, þes*; *dat. m. & n. pām, pæm, pān, þon*; *gen. & dat. f. pære, pære, pāra* (Ps. C. 34), **pære**;

acc. m. þane, þæne, þone, f. þā, n. þæt; instr. m. & n. þý, þi, þe; pl. nom. & acc. m. & f. þā, n. þa; gen. m. & f. þāra, þæra, þæara; dat. m. & f. & n. þām, þæm, þém, þān, þon.—*I. adj. before a noun (as unaccented demons. or article: a relative in subordinate clause may refer to it).—II. subs. 1. demonstrative: phrases: gen. sg. n. þæs, on this account, therefore, for this, since; þæs, þe, see þe; þæs (before adj. & adv.), to that degree, that, so; tō þæs, see tō, w. gen.; dat. sg. n. bi (be) þām, þon, thereon, therein; éac þām (þān, þon), in addition to this, besides this, as also, moreover; ær þon þe (conj.), ere, before; æfter þām (þān, þon), after, later, next, in or after that fashion; for þām (þém, þān, þon), therefore, on that or this account, for this reason; for þām þe, for, because; ful nēah þon, almost, nearly; on þām, in or on that, therein, thereon; on þān þe, in this, in that; sid-dām,—sithence, since, see sid-dan; instr. n. æfter þý, after (that), later; þý, on this account, by that, therefore; the (with comparatives, the more, &c.).—2. relative: by attraction or ellipsis of þe, þæt becomes both relative and conj.: (a.) ellipsis of the relative þe; gen. sg. þæs (for þæa þe; Gen. 456); dat. þām (= þām þe; Sch. 9); gen. pl. þāra (= þāra þe; Hy. 4: 23); acc. pl. þā (= þā (= þā þe; Dan. 125).—(b.) ellipsis of the conj.: þæa = þæs þe, for this, for that, because (Wald. 1: 26); as far as, as (Dan. 648); tō þæa (= tō þæa þe), thither where (whither); for þām (= for þām þe), for this reason that, for, because; ær þām (= ær þām þe), ere, before: aid-*

dam (= siddan þe), after, when; þý (= þý þe), by this, by that, because (Rid. 10: 12); that, in order that (B. 242), because, as if; þý læs (conj.), that not, lest: see læs; for þý (= for þý þe), for this reason that, for, because.

þæt, conj. that, so that, in order that; þæt þe, that.

þætte = þæt þe: I. pron. that which.

II. conj. that, so that, in order that.

þafian, w. v. to submit to, yield, accede, agree, permit.

ge-þafian, to allow, permit, grant, approve, effect; endure.

þām, þān. See þæt (pron.).

þan, þon, adv. 1. thence, from that point or time (B. 2423).—2. in neg. clauses w. comparative = in comparison with, beginning from that point.—3. inasmuch as, when (Seel. Ex. 42; Gen. Ex. 42, 108).

þanan, þanon, þonan, þonon, adv. 1. thence, from there, from that time.—2. from where, whence.—3. of that, though that, thereof, therethrough (Ps. 67: 3).—4. temporal: than, thereupon, henceforth.

þananne, þانونne, adv. from thence, thence. Jud. 13.

þanc, þonc, st. m. 1. thought, reflection, sentiment.—2. grace, favor, pardon (Gen. 796; Ps. 101: 15).—3. satisfaction with or pleasure in something.—4. thanks.—5. reward, recompense (Gû. 442).

þanc-hycgende, part. thoughtful, full of thought, considerate.

þancian, þoncian, w. r. to thank, recompense, reward. (Gen. 2689.) ge-þancian, to thank.

þancol, þoncol, adj. thoughtful, considerate, cautious, wise.

þancol-, þoncol-môð, adj. the same as above.

panc-, ponc-snottor, *adj.* wise, prudent, ingenious.

pancung, *st. f.* thanking, thanksgiving.

panc-, ponc-wyrde, *adj.* thank-worthy (worthy of thought), agreeable.

panne, pænne, ponne, **1.** *adv.* then, there, thereupon, thereafter, henceforth; but, then, on the contrary, to be sure;—in the main clause the *adv.* **ponne** (then) corresponds to the *conj.* **ponne** (if) or **gif** in the *subord. clause*: it is sometimes found in broken discourse (anaeolouthon); in questions, **ponne** = then (Lat. *nam.*)—**II. conj. 1.** temporal: *w. indic. & subj.* when (quum), as, when (quando), how long, so long as, as.—**2.** in comparative clauses—than; often **ponne þæt** (*w. subj.*) than that; or **ponne ponne, ponne gif** (*w. indic. or subj.*), than when, than if; so after *gelice, ungelice, &c.* Sometimes the compar. is wanting in main clause. (B. 70; Exod. 337. &c.)

panon, panonne, þar, þāra, þās (*pl.*). See **panan, pananne, þær, þæt**, (*pron.*), **þes, þāw**.

þāw, *st. m.* slave, servant.

þawenian, *w. v.* in

ge-þawenian, (to thaw), to moisten, bedew, water.

✠ **þe**, *indecl. rel. particle*.—**I.** represents *rel. pron.* in all cases, *sg. & pl.*, alone or with a *demon.*; verb is usually in *sg.* after **þāra þe**, of those that.—**þe** is often associated by attraction with *pers. pron.*: **þe ic**, I (Cri. 792); **þe wē**, we (Cri. 25); **þe he ūsic**, us that he (B. 2638); **þe þū**, thou (Hö. 126); **þū þe**, thou that (Ps. 79: 1); **þe he** (Ps. 67: 4); **þe hēo** (Jud. 6); **þe his**, whose, of whom (Ps. Th. 39: 4); **þe þū his**, whose, of whom, than (Ps. 79:

14); **se þe his**, he, whose, of whom (Sat. 283); **þe him**, to whom (Sch. 66); **þe ic him**, to whom I (Wid. 133), &c.—*Pronouns of 1st and 2d pers.* sometimes fall out: thus, **þe = þe ic** (Kid. 28: 16); **þe = þe þū** (Hy. 10: 2); **þe = þe ge** (El. 577).—**II. conj. 1.** that, because.—*Phrases*: **þæs þe**, that (Gen. 1469), for that that, because (Gen. 77); in so far, as (Cri. 74); since, after (Jud. 13); **on þān þe**, in this that (Ps. 118: 7); **wid þān þe**, against this that, in opposition to (Ps. 118: 59); **ær þon þe**, ere, before (Jud. 252); **for þām þe**, for this reason that, for, because (Dan. 226); **þý þe**, because (Dan. 85).—**2.** or (Cri. 1307); **þc — þe**, either — or.—**3.** than (after comparatives: Dan. 264); the (= Ger. *je*), (Met. 10: 20). **4.** stands for **þær** (where), in El. 717); **tō þæs þe**, thither where (B. 714); **ōð þe**, up to, until (B. 649); **þeah þe**. See **þeah**.

þe, þec, þē. See **þū, þæt** (*pron.*). **þeccan, -ean**, *w. v.* (to cover up?), to eat, consume.

þeccan, *w. v.* (*pret.* **þehte, þeahhte**; *part.* **þeaht**), to thatch, bedeck, cover, cover over.

be-, bi-þeccan, same as above.

ge-þeccan, the same as above.

ofer-þeccan, the same as above.

þeccend, *part. & subs.* protector, defender.

þecele, *w. f.* torch. [roof.

þecen, *st. f.* thatch, cover, covering,

þecgan, *w. v.* in

ā-þecgan, to take up or in.

ge-þecgan, to use up, consume.

of-þecgan, to snatch or take off or away.

began (?), to accept, take? (Gû. 140).

þēgan, *w. v.* in

ge-þēgan, to use up, consume.

(Cri. 1510.)

pegen, **pegn**, **pên**, *st. m.* thane, man, liegeman, feudal vassal, knight.

pegenlice, *adv.* in knightly or manly fashion, valiantly.

pegn-scipe, *st. m.* 1. thaneship, feudal service, service.—2. manliness. Gen. 836.

pegn-sorg, *st. f.* thane-sorrow, grief for the loss of one's men.

pegn-weorud, *st. n.* thane-troop, followers.

pegn. See **pegen** (thane).

pegnian, **pénian**, *v. r.* to serve, attend, wait on.

ge-pegnian, the same as above.

pegnung, *st. f.* serving, service.

pêgon, *pret. pl.* of **picgan** (to take).

pegu, *st. f.* reception. [Used only in compounds.]

pêh. See **péah** (though, yet).

pehte. See **peccan** (to deck).

pel, *st. n.*; **pelu**, *st. f.* deal- (boards). [Used only in compounds.]

pell-fæsten, *st. n.* fastness made of deal-boards, ship, ark.

pel-tréow, *st. n.* tree? Hy. 11: 4.

pên. See **pegen** (thane).

pencan, -*ean*, *v. v.* (*pret.* **pohte**), to think, be of a mind, remember, intend, fancy, opine, recollect, reflect upon.

â-pencan, 1. to think out, invent, conceive.—2. to remember, intend, wish. B. 2643.

bi-pencan, to think upon or over, ponder, remember, be minded about; to care, be apprehensive, anxious.

for-pencan, to mistrust.

ge-pencan, 1. to think.—2. to think upon, ponder, take to heart. 3. to remember, be mindful.—4. to think out, invent.—5. to intend, wish.

geond-pencan, to think through or over.

ymbe-pencan, to think about, consider. Met. 10: 4.

pencan (?). Wy. 43.

penden, **pendan**, **pendon**, **pynden**, I. *conj.*, *v. indic.*, & *subj.* during, whilst, so long as, until.—II. *adv.* meanwhile, in the interval.

pengel, *st. m.* prince, lord.

pénian. See **pegnian** (to serve).

pénian, **pennan**, *v. r.* (cf. **thin**), to stretch, extend, draw out, stretch forth.

â-pénian, the same as above.

be-pennan, to span, stretch on or upon.

per. See **pær** (there).

perscan, *st. abl. v. l.* to thresh, beat, strike.

persc-wald. See **pyrsc-wold**.

pes, **pêos** (**pîos**), **pis**, *adj. & subs. pror.* this; *nom. sg. m.* **pes**; *f.* **pêos**, **pîos**; *n.* **pis**, **pys**; *gen. m. & n.* **piesses**, **pysses**, **piises**; *dat. m. & n.* **piissum**, **pyssum**, **peossum**, **piisum**, **pysum**, **piisson**, **pysson**, **piisan**, **pyisan**; *gen. & dat. f.* **piisse**, **pyisse**; *acc. m.* **piisne**, **pysne**; *f.* **pâs**; *n.* **pis**; *instr. m. & n.* **pÿs**, **pis**; *nom. & acc. pl. m. & f.* **pâs**, **pâes**; *gen.* **piissa**, **pyssa**; *dat.* **piissum**, **pyssum**, **piiossum**.

pêwan. See **pêowan** (to crush).

pêah, **pêh**, **pêh**, 1. *adv.* though, yet, nevertheless, notwithstanding; **awâ**, **sê** **pêah**, nevertheless, however.—2. *conj.*, *v. indic.*, & *subj.* though, although; (so **pêah** **pe**).

peaht, *st. f.* 1. afterthought, reflection, thought (El. 1242).—2. advice, counsel.

peahtian, *v. r.* to think over, weigh, ponder.

pêam, **pâm**, *st. m.* steam, vapor? Sat. 179.

péana, *adv.* nevertheless, yet;—**awâ** **péana**, yet though, however.

- peára, pearf.** See **pæt, purfan** (to need).
- pearf, st. f.** 1. need; necessities.—
 2. use, utility, profit, advantage.
 3. privation, need, want (Gen. 503).
 4. need, distress, misery.
- pearfa, w. m.** needy one, pauper, beggar.
- pearfende, part.** the same as above.
- pearfendlic, adj.** needy, miserable.
- pearfian, w. v.** to starve, be in need, want.
- ge-pearfian, to impose compulsion, necessity, or force upon.**
- pearfice, adv.** according to need or necessity? carefully? Met. I: 60.
- pearl, adj.** violent, strict, harsh, vigorous, bold.
- pearle, adv.** violently, very, extremely.
- pearlic, adv.** harsh, violent, grievous.
- pearl-môð, adj.** harsh-minded, of violent spirit.
- peaw, st. m.** (thew), eustom, habit, usage.
- peaw-fæst, adj.** virtuous, moral, honorable.
- pëo.** See **pëod, pëoh, pëow.**
- pëod, pïod, st. f.** folk, population, nation;—in *pl.* also people.
- pëod, st. f.** training, rearing, chastisement? Az. 171; Gn. Ex. 18.
- pëodan, pïodan, pïedan, pÿðan, w. v.** in
ge-pëodan, to associate with, join; to give up or away.
ôð-pëodan, to separate, sever.
under-pëodan, to subjugate, to subject.
- pëod-bealu, st. n.** misfortune affecting a whole people; general misfortune.
- pëod-bûend, part. & subs.** earth-inhabiter, human being.
- pëod-cwên, st. f.** people's queen.
- pëod-cyning, st. m.** people's king, king of nations, God. See l. 12.
- pëod-egsa, w. m.** people's terror, general or great terror.
- pëoden, pïoden, st. m.** people's lord, king (temporal and eternal).
- pëoden-ge-dâl, st. n.** separation from one's lord (through his death).
- pëoden-hold, adj.** pleasing to or well-disposed toward one's lord.
- pëoden-léas, adj.** lordless, bereft of one's lord.
- pëoden-mâdm, -mâdm, st. m.** jewel or gift given by the chief to his men.
- pëoden-stôl, st. m.** prince's stool, throne.
- pëod-fruma, w. m.** prince of the people or of nations.
- pëod-ge-strëon, st. n.** people's treasure, great treasure.
- pëod-guma, w. m.** man of the people.
- pëod-here, st. m.** host, army of the people.
- pëodisc, st. n.** speech, language. Cf. *Deutsch.*
- pëod-land, st. n.** folk's land, neighborhood, province.
- pëod-mægen, st. n.** folk's might, power, host, cohort, division.
- pëod-mearc, st. m.** folk's march, section, division of land, land.
- pëod-sceada, w. m.** folk-scather, foe of the people, robber.
- pëod-scipe, st. m.** 1. folk, population.
 2. assembly, company, community (Jul. 178).—3. discipline, training, administration, constitution, law.
- pëod-stefn, st. m.** tribe, nation.
- pëod-prëa, st. m. & n.** misery of the people, general distress.
- pëod-wiga, w. m.** popular hero.
- pëod-wundor, st. n.** people's wonder, great marvel.
- pëof, st. m.** thief, robber.
- pëoh, pëo, st. n.** thigh, hip.
- pëon, pïon, st. abl. v. VI.** to thrive, grow, grow up, prosper, be profitable, advantageous, able.

ge-péon, to thrive, prosper, grow (up), increase, grow in power and influence. [cessful.

mis-péon, to thrive ill, be unsuccessful.
on-péon, to grow forth, grow, escape, thrive, stand successfully.
péon, *w. r.* to commit, perform, execute.

ge-péon, the same as above.

péon, péo-nýd. See *péowan*, *péownýd*.

péoa. See *pea* (this).

péoster, pýster, péostru, piostru, (cf. Ger. *düster*), *st. n. & f.* darkness, gloom, obscurity.

péoster-cófa, *w. m.* dark space or room.

péoster-locá, *w. m.* dark lock-up, hold; custody.

péostre, pýstre, *adj.* dark, gloomy, obscure; sad, mournful.

peossum. See *pes* (this).

péotan, *st. abl. r. VI. 1.* to howl.—
2. to be noisy, rave, rage, roar. *Rid. 39: 4.*

péow, péo, *st. m.* slave, servant; arranger, disposer.

péow, *adj.* slavish, servile.

péowa, piowa, *w. m.* slave, servant.

péowan, péon, pýwan, pýan, péwan, piwan, *w. r.* to crush, push, urge, oppress, check.

for-péon, to press out, crush, suppress, oppress.

ge-péowan, to press, crush, push, oppress, overwhelm, check, crush down.

péowan, *w. r.* to serve, wait on.

péow-dóm, *st. m.* service, servitude, slavery.

péowe, *w. f.* maid, female servant.

péowen, *st. f.* the same as above.

péowene, *w. f.* the same as above.

péowet, péowot, *st. m. & n.* service (general or menial).

péowian, piowian, *w. r.* to serve, minister, help, assist.

péow-mennen, *st. n.* maid, female servant.

péow-nêd, -nýd, *st. f.* slavery, servitude.

picce, *adj.* thick, close, dense.

picce, *adv. 1.* thickly, closely, richly.
2. frequently. *Gen. 684.*

picgan, -ean, *st. abl. r. III.* to take, touch, appropriate, eat, accept, receive.

ge-picgan, the same as above.

ôd-picgan, to withdraw, snatch or take away.

picgan, bycgan, *w. r.* to take, accept, appropriate, eat.

piclice, *adv.* frequently.

pider, pyder, *adv.* thither.

pider-weard, *adv.* thitherward.

piġde, *pret. of w. r. picgan* (to take).

pigen, pin, *st. f. 1.* eating, consumption of food.—2. food.

pignen, pinen, *st. f.* maid, female servant.

pihan, *st. abl. r. V.* to thrive, grow, increase, progress, succeed, help, benefit. (Ger. *deihen*.)

ge-pihan, the same as above.

on-pihan, *w. gen.* to derive benefit from.

pihtig, pin. See *pyhtig*, *pū*, *pigen*.

pin, pýn, *poss. pron.* thy, thine. Cf. *pū*.

pinc, pincg, pincan. See *ping*, *pyncan*.

bindan, *st. abl. r. I.* to swell, swell up; melt, pass away (wrongly,—through confusion between *tabescere* and *tumescere*. *Ps. 111: 9; 118: 158.*

ā-bindan, to swell (up), increase; melt, pass away.

pinen. See *pignen* (maid).

ping, pincg, pinc, *st. n. 1.* thing, object, venture, deed, enterprise, event; one's affairs, condition, circumstances:—*ælces pinges*, entirely, in every regard;—*ænige*

þinga, in no regard, by no means.
2. thing, assembly, judicial assembly.—**3. instr. pl. þingum**; powerfully, violently.

þingan, *st. abl. v. I.* to thrive, prosper, have repute.

ge-þingan, to wax, grow, thrive, increase (in power, authority, &c.)
ofer-þingan (?), to outwit, overcome, vanquish.

on-þingan, to grow out of or forth from, to escape, endure successfully.

þingan, *w. v. in*

ge-þingan, **1.** to negotiate, treat (for), to seek help and support (*tô*, at, from. B. 1837).—**2.** to prescribe, institute, appoint.—**3.** to resolve, include, design, purpose, undertake. *Dôm.* 5.

þing-ge-mearc, *st. n.* marking off or characterizing a certain thing;—reckoning of time, chronology.

þingian, *w. v. 1. w. dat. (Ger. dîngen)*, to beg, pray, ask, intercede for.—**2. w. acc.** to conciliate, smooth over, lay aside, expiate, atone for; *fêo* (compound with money. B. 156, 470).—**3.** to speak, make a public speech.—**4.** to sojourn, dwell? *Sat.* 447.

ge-þingian, **1. intrans.** to beg, ask, supplicate pardon or grace (*Jul.* 198).—**2. w. dat.** to pray, beg, ask, intercede for (*Cri.* 342).—**3.** to reconcile (*Jul.* 717).—**4.** to smooth over or appease a quarrel (*Cri.* 616).
5. to unite, conclude a treaty (*Gn. Ex.* 57).—**6.** to conclude, purpose, design. *Sat.* 598.

þing-ræden, *st. f. 1.* mediation, intercession, intervention.—**2.** bride-wooing? *Jul.* 126.

þing-stede, *st. m. thing-place*, assembly or place of parliament.

þinne. See *þynne* (thin).

þinra? *Met.* 16: 8.

þirel, **þirsced**, **þirst**, **þis**, **þis**, **þisa**, **þisan**, **þises**. See *þyrel*, *þerscan*, *þyrst*, *þes*.

þisla, *w. m.* pole (of a wagon), thill, shaft. *Met.* 28: 10. (*Ger. deichsel.*)

þisne, **þissa**, **þissan**, **þisse**, **þisses**, **þisson**, **þissum**, **þisum**, **þislic**, **þistrian**, **þiwan**. See *þes*, *þyslic*, *þýstrian*, *þéowan*.

þiedan. See *þéodan*.

þiod, **þiodan**, **þioden**, **þiodisc**, **þion**, **þios**, **þiestro**, **þiotan**, **þiowa**, **þiowian**. See *þéod*, *þéodan*, *þéoden*, *þéodisc*, *þéon*, *þes*, *þéostor*, *þéotan*, *þéowa*, *þéowian*.

þohste, *pret.* of *þencan* (to think).

þolian, *w. v. 1. w. acc.* to thole, endure, suffer, bear;—to grant, allow, admit, permit (*Gen.* 597).—**2. w. gen.** to do without, dispense with.—**3. intrans.** to persevere, persist, stand out.

â-þolian, to vanish, pass away.

for-þolian, to dispense with, do without.

ge-þolian, **1.** to thole, endure, suffer, fear.—**2.** to await patiently, persevere.—**3. w. gen.** to do without, dispense with. *Sat.* 237.

þon, **þonan**, **þonon**, **þonc**, **þonc-**, **þoncian**, **þoncol**, **þonne**. See *þan*, *þanan*, *þanc*, *þancian*, *þan-col*, *þanne*.

þorn, *st. m.* thorn;—also, name for the Rune *þ*.

þracu, *st. f.* onrush, attack, pressure, fury, conflict.

þræc-heard, *adj.* valiant in combat, strong in battle.

þræc-hwil, *st. f.* time of combat or misery.

þræc-rôf, *adj.* able or strenuous in fight.

þræc-wig, *st. m.* violent combat.

þræc-, **þrec-wudu**, *st. m.* battle-wand, spear.

þræð, *st. m.* thread.

præft, *st. n.* loquacity, garrulousness;—eagerness to contend or quarrel.

prægan, *u. v.* to run, move swiftly, race.

præstan, *u. v.* in

ge-præstan, to trouble, grieve, oppress.

prāfian, *u. r.* to shove, crowd, press, urge.

prāg, **prāh**, *st. f.* 1. course, running, race (Rid.82: 4; Ph.68).—2. course or space of time, time; order or condition of things, fate; bad time(s), (B. 2883).—Phrases: *acc. sg.* **prāge**, some time, long time; *ealle prāge*, all the time, continually;—*lytle prāge*, for a little time;—*instr. pl.* **prāgum**, some time, at times, sometimes.

prāg-bysig, *adj.* busy with, engaged in, fond of running (!).

prāg-mælum, *adv.* from time to time, at times.

prec, **premma**, **presc-wald**. See **præcwudu**, **pyrmma**, **byrscwold**.

prēa, *st. m., f., & n.* menace, threat, invective, attack, oppression, disturbance, terror, evil, need, misfortune.

prēagan, **prēan**, *u. v.* to threaten, menace, attack, scold, chastise, torture.

ge-prēan, to torture, torment, chastise, oppress, press.

prēalic, *adj.* terrible, threatening, calamitous.

prēa-nȳd, **-nied**, **-néd**, *st. f. (n.?)*, crushing necessity, misery, need, distress, calamity, danger.

prēa-nȳdlic, **-niedlic**, *adj.* the same as above.

prēa-nȳdla, **-niedla**, **-nédla**, *u. m.* misery, violence, distress, opposition.

prēt, *st. f.* the same as above. Cf. **threat**.

prēat, *st. m.* crowd, troop, band, force.

prēat (?), part of a loom. Rid. 36: 6.

prēatian, *u. v.* to fall upon, attack, press, press forward, oppress, cause misery to, force.

ge-prēatian, the same as above.

prēa-weorc, *st. n.* tribulation, misery, deed of oppression.

prēo. See **pri** (three).

preodian, **prydian**, *u. r.* to think over, reflect upon, cogitate, ponder.

preohtig, *adj.* persistent, persevering, laborious.

prēo-niht, *st. f.* period of three nights. Cf. **fortnight**.

prēora, *gen. of pri* (three).

preostru, **priostru**, **prystru**, *st. f. or st. n. pl.* (Lat. *tristis?*), gloom, darkness.

prēotan, *st. abl. r. VI.* in

â-prēotan, 1. *impers.* to produce annoyance or disgust; to be weary or disgusted.—2. *pers.* to be weary of or disgusted with something.

prēo-tene, **-tyne**, *num.* thirteen.

prēo-tēoda, **prēot-tēoda**, *num. adj.* thirteenth.

prēowan, *st. abl. r. VI.* in

â-prēowan, to excite, stir up, press out, spill, shed? An. 1427.

preowian. See **prowian**.

pri, **prie**, **prio**, **pria**, **prēo**, **prȳ**, *num.* three;—*nom. & acc. m.* **pri**, **prȳ**; *f.* **prēo**; *n.* **prēo**, **prio**, **pria**;—*gen.* **priora**, **prēora**; *dat.* **prim**, **prȳm**.

priccan. See **pryccan** (to crush).

pridda, *num. adj.* third.

pri-, **prie-feald**, *adj.* threefold.

prim, **prim**. See **prym**, **pri** (three).

prindan, **printan**, *st. abl. r. I.* to be swelled, swollen up.

â-printan, the same as above.

pri-, **prȳ-nea**, *st. f.* threeness, trinity.

þringan, *st. abl. v.* I. to throng, press, press on, move violently; to hurry, hasten, break forth;— also *v. acc.* to urge, crowd, crowd upon. *Lue.* 8: 45; *Marc.* 5: 24-31.

â-þringan, 1. to crowd or throng out, push out.— 2. to rush forth, break out.

æt-þringan, to snatch or take away, extort from.

be-, bi-þringan, to crowd, urge, press on from all sides, surround.

for-þringan, to extort, press out of, take from, defend against.

ge-þringan, 1. *intrans.* to throng, press, press one's self, hurry.— 2. *v. acc.* to press, oppress, press out of, extort, overcome.— 3. to swell up (*Wid.* 84: 2).

on-þringan, 1. to press on or forward.— 2. to be or become moved, to move. *Gû.* 1300.

ôð-þringan, to force or press out of, from, take away.

tô-þringan, to press in two or to pieces, to drive asunder.

ymb-þringan, to press around, throng about.

printan. See **þrindan** (to swell).

þri-rêdre-cêol, *st. m.* galley with three banks of oars, trireme.

þrist, **þriste**, *adj.* bold, daring, rash, confident, resolute, audacious.

þriste, *adv.* the same as above.

þrist-hycgende, *part.* bold of spirit, valiant-minded.

þrist-hyðig, *adj.* the same as above.

þristlice, *adv.* boldly, daringly.

þri-tig, **þrit-tig**, *num.* thirty.

þrid, **þridu**. See **þryð** (strength).

þriwa, *adv.* thrice.

þria, **þrie**, **þrio**, **þriostu**. See **þri**, **þreostu**.

þroht, *st. m.* effort, exertion, trouble, difficulty.

þroht, *adj.* difficult, dire, troublesome, tormenting.

þroht-heard, *adj.* 1. strong in enduring, able to bear torture, patient. 2. hard to bear. *An.* 1141.

þrosm, *st. m.* steam, fume, vapor, smoke.

þrowere, *st. m.* endurer, martyr.

þrowian, **þreowian**, *v. v.* to endure, bear, suffer.

ge-þrowian, the same as above.

þrowing, **þrowung**, *st. f.* suffering, passion, **þhroe**, endurance.

þrÿ. See **þri** (three).

þryccan, **þriccan**, (*Ger. drücken*), *v. v.* 1. *trans.* to crush (*Met.* 4: 38).

2. *intrans.* to press, urge (*Gû.* 256).

bi-þryccan, to becrush, crush down, oppress.

for-þryccan, the same as above.

of-þryccan, the same as above.

þryðian. See **þreodian** (to reflect on)

þryðig, *adj.* heedful, thoughtful, considerate.

þrym, **prim**, *st. m.* 1. (properly) noisy troop, band, multitude, host, chorus.— 2. noise, uproar, tumult, storm, violence.— 3. might, power, strength, ability.— 4. glory, beauty, majesty, brilliancy.— 5. the Glorious (epithet of God).

þrym-cyme, *st. m.* glorious coming, arrival.

þrym-cyning, *st. m.* king of glory, God.

þrym-fæst, *adj.* glorious, illustrious, noble, mighty, able.

þrym-ful, *adj.* the same as above.

þrymlic, *adj.* the same as above.

þrymlíce, *adv.* the same as above.

þrymma, *v. m.* brave man, hero.

þrym-sittende, *pret.* throned in glory, dwelling in heaven.

þrÿnes. See **þrines** (trinity).

þrysman, *v. v.* in

â-þrysman, to suffocate, stifle with smoke; to cover over.

þrystru. See **þreostu** (darkness).

þryð, þrið, þryðu, þriðu, st. f.
strength, power, might, abundance,
excellence, glory, splendor.

þryð-ærn, st. n. glorious house,
king's palace.

þryð-bearn, st. n. strong son, youth.

þryð-bord, st. n. strong shield.

þryð-cýning, st. m. king of glory.

þryð-full, adj. strong, brave.

þryð-ge-steald, st. n. great wealth,
splendid dwelling.

þryðian, w. r. in

ge-þryðian, to invigorate, to
strengthen, harden, temper? Ph.
486.

þryðlic, adj. noble, excellent, valiant.

þryð-swid, -swýð, adj. strong and
powerful.—[“great pain or grief.”
Grein.]

þryðu, -þryðo. See **þryð** (might).

þryð-weorc, st. n. strong or firm
piece of work, fortification.

þryð-word, st. n. chosen word, ex-
cellent speech.

þū, pron. thou; *gen.* þin; *dat.* þe;
acc. þec, þe.

þúf, st. m. flag, pennant, field-ensign.

þúhte, pret. of **þyncan** (to seem).

þuncan, w. r. in

be-þuncan, to trouble one's self
about, to care.

þunian, w. r. 1. (cf. Ger. *dehnen*), to
stretch, extend, swell, strut.—**2.**
to thunder, roar, groan, crash.

on-þunian, to swell up, move
around? Rid. 41: 91.

þunor, st. m. thunder. [der.

þunor-râð-stefn, st. f. voice of thun-

þunrian, w. r. to thunder.

þun-wang, -wange, -wenge, st. n.
(the) temples of the head.

þuren. See **þweran** (to hammer, &c.)

þurfan (Ger. *dürfen*), *pret. pres., in-*
dic. **1, 3.** þearf.—**2.** þearft; *pl.*

þurfon; *subj. sg.* þurfe; *pl.* þurfe,

þyrfen; *pret.* þorfe.—**1. w. inf.**
in neg. clauses = not to need, not

to require.—**2. w. inf.** in affirm.
clauses = to need, require, have
reason.—**3. w. gen. or acc.** = to be
in need of, to require.—**4.** abso-
lutely = to need (Dan. 430).

be-, bi-þurfan, to need, require,
be in need of.

þurh, þurg, þuruh, I. prep. through.

1. space: through.—**2. time:**
through, during.—**3. means:**
through, by means of.—**4. effect-**
ive cause: in consequence of, in
conformity with.—**5.** accompany-
ing circumstances.—**6.** for the
sake of, in the name of (w. verbs
of begging, asking, conjuring,
swearing, &c.)—**7. end or aim:**
with a view to, in behalf of.—
II. adv. through, throughout.

þurh-hât, adj. hot through and
through.

þurst, st. m. thirst.

þurstig, adj. thirsty, greedy, desirous.

þus, adv. thus, so.

þusend, num. thousand.

þusend-ge-rim, st. n. calculation by
thousands.

þusend-mælum, adv. thousand-meal
or fold; in thousands.

þweran, st. abl. r. II. to thicken,
to render compact by blows; to
forge, to render malleable, make
tractable.

ge-þweran, the same as above.

þwerian, þweorian, w. r. in

ge-þwerian, to soften, reconcile,
to render accordant, make harmo-
nious.

þweahan, þwēan, st. abl. r. IV. to
wash, wash off, cleanse.

â-þwēan, the same as above.

þweorh, adj. thwart, bent, crooked,
twisted, cross.

þweorh-tēme, -týme, -time, adj.
crooked, twisted;—cross, savage,
truculent, defiant.

þweorian. See **þwerian** (to soften).

þwitan, *st. abl. v. V.* to cut out or off, to excise.

þý = þéow, *st. m.* slave, servant? Gn. Ex. 50.

þý, þy, þýan, þycgan, þýðan, þyder. See þæt (*pron.*), þe, þéowan, þiegan, þéodan, þider.

þyhtig, þihtig, *adj.* doughty, strong, able.

þyle, *st. m.* speaker, spokesman, leader of the conversation at court.

þylman, *w. v. in*

for-þylman, to surround, shut in, inclose.

þýn. See þin (*thine*).

þyncan, þyncean, þincan, (*Ger. dünken*), *w. v. (pret. puhte)*, to seem, appear. Cf. methinks.

ge-þyncan, the same as above.

of-þyncan, to displease, wound, insult.

þynden. See þenden (*while, &c.*)

þynne, þinn, *adj.* thin.

þyr, *adj.* dry, arid. (*Ger. dürr.*)

þyrel, þyrl, *adj.* perforated, pierced

with holes. Cf. nos-tril = nose-thyrel.

þyrel, *st. n.* perforation, opening, aperture.

þyrel-wamb, *adj.* with pierced belly.

þyrl. See þyrel (*pierced*).

þymen, *adj.* thorny.

þyrran, *w. v.* to dry, render dry. (*Ger. durren.*)

þyrs, *st. m.* giant.

þyrsc-wold, þersc-, þerx-, þresc-wald, *st. m.* threshing-wood, threshold.

þyrst, þirst, *st. m.* thirst.

þyrstan, *w. v.* to thirst.

þys, þýs. See þes (*this*).

þyslic, *adj.* thus-like, in this manner.

þysne, þyssa, þyssan, þysse, þyses, þysson, þyssum, þysum. See þes. [tre.

þýster, þýstre. See þéoster, þéos-þýstrian, þistrian, *w. v. in*

â-þistrian, to darken, obscure.

þýtan, *w. v. in*

â-þýtan, to toot, blow the horn.

þýwan. See þéowan (*to serve*).

U

ufan, ufon, *adv. 1.* from above.—
2. above.

ufan-cund, *adj.* coming or originating from above.

ufane, *adv.* above.

ufera, *compar. adj.* later, posterior.

ufe-weard, *adj.* upward, ascending.

ufor, *adv.* higher; later in time, subsequent, posterior.

uht-cearu, *st. f.* night-grief, sorrow at morn or night.

uhte, *w. f.* early morn, morning twilight, dawn.

uht-floga, *w. m.* flying in the twilight (dawn or dusk).

uht-hlem, *st. m.* cry at morn, tumult or conflict at dawn.

uht-sceada, *w. m.* twilight foe, robber in the dark.

uht-tid, *st. f.* twilight tide, dawn tide.

umbor, *st. n.* young child, babe newborn.

un-ædele, *adj.* not noble, not famous.

un-âga, *w. m.* unowning, one that owns nothing, poor.

un-âr, *st. f.* unhonour, lack of honour, dishonour.

un-ârlíc, *adj.* dishonourable, dishonest.

un-ârlíce, *adv. 1.* dishonourably, dishonestly.—2. unmercifully.

un-â-secgendlic, *adj.* unspeakable, unutterable.

- un-â-þrêotend**, *part.* unwearied, assiduous, persistent.
- un-â-wendend**, *part.* unchangeable, unceasing.
- un-â-wendendlic**, same as above.
- un-be-fohten**, *part.* undisputed, unimpeached.
- un-bêted**, *part.* unexpiated (bootless), uncompensated.
- un-beald**, *adj.* unbold, distrustful, cowardly.
- un-bealu**, *st. n.* innocence.
- un-bi-þyrfe**, *adj.* inactive, useless, idle, vain.
- un-blíde**, *adj.* 1. unblithe, joyless. 2. unfriendly, unkind.
- un-bræce**, *adj.* that can not be broken, intransigent, imperishable.
- un-bryce**, *-brice*, *adj.* same as above.
- un-brýce**, *adj.* that can not be used, useless, worthless. Cf. Ger. *brauchen*.
- un-bunden**, *part.* unbound.
- un-byrnende**, *part.* not burning.
- unc**, **uncer**. See **wit** (we two).
- uncer**, *possess. pron.* of or belonging to us two.
- un-cêapunga**, *adv.* gratuitously, gratis, without pay.
- un-clæne**, *adj.* unclean, impure.
- un-clænnis**, *st. f.* uncleanness.
- un-cûd**, *adj.* 1. unknown, strange. — 2. unheard of, unusual (B. 876). — 3. uncertain, undetermined (Hy. 11: 4). — 4. unfriendly, unkind, rough, uncouth, unwieldy.
- un-cyst**, *st. f.* mistake, error, crime, loathsomeness.
- un-cýddu**, *st. f.* unknown land, foreign land.
- un-cýdig**, *adj.* 1. ignorant, unacquainted with (El. 961). — 2. strange, alien, without participation in (Gú. 1199).
- under**, I. *prep., w. dat. & acc.* under, below, beneath. — II. *adv.* below, underneath.
- un-derne**, **-dyrne**, *adj.* unconcealed, not hidden, well known.
- un-derne**, **-dyrne**, *adv.* the same as above.
- undern-mæl**, *st. n.* noontide, midday.
- under-nidemest**, *adj. superl. adj.* lowest of all.
- under-stadol-fæst**, *adj.* unsteady, inconstant, vacillating.
- un-dearninga**, **-nunga**, *adv.* without concealment, openly.
- un-dyrne**. See **underne** (well known).
- un-efen**, *adj.* uneven, unlike.
- un-efne**, *adv.* same as above. [*arg.*]
- un-earg**, *adj.* uncowardly, bold. (Ger. *un-êade*, *adj.* uneasy, not easy, with difficulty, hard.
- un-fæcne**, *adj.* without cunning or fraud, sincere, honest.
- un-fæge**, *adj.* not "fey," not near to death.
- un-fæger**, *adj.* unfair, unlovely, unlovable.
- un-fægre**, *adv.* the same as above.
- un-fæle**, *adj.* uncanny, unlovely, not good.
- un-feor**, *adj.* unfar, not far.
- un-flitme**, *adj.* without rival, invincible, not to be opposed (B. 1097, 1129).
- un-for-cûd**, *adj.* not to be despised, not wrong, honorable, noble.
- un-for-cûdlice**, *adv.* same as above.
- un-forht**, *adj.* fearless, bold, unterrified.
- un-fremu**, *st. f.* something deadly or pernicious.
- un-frêondlice**, *adv.* unkindly, in an unfriendly manner.
- un-fricgende**, *part.* uninquiring, not questioning.
- un-frôd**, *adj.* not aged, young.
- un-from**, *adj.* unfit, unambitious, inactive, not brave.
- un-fyrn**, *adv.* unfar off, soon.
- un-ge-bletsod**, *part.* unblest.
- un-ge-blýged**, *part.* unterrified.

- un-ge-dêfelice**, *adv.* unduly, unfittingly, contrary to right and custom.
- un-ge-fulloð**, *part.* unfulfilled.
- un-ge-lêaf**, *adj.* unbelieving.
- un-ge-lic**, *adj.* unlike.
- un-ge-lice**, *adv.* the same as above.
- un-ge-mêde**, *adj.* incompatible, intolerant.
- un-ge-met**, *st.* over-measure, excess, superfluity; — *adv. gen. sg.* **un-gemetes**, and *instr. pl.* **ungemetum**, excessively, extremely, very. [*ive.*]
- un-ge-met**, *adj.* immoderate, excessive.
- un-ge-met**, **-gemete**, *adv.* the same as above.
- un-ge-myndig**, *adj.* unmindful, heedless of.
- un-ge-sælig**, *adj.* unhappy, wretched.
- un-ge-sceâð**, *adv.* undauntedly, intrepidly, exceedingly. (Ger. *ungescheidt*.)
- un-ge-sewcnlic**, *adj.* unseen, invisible.
- un-ge-sib**, *adj.* unrelated, not trusted, not intimate, not befriended, not familiar.
- un-ge-trêow**, *adj.* untrue, faithless.
- un-ge-þeod**, **-þeoded**, *part.* un-united, disunited.
- un-ge-wemmed**, *part.* unspotted, uninjured, unblemished.
- un-ge-wyrðed**, *part.* uninjured, unhurt.
- un-geâra**, *adv.* 1. not long ago, lately. Cf. *yore*. — 2. without delay or procrastination: shortly, soon.
- un-gearu**, *adj.* unready, unprepared.
- un-gifede**, **-gyfede**, *adj.* ungiven, not lent, not belonging to.
- un-gifre**, *adj.* mischievous, destructive, pernicious.
- un-gin**, *adj.* not great or broad (Gû. Ex. 206).
- un-glêaw**, *adj.* not loitering or dilatory (from reflection), not quick, regardless, reckless? B. 2364.
- un-glêawlice**, *adv.* unwisely, ignorantly.
- un-gnyde**, *adj.* not niggardly or economical, not sparing.
- un-gôð**, *adj.* not good.
- un-grêne**, *adj.* ungreen, not green.
- un-grund**, *adj.* without ground or bottom, unfathomable, unmeasurable. [*less.*]
- un-grynde**, *adj.* groundless, bottomless.
- un-gyfed**. See **ungifede** (ungiven).
- un-hælu**, *st. f.* unwholesomeness, mischief, destruction.
- un-hâl**, *adj.* unhale, unwhole, weak, unsound.
- un-hâr**, *adj.* hairless, bald.
- un-hêore**, **-hiore**, **-hÿre**, *adj.* (Ger. *ungeheuer*), monstrous, unlovely, uncanny, horrible.
- un-hêore**, **-hiore**, *adv.* same as above.
- un-hlêow**, *adj.* offering no protection or defense.
- un-hlitme** (B. 1129, for **unflitme**).
- un-hnêaw**, *adj.* not sparing, generous, liberal.
- unhold**, *adj.* ungracious, unfavorable. (Ger. *unhold*.)
- unholda**, *ic. m.* monster, devil.
- un-hwilen**, *adj.* untemporary, eternal.
- un-hyðig**, *adj.* unwise, unheedful, ignorant.
- un-hyldo**, *st. f.* disfavor, disgrace. (Ger. *unhuld*.)
- un-hÿre**. See **unhêore** (horrible).
- un-hyðig**, *adj.* profitless, unlucky, unhappy.
- un-læð**, **-læde**, *adj.* poor, wretched, unhappy.
- un-læred**, *part.* unlearned, untaught.
- un-læt**, *adj.* unwearied, indefatigable, restive.
- un-land**, **-lound**, *st. n.* unland, no land; — falsely taken (for land). Wal. 14.
- un-lêof**, *adj.* unlief, not dear.
- un-lide**, *adj.* harsh, hard. (Ger. *lind*.)

un-lifigende, -lifigende, -lyfigende,
part. unliving, lifeless, dead.

un-lust, *st. m.* disgust, displeasure, disinclination.

un-lyt, *n.* not or no little.

un-lytel, *adj.* unlittle, not little, very large.

un-mæg, *st. m.* (a) non-relation, stranger, alien.

un-mæge, *adj.* unrelated, not akin.

un-mæle, *adj.* unspotted, unblemished, immaculate.

un-mæne, *adj.* unmean, not criminal, innocent, pure.

un-mæte, *adj.* unmeasured, excessive, immense, great.

un-mendinga, -myndlinga, *adv.* unexpectedly.

un-meajt, -miht, *st. f.* unmight, weakness.

un-meajtig, -mehtig, *adj.* unmighty, weak.

un-murn, *adj.* careless, untroubled.

un-murnlice, *adj.* untroubled, unmourning, careless, fearless.

unnan, *pret. pres. sg.* 1. 3. *an, ann, onn.*— 2. *unne;* *pl. unnon;* *pret. ûde.*— 1. (Ger. *gönnen*), to grant, give, present, lend.— 2. to be glad to see, to wish, to desire.

ge-unnan, the same as above.

of-unnan, to begrudge, grudge, envy.

un-néah, *adj.* unnear, far.

un-nyt, -net, *adj.* useless, worthless, idle, vain, (Ger. *unnütz*.)

un-oferswided, *part.* unvanquished, unconquered.

un-orne, *adj.* old, obsolete, wornout, decrepid.

un-ræd, *st. m.* bad counsel, ill-advised or injurious act, folly.

un-ræden, *adj.* the same as above.

un-ræd-aid, *st. m.* act of folly, foolish enterprise.

un-riht, *adj.* unright, unjust, wrong.

un-riht, -ryht, *st. n.* unright, injustice, badness, evil, sin.

un-riht-dôm, *st. m.* unrighteousness, wrong.

un-riht-fêoung, -fioung, *st. f.* unrighteous hate, hatred.

un-riht-hæmed, *st. n.* unrighteous connection, adultery, fornication.

un-rihtlice, *adj.* unjustly, partially, unrightly.

un-riht-wis, *adj.* unrighteous, unwise, ignorant.

un-riht-wyrhta, *st. m.* worker of unright, injustice, sinner.

un-rim, *st. n.* immense number.

un-rim, *adj.* numberless, innumerable

un-rôt, *adj.* joyless, sad.

un-rôtnes, *st. f.* sadness.

un-ryht. See **unriht** (unright).

un-sæd, *adj.* unsated, insatiable.

un-sælig, *adj.* 1. unhappy, wretched. 2. mischievous, pernicious. Gen. 637.

un-scende, -scynde, *adj.* not injuring, blameless, not to be ashamed of or despised.

un-aceamig, -acamig, *adj.* without shame, disgrace, or crime.

un-sceamlice, -scomlice, *adv.* unchastely, dissolutely.

un-scyldig, *adj.* innocent, guiltless, debtless. (Ger. *unschuldig*.) [less.]

un-scynde. See **unacende** (blame-un-slâw, *adj.* unslow, stirring, setive.

un-smêde, *adj.* unsmooth, rough.

un-snyttro, *st. f.* unwisdom, folly, ignorance.

un-soden, *part.* unsodden, not boiled or cooked.

un-sôfte, 1. *adv.* unsoftly, ungently, harshly, bitterly.— 2. with effort, hardly, scarcely.

un-aôð-fæst, *adj.* unjust, unrighteous.

un-aôð-fæst-neas, -nys, *st. f.* injustice, unrighteousness.

- un-spêdig**, *adj.* unfruitful, infertile.
un-stille, *adj.* unstill, unquiet, uneasy.
un-swæse, *adj.* unpleasant, disagreeable, ungenial.
un-swæslíc, *adj.* ungentle, not sweet, wretched.
un-swête, *adj.* unsweet.
un-sweotule, *adj.* invisible, unrecognizable, indistinct.
un-swiciende, *part.* imperishable, untransitory. [ly.
un-swidor, *compar. adv.* less violent—
un-sýfre, *adj.* unclean, untidy, dirty.
(Ger. unsauber.)
un-sýfre, *adv.* the same as above.
un-syn, *adj.* unsinning, innocent.
unsynnig, *adj.* the same as above.
un-tæle, *adj.* blameless.
un-teorig, *-tiorig*, *adj.* untiring, unceasing.
un-traglice, *adj.* without reserve or fraud.
un-tréow, *st. f.* untruth, unfaithfulness.
un-tréowd, *-trýowd*, *st. f.* same as above.
un-trum, *adj.* not strong, weak, infirm.
un-trymnes, *st. f.* weakness, feebleness, infirmity.
un-twéo, *adj.* undoubted.
un-twéod, *part.* unwavering, unvacillating.
un-twéo-feald, *adj.* sincere, without duplicity.
un-twéonde, *part.* not doubting, unwavering.
untyddre, *adj.* not pliant or flexible, firm, unbending.
un-tyder, *st. m.* evil race, race of monsters. B. 111.
— un-þanc, *st. m.* disinclination, aversion.
un-þeaw, *st. m.* immorality, wickedness.
un-þinged, *part.* uncalled, unsummoned, unchallenged.
un-wâclíc, *adj.* unweakly, strong, firm, unyielding.
un-wâclíce, *adv.* the same as above.
un-wær, *adj.* unwary, incautious, careless.
un-wærlice, *adv.* the same as above.
un-wæstm-bære, *adj.* unfruitful.
un-wemme, *adj.* unblemished, without spot, uninjured.
un-wên, *adj.* unweening, hopeless.
un-wered, *part.* unprotected, uncovered, unclothed.
un-wearnum, *adv.* irresistibly.
un-weaxen, *part.* unwaxed, not grown up or full grown.
uu-weord, *adj.* unworth, not valued, not dear.
un-willa, *w. m.* unwillingness.
un-wis, *adj.* unwise, ignorant, uninformed.
un-wislice, *adv.* the same as above.
un-wita, *w. m.* unwit, ignorantus.
un-wiotod, *part.* unallotted, not determined.
un-wrecen, *part.* unwreaked, unavenged.
un-wundod, *part.* unwounded, not wounded.
un-wurdlice, *adv.* unworthily.
un-wyrde, *adj.* the same as above.
up, upp, *adv.* 1. up, upward.—2. above.—(ûp, ûpp?)
up-cund, *adj.* originating above, celestial, supernal.
up-cyme, *st. m.* upcome, rising, origin, source.
up-ende, *st. m.* upper-end; vertex; polar region.
up-engel, *st. m.* angel above, angel of heaven.
up-eard, *st. m.* upper yard, mansion above, heaven.
up-gang, *st. m.* up-going, origin, beginning.
up-ganga, *st. m.* the same as above.
up-ge-mynd, *st. n.* upward-thinking, contemplation of things above.

up-hebbe, *w. f.* water-hen, coot, *fulica chloropus*.
 up-hēab, *adj.* uplifted, high, elevated.
 up-heofon, *st. m.* heaven above.
 up-lang, *adj.* uplong, upright, erect.
 up-, *upplīc, adj.* above, upper, uplifted, celestial, supreme.
 up-lyft, *st. f.* (the lift), upper air, ether.
 upon, *adv.* from above.
 upp. See up.
 uppan, *adv. & prep.* upon, over, above; moreover, besides.
 uppe, *adj.* above, atop, high up, exalted.
 uppe, *adv.* above.
 up-, *upprīht, adj.* upright.
 up-rōdor, -rādor, *st. m.* upper heaven, ether, firmament.
 up-stige, *st. m.* upgoing, ascent, ascension to heaven.
 up-weg, *st. m.* way up, ascent.
 up-weard, *adj.* upward.
 up-weardes, *adv.* upwards.
 ur, *adv.* once, formerly? *Cri.* 806; *El.* 1266.
 ūr, *st. m.* aur, aurochs; also, name of Rune ū.
 ūre, *possess. pron.* our, ours. Cf. *wē*.
 ūrig-federa, *adj.* dewy-feathered.
 ūrig-lāst, *adj.* leaving moist tracks.
 ūs, ūsic, *ussic, ūser, usser.* See *wē* (we).

ūser, *usser, possess. pron.* of us, our, ours.
 ūt, *adv.* 1. out (hither or thither).
 2. outside, without.
 utan. See wutan (let us [go]).
 ūtan, ūton, *adv.* outside, without, from without.
 ūtan-weard, *adj.* outward.
 ūte, *adv.* out, without (motion hence). *Gen.* 369; 415).
 ūt-fūs, *adj.* ready to depart, ready to sail.
 ūt-gang, *st. m.* outgoing, exit, issue.
 ūt-garsecg, *st. m.* outermost ocean, farthest sea.
 ūt-ge-mæru, *st. n. pl.* extreme or outermost limits.
 ūt-land, *st. n.* (the) outland, foreign land(s).
 ūt-myne, *st. m.* striving outward, toward the outside (?).
 uton. See wutan (let us [go]).
 ūtor, *uttor, adj. & adv.* outer, without, outside.
 ūt-sid, *st. m.* outgoing, departure, going away, going to destruction.
 ūt-weard, *adj.* outward-striving, trying to get out.
 ūde. See unnan (to grant).
 ūd-geŋge, *adj.* vanishing, departing, fleeing. Cf. *Icel. óðfluga*.
 ūd-wita, -weota, *w. m.* philosopher, sage, scholar.

W

wâ, 1. *adv.* woe. — 2. *interj.* woe! oh, woe! oh, terror!
 wâc, *adj.* weak, soft, pliant, vacillating, cowardly, timid, lazy.
 wacan, *st. abl. r. IV.* (to wake), arise, originate, descend, be born.
 â-wacan, 1. to awake, wake from sleep. — 2. to arise, originate, be born.
 on-wacan, the same as above.

wâce, *adv.* weakly, slowly, negligently, poorly.
 wacian, *v. r.* to watch, wake.
 wâcian, *v. r.* to weaken, languish, vacillate, yield.
 â-wâcian, to desist from, abstain.
 wacnian, *v. r.* in
 on-wacnian, to awaken, wake (from sleep).

wadan, *st. abl. v. IV.* (to wade), press through, stride, go, move.

an-wadan, to invade, attack, come at or on, seize.

be-wadan, *part.* wombe be-waden, disemboweled? *Kid. 88: 24.*

ge-wadan, to go, stride, advance, reach, press, press in.

on-wadan, to invade, attack, come at or on, seize, occupy, employ.

purh-wadan, to wade through, penetrate, go or strike through.

wæcan, *w. v.* to render weak, soft, ripe; to exhaust, enervate; to trouble, grieve.

ge-wæcan, the same as above.

on-wæcan, to soften, debilitate.

wæcce, *w. f.* watching, watch.

wæccende, *part.* watching, watchful, awake.

wæcnan, **wæcnian**, **wecnian**, *w. v.* to (a)waken, arise, originate, proceed from.

â-wæcnan, the same as above.

on-wæcnan, the same as above.

wæd, *st. n.* wading-place; — *cf. vadium*, ford; sea, ocean, water.

wæd, *st. f.*; **wæde**, *st. n.* weeds, clothing, garment, covering.

wædl, *st. f.* poverty, beggary, need, want.

wædla, *w. m.* beggar, needy person, pauper.

wæfan, *w. v.* in

be-wæfan, to bewoof, cover over or around.

wæfer-sýn, *adj.* wavering (?) seene, vision, play, spectacle, example.

wæfre, *adj.* wavering, unsteady, unquiet.

wæg, **wag**, **wah**, *st. m.* wall, partition, side (*paries* and *murus*).

wæg, **wêg**, *st. m.* wave, billow, flood, sea.

wæg, *st. f.* weighing-instrument, scales.

wægan, *w. v.* to cause to move, to trouble, afflict, grieve, disturb.

ge-wægan, to drive forth, expel, afflict, trouble, weary.

wægan, *w. v.* to play, sport, jest, deceive (*wag?*).

â-wægan, to frustrate, destroy.

ge-wægan, the same as above.

wæg-bora, *w. m.* wave-bearer: *i. c.* either dwelling under the waves, on the sea-bottom, or = wave-bringer, wave-rouser, swimmer. *B. 1440.*

wæg-bord, *st. n.* wave-board, ship, vessel.

wæg-déor, *st. n.* wave-deer, sea-beast.

wæg-dropa, *w. m.* wave-drop, water-drop, tear.

wæge, **wêge**, *st. n.* eup, drinking-vessel.

wæg-faru, *st. f.* wave-faring, sea-path, journey by sea.

wæg-fæt, *st. n.* wave-rat, water-jar; clouds.

wæg, **wêg-flota**, *w. m.* wave-float, ship.

wæg-hengest, *st. m.* wave-horse, ship. (*Ger. hingst.*)

wæg-holm, *st. m.* the wave-filled sea, deep sea.

wæg-lidend, *part. & subs.* wave-traversing, seafarer, sailor.

wægn, **wæn**, *st. m.* wain, wagon, vehicle.

wægnan, *w. v.* in

be-wægnan, to offer, proffer, tender.

wæg-stæd, *st. n.* wave-stead, sea-shore, bank.

wæg-stréam, *st. m.* wave-stream, sea-current.

wæg-sweord, *st. n.* weighty sword.

wæg-pel, *st. n.* wave-deal (board), ship, vessel.

wæg-bræa, *st. m.* terror or danger on or of or from the sea.

wæg-préat, *st. m.* inundation (of waves), deluge.

wæl, *st. n.* 1. sum-total of fallen warriors chosen by the **W**alkyrie to be carried from the battlefield to **W**alhalla.—2. body of an individual warrior.—3. corpse-strewn battlefield.

wæl, *st. m. & n.* welling of water, maelstrom, whirlpool (weel).

wælan, *u. v.* to oppress, press upon, vex, torture, torment.

be-wælan, the same as above.

ge-wælan, the same as above.

wæl-bed, *st. n.* deathbed, bier.

wæl-ben, *st. f.* deadly wound.

wæl-bend, *st. f.* death-bond.

wæl-blāt, -bleāt, *adj.* death-blue, deadly pale.

wæl-ceald, *adj.* death-cold, cold as a corpse.

wæl-céasig, *adj.* corpse-choosing, carrion-picker (the raven).

wæl-clam, -clom, *st. m.* death-clamp, deadly fetter, bond of death.

wæl-cræft, *st. m.* killing (craft) power, deadly force.

wæl-cwealm, *st. m.* death in battle or on the battlefield, violent death.

wæl-déad, *st. m.* the same as above.

wæl-dréor, *st. m.* battle-gore, blood of the slain.

wæl-fāh, *adj.* hostile to the whirlpool or the sea? *i. e.* ice that covers the water: or **wæl-fāh**, *adj.* blood-stained? B. 1128.

wæl-fæhd, *st. f.* deadly feud, destructive hostility.

wæl-fædm, *st. m.* deadly embrace.

wæl-fel, *adj.* bloodthirsty, greedy for corpses.

wæl-feld, *st. m.* battle-field, field of the slain.

wæl-feall, **wæll-fyll**, *st. m.* fall of warrior-bodies, bloody death, defeat, carnage.

wæl-fūs, *adj.* bringing to or ready for death.

wæl-fyllo, *st. f.* abundance of the slain, carnage.

wæl-fȳr, *st. n.* 1. deadly fire, flames of the dragon (B. 2582).—2. funeral pyre, flames of the pyre (B. 1119).

wæl-gār, *st. m.* deadly spear.

wæl-gæst, *st. m.* deadly or death-bringing guest.

wæl-gifre, *adj.* greedy for the dead (bodies), murderous.

wæl-gim, *st. m.* death-bringing gem? Rid. 21: 4.

wæl-grædig, *adj.* greedy for the dead (bodies), flesh-eating.

wæl, **wæll-grim**, *adj.* full of deadly fury, cruel, fateful, dire.

wæl-gryre, *st. m.* deadly horror or dread.

wæl-here, *st. m.* army doomed to death or destruction; or intent on slaughter (?).

wæl-hlem, *st. m.* death-stroke, deadly blow.

wæl-hlence, *u. f.* battle-link, chain-armor, shirt of mail.

wæl-hrēow, -hriow, *adj.* savage in battle, cruel.

wæl-hwelp, *st. m.* deadly whelp, destroying hound.

Wælisc, *adj.* **Welsh**.

wæll. See **wæl**.

wælm, **welm**, *st. m.* tossing sea, tumbling flood, tide, current.

wælm-fȳr, *st. n.* tossing or billowing fire.

wæl-mist, *st. m.* deadly mist, mist of death.

wæl-net, *st. n.* death-net.

wæl-nid, *st. m.* deadly hostility, enmity, war.

wæl, **wæll-notu**, *st. f.* death sign or token, fatal mark.

wæl-pil, *st. m.* deadly dart, arrow.

wæl-ræs, *st. m.* deadly attack, onrush, bloody battle.
wæl-râp, *st. m.* wave-fetter or bond, *i. e.* covering of ice.
wæl-rêc, *st. m.* death-bringing reek, suffocating smoke.
wæl, **wæll-regn**, *st. m.* deadly rain, shower (deluge).
wæl-rest, **-ræst**, *st. f.* death-rest, deathbed, grave.
wæl-rêaf, *st. n.* battle-plunder, spoil of the slain.
wæl-rêow, *adj.* savage in battle, furious.
wæl-rûn, *st. f.* battle-rune, secret, mystery or secret of earnage.
wæl-scel (?), slaughter, defeat (Jud. 313).
wæl-sceaft, *st. m.* deadly shaft, spear.
wæl-seax, *st. n.* deadly hip-sword, dagger.
wæl-sleacht, **-sliht**, *st. m. n.?* slaughter, massacre.
wæl-spere, *st. n.* deadly spear.
wæl-steng, *st. m.* death-pole, stake, spear-shaft. (Ger. *stange*.)
wæl-stôw, *st. f.* battlefield.
wæl-stræl, *st. m. & f.* deadly arrow, dart. (Ger. *strahl*.)
wæl-stréam, *st. m.* deadly stream, deluge.
wæl-sweg, *st. m.* deadly blow, thrust.
wæl-wang, *st. m.* field of battle, field of the slain.
wæl-weg, *st. m.* fateful journey, way of slaughter.
wæl-wulf, *st. m.* battle-wolf, warrior, cannibal.
wæn. See **wægen** (wagon).
wæpen, *st. n.* 1. weapon (shield, sword, spear).— 2. *membrum virile*, penis.
wæpen-ge-wrixle, *st. n.* exchange of arms, hostilities, contest, battle.

wæpen-hete, *st. m.* weapon-hate, hostility shown by use of weapons.
wæpen-stræl, *st. m.* arrow, dart.
wæpen-bracu, *st. f.* storm of weapons, conflict.
wæpen-præge (?), weapon, equipment? Crä. 61.
wæpen-wiga, *w. m.* weaponed warrior.
wæpned, *part.* weaponed, armed with a penis; male, man.
wæpned-cyn, *st. n.* male kin, tribe, race.
wæpned-man, *st. m.* man, male.
wær, *adj.* wary, cautious.
wær, *st. n.* sea, ocean:—old Norse *ver* and *vör*.
wær, *st. f.* covenant, treaty, compact, promise, vow, troth.
wær, *adj.* true, correct. Gen. 681. (Ger. *wahr*.)
wærc, *st. n.* wark, pain.
wær-fest, *adj.* covenant-keeping, holding fast to a promise, faithful, true.
wærgan. See **wergan** (to curse).
wær-genga, **wer-genga**, *w. m.* one seeking protection, wanderer, stranger, immigrant.
wærgdu. See **wergdu** (curse).
wær-lêas, *adj.* treaty-breaking, faithless, perfidious.
wærlíc, *adj.* wary, cautious, circumspect.
wærlice, *adv.* the same as above.
wærlíce, *adv.* truly, verily.
wær, **wér-loga**, *w. m.* warlock, covenant-breaker, faithless one, devil.
wærnis, **-nys**, *st. f.* curse, damnation.
wæron. See **wesan** (to be).
wærdo, *st. f.* something uncommon, (a) wonder, monster? Met. 28: 82.
wær-wyrde, *adj.* wary-worded, cautious in speech.

wæstm, **wæstum**, **westom**, *st. m.*, *f.*, & *n.* 1. growth, stature, bodily structure.—2. a growth, plant.—3. fruit.—4. abundance.

wæstm-bære, *adj.* fruitful, fertile.

wæt, *adj.* wet, moist.

wæta, *w. m.* wetness, moisture, water.

wætan, *w. v.* to wet, moisten, water.

ge-wætan, the same as above.

wæter, **wætter**, *st. n.* water.

wæter-ædr, *st. f.* vein of water, waterfall.

wæter-brôga, *w. m.* water-horror, tumult of waters, frightful flood.

wæter-egesa, *w. m.* same as above.

wæter-flôd, *st. m.* water-flood.

wæter-grund, *st. m.* sea-bottom, depth.

wæter-helm, *st. m.* water-helm, covering or floor of ice.

wæter-scipe, *st. m.* collection of waters, water-floods.

wæter-spring, **-sprync**, *st. m.* water-spring, whirlpool, eddy.

wæter-stefn, *st. f.* voice of the waters.

wæter-stréam, *st. m.* water-stream, river.

wæter-pisa, **-piswa**, *w. m.* water-traverser; whale (Wal. 50); ship (Gû. 1303).

wæter-pryd, *st. f.* noise of water(s).

wæter-ŷd, *st. f.* wave, billow.

wædan, *w. v.* to hunt, roam around.

wāfian, *w. v.* to waver, hesitate; to stare, be astounded.

wag, **wah**. See **wæg** (wall).

wagian, *w. v.* to wag, vacillate, totter, move.

wāla, *w. m.* (wale), part of the helmet through which the plume is fastened. B. 1031.

Valas, **walca**, **waldan**, **wall**. See **Wealh**, **wealca**, **wealdan**, **weall**.

Wale, *w. f.* Welshwoman, slave.

wālian, *w. v.* in

â-wyrt-wālian, to root up, extirpate.

wêlic, *adj.* woful, pitiful.

wam, **wom**, *st. m. & v.* 1. spot, blemish, disgrace, ignominy, crime, sin.

2. injury, loss, hurt, misfortune.

wam, **wom**, *adj.* shameful, ignominious, mean, bad.

wamb, **womb**, *st. f.* womb, belly.

wamb-, **womb-hord**, *st. n.* womb-hoard, contents of the belly.

wam-, **wom-cwide**, *st. m.* shameful or blasphemous speech, curse.

wam-, **wom-dæd**, *st. f.* deed of shame, crime.

wam-, **wom-ful**, *adj.* full of spots or blemishes; shameful, sinful, bad.

wam-, **wom-sceada**, *w. m.* sin-stained foe, devil.

wam-, **wom-scyldig**, *adj.* sinful, criminal.

wam-, **wom-wyrcende**, *part.* worker of sin or shame.

wan, **won**, *st. n.* want, lack.

wan, **won**, *adj.* (*w. gen.* of thing), in want of, deficient in.

wan, **wann**, **won**, **wonn**, *adj.* wan, wanting color, dark, black, lurid.

wana, *w. m.* want, decrease.

wan-, **won-æht**, *st. f.* want, poverty.

wandian, *w. v.* to desist, cease from,

hesitate, tarry.

wandrian, *w. v.* to wander, roam, fly around.

wan-fâg, **won-fâh**, *adj.* wan-colored, dark-hued.

wan-, **won-feax**, *adj.* dark-haired.

wan-, **won-fȳr**, *st. n.* lurid flame, flame mingled with smoke.

wang, **wong**, *st. m.* field, mead, place, plain.

wange, **wonge**, *w. n.* (cf. **wang-tooth**), cheek, jaw. (Ger. *wangr.*)

wang-, **wong-stede**, *st. m.* field, place, locality.

wan-, **wann-**, **won-hâl**, *adj.* unsound, sick, ill.

wan-hoga, *w. m.* thoughtless one, fool; — *adj.* thoughtless, foolish.

wan-hyð, **won-hygd**, *st. f.* want of sense or foresight; carelessness, senselessness, audacity, heedlessness.

wan-, **won-hyðig**, *adj.* heedless, audacious, ignorant.

wanian, **wonian**, *w. r. 1.* *intrans.* to wane, lessen, decrease, dwindle.

2. trans. to diminish, cause to decrease.

ge-wanian, the same as above.

wānian, **wānigean**, *w. r.* to whine, weep, complain, lament, bemoan.

wann. See **wan** (dark).

wan-, **won-sælig**, *adj.* unhappy, miserable.

wan, **wonn-sceaf**, *st. f.* condition of want, misery, misfortune, mishap.

wan-, **won-spēdig**, *adj.* unhappy, miserable.

wâr, *st. n.* alga, seaweed (**waur**).

waran, *w. m. pl.* inhabitants, burghers, citizens.

warenian, *w. r.* in

be-warenian, (*refl.*), to guard one's self, to be on one's guard.

warian, *w. r. 1.* to guard, heed, hold, possess, inhabit. — *2.* to be on one's guard against (Gen. 236, 801).

be-warian, *1.* to keep from, preserve from. — *2.* to defend, guard, protect.

wârīg, *adj.* covered with seaweed, slimy, dirty, squalid.

warnian, **warning**, **warod**, **wârod**. See **wearnian**, **wearning**, **warud**, **wârud**.

waru, *st. f.* citizenship, citizen. [Used only in compounds.]

waru, *st. f.* eave, shelter, protection, guarding.

warud, **warod**, **wearod**, *st. m.* shore, bank, margin.

wârud, **wârod**, *st. n.* alga, sea-grass, fucus.

warod-farud, *st. m.* surf, shore-surge.

warud-ge-winn, *st. n.* same as above.

wascan, *st. abl. v. IV.* to wash.

wadol, *st. m.* full moon.

wād, *st. f. 1.* wandering, journey. — *2.* hunt, hunting, chase (Met. 27: 13).

wadum, *st. m.* water, flood, stream.

waduma, **wadema**, *w. m.* flood, stream, sea.

wāwa, *w. m.* woe, misery.

wāwan, *st. red. v.* to blow.

bi-wāwan, to blow around or about.

wê, *pron.* we; *gen.* ūser, *usseriure*; *dat.* ūs; *acc.* ūsic, *ussic*, ūs.

web, *st. n.* web, weaving, tapestry. **webban**, **webbian**, *w. r.* to weave, work, think, continue, project.

weccan, **weccean**, *w. r. 1.* to wake, wake up. — *2.* to waken, rouse, call up, bring forth. — *3.* to exhort, encourage, raise, rouse one's energies. — *4.* to move, to set in motion.

â-weccan, to awaken, wake up, rouse, incite, get.

tô-weccan, to arouse, excite.

wecgan, *w. r. 1.* (Ger. *-wegen*), to move, drive hither and thither. — *2.* to be moved (Met. 27: 4).

â-wecgan, to move, rouse up, excite.

wecnian. See **wæcnian** (to be born).

wed, *st. n.* (wedding), pledge, security.

wêðan, *w. r.* (Ger. *wüthen*), to rage, to be insane or mad. (Old Eng. *wood*.)

weddian, *w. r. in.*

bi-weddian, to bind by a wed or pledge; to affiancé, engage.

wêðe-hund, *st. m.* (wood- [mad] hound), mad dog.

weder, *st. n.* weather, air.

weder-burg, *st. f.* burgh (castle, town) exposed to the wind and weather (?).

weder-candel, -candel, *st. f.* weather-candle, sun.

weder-dæg, *st. m.* weather-day, day distinguished for its weather; (breezy day?)

weder-tācen, *st. n.* weather-token or sign in the air, sun.

weder-wolcen, *st. n.* weather-welkin, cloud in the air.

wefan, *st. abl. v. III.* to weave, contrive, project, dispose.

ā-wefan, to weave out, to weave.

ge-wefan, the same as above.

wefl, *st. f.* tuft, panicle? *cladica?* *Rid.* 36: 3.

weg, wēg. See wig, wæg.

weg, *st. m.* way, path.

weg (in connection with *lā*: weg *lā*), quite right, *cuge*. *Ps.* 69: 4.

wēgan, *st. abl. v. III.* 1. to bear, carry.—2. to be moved, to move (*Exod.* 180; *Rim.* 6).

ā-wegan, to bear away, remove, destroy.

æt-wegan, to bear to or away.

be-wegan, 1. to slay, kill (*By.* 183).—2. to surround, envelop, cover.

for-wegan, to slay, kill.

ge-wegan, to fight, contend.

tō-wegan, to scatter, dissipate.

wēge, wehte, *pret.* See wæge, weccan (to wake).

wel, well, *adv.* well.

wêl, *st. f.* trinket, jewels. *Wy.* 74.

wela, weala, weola, *w. m.* wealth, riches, abundance.

wel-dæd, *st. f.* deed of weal, good deed.

weleras, weoloras, *st. m. pl.* lips.

welgian, weligian, *w. r.* 1. to enrich.

2. *intrans.* to be wealthy, affluent; to abound.

wel-hwā, *pron.* each, every;—*adv.* *gen. n.* wel-hwæa, in general, altogether (*Met.* 2: 10).

wel-hwær, *adv.* everywhere.

wel-hwīlc, *pron.* each, every.

welig, *adj.* wealthy, opulent.

well. See wel (well).

well, *st. m.* well, spring.

wella, *w. m.* the same as above.

wellan, *w. r.* in

ā-wellan, to bring into commotion.

on-wellan, to bring into violent excitement or commotion.

welm. See wælm (flood, &c.)

wel-pungen, *part.* well-thriven, prosperous, able; holy, honorable.

wēman, *w. r.* 1. to sound forth, resound (*leel. wōma*), call, cry (*An.* 741).—2. to strike up, begin to sing, to announce (*An.* 1482).—3. to advise, persuade, convince, allow, lead astray.—4. to address kindly, console, comfort? (*Wand.* 29).

wemman, *w. r.* to abuse, revile, calumniate.

ge-wemman, to render odious, to spoil, defoul, pollute, mistreat, injure.

wen, wenn. See wynn (joy).

wēn, *st. f.* 1. belief, opinion, fancy.

2. probability.—3. weening, hope, expectation of something.—4. name of the Rune *w*. Cf. wynn.

wēna, *w. m.* 1. belief, opinion, fancy.

2. weening, hope, expectation.

wēnan, *w. r.* to believe, think, fancy,

ween, hope, reckon upon, look for.

ge-wēnan, to ween, hope, expect.

wencel, wencele, *adj.* vacillating, unsteady, weak. (*Ger. wanken*.)

wendan, *w. r.* 1. to wend, turn, turn round, change.—2. to bound, limit?

(*Gen.* 2209).—3. to turn one's self, become connected, turn about, alter, change, go.—4. to change, vary, be different (?), to show one's self different or altered (?).

â-wendan, 1. to avert, turn aside.—2. to turn, alter, change (Gen. 259).—3. to turn one's self away or aside (Ps. 77: 57).
ed-wendan, to turn one's self away or aside again; to yield, give way, cease.
ge-wendan, 1. to turn, turn round.—2. to turn one's self, turn round, alter, change.
on-wendan, 1. *trans.* to turn, turn round, avert, put aside, alter. 2. *intrans.* to turn about or around, to return (Ps. 1452).
ôd-wendan, to remove, pilfer, purloin, steal.
wendig, *st. f.* turning, change, alteration.
wenian, *w. v.* to accustom, habituate, inure; to entertain.
be-wenian, to entertain, care for.
ge-wenian, to accustom, habituate, inure.
wëninga, *adv.* by a wee bit, little, almost. (Ger. *wenig*?).
wenn. See **wynn**.
wenna (?). Rim. 7.
wêpan, *st. red. v.* 1. *intrans.* to weep, moan aloud, complain.—2. to bewail, mourn over, deplore.
wer, *st. m.* man, person (*vir* & *homo*).
wer-bëam, *st. m.* tree of defense, warrior; man strong as a beam? Exod. 486.
werc, **wercan**. See **weorc**, **wyrcan**.
wer-cyn, *st. n.* kin of men, human race, tribe.
werdan, **wered**. See **wyrdan**, **weorud** (troop).
wered, *st. n.* sweet drink, mead.
werg, **wergan**. See **wearg**, **werig**, **wergian**, **werian**.
wergend, *part. & subs.* envier, begrudger, rogue.
wergend, *part. & subs.* defender, protector.

wer-genga. See **wær-genga** (alien).
wërgian, *w. v.* in

ge-wërgian, to weary, exhaust.
wergian, **wergan**, *w. v.* to outlaw, condemn, curse.

wergdn, **werhdu**, **wærgdu**, *st. f.* curse, imprecation, condemnation, punishment.

wergun, *st. f.* curse, condemnation. Sat. 42.

werian, **werigean**, **wergan**, *w. v.*
 1. to defend, protect.—2. to guard, hold, occupy, inhabit (Gû. 322).—
 3. to cover over, clothe, envelop.
 4. to ward off, hinder, prevent.

â-werian, 1. to defend, protect. 2. to ward off, hinder (Ps. 105: 24). 3. to surround, inclose (Rid. 41: 47).

be-, **bi-werian**, 1. to defend, protect, hinder, prohibit.—2. to hold in check, within limits, in order.

ge-werian, to cover over, clothe, envelop.

werig, *adj.* accursed, outlawed, execrable, damned.

wërig, *adj.* weary, tired, unnerved, dejected, wretched, unhappy, sad.
werigean, **wergend**. See **werian**, **wergend**.

wërig-ferd, **-ferhd**, *adj.* weary of spirit, east down; exhausted. Wal. 19.

wërig-môd, *adj.* the same as above.
wër-loga. See **wærloga** (warlock).
wer-mægd, *st. f.* human race, tribe, nation.

wer-môd, *st. m.* wormwood, absinthe.
werod. See **weorud** (troop).
wëron. See **wæron** (were).

wēr-pëod, **-pïod**, *st. f.* men-folk, folk, population;—in *pl.* people.

wesan, *st. abl. v.* III. (*pret.* **wæs**, **wæron**), to be;—*w. past part.* forms the passive voice.

for-wesan, to pass away, rot. Ruin. 7.

ge-wesan, to be. Sol. 181.

west, *adv.* westerly, toward the west.

westan, *adv.* from the west.

wēstan, *v.* to waste, devastate.

west-dæl, *st. m.* western part.

wēste, *adj.* waste, uninhabited, abandoned, desolate.

westem. See **wæstm** (fruit).

wēsten, *st. m. & n.* waste, desert, solitude.

west-ende, *st. m.* west end.

wēsten-gryre, *st. m.* horror of the waste, dread of the desert.

wēsten-stadol, *st. m.* waste place.

west-mest, *adj.* westmost.

west-rōdor, *st. m.* western sky.

west-weg, *st. m.* western way.

wedan, *st. abl. v. III.* to tie, bind? (Ps. 106: 28); — assuage? gladden?

wēde, *adj.* sweet, mild, agreeable.

wedel, *st. f.* poverty, want, need.

wēd-nes, *st. f.* agreeability, grace, sweetness.

wexe. See **weax** (wax).

wēa, *v. m.* woe, trouble, misery, misfortune.

wēa-dæd, *st. f.* woe-deed.

wēa-ge-sið, *st. m.* companion in misery.

weaht, *part.* from **weccan**; — *pret.* **weahte**, to wake.

weal, **weala**. See **weall**, **wela**.

wēa-lāf, *st. f.* woful remnant, relic left by misfortune.

wea-land, **wealh-land**, *st. n.* **Welsh-land**, foreign country.

Wealas. See **wealh** (Welshman).

wealca, **walca**, *v. m.* 1. billow, rolling wave. — 2. light, floating garment.

wealcan, *st. red. v.* (cf. **walk?**), to move (around or about), roll, toss.

ge-wealcan, the same as above.

on-wealcan, to roll around, wallow.

weald, **wald**, *st. m.* **weald**, **wold**, wood; — bushes, foliage, branch. Gen. 846.

wealdan, **waldan**, *st. red. v.* to wield, exercise, or possess authority; to possess, rule, guide.

ge-wealdan, to **wield**, rule, command, guard; — *part.* **ge-wealden**, 1. strong, vigorous, active. — 2. subject, submissive (B. 1732).

wealdend, *part.* **wielding** authority, powerful.

wealdend, **waldend**, *part. & subs.* **wielder**, guide, ruler, lord, king.

wealdend-god, *st. m.* **wielding God**, Lord God.

weald-, **wald-awadu**, *st. f.* track or trail in the wood(s); forest path.

wealh, *st. m.* **Welshman**, stranger, slave.

wealh-stōd, *st. m.* interpreter. Cf. **Wealh**.

wēalic, *adj.* woful.

weall, **weal**, *st. m.* 1. wall, earth-wall, dam, hill, mountain. — 2. bank, shore, wall of rock. — 3. (ordinary) wall.

weallan, *st. red. v.* (Ger. *wallen*), to well up, to billow, undulate, rock (as waves do); — *v. acc.* to scourge, lash (Sol. 143).

ā-weallan, 1. to well forth, flow out, spring up. — 2. *part.* **āweallen?** Cri. 625.

weall-, **weal-clif**, *st. n.* **wall-cliff**, cliff on the shore.

weall-dor, *st. n.* door in the wall.

weall-, **weal-fæsten**, *st. n.* **wall-fastness**, rampart of defense, castle, fortress.

weall-, **weal-geat**, *st. n.* **wall-gate**, postern, exit.

weallian, *v.* to roam, ramble, sojourn abroad.

weall-, **weal-stân**, *st. m.* **wall-stone**, stone for a wall, corner-stone.

weal-steall, *st. m.* a wall or wall-place (whereon a ruin stands).
weall-stēap, *adj.* wall-steep, steep-walled, steep like a wall. [wall.
weall-wāla, *w. m.* wall, parts of a weal-sāda, *w. m.* eord for binding (Welshmen or) slaves? (Ps. 139:5).
wēan? Ps. 68: 27.
weard, *adv.* ward, toward, to.
weard, *st. m. & f.* ward, watch, protection, waiting for, lurking ambushade; possession.
weard, *st. m.* warden, watchman, guardian, protector, lord.
weardian, *w. v.* 1. to ward, guard, heed, protect, preserve. — 2. to hold, occupy, inhabit, sojourn in.
3. lāst (swade) **weardian**, to hold or guard one's footsteps = (1.) to follow closely (B. 2164); — (2.) to leave behind, abandon, remain behind.
wearg, **wearh**, **werg**, *st. m.* 1. wolf. 2. outlaw, criminal.
wearg-træf, -treaf, *st. n.* house of the damned, hell.
wearm, *adj.* warm.
wearmian, *w. v.* to become warm.
wearmlīc, *adj.* warm.
wearn (?), multitude, many.
wearn, *st. f.* denial, refusal, renunciation (B. 366). — 2. resistance.
3. reproaches, abuse.
wearnian, **warnian**, *w. v.* to guard one's self, be on one's guard against, deny one's self.
wearning, **warning**, *st. f.* 1. warning. — 2. foresight, caution.
wearod. See **warud** (shore).
wearp, *st. m.* **warp** (in weaving).
wēas, *adv.* accidentally, by chance.
wēa-spell, *st. n.* woe-spell, evil tidings.
wēa-tācen, *st. n.* woe-token, evidence of misery.
wēa-pearf, *st. f.* woful misery, need.
weax, *st. n.* wax.

weāx = **weācs** = **wāces**, *gen. n.* of **wāc**, weak, soft. Rid. 46: 1.
weaxan, *st. abl. v.* IV. to wax, increase, grow, strengthen, become more powerful.
ā-weaxan, to grow up, become full grown, arise, originate.
be-, bi-weaxan, to overgrow.
ge-weaxan, to wax, grow up.
weaxan, to consume, devour? B. 3115.
wéo, weo-bedd. See **wôh**, **wigbed**.
wêod, wiod, *st. n.* weed.
weodewe. See **widwe** (widow).
wêod-mônad, *st. m.* weed-month, August. Men. 138.
weogas, weog, weola. See **weg, wig, wela**.
weolme, *st. f.* choice, selection, pick of one's fellow-creatures. Cri. 445.
weoloras. See **weleras** (lips).
weor, *adv.* (cf. worse), meanly, cowardly.
weora, *gen. pl.* of **wer** (man).
weorc, worc, werc, *st. n.* 1. work, deed, labor. — 2. trouble, work (Lat. labor), difficulty, strait.
weorce, *adj.* difficult, heavy, painful.
weorce, *adv.* the same as above.
weorcean. See **wyrcan**, -ean.
weorc-sum, *adj.* oppressive, hard, hurtful, irksome.
weorc-pēow, 1. *st. m.* workman, servant, slave. — 2. *st. f.* female slave, maid (Gen. 2260).
weoren, *part. of wesan* (to be).
weorfan. See **hweorfan** (to move).
weorm, *st. m.* worm.
weorn (?). Az. 185; An. 677, 1492. [from **weor** or **worn**?]
weornan. See **wyrnan** (to refuse).
weornian, *w. v.* to wilt, wither, dwindle, rot, decay. [dile.
weorod, **weorold**. See **weorud**, **weoruld** (world).
weorpan, worpan, wyrpan, wurpan, (Ger. *werfen*), *st. abl. v.* I. to cast, throw.

ā-weorpan, to throw from, off, out, or down; to expel, remove; to contest, refute.

be-, bi-weorpan, 1. to cover over, surround.— 2. to throw, cast down.

for-weorpan, 1. to cast out, cast down, drive off.— 2. to squander, throw away (B. 2872).

ge-weorpan, 1. to throw, cast down.— 2. (*reflex.*), to rise, to lift one's self up.— 3. to turn round, alter, change (Cri. 188).— 4. to pass by, pass away (Gn. Ex. 77).

ofer-weorpan, 1. to throw over, upon, or at.— 2. to throw down, overthrow.— 3. *intrans.* to stumble, fall over.

tō-weorpan, to break in pieces, dissipate, destroy, frustrate, avert; *intrans.* to pollute one's self. Gn. Ex. 191. [*diate.*]

wid-weorpan, to reject, repu-

ymb-weorpan, to throw around, surround.

weorpere, *st. m.* thrower, easter.

weord, wurd, *st. n.* 1. worth, price, value, ransom, purchase-money.— 2. honor, worth, dignity (Bed. Sm. 545: 6).

weord, word, *st. m.* street, lane; corridor, hall, way, vestibule.

weordan, wiordan, wurdan, wyr-dan, (Ger. *werden*), *st. abl. v. I.* to be or become, happen, occur;— *w. past. part.* of trans. verbs = passive voice;— *w. past. part.* of *intrans.* verbs = circumlocution for the ordinary preterite. Cf. **worth** in "woe **worth** the day!" = exclamation.

for-weordan, to perish, pass away, vanish.

ge-weordan, 1. to be or become, happen, occur.— 2. *impers. w. acc.* of *pers.* to become, take place, happen, occur to, seem, appear; please.

weord-ful, *adj.* **worthful**, highly esteemed, glorious.

weord-georn, *adj.* **ambitious**, desirous of glory.

weordian, wurdian, wyr-dian, *w. v.*

1. to hold **worthy**, esteem, respect, honor, revere, adore.— 2. to magnify, praise.— 3. to honor, distinguish, deck, adorn, present.

ge-weordian, 1. to distinguish, honor, adorn, furnish, present.— 2. to magnify, praise.

weordig, wordig, *st. m.* street, lane, way; area, ground or soil upon which an estate lies; court.

weord-, wurd-lic, *adj.* **worthy**, reverend, venerable, distinguished.

weord-, wurd-lice, *adv.* the same.

wēord-, wurd-, wordmynd-, mynd-, mynt, *st. f. & n.* honor, dignity, memorial.

weord-, wyrð-scipe, *st. m.* **worth-ship**, worship, honor, dignity.

weordung, *st. f.* honor, distinction, appreciation.

weorud, weorod, werud, werod, wered, *st. n.* troop, band, folk, multitude.

weorudān (?). Wy. 93.

weorud-lēast, werod-lēst, *st. f.* lack of men or warriors.

weoruf-, woruf-tord, *st. m.* dung, excrement of cattle.

weoruld, weorold, woruld, world, *st. f.* 1. **world** (inclusive of all temporal things, all things betwixt heaven and hell; and, in a biblical sense, all that is earthly, sensible, sensuous.— 2. men, humanity.— 3. life, temporal or worldly life (Met. 10: 70; Sch. 22).— 4. lifetime, eentury.

weoruld-, woruld-ār, (Ger. *chre*), *st. f.* worldly honor or favor before the world.

weoruld-, world-bearn, *st. n.* **world-bairn**, man, person.

weoruld-, woruld-bliss, *st. f.* world-ly bliss, joy of earth.
 weoruld-, woruld-büend, *part. & subs.* world-inhabiter.
 weoruld-bysgung, -bisgung, *st. f.* worldly misery, trouble.
 weoruld-, woruld-candel, *st. f.* world-candle, sun.
 weoruld-, woruld-cræft, *st. m.* world-craft, earthly wit and wisdom.
 weoruld-, world-cund, *adj.* worldly, earthly.
 weoruld-, woruld-cyning, *st. m.* worldly king, earthly potentate.
 weoruld-, woruld-dêad, *adj.* dead.
 weoruld-, woruld-drêam, *st. m.* earthly joy.
 weoruld-driht. See weoruld-riht.
 weoruld-dryhten, -drihten, *st. m.* lord of the world, God.
 weoruld-, woruld-dugud, *st. f.* earthly or worldly good.
 weoruld-, woruld-ende, *st. m.* end of the world.
 weoruld-, woruld-earfod, *st. n.* earthly misery.
 weoruld-, woruld-feoh, *st. n.* earthly goods, wealth.
 weoruld-frêond, *part. & subs.* earthly or worldly friend.
 weoruld-, woruld-ge-dâl, *st. n.* separation from the world, death.
 weoruld-, woruld-ge-sælig, *adj.* rich in worldly goods.
 weoruld-ge-sæld, *st. f.* worldly happiness, earthly bliss.
 weoruld-, woruld-ge-sceaft, *st. f.* 1. earthly creature. — 2. world. Gen. 110.
 weoruld-, woruld-ge-strêon, *st. n.* earthly or worldly treasures.
 weoruld-ge-swinc, *st. n.* earthly toil, misery.
 weoruld-, woruld-gitsere, *st. m.* earth-seeker, coveter of worldly things.

weoruld-gitsung, *st. f.* earth-greed, desire for worldly things, covetousness.
 weoruld-, woruld-hyht, *st. m.* worldly or earthly joy.
 weoruld-, woruld-lic, *adj.* worldly, earthly.
 weoruld-, woruld-, world-lif, *st. n.* world-life, life in the world.
 weoruld-, woruld-mâgas, *st. m. pl.* worldly or earthly kin.
 weoruld-, woruld-man, *st. m.* man, human being.
 weoruld-, woruld-nytt, *st. f.* worldly use, profit, or advantage.
 weoruld-, woruld-ræden, *st. f.* world's intent, destination, destined use, order.
 weoruld-, world-rice, *adj.* rich in worldly power or goods.
 weoruld-, woruld-, world-rice, *st. n.* 1. world-realm, world. — 2. earthly kingdom. Cf. Ger. *reich*.
 weoruld-riht, woruld-ryht, *st. n.* seenlar or civil right, law. Gû. 28.
 weoruld-, woruld-sæld, *st. f.* earthly or worldly happiness, blessing.
 weoruld-, woruld-sceaft, *st. f.* worldly or earthly creature, creation.
 weoruld-, woruld-spêd, *st. f.* world-speed, success in the world.
 weoruld-, woruld-strengu, *st. f.* worldly strength, power.
 weoruld-, woruld-stund, *st. f.* time, season, or life in this world.
 weoruld-, world-pearfa, *w. m.* poor in worldly goods.
 weoruld-, woruld-pearfende, *part.* the same as above.
 weoruld-wela, *w. m.* world-wealth, riches of earth.
 weoruld-, woruld-widl, *st. m. & n. (?)* world-filth, foulness, dirt.
 weoruld-, woruld-wite, *st. n.* torture, martyrdom.

- weoruld-, woruld-wuniende**, *part.* dwelling in the world.
- wecruld-, woruld-yrindu**, *st. f.* worldly or earthly wretchedness.
- wēos, weota, weotian, wibed**. See **wig, wita, witian, wigbed**.
- wic**, *st. n.* -wick, dwelling-place, camp, stopping-place, house, bed, lair.
- wican**, *st. abl. r. V.* to yield, give way, fall down. (Ger. *weichen*.)
- ge-wican**, to yield, slide down or aside, refuse, deny, renounce.
- wic-cræft**, *st. m.* witchcraft, magic.
- wiccung-dôm**, *st. m.* same as above.
- wic-eard**, *st. m.* residence, dwelling-place.
- wic-freodu**, *st. f.* protection or defense of the residence.
- wig, wycg**, *st. n.* horse.
- wician**, *v. r.* to dwell, tarry, sojourn, rest in.
- ge-wician**, *intrans.* to dwell, have a dwelling, live.
- ymb-wicigean**, to surround, beleaguer, beset.
- wicing**, *st. m.* wicking, sea-robber, pirate.
- wic-atede**, *st. m.* residence, dwelling.
- wic-steal**, *st. m.* camp, camping-ground.
- wic-stôw**, *st. f.* residence, dwelling-place.
- wic-tûu**, *st. m.* vestibule; atrium, court.
- wid**, *adj.* wide, extensive, broad, long.
- wid-brâd**, *adj.* wide and broad, immense.
- wid-cûd**, *adj.* widely-known.
- wide**, *adv.* widely, far-spread.
- wide-ferd, -ferhd, -fyrhd**, *st. m. & n.* long life, long time.
- wide-feorh, -ferh, -ferg**, *st. m. & n.* the same as above.
- widewe**. See **widwe** (widow).
- wid-fædme**, *adj.* comprehensive, broad-bosomed, ample.
- wid-fereude**, *part.* wide-faring, coming from afar.
- wid-floga**, *v. m.* wide-fier, dragon. B. 2346.
- wid-folc**, *st. n.* great nation, wide-spread folk.
- wid-gal, -gel, -gil, -giell**, *adj.* 1. widespread, extensive. — 2. wandering, vagabond, roaming. Rid. 21: 5.
- wid-gangol, -gongel**, *adj.* wide-going, wandering far.
- widl**, *st. m. & n.?* filth, dirt.
- widlan**, *v. r.* to soil, befoul, pollute.
- wid-land, -lond**, *st. n.* wide land.
- wid-lâst**, *st. m.* long wandering, long way or road.
- wid-lâst**, *adj.* extending far, far-stretching.
- wid-mære**, *adj.* known afar, well-known.
- wido**. See **widu** (wood).
- wid-rynig**, *adj.* far-running? wide-flowing? An. 1509.
- wid-sceap**, *adj.* extended, large, great, considerable.
- wid-sid**, *st. m.* 1. wide or extensive journey. — 2. the Far-traveled One (name of A.-S. poem, I).
- widu, wido** = **wudu** (?), wood, branch. (Met. 13: 55; Rid. 57: 2).
- widwe, wydewe, weodewe, wudwe, wuduwe**, *v. f.* widow.
- wid-wegas**, *st. m. pl.* wideways, long roads or journeys.
- wif**, *st. n. (f.)*, wife, woman, lady, spouse.
- wifel**, *st. m.* chafer, scarab, dung-beetle (**weevil**).
- wif-gift**, *st. f.* wife-gift, dower, outfit.
- wif-hâd**, *st. m.* female sex.
- wif-lufe**, *v. f.* wife-love, love for one's wife.
- wif-man, -mon, wimman**, *st. m. & f.* woman.

wif-wyne, *st. m.* love for a woman.

wife, *w. f.* female **weaver** (webster).

wig, wih, weoh, weg, *st. m.* idol, image; fane, sanctuary, temple, altar.

wig, wigg, *st. m. & n.* 1. war, battle.

2. warlike ability.

wiga, *w. m.* warrior, contestant, fighter.

wigan, *st. abl. v. V.* to contend, fight, make war.

ge-wigan, to dwindle, vanish?

Rim. 76.

ofer-wigan, to outdo, conquer, vanquish.

wig, wi, weo-, weoh-bed, *st. n.* altar, place of sacrifice.

wig-bealu, *st. n.* war-bale, horrors of war.

wig-bil, *st. n.* war-bill, battle-sword.

wig-blâc, *adj.* brilliant in battle equipments.

wig-bord, *st. n.* war-board, war-shield.

wig-cirm, -cym, *st. m.* war-cry, noise of battle.

wig-cræft, *st. m.* war-craft, ability.

wig-cræftig, *adj.* skilled in war, able to fight.

wigend, -wiggend, *part. & subs.* warrior, fighter, contestant.

wig-freca, *w. m.* war-wolf, hero.

wig-fruma, *w. m.* warrior, war-prince.

wig-getawe, *st. n. pl.* war-equipments, gear, accouterments.

wigg, wiggend. See **wig, wigend**.

wig-gryre, *st. m.* war-horror, battle-dread, fearfulness.

wig-, wih-gyld, *st. n.* idol.

wig-, wi-haga, *w. m.* war-hedge, wall of shields, phalanx, *testudo*.

wig-hete, *st. m.* war-hate, hostility.

wig-heafola, *w. m.* battle-headpiece, helmet.

wig-hêap, *st. m.* war-troop, heap of warriors.

wig-heard, *adj.* innured to war, brave in battle.

wig-hryre, *st. m.* falling in fight, defeat.

wig-hyrst, *st. f.* war-gear, accouterments, ornament.

wig-léod, *st. n.* war-lay, battle-cry, battle-signal.

wig-lic, *adj.* warlike.

wig-neafola. See **wig-heafola**.

wig-nyt, *st. n.* success in or profit from battle or war.

wig-plega, *w. m.* war-play, conflict, battle.

wig-râd, -rôd, *st. f.* war-road, path of war or road for armies.

wig-ræden, *st. f.* state or condition of war; battle, war.

wig-sid, *st. m.* war-expedition, campaign.

wig-sigor, *st. m.* triumph, victory.

wig-smid, *st. m.* idol-smith, maker of idols.

wig-smid, *st. m.* war-smith, warrior, man of war.

wig-spêd, *st. f.* success in war.

wig-steal, *st. n.* rampart, bulwark.

wig-trod, witrod, *st. f.* expedition, raid.

wig-pracu, *st. f.* onslaught in battle.

wig-prist, *adj.* bold in battle.

wig-, weoh-weordung, *st. f.* idol-worship, idolatry.

wih, wihaga. See **wig (weoh)**, **wig-haga** (phalanx).

wiht, wuht, wyht, *st. f. & n.* 1. wight, whit, creature, animal, thing.—2. thing (especially in neg. clauses); — **ne-wiht** = naught, (acc.), not, not at all;—so also in instr. and w. comparatives.

wil-bec, *st. m.* brook or stream of tears, lamentations? Rim. 26.

wil-boda, *w. m.* messenger of joy, angel.

wil-cuma, *w. m.* welcome one, cherished guest.
wild, *adj.* wild, savage.
wil-dæg, *st. m.* day of joy.
wild-dêor, **wildêor**, *st. n.* wild beast.
wilde, *adv.* wildly.
wil-der, *st. n.* wild beast. Cf. **deer**.
wil-fægen, *adj.* fain, glad.
wil-gæat, **-gest**, *st. m.* welcome guest.
wil, **will-ge-brôdor**, *st. m. pl.* beloved brothers.
wil, **will-ge-dryht**, *st. f.* willing troop, ready band, retinue.
wil-ge-hlêda, *w. m.* intimate and willing friend or companion.
wil, **will-ge-sid**, *st. m.* the same.
wil, **will-ge-steald**, *st. n.* riches, wealth.
wil, **will-ge-sweostor**, *st. f. pl.* beloved sisters.
wil, **will-ge-bofta**, *w. m.* willing or ready companion.
wil, **will-gifa**, **-geofa**, **-giefa**, *w. m.* giver of joy, king. [ant.
wil-hrêdig, *adj.* glad-hearted, exult-
will. See **well**.
willa, *w. m.* **1.** will, wish, longing, joy, good pleasure.—**2.** something wished for, object of desire.
willan, **wyllan**, to will or wish:—*irreg. v., pres. indic. sg.* **1. 3.** **wille**, **wile**, **wyle**, **wylle**.—**2.** **wilt**, **wylt**; *pl.* **willad**, **wyllad**; *subj. sg.* **wille**, **wile**, **wylle**; *pl.* **willen**, **wyllen**, **wylle**; *pret.* **wolde**.
wille-burne, **will-flôd**. See **wylle-burne**, **wyllflôd** (wellspring, &c.)
willian, *w. v.* to will, wish, desire, long for.
wiln, **wyln**, *st. f.* maid, maid-servant.
wilnian, *w. v.* **1.** to will, desire, demand, wish, supplicate, entreat.—**2.** (local), long to go. An. 283; Met. 20: 159.
wilnung, *st. f.* longing, yearning.

wil, **will-sele**, *st. m.* pleasant dwelling.
wil, **will-sid**, *st. m.* wished-for journey, much-desired trip.
wil, **will-spel**, *st. n.* glad message, good tidings.
wil-sum, *adj.* desirable, wished-for, delightful.
wil-pegu, *st. f.* agreeable fare or food.
wil-wang, **will-wong**, *st. m.* delightful field, plain, or expanse.
wil-weg, *st. m.* chosen way, pleasant path.
wim-man. See **wifman** (woman).
win, **winn**, *st. n.* **1.** strife, contention, conflict, battle, uproar.—**2.** toil, labor, trouble.
win, *st. n.* wine. [hall.
win-ærn, *st. n.* wine-hall, drinking-
win-burg, *st. f.* wine-burg, castle or town in which wine-feasts are held.
wincan, **wincian**, *w. v.* to wink, close the eyes, nod to.
wincel, *st. m.* corner. (Ger. *winkel*.)
wind, *st. m.* wind.
win-dagas, *st. m. pl.* days of toil or misery, life in this world.
windan, *st. abl. v. I.* **1.** to wind, twist, turn one's self, move, stir, fly, roll.—**2.** *intrans.* to move hesitatingly hither and thither (Gð. 265).—**3.** to wind, turn, swing;—**wunden** gold, twisted gold, gold wrought into rings, &c.
â-windan, to wind out of, to escape, to withdraw, run away.
æt-windan, the same as above.
be, **bi-windan**, **1.** to bewind, wind about, surround, shut in.—**2.** to fit in, imprint, impress (An. 58; Jul. 234).
ge-windan, **1.** to wind, turn about, entangle.—**2.** *intrans.* to turn or twist one's self, flee away, betake one's self off.

- on-windan**, 1. to **un-wind**, loosen, open.—2. to turn round, return. *An.* 531.
- ymb-windan**, to elasp round, hold, grasp.
- wind-bland**, -blond, *st. n.* **wind-blending**, (the) commingled winds, roaring of the wind.
- windig**, *adj.* **windy**, breezy.
- win-drinc**, *st. m.* **wine-drink**.
- win-druncen**, *part.* **wine-drunken**.
- wind-sele**, *st. m.* **wind-hall**; hall of misery, hell.
- wine**, *st. m.* friend, intimate, beloved lord and husband.
- wine-dryhten**, -drihten, *st. m.* dear lord, lord and friend.
- wine-geomor**, *adj.* mourning for friends.
- wine-lêas**, *adj.* friendless.
- wine-mæg**, *st. m.* dear relation, blood-friend.
- wine-scipe**, *st. m.* friendship.
- wine-trêow**, *st. f.* true to one's friend; conjugal fidelity.
- wine-pearfende**, *part.* needing friends, friendless.
- win-gâl**, *adj.* **wine-mad**, intoxicated, exhilarated with wine.
- win-ge-drinc**, *st. n.* **wine-drinking**, feast of wine.
- win-geard**, *st. m.* vineyard.
- win-hâte**, *w. f.* invitation to wine, wine-feasting. *Jud.* 8.
- winia**, **winiga**, **winigea**, *gen. pl.* of wine (friend).
- winn**. See **win** (struggle).
- winnan**, **wynnann**, *st. abl. v. I.* 1. to strive, struggle, fight, resist, oppose.—2. to toil, exert one's self, labor, compete with.—3. *w. acc.* to endure, bear. [*endure*.]
- â-winnan**, to **win**, gain, attain.
- ge-winnan**, 1. *intrans.* to fight, struggle (*Gû.* 421).—2. *w. acc.* to vanquish, conquer.—3. *w. acc.* or *gen.* to **win**, gain, attain.
- win-ræced**, -reced, *st. n.* wine-hall, hall for drinking.
- win-sæd**, *adj.* **wine-sated**, intoxicated.
- win-sæl**, *st. n.* wine-hall, drinking-hall.
- win-sele**, *st. m.* the same as above.
- winster**, **wynster**, *adj.* left, on the left hand.
- winter**, *st. m. & n.* **winter**;—in *pl.* = years.
- winter-biter**, *adj.* wintry-bitter, cold.
- winter-ceald**, *adj.* wintry-cold.
- winter-cearig**, *adj.* grieved or troubled on account of great age, laden with years.
- winter-dæg**, *st. m.* **winter-day**.
- winter-fylled**, October. *Men.* 184.
- winter-ge-rim**, *st. n.* number of winters or years (counted by winters).
- winter-getæl**, *st. n.* same as above.
- winter-ge-wæde**, *st. n.* **winter-weeds**, snow.
- winter-ge-weorp**, -geworp, *st. n.* snowstorm.
- winter-rim**, *st. n.* number of winters or years.
- winter-scûr**, *st. m.* **winter-shower**.
- winter-stund**, *st. f.* winter time, season, or hour.
- win-pegu**, *st. f.* **wine-feast**, convivial drinking.
- wir**, *st. m.* **wire**, ornaments of wire or filagree.
- wir-boga**, *w. m.* twisted or bent wire.
- wircan**, -ean. See **wyrcan** (to work).
- wis**, *adj.* withered? *Crâ.* 13.
- wis**, *adj.* **wise**, sage, experienced, certain, fully conscious.
- wis**, *st. f.* **wise**, fashion.
- wisa**, *w. m.* director, guide, leader.
- wisan**, *w. v.* to guide, direct, point out, show? *Dan.* 35.
- wis-bôc**, *st. f.* **law-book**, book of wisdom.

wiscan. See **wýscan** (to wish).

wis-dôm, *st. m.* wisdom, knowledge.

wise, *w. f.* 1. wise, fashion, guide, custom, habit, mode of acting.—

2. condition.—3. state or circumstances of a case.—4. direction.

5. species of song, melody. (*Ger. weise.*)

wis-fæst, *adj.* wise, discreet, sage.

wis-fæstlic, *adj.* the same as above.

wis-hycgende, *part.* wise-thinking, sagacious, circumspect.

wis-hydg, *adj.* the same as above.

wisian, *w. v.* to direct, refer, show, lead, guide.

ge-wisian, to direct, prescribe, guide.

wislic, *adj.* certain, secure, trustworthy.

wis-lic, *adj.* wise, sagacious.

wis-wisslice, *adv.* certainly, surely, decidedly.

wislice, *adv.* wisely, sagaciously.

wisnian, *w. v.* in

for-wisnian, to rot, decay, age, wither.

wis-sefa, *adj.* (*Grein*), wise-souled, sagacious. *Sol.* 138.

wist, *st. f.* 1. being, existence.—

2. well-being, wealth, happiness, abundance (*B.* 1735).—3. food, nourishment, feed.

wist-fyllo, *st. f.* abundant food, nourishment.

wit, *wyt*, *dual pron.* we two;—**wit Adam twâ**, **wit Scilling**=Adam (*Scilling*) and I;—*gen.* **uncer**;—*dat.* **unc**; *acc.* **uncit**, **unc**.

wit, *st. n.* wit, understanding, intellect, sense.

wita, **weota**, *w. m.* sage, wise man, philosopher, counselor, adviser, senator.

witan, **wytan**, to know, be acquainted with; **wit**, **wot**;—*pret. pres. indic. sig.* 1, 3, **wât**.—2. **wâst**,

wæst; *pl.* **witon**; *subj.* **wite**; *pret.* **wiste**, **wyste**, **wisse**.

be-witan, to lead, guide, care for, attend to.

ge-witan, to **wit**, **wot**, know.

witan, *st. abl. v. V.* 1. to look, behold, see (*Gen.* 511).—2. to follow with the eyes or glance (accompanied by motions), start out for, begin a journey, go (*Met.* 24: 52).

3. to rebuke, reproach, reprimand.

æt-witan, to **twit**, reproach, taunt, censure.

ge-witan, to behold, cast one's eye in a certain direction (*Ps.* 79: 14); to move, start, go; then as *general verb of motion*, with or without reflexive dative; followed by *inf.* of a verb of motion, or a verb expressing an action involving motion or the end or aim of motion; with local prepositions, or adverbs, or alone.

ôd-witan, to blame, scold, reproach, censure.

wite, *st. n.* punishment, death-penalty or punishment, torture, distress, misery, hell.

wite-bend, *st. m. & f.* bonds of torture or punishment.

wite-brôga, *w. m.* tormenting dread, torturing terror.

wite-dôm, *st. m.* prophecy, prediction, presage.

wite-hrægl, *st. n.* penitential garb or dress of one who expiates a crime or an offense, or who pays a penalty.

wite-hûs, *st. n.* torture-house, hell.

wite-lâc, *st. n.* punishment, death-penalty, punishment by death.

wite-lêast, *st. f.* immunity or freedom from punishment, penalty, &c.

wite-scræf, *st. n.* hole or pit of torment, hell.

wite-swing, *st. m.* scourging, flogging, punishment.

wite-þeo, *st. m.* tortured slave.

witga. See **witiga** (prophet).

witian, **weotian**, *w. v.* to order, dispose, arrange, destine, conclude, establish, attend to.

be-witian, to care for, attend to, prepare, execute, effect, perceive.

witian, *w. v.*, *w. gen.*, to visit (?). *Gû.* 488.

witig, **wittig**, *adj.* **witting**, cognizant, wise.

witiga, **witega**, **witga**, *w. m.* prophet, seer, predieter.

witig-dôm, *st. m.* prophecy, prediction, prescience.

witigian, **witgian**, *w. v.* to prophecy, predict.

witnian, *w. v.* to punish, chastise, correct, scourge.

ge-witnian, the same as above.

witodlice, *adv.* certainly, undoubtedly.

wit-roð, **wittig**. See **wig-troð**, **witig** (wise).

wid, *I. prep.* against (= **with** in **withstand**). — **1. w. gen.** (*u.*), toward, to; — (*b.*), against (cf. protection, defense). — **2. w. dat.** (*a.*) toward, to; — (*b.*) against, opposed to, contrary (of hostility, resistance, or sentiment); — (*c.*), against, from (protection, defense, security); (*d.*), from (separation); — (*e.*), for, in exchange for (exchange, purchase, sale, compensation); — (*f.*), at, to, beside, by, with. — **3. w. acc.** (*a.*), to, toward, up to (to lean upon or beside, to support one's self upon); — (*b.*), toward and against (hostility and friendliness); (*c.*), against, from (protection, defense, guarding; to be one's friend, defend one's self against); — (*d.*), beside, by, with; — (*e.*), at, upon (*B.* 3049); — (*f.*), through, through and through. — *dat. & acc.* often

interchange: no case found in *Fä.* 50 (= against, in opposition to).

wider, *prep.* against. (Ger. *wieder*, *wider*.)

wider-breca, **-breoca**, *w. m.* antagonist, opponent.

wider-brôga, *w. m.* same as above.

wider-cwide, **-cwyde**, *st. m.* contradiction, objection.

wider-cyr, *st. m.* return. (Ger. *wiederkehr*.)

wider-feohtend, *part. & subs.* antagonist, foe.

wider-gyld, **-gild**, *st. n.* compensation, return, recompense.

wider-hycgende, *part.* refractory, stubborn, perverse, hostile-minded.

wider-hyðig, *adj.* same as above.

wider-léan, *st. n.* compensation, recompense.

wider-mæde, *adj.* hostile-minded, inimical.

wider-mêdo, *st. f.* hate, enmity, antagonism.

wider-ræhtes, *adv.* opposite, over against.

wider-sæc, *st. n.* contradiction, opposition, strife.

wider-steall, *st. m.* resistance, opposition.

wider-troð, *st. n.* return.

wider-weard, *adj.* opposing, antagonizing, hostile, refractory, stubborn, rebellious, bad.

wider-weardnes, *st. f.* opposition, enmity, hostility.

widre, *st. n.* resistance, opposition.

wid-steall, *st. m.* the same as above.

wiod, **wiolena**, (*gen. pl.* of **wela**),

wiordan. See **wêod**, **wela**, **weordan**.

wlæclice, *adv.* tranquilly, gently (?) (*Ps.* 148: 5), for **wræclice**.

wlanc, **wlonc**, *adj.* rich, stately, glad, lively, proud, insolent.

wlâtian, *v. r.* to look, glance, gaze.

be-wlâtian, to look at, contemplate, inspect.

wlenco, **wlencu**, **wlence**, *st. f.* wealth, glory, pomp; pride, arrogance, haughtiness.

wlencan, *v. v.* in

ge-wlencan, to render proud, adorn, decorate.

wlitan, *st. abl. v. V.* to look, glance, gaze, see.

and-wlitan, the same as above.

be-wlitan, the same as above.

geond-wlitan, **1.** to look beyond, look over, to contemplate. — **2.** *intrans.* to look about, look around. Cri. 60.

purh-wlitan, to look through.

wlite, *st. m.* form, figure, aspect, look; beautiful form, beauty, glory, ornament.

wlite-andet (?), fitting or appropriate acknowledgment, confession. Ps. 103: 2.

wlite-beorht, *adj.* brilliant or lovely of form or appearance.

wlite-lêas, *adj.* without beauty, ugly.

wlite-aëon, *st. f.* sight, aspect, object.

wlitig-torht, *adj.* brilliant, lovely.

wlitig, *adj.* beauteous, lovely.

wlitige, *adv.* the same as above.

wlitig-fæst, *adj.* of unfading beauty.

wlitigian, *v. r.* **1.** to beautify, ennoble. — **2.** to become beautiful. Seaf. 49.

ge-wlitigian, to adorn, beautify, embellish.

wlô, **wlôh**, *st. n.* fringe, tuft, tatter; to characterize a small matter (Gû. 1127) = bit (*adverb acc.*)

wlonc, **wô**. See **wlanc**, **wôh**.

wôcor, *st. f.* progeny, posterity, descendants, race.

wôd, *adj.* (**wood**), raging, mad, senseless.

woddor, *st. n.* throat, gorge, gullet.

Wôden, *st. m.* (cf. **Wednesday**), the god **Wuotan**, **Odin**. Gn. Ex. 133.

wôd-prag, *st. f.* attack of insanity, time of an attack; madness, rage.

wôh, **wô**, *adj.* **1.** bent, curved, twisted, distorted, wrong. — **2.** twisted, perverse, eccentric, unequal, unjust, bad, mean, injurious.

wôh-bogen, *adj.* bent, crooked, curved.

wôh-fremmend, *part.* committing injustice, doing evil.

wôh-godu, *st. n. pl.* false gods, idols.

wôh-hæmed, *st. n.* unlawful cohabitation, adultery.

wolcen, *st. m. n.* (**welkin**), cloud.

wolcen-faru, *st. f.* flying (of) clouds, cloud-drift.

wolcen-ge-hnâst, *st. n.* cloud-collision (in a storm).

wol-dæg, *st. m.* day of pestilence.

wollen-teâr, *adj.* with welling tears.

wom. See **wam** (blemish, &c.)

wôm, *st. m.* howling, shouting, lamentation.

wôma, *v. m.* noise, tumult, brawling, horror, terror; — **swefnes wôma**, dream-tumult, vision, dream.

womb, **won** (**wonn**), **wong**, **wonge**, **wonian**. See **wamb**, **wan**, **wang**, **wange**, **wanian**.

wôp, *st. m.* (**whoop?**), cry, lamentation, weeping, shrieking.

wôp-dropa, *v. m.* drop of pity, tear.

wôpig, *adj.* weeping, lamenting.

worc. See **weorc** (work).

word, *st. n.* **word**.

word, *st. n.* injury, loss (?). Gn. Ex. 65.

word-béot, *st. n.* promise in **words**, plighted word.

word-béotung, *st. f.* same as above.

word-craeft, *st. m.* **word-craft**, art of speech, poetic art.

word-cwide, **-cwede**, **-cwyde**, *st. m.* speech, language, rhetorical expression, utterance.

- word-ge-bēot**, *st. n.* promise in words, plighted word.
- word-ge-mearc**, *st. n.* word-definition or characterization, limitation by words.
- word-ge-rýne**, *st. n.* word-rune, secret expressed in or by words.
- word-gid, -gyd**, *st. n.* song, melodious speech, language, saying.
- word-glêaw**, *adj.* word-clever, eloquent in words, fluent.
- word-hlêodor**, *st. m.* word-clangor, speech, language; sermon.
- word-hord**, *st. n.* word-hoard, treasury of words.
- word-latu**, *st. f.* laxity in fulfilling commands, hesitation in obeying orders.
- word-ladu**, *st. f.* converse, speech, language.
- word-léan**, *st. n.* word-recompense, reward for song.
- word-locæ**, *w. m.* word-hoard; speech.
- word-riht**, *st. n.* 1. word-right, the written law, law.—2. right or fitting word (B. 2631).
- word-snottor**, *adj.* wise in words.
- worhte**, *prct.* of **wyrcan** (to work).
- wôrian**, *w. r.* to roam, ramble, move, roll in ruins.
- world**. See **weoruld** (world).
- worn**, *st. m.* multitude, number.
- worn-ge-hât**, *st. n.* promise of multitude, of numerous descendants. Gen. 2364.
- worpan**. See **weorpan** (to cast).
- worþian**, *w. r.* to cast, throw, throw at or upon, pelt with missiles.
- word, wordig**. See **weord, weordig**.
- woruf, woruld, -old**. See **weoruf, weoruld**.
- wôd**, *st. f.* voice, tone, cry, song.
- wôd-bora**, *w. m.* orator, speaker, singer, minstrel, prophet.
- wôd-cræft**, *st. m.* oratory, art of speech or song.
- wôd-gifu**, *st. f.* gift of voice, speech, or song.
- wôd-sang**, *st. m.* song.
- wrace**, *st. f.* (wreaking) vengeance. Ps. 93: 1.
- wracu**, *w. f.* (wreaking) persecution, vengeance, punishment, misery, torture, pain.
- wræc**, *st. n.* exile, banishment, persecution, oppression, misery, grief.
- wræc**, *st. m.* exile, fugitive (B. 2613), émigré, outcast.
- wræcca, wrecca, wreccea, wreca**, *w. m.* wretch, exile, fugitive, stranger.
- wræc-fæc**, *st. n.* time of exile, banishment, misery.
- wræc-hwil**, *st. f.* the same as above.
- wræc-, wrec-lâst**, *st. m.* path of exile, banishment.
- wræc-lic**, *adj.* 1. foreign, strange, unfamiliar.—2. unusual, uncommon, extraordinary.—3. wretched, grievous (Gen. 37).
- wræclice**, *adv.* 1. in exile, abroad. 2. strangely, wondrously.
- wræc-mæcg**, *st. m.* exile, outcast, wretch.
- wræc-mæcg**, *w. m.* same as above.
- wræc-man**, *st. m.* exile, fugitive.
- wræc-setl**, *st. n.* place for exiles, penal colony.
- wræc-sid**, *st. m.* exile, banishment, misery, woful fate, wretchedness.
- wræc-stôw**, *st. f.* place of exile or punishment.
- wræd, wræd**, *st. f.* wreath, band, ribbon.
- wræne**, *adj.* extravagant, lax, voluptuous, libidinous.
- wræn-nes**, *st. f.* extravagance, dissoluteness, lust, revelry.
- wræsnan**, *w. r.* to alter, change, modulate.
- wræst**, *adj.* fixed, firm, lasting, able, strong.

wræstan, *v. r.* to wrest, twist, turn, set in motion.

wræste, *adv.* fixedly, firmly.

wræt, *st. f.* fret (?), fretwork, ornament, oddity, jewel, work of art.

wrætlic, *adj.* artistic, ornamental, strange, singular, rare.

wrætlice, *adv.* the same as above.

wræd. See **wræd** (wreath).

wræd-, wred-studu, *st. f.* studding, column, pillar, support.

wrād, *adj.* 1. wroth, angry, cruel, hostile.—2. crooked, mean, cowardly, bad.—3. urgent, insistent, violent.

wrāde, *adv.* the same as above.

wrādlic, *adj.* bitter, vehement, woful.

wrādlice, *adv.* hostilely.

wrād-mōd, *adj.* wroth-minded, angry.

wrād-scræf, *st. n.* mean and woful hole; pit of misery or wrath.

wraðu, *st. f.* strengthening material, support, help, maintenance.

wreca. See **wræcca** (exile).

wrecan, *st. abl. r.* III. 1. to drive, push, urge, force.—2. to expel, drive out or away.—3. to bring before, deliver, utter, pronounce, sing.—4. to punish, **wreak**, avenge. 5. to press forward, hurry, hasten to.

â-wrecan, 1. to drive off, out, away.—2. to strike, hit, pierce.—3. to bring forth, deliver, utter, pronounce.

be-, bi-wrecan, 1. to drive, bring, fetch.—2. to overturn, push over or about, strike, flog.

for-wrecan, to drive forth, expel, banish.

ge-wrecan, *v. acc.* to wreak vengeance on, to punish.

tô-wrecan, to drive asunder, scatter, dissipate.

péod-wrecan, to **wreak** or

avenge on a whole people, take summary revenge. B. 1278.

wrecca. See **wræcca** (exile).

wreccan, *v. r.* to wake, rouse, set up; to urge, press, torment.

wreccea, **wrec-lâst**. See **wræcca**, **wræc-lâst** (exile).

wrēgan, *v. r.* to set in lively motion, excite, stir up.

ge-wrēgan, the same as above.

wrenc, **wrence**, *st. m.* 1. wrench, crook, bending, curve.—2. crookedness, deceit, cunning, intrigue.—3. modulation, song (Ph. 133; Rid. 9: 2).

wrencan, *v. r.* to spin intrigues, controversies;—to “wirework.”

wrienna, *v. m. spy's* or scout's horse. Rim. 7.

wredian, *v. r.* to support, sustain, uphold, strengthen, render firm.

â-wredian, the same as above.

under-wredian, same as above.

wred-studu. See **wræd-studu**.

wrēon, **wrion**, *st. abl. r.* V. & VI. to cover, conceal, hide, cover over, protect, defend.

be-wrēon, to cover over, hide.

on-wrēon, to uncover, reveal.

wreoden-hilt, *adj.* wreathen-hilted, with twisted hilt.

wriced, 3d pers. sg. indic. pres. of **wrecan** (to drive).

wridan, **wridan**, *st. abl. r.* V. to increase, germinate, wax, grow up.

wridian, **wridian**, *v. r.* same as above.

wrigels, *st. n.* cover, veil.

wrigian, *v. r.* to strive, struggle, press forward, endeavor, dare, venture.

wrihan, *st. abl. r.* V. to cover over, hide, conceal, keep secret.

be-, bi-wrihan, same as above.

in-wrihan, to uncover, reveal, disclose.

ofer-wrihan, to **over-rig**, cover over, conceal.

- on-wrihan, to unrig, uncover, disclose.
- writ, *st. n.* writ, writing.
- writan, *st. abl. v. V.* to scratch, incise, scribble, write.
- â-writan, **1.** to write out, put down in writing.—**2.** to describe (El. 91).—**3.** to form, fashion, copy (An. 726).
- be-writan, to write about, describe, inscribe.
- for-writan, to cut to pieces.
- wrida, *w. m.* ring. Cf. wreath.
- wridan, *st. abl. v. V.* to wreath (writhe), turn, bind, fetter, tie.
- â-wridan, to turn, get ready, prepare.
- be-wridan, to wind about, bewreath, surround, envelop.
- ge-wridan, to bind or tie on, attach to.
- on-wridan, to unwreath, unbind, loosen, disclose.
- wridan, wridian. See wridan, wridian (to grow).
- wrixl, *st. f.* exchange, change, barter.
- wrixlan, wrixlian, *w. r.* to change, exchange, alternate, barter.
- ge-wrixlan, **1.** to get by exchange, barter for.—**2.** to compensate, recompense.
- wrion. See wrëon (to cover).
- wrôht, *st. m. & f.* **1.** accusation, censure, blame, reproach.—**2.** crime, sin, mischief, injustice, misery, provocation, anger.—**3.** strife, enmity, hostility, discord.—**4.** harm, hurt, damage, injury, misfortune.
- wrôht-bora, *w. m.* originator or stirrer up of strife or crime; monster, devil.
- wrôht-dropa, *w. m.* drop, bloodshed that brings sin or crime with it.
- wrôht-ge-tême, *st. n.* injustice, wrong, crime, guilt.
- wrôht-scipe, *st. m.* crime, outrage, misdeed.
- wrôht-smid, *st. m.* worker of crime or misdeeds, evil-doer, devil.
- wrôht-stæf, *st. m.* mischief, misdeed, crime, outrage.
- wrôtan, *st. red. v.* to root up, turn, rummage.
- wuce, *w. f.* week.
- wudig, *adj.* woody.
- wudu, *st. m.* **1.** wood.—**2.** tree.—**3.** forest, woods.
- wudu-bât, *st. m.* woodboat, wooden boat.
- wudu-béam, *st. m.* forest tree.
- wudu-bearu, *st. m.* (woodbarrow), grove, forest.
- wudu-bléd, *st. f.* tree-blossom.
- wudu-fæsten, *st. n.* wood-fastness, ship.
- wudu-feld, *st. m.* woody field.
- wudu-fugol, *st. m.* woodfowl, forest bird.
- wudu-holt, *st. n.* woodholt, forest, grove.
- wudu-rêc, *st. m.* wood-reek, smoke from the wood of the funeral pyre.
- wudu-telga, *w. m.* wood-twigg or branch.
- wudu-trêow, *st. n.* wood-tree.
- wuduwe, wudwe, wuht. See widwe, wiht.
- wuldor, *st. n.* glory, praise, fame.
- wuldor-blæd, *st. m.* fullness of glory, ecstatic glory.
- wuldor-cyning, *st. m.* king of glory or praise, God.
- wuldor-drêam, *st. m.* heavenly rapture, joy of heaven.
- wuldor-fæder, *st. m.* father of glory, God.
- wuldor-fæst, *adj.* glorious, splendid, illustrious, noble.
- wuldor-fæste, *adv.* same as above.
- wuldor-gâst, *st. m.* spirit of glory, angel, Holy Ghost.
- wuldor-ge-steald, *st. n. p'.* glorious possession, dwelling-place, realms of glory.

wuldor-gifen, -geofun, *st. f.* glorious gift, gift of glory, noble intellectual power.

wuldor-gifu, *st. f.* same as above.

wuldor-gim, *st. m.* glory-gem, sun.

wuldor-hama, *w. m.* garb of glory, brilliant robe.

wuldor-lēan, *st. n.* glorious recompense, (loan).

wuldor-lic, *adj.* glorious, splendid.

wuldor-māga, *w. m.* kinsman in or of glory.

wuldor-mago, *st. m.* son of glory, illustrious son.

wuldor-micel, *adj.* gloriously great.

wuldor-nyttig, *st. f.* remarkable service, profit, gain.

wuldor-spēd, *st. f.* fullness of glory, glorious wealth.

wuldor-spēdig, *adj.* glorious, famous.

wuldor-torht, *adj.* glory-bright, brilliant, shining, clear.

wuldor-þrym, *st. m.* heavenly glory, hight of glory, majesty.

wuldor-weorud, *st. n.* noble army, heavenly host or inhabitant.

wuldor-word, *st. n.* word of glory, glorious word.

wuldrian, *w. v.* 1. to glorify, magnify. — 2. to boast, brag.

ge-wuldrian, to render glorious, marvelous; to magnify.

wulf, *st. m.* wolf.

wulf-heafod-tréo, *st. n.* wolf-headed tree; cross, gallows. Rid. 56: 12.

wulf-heart, *adj.* wolf-hearted, hard-hearted, cruel.

wulf-hlid, *st. n. (pl. hleodu)*, wolf-slope, mountain-slope where wolves or monsters live.

wull, *st. f.* wool.

wund, *st. f.* wound.

wund, *adj.* sore, wounded.

wunden-feax, *adj.* curly-haired or maned. B. 1400.

wunden-heala, *adj.* with twisted or curved neck. B. 298.

wunden-heord, *adj.* curly-locked? B. 3151.

wunden-locc, *adj.* same as above.

wunden-mæl, *st. n.* sword damascened with twisted or complicated patterns.

wunden-stefna, *w. m.* ship with curved prow.

wundian, *w. v.* to wound.

for-wundian, same as above.

ge-wundian, same as above.

wundor, *st. n.* wonder, marvel, monster, strange deed or work, work of art; — *instr. pl.* **wundrum**, wondrously, strangely.

wundor-âgræfen, *part.* wondrously graven or chiseled.

wundor-bebod, *st. n.* wonderful command, puzzling order.

wundor-béacen, *st. n.* wonder-beacon, strange sign.

wundor-bléo, *st. n.* wondrous hue or color.

wundor-clam, -clom, *st. n.* wonder-clamp, fetter, strange band or bond.

wundor-fæt, *st. n. (vat)*, vessel of wondrous workmanship.

wundor-gifu, *st. f.* wonder-gift, wondrous endowment.

wundor-lic, *adj.* wonderlike, wonderful.

wundor-lice, *adv.* same as above.

wundor-maðdum, *st. m.* wondrous jewel.

wundor-séon, -sion, *st. f.* wonderful sight.

wundor-smid, *st. m.* smith that executes wonderful work.

wundor-tācen, *st. n.* wonder-token.

wundor-weorc, *st. n.* wonder-work, marvelous deed.

wundor-woruld, *st. f.* wonderful world.

wundor-wyrd, *st. f.* wonderful event, happening.

wundrian, *w. v.* to wonder, marvel, admire, staro (at).

â-wundrian, to turn in a wonderful wise. El. 581.

wundrung, *st. f.* wondering, wonder, admiration.

wunian, *w. v. 1.* (Ger. *wohnen*), to dwell, abide, sojourn in.—**2.** to stand, consist, remain, last, persevere, hold out.

ge-wunian, **1.** to dwell, tarry, sojourn, be, in;—*past part.* living, dwelling, abiding.—**2.** to stand, consist, remain, last, hold out;—*w. acc.* to stand by, eling to, be dependent on.—**3.** to accustom one's self, be wont (Ger. *gewöhnen*).

purh-wunian, to persevere, hold out, continue.

wunn, **wurd**. See **wyn**, **wyrd**.

wurma, *w. m.* (worm), *murex* that affords the Tyrian dye; purple.

wurpan. See **weorpan** (to cast).

wurd, **wurdan**, **wurdian**. See **weord**, **weordan**, **weordian**.

wutan, **wuton**, **wutun**, **utan**, **uton**, (properly, **1. pers. pl.** of **witan**, used as hortatory subj.), *w. inf.* come on! go to! cheer up! *allons!* let us go! well! well then! let's!

wycg, **wydewe**, **wyht**. See **wicg**, **widwe**, **wiht**.

wyldan, *w. v.* in

ge-wyldan, to tame, control, bring into subjection.

wylf, *st. f.* she-wolf.

wylfen, *adj.* wolfish.

wyll, *st. m.* well, spring.

wylla, *w. m.* the same as above.

wyllan. See **willan** (to wish).

wyllan, *w. v. 1.* to well up, to gush or leap forth.—**2. reflex.** to wallow, roll round.

wylle, *w. f.* well, spring.

wylle-, **wille-burne**, *w. f.* the same as above.

wylle-, **wille-ge-spring**, *st. n.* well-spring, water-flood.

wyll-, **will-flôd**, *st. m.* same as above.

wylm, *st. m.* welling, surging, billowing; surf, flood.

wylm-hât, *adj.* surging-hot, fervent.

wyltan, *w. v.* (to welter), roll, turn.

wyn, **wynn**, **wenn**, **wunn**, *st. f.* joy, rapture, delight, delightfulness;—*w. gen.* the joy, delight of, favorite.

wyna, *w. m.* name of an animal or plant. Run. 37.

wyn-bêam, *st. m.* joy-beam, tree of delight (holy cross).

wyn-burg, *st. f.* happy or delightful burgh, town, castle.

wyn-candel, **-candel**, *st. f.* joy-candle, pleasant light (sun).

wyn-dæg, *st. m.* day of joy, winsome day.

wyn-ele, *st. m.* joy-giving oil, winsome oil.

wyn-fæste, **-feste**, *adv.* joyfully firm or fixed.

wyn-ge-sid, *st. m.* winsome, pleasant companion.

wyn-grâf, *st. m. & n.* delightful grove.

wyn-land, **-lond**, *st. n.* land of delight.

wyn-lêas, *adj.* joyless.

wyn-lic, *adj.* delightful, rapturous, pleasant, sweet.

wyn-lice, *adv.* the same as above.

wyn-mæg, *st. f.* winsome maiden.

wynnan. See **winuan** (to strive).

wyn-psalterium, *st. n.* psalm of joy.

wyn-rôd, *st. f.* rood of bliss, blessed cross.

wynster. See **winster** (left).

wyn-, **winsum**, *adj.* winsome, delightful.

wyn-sumlic, *adj.* same as above.

wyrcean, **wyrcean**, **weorcean**, **wercan**, **wircan**, *w. v. 1. w. acc., gen., or instr.* to work, aet, do, make,

get, prepare, institute, cause.—
2. *w. acc. or gen. to work out,*
 merit, deserve.

be-, bi-wyrcaŋ, to bring about,
 accomplish, get, adorn.

for-wyrcaŋ, to lose by misdeed,
 forfeit; to condemn, curse.

ge-wyrcaŋ, 1. *w. acc. to work,*
 make, do, manufacture, construct,
 fabricate.—**2. *w. acc. to do, make,***
 accomplish, perform, commit.—**3.**
 to work out, win, effect, deserve.
4. *w. gen. to carry out, execute.*
 Sol. 386.

in-wyrcaŋ, to work in, produce
 effect, exert influence; to direct,
 fix, appoint.

wyrceŋd, part. & subs. worker,
 doer.

wyrđ, wŷrd, wurd, st. f. 1. Weird,
 (one of the Norns or goddesses of
 Fate). fate, providence, destiny.—
2. event, fact, transaction.

wyrđan, werdān, *w. r. to spoil, in-*
 jure, hurt, oppress, annihilate, kill.

ā-wyrđan, the same as above.

ge-wyrđan, the same as above.

wyrđan, *w. r. in*

and-wyrđan, to answer.

wyrđ-stæf, st. m. decree of weird
 or fate.

wyrfan = hwyrfan, to go, wander?
 Met. 24: 44.

wyrgan, *w. r. in*

ā-wyrgan, to worry, throttle,
 strifle, strangle, destroy, injure, dis-
 figure.

wyrgan, wyrgēan, wyrgan, *w. r.*
 to scold, abuse, imprecate, execrate,
 bewitch, curse, condemn.

wyrġnes. See wyrġnes.

wyrġdu, st. f. curse, imprecation,
 malediction.

wyrhta, *w. m. wright,* worker, origi-
 nator, creator, artist, artisan.

wyrht, adj. evil, vicious, bad, malig-
 nant.

wyrġnes, wyrġnes, st. f. abuse,
 execration, reviling, invective.

wyrm, st. m. worm, serpent, dragon.

wyrm-cynn, st. n. kith and kin of
 worms, serpents, dragons.

wyrm-fāh, adj. particolored, inlaid
 or adorned with serpentine lines
 of ornamentation.

wyrm-geard, st. m. wormyard,
 dwelling-place of worms or ser-
 pents.

wyrm-hāt, st. n. worm-heat, heat
 of the dragon. B. 897.

wyrm-hord, st. n. dragon-hoard.

wyrm-lic, st. n. serpent-body.

wyrm-sele, st. m. hall of serpents,
 hell.

wyrman, *w. r. to warm.*

wyrnan, weorman, *w. v. to reject,*
 refuse, repudiate, reserve, with-
 hold.

for-wyrnan, 1. to reject, refuse,
 decline, repudiate.—**2. *w. acc. of***
 thing: to repel, hold at a distance,
 escape from. B. 1142.

wyrp, st. m. throw, cast, fling,
 blow.

wyrpan. See weorpan (to throw).

wyrpan, *w. r. 1. to return, come*
 back, turn.—**2. to refresh one's**
 self, rest, recover. Exod. 130.

wyrpe, st. m. revolution, change,
 alteration, remedy, relief.

wyrrpel, st. m. varvels, silver rings
 put on a hawk's leg, foot-ring.
 Wy. 87.

wyrrest, adv. worst.

wyrresta, adj. the same as above.

wyrs, adv. worae.

wyrsa, wiraa, compar. adj. worse,
 meaner, &c.

wyrallc, adj. bad, mean, evil.

wyrst, superl. of wyra (worse).

wyrt, st. f. 1. wort, vegetable,
 kitchen herb, sweet-smelling herb.
2. root.

wyrt-cynn, *st. n.* wort-kind, species of fragrant herb.
wyrtian, *w. v.* in
 ge-wyrtian, to spice, season, perfume.
wyrt-truma, **wyrtruma**, *w. m.* root, root-stock.
wyrt-wāla, **-wēla**, *w. m.* root.

wyrd, **wyrde**, *adj.* worth, worthy, honored, dear, precious.
wyrd, **wyrd-**, **wyrdan**, **wyrdian**. See **weord** (*n.*), **weordan**, **weordian**.
wýscan, **wiscan**, *w. v.* to wish, desire, aspire to, struggle for.
wyt. See **wit** (we two).

Y

ȳcan, **ican**, **icean**, **iecan**, *w. v.* to eke, increase, enlarge.
 ge-ȳcan, the same as above.
ȳce, *w. f.* toad, frog.
yðwe, *pl.* intestines, entrails? Ps. 108: 18.
yfel, *st. n.* evil, ill.
yfel, *adj.* evil, bad.
yfel-dæd, *st. f.* evil deed.
yfele, **yfle**, *adv.* ill, badly.
yfelian, **yflian**, *w. v.* to hurt, harm, bring evil upon.
 ge-yfelian, the same as above.
yfe-mest, **yf-mest**, *adj. & adv.* overmost, uppermost.
yfle, **yflian**, **ȳht**, **ylca**, **yld**. See **yfele**, **yfelian**, **ieht**, **ilca**, **yldu**.
yldan, **eldan**, *w. v.* 1. *intrans.* to hesitate, be irresolute.—2. *trans.* to delay, defer, put off, procrastinate, detain, prolong.
 for-yldan, to delay, put off.
ylde, **ilde**, *st. m. pl.* men, humanity.
ylðing, *st. f.* delay, procrastination.
yldra, **yldest**. See **eald** (old).
yldra, *w. m.* 1. *sg.* father (El. 492).
 2. *pl.* one's elders, parents, ancestors, forefathers.
yldu, **yldo**, **yld**, *st. f.* 1. lifetime, era, age.—2. *pl.* one's age or years (Ps. 89: 11).—3. old age, age.
ylf, *st. f.* elf, incubus.
ylfete, **ylfetu**, *st. f.* swan.
ymb, **ymbe**, *prep.* I. *w. acc.* 1. local: about, around, along.—2. over, con-

cerning, of, in respect of, in relation to (*w. vbs.* of speaking, striving, caring, thinking, &c.).—3. temporal: about, around (B. 219); after; before (Sat. 426, 571).—II. *w. dat.* about, around, concerning.—In I. and II. it is often placed after the word governed: occurs also without a case—adverbially.
ymbe-sittend, *part. & subs.* one sitting or settled around, a near neighbor.
ymb-hoga, *w. m.* care, anxiety, apprehension.
ymb-hwearft, **-hwerft**, *st. m.* rotation, revolution.
ymb-hwyrft, *st. m.* 1. rotation, revolution (Met. 28: 20).—2. surrounding, environment, circle, circuit, extent.—3. circle, globe, earth.
ymb-lyt, *st. m.* circle, circuit, circumference, extent? Sat. 7.
ymb-sittend, *part. & subs.* one settled in or around, neighbor.
ymb-spræce, *adj.* spoken about, much spoken of.
ymb-standende, *part.* standing about or around.
ymb-ūtan, *adv. & prep.* about, around.
ymen, **ymn**, *st. m.* hymn, sacred song.
yppan, *w. v.* to open, disclose, reveal.
 ge-yppan, to unveil, reveal, betray.

yppe, *adj.* open, public, manifest, known.

yppe, *w. f.* tribune, dais, high seat in the hall.

yping, *st. f.* heaping up, accumulation, extent, expanse.

yr, *adj.* irate, angry.

yr, *st. m. 1.* bow.—**2.** name of the Rune *y*.

yre-pweorh, *adj.* irate, ireful, cross, brusque. Jul. 90.

yrfe, *w. n.* inheritance, heritage. (Ger. *erbe*.)

yrfe-lāf, *st. f. 1.* property left, inheritance.—**2.** heir, guardian of the inheritance. Exod. 403.

yrfe-land, *st. n.* hereditary land, heritage in land.

yrfe-stōl, *st. m.* hereditary seat (stool), estate.

yrfe-weard, *st. m.* heir, inheritor.

yrġdo, **yrhdo**, *st. f.* cowardice.

yrman, *w. r.* to render miserable or wretched. (Ger. *arm*.)

ge-yrman, the same as above.

yrmen, **yrmen-pēod**. See **eormen**, **eormenpēod**.

yrming, *st. m.* wretch, beggar, needy one, pauper.

yrmdū, *st. f.* wretchedness, misery.

yrnan. See **irnan** (to run).

yrre, *st. n.* ire, wrath, fury.

yrre, **ierre**, *adj. 1.* wrong, *erring*, bewildered, lost, confused.—**2.** irate, wrath. [*ire*].

yrre-mōd, *adj.* angry of mind, full of **yrre-weorc**, *st. n.* ire-work, work or deed of wrath, fury.

yringa, *adv.* irefully, wrathfully, furiously.

yrslan, *w. r.* to get angry or irate, to pour forth indignation. Gð. 171.

yrsung, **irsung**, *st. f.* ire, wrath, **pas-sa**. See **is** (to be). [*sion*].

ysle, *w. f.* powder, dust, ashes.

ġat, *st. f.* storm, tempest, hurricane.

ġstig, *adj.* stormy (cf. the "yeasty waves.") [treme.]

yte-mest, **yt-mest**, *adj.* utmost, ex-

ġd, *st. f.* wave, billow.

ġd, *compar. adv.* of **ġade**: more easily;—*superl.* **ġdast**, **-ost**.

ġdan, *w. r.* (cf. Ger. *ödc*), to waste, ravage, destroy, annihilate, clear away, strip.

ġdan, **ġdian**, *w. r.* to surge, rise in billows; to roar, rage.

ġd-bord, *st. n.* wave-board? ship! shore! Crä. 57.

ġde, *adj.* easy.

ġdelice, *adv.* the same as above.

ġd-faru, *st. f.* wave-current, water-path, flowing waves. [find.]

ġd-fynde, *adj.* easily found, easy to

ġd-ge-bland, **-ge-blond**, *st. n.* turmoil or tumult of waves.

ġd-ge-sēne, *adj.* easily seen, visible.

ġd-ge-win, *st. n.* battling waves, tumultuous seas.

ġd-hof, *st. n.* water-dwelling, ship, vessel.

ġd-lād, *st. f.* water-course, path over the sea.

ġd-lāf, *st. f.* wave-leavings, sand, shore, beach.

ġd-lid, *st. n.* ship, vessel.

ġd-lida, *w. m.* the same as above.

ġd-mere, *st. n.* (mere), sea, ocean.

ġd-mearh, *st. m.* sea-horse (mare?) ship.

ġd-naca, *w. m.* boat, vessel.

ġwan, *w. r.* to show, reveal, point out, announce.

æt-ġwan, **1.** to show, exhibit, disclose, announce.—**2.** to become visible, appear.

ge-ġwan, to show, exhibit, reveal, present, offer.

ōd-ġwan, **1.** to show, exhibit, disclose.—**2.** to show one's self, to appear.

zefferus, *st. m.* **zephyr** (wind).

X

AN OUTLINE OF ANGLO-SAXON GRAMMAR.*

§ 1.—**Alphabet.**—The Old English, after their conversion to Christianity, adopted the Roman alphabet with slight changes. **ð** was crossed to represent **dh** and the Runic characters **thorn** and **wēn** (= **th** and **w**) were retained. **ð** and **þ** afterwards became in sound indistinguishable; that is, either character was used to represent either sound, **dh** or **th**.

§ 2.—**Pronunciation.**—The pronunciation of these signs must be studied from (1) the standpoint of other Germanic languages; and (2) the traditional pronunciation of Latin as it was spoken in England during and after the seventh century. Modern English can give but little help.

§ 3.—**Accent.**—The stress or accent is generally on the root-syllable, or significant element. "A secondary accent may fall on the tone-syllable of the lighter part of a compound or on a suffix."

§ 4.—**Quantity.**—Vowels and diphthongs are both short and long. Length of vowel, however, can not be determined by the Mss. To designate a long vowel some editors, like Sweet and Sievers, use an acute accent **â**; others, like March and Zupitza, prefer the more customary circumflex **â**.

§ 5.—**Umlaut.**—This is the change in an accented vowel produced by a vowel or a semi-vowel (**i**, **w**) in the following syllable. Exs. **sēcan** (Goth. *sôljan*); **ciest** (from **cēosan**); **liofað** (from **libban**); **men** (from **mann**); **helpan** (root **hîlp**); **bealu** (O.H.Ger. *balō*); **seofon** (Goth. *sibun*), &c. Sievers finds a palatal-umlaut in **riecht** (riht, ryht), from **reocht**, **cnieht**, **cniht**, from **cneocht**. See Sievers' *Angelsächsische Grammatik*, § 101.

§ 6.—**Breaking.**—Breaking is a change of an accented vowel brought about by a consonant or consonants in the same syllable. Exs. **eall**, **earm**, **eorl**, **leoht**, &c. What is called Breaking by Grimm and others is considered **u-** and **o-**umlaut by Holtzmann and Sievers. Cf. **bealu**, **eafor**, &c.

§ 7.—**Sounds.**—(A). **VOWELS.**—In Old English there are the following vowels and diphthongs: **a**, **æ(ǣ)**, **e**, **i**, **o**, **y**, **œ**, **ea(ia)**, **eo(io)**, and **ie(ei)**. Of these, **ea(ia)**, **eo(io)**, and **ie(ei)**, are likewise used as diphthongs. **a**, **o**, **u**, are gutturals; **æ**, **e**, **i**, **œ**, **y**, are palatals. All diphthongs begin with a palatal sound.

a	=	a	in	far;	â	=	a	in	father.
æ(ǣ)	=	a	"	hat;	æ	=	a(ai)	"	fate (air).
e	=	e	"	men;	ê	=	ey	"	they.
i	=	i	"	pin;	î	=	i	"	pique.
o	=	o	"	not;	ô	=	o	"	note.
u	=	u	"	full;	û	=	oo	"	fool.
y†	=	u	"	sur (Fr.);	ÿ	=	ü	"	grün (Ger).

* This Outline is specially indebted to the masterly works of March and Sievers.

† Later **y** and **ÿ** = **i** and **i**.

œ œ (Kentish and Northumbrian) = e ê (West Saxon).

ea = e + a, — earm (e-ârm); — êa = æ + a, — êast (â-ârst).

eo = e + o, — weorc (wê-ork); — êo = a + o, — dêop (dâ-op).

(B.) **Consonants.** — 1. *Liquids* — l, r. — 2. *Semi-Vowels* — j, w. — 3. *Nasals* — m, n. — 4. *Mutes* (a). *Labials* — p, b, f, v; (b), *Dentals* — t, d, ð, þ, s; (c), *Gutturals* and *Palatals* — c (k, q, x), g, h (x).

l was pronounced as modern l.

r was a strong trill, as in modern French.

j. There was no special sign for j (yot). This sound was most frequently represented by i, g, ge, and ige = y in yea.

w was pronounced as modern w.* So likewise m, n, p, b, t, d.

f (v) have the sound of both f and v in modern English. Exs. of f: fæder, findan, woffian, hæft, ræfsan, wulf, fif, &c. Exs. of v: ofer, gifan, hlâford, sealfian. v is sometimes found in foreign words.

d, þ. Both characters at first represented th; but later they stood for dh too. In print þ is initial, and ð medial and final. This custom was introduced by Grimm.

c (k is seldom found in the Mss.) is generally the sharp guttural; as in cid, cyning, circe. In some cases, however, it had become palatal: mēceas, sēcean, êcium, drencium, — that is, when i or e follows.

g is either a flat guttural: galan, gold, guma, gylden, glæd, gnorn, grafan; or a broad palatal (before e, ea, eo, i): geldan, gieldan, geaf, gēafon, gēotan, gift.

For g = j, see under j. gg is always written cg. ng is thus pronounced engel (= eng-gel).

h. Initial h is a breathing: hē, hlâf, hring, hwæt, &c. Medial and final h is guttural (palatal) = German ach and ich.

x = cs or hs.

s had originally the sharp hissing sound: sunu, sittan, stondan, smæl, &c. Later it sometimes got the sound of z: liesde, ræse, &c.

sc seems to vary between a guttural and a palatal pronunciation: sceal, sceaft, sceat, scēap, sceolde, as well as scær, scæron, scolde, sculan. There seems to be no rule to determine the use of sc and sce: sceacan, scēoc, sceacen, and scacan, scôc, scæcen, are both found.

INFLECTIONS.

§ 8. **Declension of Substantives.** — In Old English the declension of substantives shows more decay than in any other Germanic language. The declension of a Germanic word is brought about by suffixing different kinds of determinating elements to a Root or Stem. If this word-stem end in a vowel, we have — I. The Vowel-Declension; if it end in a consonant, we have II. The Consonant-Declension.

§ 9. **Gender.** — There are three Genders — Masculine, Neuter, and Feminine. Gender is partly natural (sex), partly grammatical. Sometimes grammatical gender is shown by the endings: the suffixes -a, -dôm, -hād, are Masculine: -e, -nes, -ing, -ung, are Feminine. But most often gender can be determined only by the article. Compounds follow the gender of the last element.

* It was always pronounced before l and r.

§ 10. **Number.**—There are three Numbers—Singular, Dual, and Plural. Outside of Pronouns, the Dual is not found.

§ 11. **Case.**—There are five cases—Nominative, Genitive, Dative, Accusative, and Instrumental. In substantives the Dative and Instrumental are alike. It is incorrect to print the Instr. sg. with a long *e* (ê). Sometimes in substantives and frequently in pronouns we find a pure Instrumental form: *folcy*, *ceapi*; *hwȳ*, *þȳ*. In Syntax, however, Dative and Instrumental are distinct.

§ 12.—I. **The Vowel (Strong) Declension.**

Here only three vowels are concerned—*a*, *i*, *u*. Hence the vowel-declension is divided into three classes: (*a*.) The *a*-declension: (*b*.) The *i*-declension; (*c*.) The *u*-declension. Of these only the *a*-declension is found entire. The other two had gone over more or less into it.

§ 13. **The a-declension.**—1. **Monosyllabic Words.**

(*a*.) **MASCULINES.**

Sg. N. A.	<i>stân</i> (stone).	<i>drêam</i> (joy).	<i>dæg</i> (day).
G.	<i>stanes</i> ,	<i>drêames</i> ,	<i>dæges</i> ,
D. I.	<i>stâne</i> ,	<i>drêame</i> ,	<i>dæge</i> ,
Pl. N. A.	<i>stânas</i> ,	<i>drêamas</i> ,	<i>dagas</i> ,
G.	<i>stâna</i> ,	<i>drêama</i> ,	<i>daga</i> ,
D. I.	<i>stânum</i> ,	<i>drêamum</i> ,	<i>dagum</i> .

(*b*.) **NEUTERS.**

Sg. N. A.	<i>geoc</i> (yoke).	<i>scip</i> (ship).	<i>fæt</i> (vessel).	<i>word</i> (word).
G.	<i>geoces</i> ,	<i>scipes</i> ,	<i>fætes</i> ,	<i>wordes</i> .
D. I.	<i>geoce</i> ,	<i>scipe</i> ,	<i>fæte</i> ,	<i>worde</i> .
Pl. N. A.	<i>geocu</i> , -o,	<i>scipu</i> ,	<i>fatu</i> ,	<i>word</i> ,
G.	<i>geoca</i> ,	<i>scipa</i> ,	<i>fata</i> ,	<i>worda</i> ,
D. I.	<i>geocum</i> ,	<i>scipum</i> ,	<i>fatum</i> ,	<i>wordum</i> .

§ 14.—Like *stân* and *drêam* decline:—

<i>âd</i> , oath.	<i>gâr</i> (spear).	<i>slæp</i> , sleep.
<i>cnif</i> , knife.	<i>hæft</i> , prisoner.	<i>stôl</i> , chair.
<i>dêad</i> , death.	<i>helm</i> , helmet.	<i>strêam</i> , stream.
<i>dôm</i> , judgment.	<i>hring</i> , ring.	<i>þeof</i> , thief.
<i>earn</i> , arm.	<i>mûd</i> , mouth.	<i>wind</i> , wind.
<i>eorl</i> , man.	<i>rim</i> , number.	<i>wulf</i> , wolf.

§ 15.—Like *dæg* decline *hwæl*, whale; *pæd*, path; *stæf*, staff; that is, words with *æ* before one consonant. Before two consonants *æ* is generally retained in the plural: *æsp*, asp; *cræft*, strength; *gæst*, guest, &c., have pl. *æspas*, *cræftas*, *gæstas* (seldom *gastas*).

§ 16. Like *geoc* and *scip* decline:—

<i>col</i> , coal.	<i>lot</i> , eunning.	<i>lid</i> , member.
<i>dor</i> , gateway.	<i>sol</i> , dung.	<i>twig</i> , twig.
<i>geat</i> , gate.	<i>spor</i> , trace.	<i>gebed</i> , prayer.
<i>hof</i> , courtyard.	<i>brim</i> , sea.	<i>gebrec</i> , noise.
<i>hol</i> , hole.	<i>clif</i> , cliff.	<i>geset</i> , sent.
<i>hop</i> , hiding-place.	<i>hlid</i> , cover.	<i>gesprec</i> , conversation.
<i>geflit</i> , strife.	<i>genip</i> , darkness.	<i>gewrit</i> , writing, &c.

These Neuters, with **e** or **i** before a single consonant (from **brim** to **gewrit**, inclusive), frequently have **eo** or **io**, instead of **e** or **i** in the plural: **gebeodu**, **cliofu**, **liodu**, &c., as well as **gebedu**, **clifu**, &c.

§ 17.—Like **fæt** decline—

bæc , back.	glæs , glass.	stæd , seashore.
bæd , bath.	græf , grave.	pæc , roof.
cræt , erate.	hæf , sea.	træf , tent.
dæl , dale.	sæl , hall.	swæd , track.

Occasionally **æ** is found in the plural instead of **a**: **stædu**, **scræfu** (**stadu**, **scrafu**), &c.

§ 18.—Like **word** decline all neuters that are long, either by position, (that is, before two consonants), or by nature:—

bân , bone.	hær , hair.	lêoht , light.
bearn , child.	hilt , hilt.	lif , life.
dêor , animal.	hors , horse.	lic , body.
fîr , fire.	hûs , house.	scêap , sheep.
folc , people.	lâc , play.	weorc , work.
gôd , good.	lêaf , foliage.	wif , wife.
win , wine, &c.		

§ 19.—REMARK 1.—In Northumbrian and in older West Saxon, the Gen. sg. ended in **-æs**: **domæs**, **heofonæs**. In Northumbrian **a** is also found: **biscobas**, **roderas**. Sometimes for **-es** we find **-ys**: **wintrys** (B. 516). Later, in West Saxon, this form became quite common.

REM. 2.—The Dat. sg. ending **-e** is sometimes dropped: **hâm**, seldom **hâme**.

REM. 3.—Words ending in **-h** lose the **h** in inflection:—

Nom. mearh .	Gen. meares .
“ feorh .	“ feores .
“ seolh .	“ seoles .

If a vowel precedes the **h**, contraction takes place:—

Nom. eoh .	Gen. êos .	
“ peoh .	“ pêos .	
“ feoh .	“ fêos .	
“ scôh .	pl. scôs .	
“ hôh .	“ hôs .	Dat. hôm .

REM. 4.—Some words ending in a double consonant lose one consonant in the Nom. and Acc., but it remains in the oblique cases: **weal**, **wealles**; **ful**, **fulles**, &c.

REM. 5.—Three Neuters regularly strengthen the stem in the pl. by **-er**: **æg**, egg; **cealf**, calf; **lamb**, lamb. They are thus declined: Sg. N. A. **æg**, G. **æges**, D. I. **æge**, Pl. N. A. **ægru**, **ægeru**, G. **ægra**, D. I. **ægrum**, &c. Sometimes **cild** has a pl. **cildru**; but in West Saxon it is usually declined like **word**. In Northumbrian it is also masculine; hence **cild**o and **cild**as.

§ 20.—(c.) FEMININES:—

Sg. N.	âr (honor).	gifu, -o (gift).	sacu (strife).
G.	âre,	gife,	sace, sæce.
D. I.	âre,	gife,	sace, sæce.
A.	âre,	gife,	sace, sæce, sacu.
Pl. N. A.	âra, -e,	gifa, -e,	saca, sace, sæce,
G.	âra, -ena,	gifa, -ena,	saca.
D. I.	ârum,	gifum,	sacum.

§ 21.—Like âr decline—

dûn, hill.		
folm, hand.	lâr, love.	brâg, time.
fôr, journey.	mearc, boundary.	glôf, glove.
feoht, fight.	sorg, sorrow.	wund, wound.
heall, hall.	rest, ræst, rest.	péod, people.
hwil, while.	stund, hour.	spræc, speech.

§ 22. Like gifu, decline—

cearu, care.	lufu, love.	scolu, school.
fremu, advantage.	nosu, nose.	sceamu, shame.
	pegu, taking.	

§ 23.—Like sacu decline—

cwalu, death.	ladu, invitation.	talû, tale.
faru, journey.	racu, narrative.	pracu, violence.
lagu, law.	swadu, trace.	wracu, revenge.
	wradu, support, &c.	

REM. 1.—Rarely a Gen. sg. in *-ys* is found: *helpys* (Ps. 101: 9). In the oldest monuments the oblique cases of the sg. and the Nom. Acc. pl. ended in *-æ*. In the Gen. pl. the regular ending is *-a*. *-ena*, however, is often found; and sometimes *-na*, *-ona*. These forms have come from the Consonant-Declension.

§ 24.—2. POLYSYLLABIC WORDS.—(a.) MASCULINES:—

Sg. N. A.	mâdum (treasure).	heorot, heort (hart).	nægel (nail).
G.	mâdmes,	heorotes, heortes,	nægles,
D. I.	mâdme,	heorte, heorte,	nægle,
Pl. N. A.	mâdmas,	heorotas, heortas,	næglas,
G.	mâdma,	heorota, heorta,	nægla,
D. I.	mâdmum,	heorotum, heortum,	nægulum.

§ 25.—(b.) NEUTERS.

Sg. N. A.	hûsel, hûsl (sacrifice).	wæter (water).	weofod (altar).
G.	hûsles,	wæteres, wætres,	weofodes,
D. I.	hûsle,	wætere, wætre,	weofode,
Pl. N. A.	hûsl, hûslu,	wæteru, wætru,	weofodu,
G.	hûsla,	wætera, wætra,	weofoda,
D. I.	hûslum,	wæterum, wætrum,	weofodum.

Here we have chiefly to do with derivatives in *-ad*, *-ed*, *-els*, *-al*, *-ol*, *-ul*, *-um*, *-on*, *-en*, *-er*, *-or*. If the stem is long, the vowel of the suffix is lost in inflection. If the stem is short, the vowel of the suffix is sometimes kept, sometimes lost. Usage varies. Examples:—

§ 26.—(a.) MASCULINES: *æppel*, apple; *bātel*, beetle; *ceafor*, ehafer; *dēoful*, devil; *hungor*, hunger; *hrōdor*, consolation; *finger*, finger; *hamor*, hammer; *heofon*, heaven; *hæled*, warrior; *hagal* (-ol), *hægel*, *hægl*, hail; *regen*, rain; *punor*, thunder, &c.

§ 27.—(b.) NEUTERS: *bēacen*, beacon; *fōdur* (-er), fodder; *gaful* (-ol), tribute; *hēafod*, head; *heolstor*, shadow; *leger*, resting-place; *mordur* (-or), murder; *setel*, seat; *tungol*, star; *wolcen*, welkin; *wundor*, wonder, &c.

§ 28.—REM. 1.—When *e* is protected by position (that is, before two consonants, though it is sometimes retained before a single consonant) it is retained. Exs.: *fæsten*, *mæden*, *mægen*, *nȳten*, *hengest*, *færelð*, *fætels*, &c.;—gen. sg. *fæstennes*, *mægenes*, *færelðes*, *fætelses*, &c.

REM. 2.—Words ending in -ad, -ed, -els, frequently discard the pl. suffix -as. Exs.: six *monad*; *hæled*, *fætels*.

§ 29.—(c.) FEMININES:—

Sg. N.	<i>frōfor</i> (consolation).	<i>ides</i> (woman).	<i>mærdū</i> , -o (glory).
G.	<i>frōfre</i> ,	<i>idese</i> ,	<i>mærdū</i> , -o,
D. I.	<i>frōfre</i> ,	<i>idese</i> ,	<i>mærdū</i> , -o,
A.	<i>frōfre</i> ,	<i>idese</i> ,	<i>mærdū</i> , -o,
Pl. N. A.	<i>frōfra</i> , -e,	<i>idesa</i> , -e,	<i>mærda</i> ,
G.	<i>frōfra</i> ,	<i>idesa</i> ,	<i>mærda</i> ,
D. I.	<i>frōfrum</i> ,	<i>idesum</i> ,	<i>mærdum</i> ,
Sg. N.		<i>strengu</i> , -o (strength).	
G.		<i>strengē</i> , -u, -o,	
D.		<i>strengē</i> , -u, -o,	
A.		<i>strengē</i> , -u, -o,	
Pl. N. A.		<i>strengē</i> , -a, -u, -o,	
G.		<i>strenga</i> ,	
D. I.		<i>strengum</i> .	

Here belong Abstracts ending in -ing, -ung, -nes, -u (o), -du (do), and Derivatives in -ul, -ol, -el, -or, -er, &c.

Words of two syllables, if the stem is long, lose the vowel of the suffix in inflection. If the stem is short, there is no syncope. This suffix must end in a simple consonant. Exs.: *sāwul* (-ol), *sāwle*; *firen*, *firene*, &c. The vowel of the suffix is protected by position in such words as—*candel*, *candelle*; *byrgen*, *byrgenne*; *ræden*, *rædenne*, &c.

§ 30.—REM. 1.—When syncope has already taken place in the Nom., the words are declined like *ār*. Exs.: *ād̥l*, disease; *nædl*, needle; *stefu*, voice; *earfod*, labor; *fæhd*, feud; *geogud*, youth; *strengd*, strength, &c.

REM. 2.—Abstracts in -ung have the Dat. sg. in -a. This ending is also found in the Gen., and sometimes even in the Acc. sg.: *leornung*, *leornunga*, &c.

REM. 3.—Words ending in -du (-do) are declined like *mærdū*. Many, however, have lost the -u (o), and then they are declined like *ār*. (See REM. 1, above.) Both forms are frequently found: *cȳd*, *cȳddu*; *fæhd* *fæhdu*; *strengd*, *strengdu*; *mærd*, *mærdū*, &c. These were originally words of three syllables, ending in Gothic in -ipa.

REM. 4.—Some of the Abstracts ending in **-u (-o)** belonged originally to the Consonant-declension; but in Old English they have for the most part been taken into the **a**-declension. Such words are: **ædelu**, nobility; **brædu**, breadth; **byldu**, boldness; **feorhtu**, fright; **hælu**, health; **mengu**, menigo, crowd, many; **ieldu**, age; **strengu**, strength; **snyttru**, wisdom, &c.

§ 31.—3. **-ja**-STEMS.—(a.) MASCULINES.

Sg. N. A.	here , army.	hirde , herdsman.	secg , warrior.
G.	heriges , herges, heres,	hirdes ,	secges ,
D. I.	herige , herge, here,	hirde ,	secge ,
Pl. N. A.	herigas , herigeas, hergas,	hirdas ,	secgas , -eas,
G.	herga , heriga, herigea,	hirða ,	secga , -ea,
D. I.	hergum , herigum,	hirdum ,	secgum , -ium.

(b.) NEUTERS.

Sg. N. A.	rice , kingdom.	cyn (n) , race.
G.	rices ,	cynnes ,
D. I.	rice ,	cynne ,
Pl. N. A.	ricu , riciu,	cyn (n) ,
G.	rica , ricea,	cynna ,
D. I.	ricum , ricium,	cynnum .

§ 32. (a.)—Like **hirde** decline—

ende, end.
esne, servant.
læce, leech.
mæce, sword.

Like **secg** decline—

dyn (n), noise.
hyl (l), hill.
hrycg, ridge.
wæcg, wedge, &c.

And all derivatives in **-ere** and **-scipe**, as—

bōcere, scribe.
bæcere, baker.
fiscere, fisher.
frēondscipe, friendship, &c.

§ 33.—(b.) Like **rice** decline—

ærende, errand; **inne**, inn; **stycce**, piece; **wæge**, eup; **wite**, punishment; **yrfe**, bequest; and formations with **ge-**, as in **gemyrce**, boundary; **getimbre**, building; **gewæde**, dress; &c.

§ 34.—Like **cyn (n)** decline—

bed (d), bed; **bil (l)**, war-ax; **flet (t)**, ground; **neb (b)**, nib; **net (t)**, net; **rib (b)**, rib; **wed (d)**, pledge; **spel (l)**, story; **wicg**, horse, &c.

Words whose stems ended originally in **-ja (aja)** form the Nom. Acc. sg. in **-e**. This is **j** vocalized. In all other cases the endings are added to the stem without showing any sign of original **j**, except in the umlaut of the root-vowel. For **e** the oldest monuments have **i**, as in **heri, endi, rici** (Sievers). The neuter **hīg, hēg**, hay, has retained **j (= g)** in all its forms.

§ 35.—(c.) FEMININES.

Sg. N.	ben (n), (wound).	gyrd, (yard).
G.	benne,	gyrde,
D. I.	benne,	gyrde,
A.	benne, benn,	gyrde,
Pl. N. A.	benna, -e,	gyrda, -e,
G.	benna,	gyrda,
D. I.	bennum,	gyrdum.

§ 36.—Like **ben** decline—

brycg, bridge.	hell, hell.	secg, sword.
cribb, crib.	nyt, use.	syll, sill.
ecg, edge.	sib, peace.	sæcc, strife.
fit, song.	syn, sin.	wyn, joy.

§ 37.—Like **gyrd** decline—

bend, band.	hild, war.	ȳd, wave.
cýll, bottle.	hind, hind.	blids, bliss, bliss.
eax, ax.	hȳd, booty.	lids, liss, grace.
hæd, heath.	wylf, wolf (<i>f.</i>)	milds, milts, kindness.

REM.—The short stems assimilate the **j** to the consonant immediately preceding. This gemination is generally simplified in the Nom. Sg. The long stems show signs of original **j** only in the umlaut of the root.

§ 38.—(a.)—4. **wa**-STEMS.—MASCULINES.

Sg. N.	bearu, -o, (grove).	pēow, pēo, (servant).	snāw, snā, (snow).
G.	bearwes,	pēowes, pēos,	snāwes,
D. I.	bearwe,	pēowe, pēo,	snāwe,
A.	bearu, -o,	pēow, pēo,	snāw.
Pl. N. A.	bearwas,	pēowas,	
G.	bearwa,	pēowa,	
D. I.	bearwum,	pēowum.	

§ 39.—(b.) NEUTERS.

Sg. N.	searu, -o, (equipment).	trēow, trēo, (tree).
G.	searwes,	trēowes,
D. I.	searwe,	trēowe, trēo,
A.	searu, -o,	trēow, trēo,
Pl. N. A.	searu, -o,	trēow, -u, trēo,
G.	searwa,	trēowa,
D. I.	searwum,	trēowum.

§ 40.—(a.) Like **bearu** decline: **horu**, filth; **heoru**, sword; &c.
sæ has the Dat. **sæwe**, Gen. **sæs**.

Like **pēow** decline: **lāreow**, teacher; **lāttēow**, guide, &c.

Like **snāw** decline: **brīw**, broth; **bēaw**, gadfly; **dēaw**, dew; **hlāw**, **hlæw**, grave-mound; **pēaw**, custom, &c.

(b.) Like **searu** decline: **bealu**, evil; **ealu**, beer; **meolu**, meal; **smeoru**, lard; **teoru**, tar; **cwudu**, eud; **cnēow** is declined like **trēow**.

Sg. Nom. **hrāw**, **hrā**, **hræw**, **hræ**, (corpse).

Gen. **hrāwes**, **hræwes**, **hræs**, &c.

Dat. **hræwe**, **hræ**.

Acc. **hrāw**, **hrā**, **hræw**, **hræ**.

Pl. Nom. Acc. **hrāw**, **hræw**, **hréaw**, **hrā**, **hræ**.

Gen. **hræwa**.

Dat. **hræwum**.

REM. 1.—In the Oblique cases **o** or **e** is frequently found before **w**, as **bearowes**, **bealowes**, **melowe**, **bealewa**, **bealewum**, &c.

REM. 2.—Final **w** is sometimes retained, sometimes lost, as **trēow**, **tréo**. After consonants it is vocalized, and frequently written **u** or **o**, as **bealu**, **searo**.

§ 41.—(c.) FEMININES.

Sg. N.	beadu , -o, (war).	stōw , (place).
G.	beadwe ,	stōwe ,
D. I.	beadwe ,	stōwe ,
A.	beadwe ,	stōwe ,
Pl. N. A.	beadwe , -a,	stōwe , -a,
G.	beadwa ,	stōwa ,
D.	beadwum ,	stōwum .

§ 42.—Like **beadu** decline: **nearu**, strait; **sceadu**, shadow; **seonu**, **sinu**, sinew; **fratu**, adornment; **gearu**, **geatu**, equipment. The three last occur almost always in the Pl. **frætwe**, **gearwe**, **geatwe**.

Like **stōw** decline: **hrēow**, repentance; **trēow**, truth.

Many have rejected the **w**, and are then in the Sg. indeclinable, as **sæ**, sea; **éa**, water; **béo**, bee; **præa**, threst, throe, &c. These have -m in Dat. Pl., as **ëam**, **sæm**, &c.

REM.—Sometimes **o** or **e** appears before **w**, as **beadowe**, **nearowe**, **frætewum**, **geatewa**.

§ 43.—(B.) The i-declension.

There are only a few remains of the i-declension, for it had passed over almost altogether into the a-declension. In all the words of this declension some forms of the a-declension are found in the Sg., and all the forms of the Pl. frequently belong to the a-declension. It shows i-umlaut wherever it can appear.

§ 44.—(a.)—1. PURE I-STEMS.—MASCULINES.

Sg. N. A.	byre , (son).	wyrm , (worm).
G.	byres ,	wyrmes ,
D. I.	byre ,	wyrme ,

Pl. N. A.	byre, -as,	wyrmas,	Engle, Angles.
G.	byra,	wyrma,	Engla,
D.	byrum,	wyrmum,	Englum.

§ 45.—(b.) NEUTERS.

Sg. N. A.	sife,	Pl. N. A.	sifu,
G.	sifes,	G.	sifa,
D. I.	sife,	D.	sifum.

§ 46.—(a.) Like **byre** decline many Masculines with short stems: **bere**, barley; **bite**, bite; **bryce**, breach; **bryne**, brand; **byre**, event; **cwide**, speech; **cyre**, choice; **drepe**, stroke; **dryne**, noise; **ege**, fear; **flyge**, flight; **gyre**, fright; **gripe**, gripe; **gyte**, outpouring; **hryre**, fall; **lyre**, loss; **ryne**, course; **scride**, step; **sige**, victory; **slide**, fall; **scyte**, shot, &c.; **ele**, oil; **mene**, neck-ornament; **mete**, meat; **sele**, hall; **stede**, place; **hæle**, man; **hype**, hip; **hyse**, youth; **ciele**, keel; **hyge**, **myne**, mind, thought; **pyle**, speaker; **wlite**, countenance, &c.

Like **wyrm** decline all long stems: **frist**, time; **gist**, guest; **lyft**, air; **steng**, pole; **streng**, string; **pyrs**, giant; **lig**, flame; **swæg**, noise; **feng**, grasp; **réc**, smoke; **sméc**, smell; **stenc**, odor; **sweng**, blow; **wrenc**, wrench; **drync**, **drinc**, drink; **swyht**, death; **wyyp**, throw; **hwyrft**, turn; **hyht**, hope, &c.

Like **Engle** decline folk-names: **Se(a)xe**, Saxons; **Myrce** (**Mierce**), Mercians; **Nord-hymbre**, Northumbrians; **Egipste**, Egyptians, &c. And a few plurals: **ylde**, **lêode**, **ielfe**, -ware, cantware, burh-ware. -ware has likewise a weak form—**waran**.

§ 47.—Like **sife** are declined **gedyne**, din; **gedyre**, doorpost; **gemyne**, care; **gewile**, will; **ofdele**, **ofdæle**, declivity; **oferslege**, lintel; **wlæce**, tepidity.

A few long stems are to be found: **gehygd**, thought; **gemynd**, mind; **gewyrht**, deed; **wiht**, **wuht**, creature; **gepyld**, patience; **gecynd**, **gebyrd**, nature; **ærist**, resurrection; **fulluht**, baptism; **lyft**, air; **forwyrd**, destruction; **genyht**, abundance; **gesceaft**, creature; **gepeaht**, thought. They are declined like **word**, but have Nom. Pl. in -u. Originally they were feminine. See Cook's Sievers's Grammar of Old English, § 262, § 263, § 267.

The short stems have retained the **i** of the stem, but weakened to **e**. In the other cases the **i** has dropped off, though not till it had caused umlaut.

The Nom. Pl. ends regularly in -e, but the ending -as is also found, as **byras**, **hysas**. The long stems have i-umlaut to show their origin. Otherwise they follow the a-declension.

§ 48.—(c.) FEMININES.

Sg. N. A.	glêd, (gleed).	dæd, (deed).
G.	glêde,	dæde,
D. I.	glêde,	dæde,
Pl. N. A.	glêde, -a,	dæde, -a,
G.	glêda,	dæda,
D.	glêdum,	dædum.

§ 49.—Like **dæd** decline: **æ**, law; **bysen**, command; **benc**, béneh; **cwæn**, queen, woman; **dryht**, crowd; **hŷd**, hide; **lyft**, air; **nŷd**, need; **tid**, time; **brŷd**, strength; **wæn**, hope; **wiht**, wuht, thing; **wyrd**, fate; **wyrt**, wort, root, and many abstracts—**fyrð**, army; **spéd**, speed; **gehygd**, gemynd, mind; **gewyrht**, deed; **gepyld**, patience; **æht**, possession; **niht**, night; **gesceaft**, creation; **ést**, favor; **wist**, food; **ŷst**, storm; **ærist**, resurrection, &c.

ærist and **lyft** are likewise masculine. Many nouns of this class are to be found, but they all end in consonants in the Nom. Sg. In the other cases the **i** has either been weakened to **e** or disappeared. In all cases, however, it has wrought Umlaut.

§ 50.—2. MIXED STEMS.—(a.) MASCULINES.

Sg. N. A.	tôð, (tooth).
G.	tôdes,
D. & I.	têð,
Pl. N. A.	tôð,
G.	tôða,
D.	tôðum.

Like **tôð** decline **fôt** (foot), and **mann**, **monn** (man).—**mann** has also a weak form—**manna**.

§ 51.—(b.) FEMININES.

Sg. N.	bôc, (book).	burh, -g, (city).
G.	bêc,	burge, byrig,
D. & I.	bêc,	byrig, byrg, burge,
A.	bôc,	burh, -g,
Pl. N. A.	bêc,	byrig, burge, -a,
G.	bôca,	burga,
D.	bôcum,	burgum.

Like **bôc** decline **âc**, oak; **brôc**, breeches; **gât**, goat; **gôs**, goose; **lûs**, louse; **mûs**, mouse; **sulh**, plow; **turf**, turf; **wlôh**, fringe.

REM.—**cû** has Gen. Sg. **cû**, **cŷ**, **cûs**; Pl. Nom. **cŷ**, **cŷe**; Gen. **cûna**; Dat. **cûm**.—**niht** is indeclinable, though a Gen. Sg. used adverbially, **nihtes**, is found.

§ 52.—(c.) THE u-DECLENSION.

The u-declension shows only an occasional word and a few forms of other words.

(a.) MASCULINES.

Sg. N.	aunu, -o (son).	feld (field).
G.	sunu,	felda, -es,
D. I.	sunu, -u, -o,	felda, -e,
A.	sunu, -o,	feld,
Pl. N. A.	sunu, -u, -o,	feldas,
G.	sunu,	felda,
D.	sunum,	feldum.

The few words belonging here are: **breogu**, prince; **heoru**, sword; **lagu**, lake; **magu**, boy; **meodu**, mead; **siodu**, custom; **wudu**, wood. The words **friodu**, peace; **liodu**, member; **headu**, battle, are **u**-stems only in the first member of a compound.

Like **feld** decline **ford**, **ford**; **weald**, forest; **sumor**, summer; **winter**, **winter**.

REM. 1.—In the Gen. Sg. we find later also **-es**, as **wudes**; and also in Nom. Pl. **-as**, as **wudas**, **sunas**.

REM. 2.—**winter**, though always masculine in the Sg., has the Pl. forms **wintru**, **winter**.

§ 53.—(b.) FEMININES.

Sg. N. A.	ðuru , (door).	hand , (hand).
G.	dura ,	handa , -e ,
D. I.	dura , -u ,	handa , hande , hand ,
Pl. N. A.	dura , -u ,	handa ,
G.	dura ,	handa ,
D.	ðurum ,	handum .

Sometimes an Acc.—as **nosu** (nose)—is met with; but otherwise this word is declined like **gifu**.

§ 54.—(c.) NEUTERS.

No neuters are found: only a few forms are left, as **feold**, **feolo**, **feola**, **fela**.

§ 55.—II. THE CONSONANT (WEAK) DECLENSION.

THE **-n**-DECLENSION.

	Masculine.	Neuter.	Feminine.
Sg. N.	hunta , (hunter).	êage , (eye).	tunge , (tongue).
G.	huntan ,	êagan ,	tungan ,
D. I.	huntan ,	êagan ,	tungan ,
A.	huntan ,	êage ,	tungan ,
Pl. N. A.	huntan ,	êagan ,	tungan ,
G.	hunteana ,	êagena ,	tungena ,
D.	huntum ,	êagum ,	tungum .

Like **hunta** decline: **bana**, murderer; **cempa**, fighter; **cuma**, comer, guest; **flêma**, fugitive; **guma**, man; **hana**, cock; **hara**, hare; **môna**, moon; **nefa**, nephew; **oxa**, ox; **sefa**, thought; **steorra**, star; **pêowa**, servant; **wiga**, warrior; **wrecca**, exile, &c.

Like **êage** decline **êare**, ear; **wonge**, cheek.

Like **tunge** decline **cêace**, cheek; **cycene**, chicken; **cyrice**, church; **eorde**, earth; **heorte**, heart; **hlæfdige**, lady; **lufe**, love; **molde**, earth; **nunne**, nun; **sirce**, coat-of-mail; **sangestre**, songstress; **sunne**, sun; **pêowe**, female servant; **wicce**, witch; **wise**, wise, &c.

§ 56.—REM. 1.—Occasionally strong forms are found, as **stearres**, **brydgumes**.

REM. 2. **-ena** is the regular ending of the Gen. Pl., but sometimes we find **-ana**, **-ona**,—seldom **-una**. A contracted form, **-na**, also occurs.

REM. 3.—When the final consonant is lost, contraction takes place, as—

1. MASCULINES.

fræa, lord; **gefæa**, joy; **léo**, lion; **twéo**, doubt; **Swéon**, Pl. Swedes;
Gen. Dat. Acc. Sg. **fræan**, **twéon**; Dat. Pl. **fræaum**, **lèoum**, &c.

2. FEMININES.

béo, bee; **flā**, arrow; **réo**, covering; **séo**, pupil; **rā**, roe; **tā**, tee; Sg.
Gen. Dat. Acc. **tān**, **tāan**; Pl. Nom. Acc. **tān**, **tāan**; Gen. **tāna**; Dat.
tā(n)um; Gen. **béon**, &c. The word **flā** is weak, but we find a strong form
belonging to the a-declension—**flān**, Gen. **flānes**.

§ 57.—III. ANOMALIES.—(a.) **r**-STEMS.

The declension of these stems is mixed with the vowel-declension.
They are thus declined:—

MASCULINES.

Sg. N.	fæder , (father).	brôdor (-ur, Ps.), (brother).
G.	fæder , -res,	brôdor ,
D. I.	fæder ,	brêder ,
A.	fæder ,	brôdor ,
Pl. N. A.	fæderas ,	brôdor , -dru,
G.	fædera ,	brôdra ,
D.	fæderum .	brôdrum .

FEMININES.

Sg. N.	môdor , -ur, (mother).	dohtor , (daughter).	sweostor , (sister).
G.	môdor , -er,	dohtor ,	sweostor ,
D. I.	mêder ,	dehter ,	sweostor ,
A.	môdor ,	dohtor ,	sweostor ,
Pl. N. A.	môdra ,	dohtor , -tru, -tra,	sweostor ,
G.	môdra ,	dohtra ,	sweoatra ,
D.	môdrum ,	dohtrum ,	sweostrum .

REM.—Instead of **-or** we find frequently **-er**.

§ 58.—(b.) **nd**-STEMS.

Sg. N.	fréond , (friend).
G.	fréondea ,
D. I.	fréonde ,
A.	fréond ,
Pl. N. A.	fréondas , fréond , frýnd ,
G.	fréonda ,
D.	fréondum .

Participles used as nouns are thus declined: **féond** is declined like **fréond**. As a rule they follow the a-declension; but in Nom. Acc. Pl. they show weak forms—**fréond**, **féond**; and also forms of the i-declension—**frýnd**, **fýnd**.

REM.—Words of two syllables have the Nom. Pl. sometimes in **-e**, as **hettend** or **hettende**; and the Gen. Pl. in **-ra**, as **wigendra**.

§ 59.—DECLENSION OF PROPER NAMES.

1. NAMES OF PERSONS.

Masculine Proper Names, if they end in a consonant or **-e** or in **-sunu**, follow the vowel-declension, as **Aelfric**, **Hrôdgâr**, **Ine**, **Leofsunu**, &c. Those in **-e** follow the **i**-declension; and compounds in **-sunu**, the **u**-declension.

REM.—Masculines in **-a** are weak, as **Offa**, **Offan**; **Aetla**, **Aetlan**. Feminine Proper Names, if they end in a consonant or in **u**-, follow the **a**-declension, as **Begu**, **Hild**, **Hygd**.

REM.—Those ending in **-e** are weak, as **Eve**, **Evan**; **Marie**, **Marian**, &c.

Foreign Proper Names sometimes follow the custom of Anglo-Saxon Names; sometimes they are declined as in the language from which they come; and sometimes they are not declined at all. The Gen. and Dat. have generally English inflection, as **Herodes**, **Agustine**.

§ 60.—2. NAMES OF PEOPLES.

Folk-names seldom occur in the Sg., as **ân Bret**. They are generally plural, and end in **-as**, **-e**, and **-an**. Those in **-as** and **-e** are strong; those in **-an** are weak. The Sg. is generally represented by an adjective with a noun, as **egyptisc man**, **ides**. Often a collective noun with Gen. Pl. is used, as **Seaxna þéod**; **Filistea folc**.

§ 61.—3. NAMES OF COUNTRIES.

Names of Countries are seldom found, as **Angel**, **Bryton**. Generally we find a preposition with the folk-name in an oblique case or the Gen. Pl. depending on **land**, **rice**, **êdel**, &c.; as **on Frisum**, **of Seaxum**, **Francena rice**, **Nordhymbra rice**.

§ 62.—4. NAMES OF CITIES.

Names of Cities are sometimes declined, but generally they are used with appellations like **burh**, **ceaster**, **wic**, **hâm**, **tûn**, &c.

CHAPTER II.

DECLENSION OF ADJECTIVES.

§ 63.—Adjectives have two Declensions,—a Vowel (Strong), and a Consonant (Weak) Declension. The endings of the Weak Declension agree exactly with those of weak substantives. Most adjectives can be inflected in either way. The weak inflection is used after the definite article and demonstratives generally. Adjectives have three genders, and five cases.

§ 64.—(A.) THE STRONG DECLENSION.

The strong inflection of Adjectives has been materially influenced by the pronominal declension. The *a*-declension has almost completely absorbed the *i*- and the *u*-declension.

§ 65.—1. *a*-DECLENSION.—(a.) SHORT STEMS.

	Masculine.	Feminine.	Neuter.
Sg. N.	<i>til</i> , (useful).	<i>tila</i> , <i>til</i> ,	<i>til</i> ,
G.	<i>til̥es</i> ,	<i>tilre</i> ,	<i>til̥es</i> ,
D.	<i>tilum</i> ,	<i>tilre</i> ,	<i>tilum</i> ,
A.	<i>tilne</i> ,	<i>tile</i> ,	<i>til</i> ,
I.	<i>tile</i> ,	(<i>tilre</i>),	<i>tile</i> ,
Pl. N. A.	<i>tile</i> ,	<i>tile</i> ,	<i>tilu</i> , <i>-e</i> ,
G.	<i>tilra</i> ,	<i>tilra</i> ,	<i>tilra</i> ,
D. I.	<i>tilum</i> ,	<i>tilum</i> ,	<i>tilum</i> .
(b.)			
	Masculine.	Feminine.	Neuter.
Sg. N.	<i>glæd</i> , (<i>glad</i>).	<i>gladu</i> , <i>-o</i> ,	<i>glæd</i> ,
G.	<i>glades</i> ,	<i>glædre</i> ,	<i>glades</i> ,
D.	<i>gladum</i> ,	<i>glædre</i> ,	<i>gladum</i> ,
A.	<i>glæðne</i> ,	<i>glæde</i> ,	<i>glæd</i> ,
I.	<i>glæde</i> ,	(<i>glædre</i>),	<i>glæde</i> ,
Pl. N. A.	<i>glæde</i> ,	<i>glada</i> , <i>-e</i> ,	<i>gladu</i> , <i>-o</i> ,
G.	<i>glædra</i> ,	<i>glædra</i> ,	<i>glædra</i> ,
D. I.	<i>gladum</i> ,	<i>gladum</i> ,	<i>gladum</i> .

§ 66.—(b.) LONG STEMS.

	Masculine.	Feminine.	Neuter.
Sg. N.	<i>gôd</i> , (<i>good</i>).	<i>gôd</i> ,	<i>gôd</i> ,
G.	<i>gôdes</i> ,	<i>gôdre</i> ,	<i>gôdes</i> ,
D.	<i>gôdum</i> ,	<i>gôdre</i> ,	<i>gôdum</i> ,
A.	<i>gôðne</i> ,	<i>gôðe</i> ,	<i>gôð</i> ,
I.	<i>gôðe</i> ,	(<i>gôdre</i>),	<i>gôðe</i> ,
Pl. N. A.	<i>gôðe</i> ,	<i>gôða</i> , <i>-e</i> ,	<i>gôð</i> ,
G.	<i>gôðra</i> ,	<i>gôðra</i> ,	<i>gôðra</i> ,
D. I.	<i>gôdum</i> ,	<i>gôdum</i> ,	<i>gôdum</i> .

	(b.) Masculine.	Feminine.	Neuter.
Sg. N.	blind, (blind).	blind, -u,	blind,
G.	blindes,	blindre,	blindes,
D.	blindum,	blindre,	blindum,
A.	blindne,	blinde,	blind,
I.	blinde,	(blindre),	blinde,
Pl. N. A.	blinde,	blindra, -e,	blind, -e,
G.	blindra,	blindra,	blindra,
D. I.	blindum,	blindum,	blindum.

§ 67.—(c.) POLYSYLLABIC STEMS.

Sg. N.	hâlig, (holy).	hâligu, -o; hâlgu, -o;	hâlig,
G.	hâlgas,	hâligre,	hâlgas,
D.	hâlgum,	hâligre,	hâlgum,
A.	hâlgne,	hâlge,	hâlig,
I.	hâlge,	(hâligre),	hâlge,
Pl. N. A.	hâlge,	hâlgæ, -e,	hâligu, -o; hâlgu, -o;
G.	hâlgira,	hâlgira,	hâlgira, [hâlig.
D. I.	hâlgum,	hâlgum,	hâlgum.

§ 68.—Like *til* decline *dol*, dull; *hol*, hollow; *cwic*, quick, alive; *tam*, tame; *wan*, wan, &c.; and all adjectives ending in *-lic* and *-sum*.

§ 69.—Like *glæd* decline *bær*, bare; *blæc*, black; *hwæt*, sharp; *hræd*, quick; *læt*, late; *smæl*, small; *spær*, spare; *wær*, ware, &c.

§ 70.—Like *gôd* and *blind* decline all long stems: *blâc*, pale; *brâd*, broad; *dêaf*, deaf; *dêop*, deep; *rûm*, roomy; *sâr*, sore; *beald*, bold; *beorht*, bright; *ceald*, cold; *eald*, old; *forht*, timid; *grimm*, fierce; *wlanc*, proud, &c.

§ 71.—Like *hâlig* decline all derivatives in *-ol*, *-el*, *-or*, *-er*, *-en*, and *-ig*. These sometimes retain the *e* of the suffix, as *fæger*; Gen. *fægeres*, *fægres*. Exs.: *êadig*, blessed; *fâmig*, foamy; *hrêmig*, noisy; *manig*, many; *lytel*, little; *micel*, much; *yfel*, evil; *hnitol*, butting; *sticol*, sharp; *sweetol*, clear; *bitter*, bitter; *fæger*, fair; *snottor*, wise; *hæden*, heathen; *gilpen*, boastful; *gylden*, golden; *iren*, iron; *stænen*, stony;—as well as the preterit participles of many verbs, &c. Those in *-ol* rarely contract.

§ 72.—The principal differences between the declension of Strong Adjectives and that of Strong Substantives are these: The Adj. has the Dat. Sg. Masc. and Neut. in *-um* (subs. in *-e*); the Gen. and Dat. Sg. Fem. in *-re* (subs. in *-e*); in Acc. Sg. Masc. the ending is *-ne* (subs. uninflected); in the Pl. Nom. Acc. Masc. the ending is *-e* (subs. *-as*); in Nom. Acc. Neut. *-u* or *-e* (subs. *-u*, or uninflected); in the Gen. *-ra* (subs. *-a*). The Instrumental Sg. Masc. and Neut. ends in *-e* (subs. like the Dat.).

§ 73.—REM. 1.—Adjectives in *-en* have Acc. Sg. Masc. in *-ne*, as *hædenne*, *âgenne*, *âgene*. Those in *-er* have Dat. Sg. in *-erre*, as *fægerræ*; Gen. Pl. in *-erra*, as *fægerra*, or *fægera*.

REM. 2.—Words in *-h*, as *fah*, hostile; *hēah*, high; *hrēoh*, rough; *wōh*, bent; *rūh*, rough (G. *rūwes*); *pweorh*, diagonal, &c., lose the *h* in forms of more than one syllable.

	Masculine.	Feminine.	Neuter.
Sg. N.	<i>hēa</i> (h), (high).	<i>hēa</i> (h),	<i>hēa</i> (h),
G.	<i>hēa</i> (ge)s,	<i>hēarre</i> ,	<i>hēa</i> (ge)s,
D.	<i>hēa</i> (g)um,	<i>hēarre</i> ,	<i>hēa</i> (g)um,
A.	<i>hēanne</i> ,	<i>hēa</i> (ge),	<i>hēa</i> (h),
I.	<i>hēa</i> (ge),	(<i>hēare</i>),	<i>hēa</i> (ge),
Pl. N. A.	<i>hēa</i> (ge),	<i>hēa</i> (ge),	<i>hēa</i> (gu),
G.	<i>hēarra</i> ,	<i>hēarra</i> ,	<i>hēarra</i> ,
D. I.	<i>hēa</i> (g)um,	<i>hēa</i> (g)um,	<i>hēa</i> (g)um.

§ 74.—2. *ja*-DECLENSION.—(a.) SHORT STEMS.

Original short stems are inflected like those of the *a*-stems with double consonantal ending, as *mid*, middle (*middes*); *nyt*, useful; *gesib*, skin; *niwe*, new (*niwne*, *niwra*, or *nēowne*, &c.); *frio*, free (G. *friges*; D. *frigum*; N. Pl. *frige*, G. D. Sg. Fem. *friore*; G. Pl. *friora*; N. & A. Pl. Masc. *frio*; A. Sg. Masc. *frione*, &c.

§ 75.—(b.) LONG STEMS.

	Masculine	Feminine.	Neuter.
Sg. N.	<i>grêne</i> , (green).	<i>grēnu</i> , -o,	<i>grêne</i> ,
G.	<i>grênes</i> ,	<i>grênre</i> ,	<i>grênes</i> ,
D.	<i>grēnum</i> ,	<i>grênre</i> ,	<i>grēnum</i> ,
A.	<i>grēnne</i> ,	<i>grêne</i> ,	<i>grêne</i> ,
I.	<i>grêne</i> ,	(<i>grênre</i>),	<i>grêne</i> ,
Pl. N. A.	<i>grêne</i> ,	<i>grēna</i> , -e,	<i>grēnu</i> , -o.
G.	<i>grênra</i> ,	<i>grênra</i> ,	<i>grênra</i> ,
D. I.	<i>grēnum</i> ,	<i>grēnum</i> ,	<i>grēnum</i> .

Words like *gifre*, *sýfre*, *fæcne*, &c., insert a vowel when an unlike consonant follows, as *sýferne*, *fæcenra*; but A. Sg. Masc. *fæcne*; G. Pl. *sýfra*.

§ 76.—Like *grêne* decline—

blide, blithe; *brême*, celebrated; *cêne*, bold; *dyrne*, dark, secret; *yrre*, mad; *fæcne*, sinful; *sêfte*, soft; *swête*, sweet; *clæne*, clean; *êce*, eternal; *mære*, renowned; *sýfre*, sober. Also verbal adjectives like *genge*, current; *genæme*, agreeable; and derivatives in *-bære*, *-ede*, *-ihtē*, &c.

3. *wa*-DECLENSION.

	Masculine.	Feminine.	Neuter.
Sg. N.	<i>gearu</i> , (ready).	<i>gearu</i> , -o,	<i>gearu</i> , -o.
G.	<i>gearwes</i> ,	<i>gearore</i> ,	<i>gearwes</i> ,
D.	<i>gearwum</i> ,	<i>gearore</i> ,	<i>gearwum</i> ,
A.	<i>gearone</i> ,	<i>gearwe</i> ,	<i>gearu</i> , -o.
I.	<i>gearwe</i> ,	(<i>gearore</i>),	<i>gearwe</i> ,
Pl. N. A.	<i>gearwe</i> ,	<i>gearwa</i> , -e,	<i>gearu</i> ,
G.	<i>gearora</i> ,	<i>gearora</i> ,	<i>gearora</i> ,
D. I.	<i>gearwum</i> ,	<i>gearwum</i> ,	<i>gearwum</i> .

§ 77.—(a.) Words with a simple consonant before the **w**, change this **w**, when final, to **-o**, **-u** (**-a**); when before a consonant, to **-o**. So are declined *earu*, swift; *calu*, bald; *fealu*, fallow; *basu*, brown; *hasu*, hazel; *mearu*, tender; *nearu*, narrow; *salu*, gallow, &c.

§ 78.—(b.) Words with a long vowel or a diphthong before the **w**, retain this **w** in all the forms, but do not otherwise differ from the inflection of the **a**-declension. So are declined *glêaw*, prudent; *hnêaw*, stringy; *rêow*, wild; *rôw*, gentle; *slâw*, slow; &c.

The **i**-declension and the **u**-declension present so few remains that a paradigm can not be formed from them. See Sievers's *Angelsächsische Grammatik*, § 302, § 303.

§ 79.—(B.) THE WEAK DECLENSION.

This is just like the weak declension of substantives, with the exception of the G. Pl. Here we generally find **-ra**: **-ena** is occasionally found.

Sg. N.	se gôða,	séo gôðe,	þæt gôðe,
G.	þæs gôðan,	þære gôðan,	þæs gôðan,
D.	þâm gôðan,	þære gôðan,	þâm gôðan,
A.	þone gôðan,	þa gôðan,	þæt gôðe.
		Masc., Fem., Neut.	
Pl. N. A.		þa gôðan,	
G.		þara gôðra, -ena, -ana,	
D.		þam gôðum.	

§ 80.—Participles, both Present and Preterit, are declined like Adjectives.

§ 81.—COMPARISON OF ADJECTIVES.

The Comparative and Superlative are formed by **-or**, **-ost** (**-ir**, **-est**, **-ust**). Sometimes a Superlative in **-ma**, **-dema**, is found. The Comparative of the Adjective is always weak, as **-ra**, *lêofra*, *lêofre*.

Exs.—heard, heardra, heardost; *lêof*, *lêofra*, *lêofost*; *glæd*, *glædra*, *gladost*; *fæger*, *fægerra*, *fægrost*.

§ 82.—EXAMPLES WITH UMLAUT.

Positive.	Comparative.	Superlative.
eald,	ieldra,	ieldest,
lang,	lengra,	lengest,
strang,	strengra,	strengest,
sceort,	scyrtra,	scyrtest,
hêah,	hierra, hêrra,	hiehest, hêhest,
geong,	gingra,	gingest.

§ 83.—IRREGULAR COMPARISON.—(a.) MIXED ROOTS.

gôð,	bet (e) ra,	bet (o) st,
yfel,	wyrsa,	wyrrest, wyrst,
micel,	mâra,	mæst,
lytel,	læssa,	læsest, -ast, læst,
.....	sêlla, sêlra,	sêlost, sêlesta.

§ 84.—(h.) From Adverbs and Prepositions:—

feor, far.	fierra, fyrra,	fierrest,
æf, ere.	ærra,	ærest,
fore, before.	.....	fyrst,
(sid, late).	sidra,	sidemest, sidest,
(inne, within).	inn(e)ra,	innemest,
(ûte, without).	ût(er)ra,	ÿtemest, ûtemest,
(nord, northward).		nordmest,
(sûd, southward).		sûdmest,
(east, eastward).		eastmest,
(west, westward).		westmest.

§ 85.—NUMERALS.

Cardinal.	Ordinal.
ân, one;	forma, first;
twâ, two;	ôder, second;
préo, three;	þrida,
féower, four;	féowerda, fêorda,
fif, five;	fifta,
six, six;	sixta,
aeofon, seven;	seofoda,
eahta, eight;	eahtoda,
nigon, nine;	nigoda,
tÿn, tén, ten;	têoda,
endleofan, eleven;	endlyfta,
twelf, twelve;	twelfta,
préo-téne, -tÿne, thirteen;	þrêotêoda,
féower-tÿne, fourteen;	fêowertêoda,
fif-tÿne, fifteen;	fif-têoda,
six-tÿne, sixteen;	etc.
seofon-téne, seventeen;	
eahta-tÿne, eighteen;	
nigon-tÿne, nineteen;	
twentig, twenty;	
ân-and-twentig, twenty-one;	
þri-tig, þrittig, thirty;	
féower-tig, forty;	
fif-tig, fifty;	
sixtig, sixty;	
hund-seofon-tig, seventy;	
hund-eahta-tig, eighty;	
hund-nigon-tig, ninety;	
hund,	} hundred;
hundred,	
hund-téon-tig,	
hund-endleofan-tig, hundred and ten;	
hund-twelf-tig, hundred and twenty;	
þûsend, thousand.	

§ 86.—*ân* is declined like an adjective.

	Masculine.	Feminine.	Neuter.
N. A.	<i>twegen</i> ,	<i>twâ</i> ,	<i>twâ, tû</i> .
G.		<i>twega, twegra</i> ,	
D.		<i>twæm, twâm</i> .	

So decline *begen*, *bâ*, *bû*, both.

N. A.	<i>þri, þrie, þrý</i> ,	<i>þrêo</i> ,	<i>þrêo</i> ,
G.		<i>þrêora</i> ,	
D.		<i>þrim</i> .	

The Cardinals, from 4 to 19, are not generally inflected. All Cardinals are most often neuter substantives, with the genitive after them. Those in *-tig* are sometimes declined like adjectives: Gen. *-ra*; Dat. *-um*. Sometimes they are declined like substantives: *þritiga sum*.

§ 87.—PRONOUNS.

1. PERSONAL PRONOUNS.

Sg. N.	<i>ic</i> , (I).	<i>þû</i> , (thou).
G.	<i>min</i> ,	<i>þín</i> ,
D.	<i>mê, me</i> ,	<i>þê, þe</i> ,
A.	<i>mec, mê, me</i> ,	<i>þec, þê, þe</i> ,
Du. N.	<i>wit</i> ,	<i>git</i> ,
G.	<i>uncer</i> ,	<i>incer</i> ,
D.	<i>unc</i> ,	<i>inc</i> ,
A.	<i>uncit, unc</i> ,	<i>incit, inc</i> ,
Pl. N.	<i>wê, we</i> ,	<i>gê, gîe, ge</i> ,
G.	<i>ûser, ûre</i> ,	<i>êower</i> ,
D.	<i>ûs</i> ,	<i>êow</i> ,
A.	<i>ûsic, ûs</i> ,	<i>êowic, êow</i> .

§ 88. Masculine. Feminine. Neuter.

Sg. N.	<i>hâ</i> ,	<i>hêo, hîe, hî</i> ,	<i>hit</i> ,
G.	<i>his</i> ,	<i>hiere, hire, hyre</i> ,	<i>his</i> ,
D.	<i>him</i> ,	<i>hiere, hire, hyre</i> ,	<i>him</i> ,
A.	<i>hine</i> ,	<i>hie, hêo, hî</i> ,	<i>hit</i> .
Pl. N. A.	<i>hîe, hêo, hî</i> , (<i>hig</i>).		
G.	<i>hîera, hîra, hyra, heora, heara</i> .		
D.	<i>him, heom</i> .		

§ 89.—2. REFLEXIVES.

Reflexives are supplied by the Personal, either with or without *self*. *self* is declined like *blind*, and is often weak in the Nom.

§ 90.—3. POSSESSIVES.

The Possessives are *min*, *þin*, *sín*, *ûser*, *ûre*, *uncer*, *êower*, *incer*. They are declined like Strong Adjectives (*ûre* like *grêne*).

§ 91.—4. DEMONSTRATIVES

Sg. N.	sē, se,	sēo,	pæt,
G.	pæs,	pære,	pæs,
D.	pæm, pām,	pære,	pæm, pām,
A.	pone,	pā,	pæt,
I.	bȝ, pon,		
Pl. N. A.		pā,	
G.		pāra, pæra,	
D.		pæm, pām.	

This word is generally used as the Definite Article.

§ 92. Masculine. Feminine. Neuter.

Sg. N.	pes, (this).	pēos,	pis,
G.	pis(s)es, pys(s)es,	pisse,(peosse, pisre),	like Masc.
D.	piosum, pis(s)um, pys(s)um,	pisse,(peosse, pisre),	“ “
A.	piosne, pisne, pysne,	pās,	pis,
I.	bȝs, pis,		
Pl. N. A.		pās,	
G.		pissa, peossa,	
D.		piosum, pis(a)um, pyssum.	

§ 93.—5. RELATIVES.

pe is the usual Relative, and it is used either with or without the Personal Pronouns: **pe ic**, I who; **pe his**, whose; **pe him**, whom; or simply **pe**. **sē** is also frequently used as a Relative.

§ 94.—6. INTERROGATIVES.

	Masculine.	Neuter.
Sg. N.	hwā,	hwæt,
G.	hwæs,	hwæs,
D.	hwæm, hwām,	hwæm, hwām,
A.	hwone,	hwæt,
I.		hwȝ, hwi.

Only the Masculine and Neuter forms are found. **hwæder** and **hwilc** (**hwylc**) are declined like Adjectives.

§ 95.—7. INDEFINITES.

“Some” is expressed by **sum**. See ADJECTIVES.

In interrogative and negative sentences **hwā**, **hwæder**, and **hwilc**, can be used indefinitely. **ælc**, each; **ænig**, any; **nænig**, no, none;—are declined like Adjectives.

CHAPTER III.

VERBS.

§ 96.—In Old English, verbal inflection is very circumscribed. Auxiliary verbs play an important part.

§ 97.—VOICE.—There are two Voices—Active and Passive. To show present from past time the Active has independent forms: the Passive has to make use of **wesan** (**béon**) and **weordan**.

§ 98.—MOOD.—There are three Moods—Indicative, Subjunctive, and Imperative. The so-called Infinitive Mood ends in **-an**, but shows a regular Dative inflection in **-anne** (**-enne**).

§ 99.—TENSE.—There are two Tenses—Present and Preterit. Already in Old English, however, a periphrastic Future, with **sculan**, is occasionally to be met with. There are likewise the beginnings of the modern so-called Perfect and Pluperfect, with **habban**. Intransitives frequently have **wesan** instead of **habban**. But generally the Present is used both for present and future time, and the Preterit is the general tense of past time.

§ 100.—NUMBER.—There are two Numbers—Singular and Plural. When the Plural Pronoun follows the Verb (both Indicative and Imperative), the form of the Verb is most frequently changed: **wē bindað**, but **binde wē**; **gād!** go! but **gā gē!** go ye!

§ 101.—CONJUGATION.—There are two Conjugations—Strong and Weak. They are distinguished by the formation of the Preterit.

Strong Verbs form the Preterit, either—I. by Vowel-change Ablaut; or II., by Reduplication. Weak Verbs form the Preterit by means of the verb **dōn**, whose root is **da-**, **ta-**.

§ 102.—I.—STRONG VERBS.

	Indicative.			Subjunctive.		
Pres. Sg.—1.	binde,	helpe,	bidde,	binde,	helpe,	bidde,
2.	bindest,	hilp(e)st,	bidest,	binde,	helpe,	bidde,
	bintst,		bitst,			
3.	binded,	hilp(e)d,	bided,	binde,	helpe,	bidde,
	bint,		bit,			
Plur.—	bindað,	helpað,	biddað,	binden,	helpen,	bidden.
Pret. Sg.—1.	band,	healp,	bæd,	bunde,	hulpe,	bæde,
2.	bunde,	hulpe,	bæde,	bunde,	hulpe,	bæde,
3.	band,	healp,	bæd,	bunde,	hulpe,	bæde,
Plur.—	bundon,	hulpon,	bædon,	bunden,	hulpen,	bæden.
	Imperative.			Infinitive.		
Sg.—2.	bind,	help,	bide,	bindan,	helpan,	biddan.
Plur.—2.	bindað,	helpað,	biddað.			
	Present.			PARTICIPLES.		
	bindende, helpende, biddende.			bunden.	holpen,	beden.
				Preterit.		
				bunden.	holpen,	beden.

Traces of a Passive are found in **hätte**, plural **hátton**,—which signifies both *I am called* and *I was called*.

§ 103.—Contract Verbs are those whose stems ended originally in **h**. This has fallen out, thus bringing together two vowels, which are contracted. Such verbs are—**téon**, **péon**, **wrëon**, **léon**, **séon**, **flëon**, **tëon**, **gefëon**, **plëon**, **sëon**, **lëan**, **slëan**, **pwëan**, and **fôn**, **hôn**, &c. The Present Indicative goes thus:—

Sg. 1. **téo**, **tëo**, **séo**, **slëa**, **fô**.

2. **tihst**, **tiehst**, **siehst**, **sliehst**, **fêhst**.

3. **tihd**, **tiehd**, **siehd**, **sliehd**, **fêhd**.

Pl. **tëod**, **têod**, **sëod**, **slëad**, **fôd**.

In the Preterit the **h** is retained: Sg. 1, 3, **tâh**; 2, **tige**;—1, 3, **têah**; 2, **tuge**;—1, 3, **seoh**; 2, **sâwe**;—1, 3, **slôg(h)**; 2, **slôge**;—1, 3, **feng**; 2, **fenge**. Pl. **tigon**, **tugon**, **sâwon**, **slôgon**, **fengon**.

§ 104.—REM. 1.—Verbs with Breaking, like **feallan**, **weorpan**, are sometimes modified by i-umlaut in the Second and Third Persons Sg. Ind.: as **feallest** and **felst**; **fealled** and **feld**.

REM. 2.—Umlaut regularly occurs in the Second and Third Persons Sg. of the Present Ind.; and by syncope of the connecting vowels certain euphonic changes are brought about:—

1.—In the Second Sg. when the stem ends in the dental sound **d** or **ð**, **s** or **t**, the dental is lost before the ending **-st**; as **hladan**, **hlest**; **cwëdan**, **cwist**; **cëosan**, **ciest**; **beratan**, **birst**, &c. But if the stem ends in **t**, this **t** is retained, as **blôtan**, **blêtst**; if in **-nd**, the **-nd** is changed to **-nt**, as **standan**, **stentst**.

2. In the Third Sg. when the stem ends in **-t** or **-st**, the ending **-th** is dropped, as **blôtan**, **blêt**; **berstan**, **birst**. If the stem ends in **-ð** or **-nd**, the ending is dropped, and the **d** changed to **t**, as **hladan**, **hlet**; **standan**, **stent**. If the stem ends in **-d** one **d** is dropped, as **cwëdan**, **cwid** (**cwided**).

REM. 3.—“Grammatical change” is frequently found in the Pres. Pl. This affects **h**, **s**, and **d**, especially, and they are changed respectively to **g**, **r**, and **ð**, as **cëosan**, **cëas**, **curon**, **coren**; **lidan**, **lâd**, **liðon**, **liðen**; **tëon**, **têah**, **tugon**, **togen**, &c.—**sëon** has Pret. Pl. **sægon** or **sâwon**; and Part. **sæwen** or **segen**.

REM. 4.—An old Preterit Pl. in **-un** is occasionally found. A Pret. Pl. in **-an** (= **on**) occurs frequently.

REM. 5.—In later texts **-on** often takes the place of the older Subjunctive Pls. in **-en**. This **-on** also becomes **-an**.

§ 105.—I. ABLAUTING VERBS.

All the different classes show alike four stems: 1, The Present Stem; 2, The First Preterit; 3, The Second Preterit; and 4, The Stem of the Preterit Participle. The regular vowel-change in these four stems gives rise to six different classes. Koch divides these Verbs as follows:—

§ 106.—FIRST CLASS.

(SIEVERS'S THIRD CLASS.)*

Present Stem.	1st Pret. Stem.	2d Pret. Stem.	Pret.-Part. Stem.
i, e, eo.	a, ea, æ.	u.	u, o.
bindan,	band,	bundon,	bunden,
helpan,	healp,	hulpon,	holpen,
steorfan,	stearf,	sturfon,	storfen,
bregðan,	brægd,	brugdon,	brogden.

§ 107.—SECOND CLASS.

(SIEVERS'S FOURTH CLASS.)

i, e.	a, æ.	æ, â.	o (u).
beran,	bær,	bæron,	boren,
niman,	{ nôm,† nam,	{ nâmon, nômon,	numen,
stelan,	stæl,	stælon,	stolen,
cuman,	c(w)ôm,†	c(w)ômon,	{ cumen, cymen.

§ 108.—THIRD CLASS.

(SIEVERS'S FIFTH CLASS.)†

i, e.	æ, a.	æ.	e.
biddan,	bæd,	bædon,	beden,
gifan,	geaf,	gêafon,	gifen,
cwedan,	cwæd,	cwædon,	cweden,
sêon,	seah,	{ sâwon, sægon,	{ sewen, sawen.

§ 109.—FOURTH CLASS.

(SIEVERS'S SIXTH CLASS.)§

a, ea.	ô.	ô.	a, ea.
hebban,	hōf,	hōfon,	hafen,
wadan,	wōd,	wōdon,	waden,
hlīhhan,	hlōh,	hlōgon,	hleahhen,
slēan,	slōg,	slōgon,	{ slegen, slægen.

* Sievers divides his Third Class into four subdivisions. (1) Verbs with the stem ending in a nasal + a consonant, as **bindan**. (2) Verbs with l + a consonant, as **helpan**. (3) Verbs with r or h + a consonant, as **weorpan**, **wearp**, **wurpon**, **worpen**; or **feohtan**, **feahrt**, **fuhton**, **fohten**. (4) Other variations are shown by the following verbs: **bregðan**, **stregðan**, **berstan**, **perscan**, **frignan**, **murnan**, **spurnan** (**spornan**).

† These two Verbs have an exceptional long Vowel in Pret. Sg.

‡ Sievers divides his Fifth Class into three subdivisions. (1) Those verbs like **metan**, **mæt**, **mæton**, **meten**. (2) The verbs **gefēon**, **plēon**, **sēon**. (3) The verbs **biddan**, **licg(e)an**, **sittan**, &c.

§ In like manner his Sixth Class he divides into four subdivisions. (1) Those verbs like **faran**, **fōr**, **fōron**, **faren**. (2) The verbs **lēan**, **slēan**, **pwēan**, &c. (3) **standan**, which loses n in the Pret. **stōd**, **stōdon**. (4) The verbs **swerig(e)an**, **hebban**, **hlīhhan**, **scyppan**, **steppan**, **scedðan**, &c., which have in the Pres. a j.

§ 110.—FIFTH CLASS.
(SIEVERS'S FIRST CLASS.)

1	â.	i.	i.
slitan,	slât,	sliton,	sliten,
wrêon,	wrâh,*	wrigon,	wrigen,
snidan,	snâd,	anidon,	sniden.

§ 111.—SIXTH CLASS.
(SIEVERS'S SECOND CLASS.)

êo, û.	êa.	u.	o.
bêodan,	bêad,	budon,	boden,
cêosan,	cêas,	curon,	coren,
lûcan,	lêac,	lucon,	locen.

For further examples of the different Classes, see *List of Irregular Verbs*.

§ 112.—II.—REDUPLICATING VERBS.

Of the forty verbs in Gothic which plainly showed reduplication, only a few have traces of it in Old English. Exs. **heht**, **leolc**, **reord**, **leort**, (**on**)-**dreord**. These Preterits have younger forms. Contraction has taken place until there are only two classes left: (a) **êo**-preterits; (b) **ê**-preterits.

The four stems can be recognized; but the first and fourth have the same vowel, and the second and third are alike.

(a.) **êo**-PRETERITS.

Infinitive.	Pret. Sg.	Pret. Pl.	Pret. Part.
ea:—			
feallan,	fêoll,	fêollon,	feallen,
healdan,	hêold,	hêoldon,	healden.
êa:—			
bêatan,	bêot,	bêoton,	bêaten,
hlêapan,	hlêop,	hlêopon,	hlêapen.
â:—			
blâwan,	blêow,	blêowon,	blâwen,
cnâwan,	cnêow,	cnêowon,	cnâwen.
ô:—			
flôwan,	flêow,	flêowon,	flôwen,
rôwan,	rêow,	rêowon,	rôwen,
wêpan (by umlaut),	wêop,	wêopon,	wôpen.

(b.)—**ê**-PRETERITS.

â:—			
hâtan,	hêt,	hêton,	hâten.
æ:—			
lâetan,	lêt,	lêton,	lâeten.
a:—			
blandan,	blênd,	blêndon,	blanden,
fôn (by contraction)	feng,	fengon,	fangen,
hôn,	heng,	hengen,	hagen.

These are conjugated like other Strong Verbs.

* Sometimes confused with the Sixth Class—**wrêah**, **wrugon**, **wrogen**.

§ 108.—WEAK VERBS.

There are three classes of Weak Verbs, divided, according to Sievers, into (1), the **jo**-class; (2), the **ô**-class; (3), the **ai**-class. There are three — stems distinguishable in Weak Verbs—the Present, the Preterit, and the Past Participle.

§ 109.—1. THE **jo**-CLASS.

Indicative.		Subjunctive.	
Pres. Sg.—1.	nerie , dême ,	nerie ,	dême ,
	2. neres(t) , dêm(e)st ,	nerie ,	dême ,
	3. nered , dêm(e)d ,	nerie ,	dême ,
Plur.—	neriad , dêmað ,	nerien ,	dêmen .
Pret. Sg.—1.	nerede , dêmdede ,	nerede ,	dêmdede ,
	2. neredes(t) , dêmdes(t) ,	nerede ,	dêmdede ,
	3. nerede , dêmdede ,	nerede ,	dêmdede ,
Plur.—	neredon , dêmdon ,	nereden ,	dêmden .
Imperative.		Infinitive.	
Sg. 2.	nere , dêm .	nerian ,	dêman .
Plur. 2.	neriad , dêmað .		

PARTICIPLES.

Present.	Past.
neriende , dêmende .	nered , dêmed .

nerian represents short stems, and **dêman** long stems. Wherever it is admissible **i**-umlaut occurs in all forms of the Present. Long stems retain this **i**-umlaut in the Preterit.

§ 110.—By suffixing the **-de** certain euphonic changes are brought about, as—

-ndde	becomes	-nde ,	as in	sende ,	from	sendan .
-llde	“	-lde ,	“ “	fylde ,	“	fyllan .
-tde	“	-tte ,	“ “	mêtte ,	“	mêtan .
-pde	“	-pte ,	“ “	dypte ,	“	dyppan .
-cde	“	-hte ,	“ “	tâhte ,	“	tâcan .
-ssde	“	-ste ,	“ “	cyste ,	“	cyssan .
-xde	“	-xte ,	“ “	lixte ,	“	lixan .
-rw(e)de	“	-rede ,	“ “	gyrede ,	“	gyrwan .

§ 111.—The Past Participle generally contracts; as **send**, **mêtt**, **tâht**, **wend**; **seted**, plur. **sette**; **treded**, **tredde**; **dêmed**, **dêmdede**; **gegyrwed**, **gegyrede**. The ending **-ed** is, however, frequently retained; as **fylled**, **dypped**, **hýred**, **cýded**, &c.

§ 112.—In like manner conjugate—

ferian, (carry).	ferede,	(ge)-fered,
werian, (defend).	werede,	(ge)-wered,
fremman, (do).	fremede,	(ge)-fremed,
pennan, (extend).	penede,	(ge)-pened,
sceddān, (hurt).	scedede,	(ge)-sceded,
cnyssan, (strike).	cnysede,	(ge)-cnysed,
lecg(e)an, (lay).	legde, (lêde),	(ge)-legd, (lêd),
wecg(e)an, (awake).	wegede,	(ge)-weged,
treddan, (tread).	tredde,	treded,
settān, (set).	sette,	seted,
cȳdan, (make known).	cȳdde,	(ge)-cȳded,
sendan, (send).	sende,	send,
fyllan, (fill).	fylde,	fyllad,
nemnan, (name).	nemnde,	nemned,
gyrwan, (prepare).	gyrede,	(ge)-gyrwed,
cigan, (call).	cigde,	(ge)-ciged.

§ 113.—The following verbs have not been affected by i-umlaut in the Preterit:—

cwellan, (kill).	cwealde,	(ge)-cweald,
sellan, (sell).	sealde,	(ge)-seald,
tellan, (tell).	tealde,	(ge)-teald,
bycg(e)an, (buy).	bohte,	boht,
þenc(e)an, (think).	þôhte,	þôht,
þync(e)an, (appear).	þūhte,	þūht,
wyrcan, (work).	worhte,	worht,
bringan, (bring).	brôhte,	brôht,
rêc(e)an, (care).	rôhte,	rôht,
sêcan, (seek).	sôhte,	sôht.

§ 114.—A few have i-umlaut also: as—

cwecc(e)an, (vibrate).	cweahte,	cwehte,	cweaht,
drecc(e)an, (vex).	drahte,	drehte,	draht,
recc(e)an, (tell).	reahte,	rehte,	reahht,
wecc(e)an, (awake).	weahte,	wehte,	weaht,
þecc(e)an, (thatch).	þeahte,	þehte,	þeahht,
tæc(e)an, (show).	tâhte,	tæhte,	tâht, tæht, &c.

§ 115.—2. THE *ô*-CLASS.

Indicative.		Subjunctive.	
Pres. Sg.—1.	lufi(g)e,		lufi(g)e,
2.	lufast,		lufi(g)e,
3.	lufað,		lufi(g)e,
Plur.—	lufiað,		lufi(g)en.
Pret. Sg.—1.	lufode,		lufode,
2.	lufodeſt,		lufode,
3.	lufode,		lufode,
Plur.—	lufedon, -odon,		lufoden.
Imperative.		Infinitive.	
Sg. 2. lufa,		lufian.	
Plur. 2. lufiað.			

PARTICIPLES.

Present.	Past.
lufiende.	lufod.

Instead of *lufian*, we frequently find *lufigan*, *lufigean*.

A large number of Verbs belongs to this class. The Preterit ends in *-ode* (*-ade*, *-ude*, *-ede*); — the Past Participle in *-od* (*-ad*, *-ud*). In inflected forms *-ed-* is found.

So conjugate *âſcian*, ask; *lôcian*, look; *macian*, make; *ſcêawian*, behold; *ſealfian*, anoint; *tâcnian*, betoken; *weordian*, honor, &c.

§ 116.—3. THE *ai*-CLASS.

Indicative.		Subjunctive.	
Pres. Sg.—1.	hæbbe, { libbe,	hæbbe, { libbe,	
	lifge,	lifge,	
2.	hafas(t), lifas(t),	hæbbe, lifge,	
3.	hafað, lifað,	hæbbe, lifge,	
Plur.—	habbað, libbað, {	hæbben { libben,	
	hæbbað, lifg(e)að, }	lifgen.	
Pret. Sg.—1.	hæfde, lifde, &c.,	like	dêmdede.

Imperative.		Infinitive.	
Sg. 2.	hafa, lifa.	habban, { libban,	
		lifgan,	
Plur. 2. {	habbað, { libbað,		
	hæbbað, { lifg(e)að.		

PARTICIPLES.

Present.	Past.
hæbbende, { libbende, }	gehæfd, gelifd.
lifgende. }	

This class contains only a few remains of the original *ai*-class. Besides the above two, there belong here *ſecg(e)an*, say; *hycg(e)an*, think; and perhaps *prêag(e)an*, threaten; *smêag(e)an*, think; *frêog(e)an*, free. They are all conjugated in full in "Cook's Sievers's Grammar of Old English," p. 212.

§ 117.—4. PRETERIT-PRESENTS.

These Verbs are old Strong Preterits, with Present signification. From these, new Weak Preterits have been formed, which are inflected like other Weak Preterits.

willan.

	Indicative.	Subjunctive.
Pres.—1.	wille, wile,	wile,
2.	wilt,	wile,
3.	wile, wille,	wile,
Plur.—	willað,	willen.
Pret.—	wolde, walde,	wolde.

The Present **wille** was originally a Subj. Preterit, and hence **willan** is not strictly to be classed with the Preterit-Presents.

nyllan.

	Indicative.	Subjunctive.
Pres.—1.	nele, nyle,	nyle, nel (l) e,
2.	nelt, nylt,	nyle,
3.	nele, nyle,	nyle,
Plur.—	nellað, nyllað,	nylen.
Pret.—	nołde, nalde,	nołde.
Imper. Sg.—	nelle, nyl.	
Plur.—	nyllað.	

1. witan.

	Indicative.	Subjunctive.
Pres. Sg.—1.	wât, (know),	wite,
2.	wâst, wæst,	wite,
3.	wât,	wite,
Plur.—	witon,	witen.
Pret. Sg.—	wiste, wisse,	wiste.
Plur.—	wiston.	

Imp. **wite, witad.** Inf. **witan.**

PARTICIPLES.—Present, **witende.** Past, **witen.**

With **ne** (not) = **nât, nâat, nyton** (-uu), **nyisse, nyste, &c.**

INDICATIVE.				PARTICIPLES.			
Pres.	Pret.	Subj.	Imp.	Inf.	Present.	Past.	
2. 1, 3, âh (g), (possess).	âhte,	âge,	âge,	.....	.....	{ âgen, (only as ægen [adj. <i>own</i>]
3. 1, 3, deah (g), (avail).	dohte,	{ dūge, dyge,	.....	dugan,	dugende,	
4. 1, 3, an, (grant).	ûde,	unne,	unne,	unnan,	unnande, (ge)unnen,		
5. 1, 3, cann, (knew).	cûde,	cunne,	.....	cunnan,	.....	cunnen.
6. 1, 3, þearf, (need).	þorfte,	{ þurfe, þyrfe,	.....	þurfan,	.....	{ cūð, (only as [adj. <i>known</i> .)
7. 1, 3, ðear, (dare).	dorste,	{ durre, dyre,	.....	.....	.....
8. 1, 3, sceal, (shall).	sc(e)olde,	{ scyle, scule, sceole,	.....	{ sculan, sceolan,	.....	.....
9. 1, 3, (ge)man, (remember).	munde,	{ munc, myne,	{ gemune, gemyne,	munan,	munende, (ge)munen.		
10. 1, 3, mæg, (can).	{ meahhte, mihhte,	mæge,	.....	.....	.....	.....
11. 1, 3, -neah, (it suffices).	-nugon,	-nuge,	.....	.....	.....	.....
12. 1, 3, -môt, (may).	môste,	môte.	.....	.....	.....	.....

The missing forms are not found.

§ 118.—5. ANOMALIES.

1. *wesan*, (to be).

Indicative.		Subjunctive.	
Pres. Sg.—1.	<i>eom</i> , <i>béo</i> ,	<i>sie</i> ,	<i>béo</i> ,
2.	<i>eart</i> , <i>bist</i> ,	<i>sie</i> ,	<i>béo</i> ,
3.	<i>is</i> , <i>bid</i> ,	<i>sie</i> ,	<i>béo</i> ,
Plur.—	<i>sind</i> . <i>béod</i> .	<i>sien</i> .	<i>béon</i> .

Pret. Sg.—1.	<i>wæs</i> ,	<i>wære</i> ,
2.	<i>wære</i> ,	<i>wære</i> ,
3.	<i>wæs</i> ,	<i>wære</i> ,
Plur.—	<i>wæron</i> .	<i>wæren</i> .

Imperative.	Infinitive.
<i>wes</i> , <i>wesad</i> ,	<i>wesan</i> ,
<i>béo</i> , <i>béod</i> .	<i>béon</i> .

PARTICIPLES.—Present, *wesende*. Past, *gewesen*.

For a variety of forms in the different dialects, see "Cook's Sievers's Grammar of Old English," § 427.

The contracted forms are *neom*, *neart*, *nis*, *næs*, *næron*, *næren*, &c.

§ 119.—2. *dôn*, (to do).

Indicative.		Subjunctive.
Pres. Sg.—1.	<i>dô</i> ,	<i>dô</i> ,
2.	<i>dêst</i> ,	<i>dô</i> ,
3.	<i>dêd</i> ,	<i>dô</i> ,
Plur.—	<i>dôd</i> .	<i>dôn</i> .

Pret. Sg.—1.	<i>dyde</i> ,	<i>dyde</i> ,
2.	<i>dydes</i> (t),	<i>dyde</i> ,
3.	<i>dyde</i> ,	<i>dyde</i> ,
Plur.—	<i>dydon</i> .	<i>dyden</i> .

Imper. *dô*, *dôd*. Inf. *dôn*.

PARTICIPLES.—Present, *dônde*. Past, *gedôn*.

For other dialect forms, see "Cook's Sievers's Grammar of Old English," § 429.

§ 120.—3. *gân*, (to go).

Indicative.		Subjunctive.
Pres. Sg.—1.	<i>gâ</i> ,	<i>gâ</i> ,
2.	<i>gæst</i> ,	<i>gâ</i> ,
3.	<i>gæd</i> ,	<i>gâ</i> ,
Plur.—	<i>gâd</i> .	<i>gân</i> ,
Pret.—	<i>éode</i> ,	<i>éode</i> .

like *nerede*.

Imper. *gâ*, *gâd*. Inf. *gân*.

PARTICIPLES.—Present, *gânde* Past, *gagân*.

§ 121.—ADVERBS.

Adverbs, derived from Adjectives, generally have the ending *-e*; as *hearde*, hard; *lange*, long; *sôde*, truly; *wide*, widely. If the Adjective ends in *-e*, the Adverb has the same form. Many Adverbs are formed with the suffix *-lice* (*-ly*); as *heardlice*, hardly; *sôdlice*, truly; *sweatullice*, clearly. Still another class has the ending *-a*; as *fela*, very; *singala*, always; *sôna*, soon; *tela*, *teala*, properly. The endings *-unga*, *-enga*, *-inga*, are also used to form Adverbs; as *ânunga*, *-inga*, entirely; *semninga*, suddenly; *eallunga*, entirely; *hólinga*, secretly; *wêninga*, perhaps.

Of Nouns the Gen., Dat., Acc., and Instr. cases are freely used as Adverbs. Comparison of Adverbs is like that of Adjectives. Adverbs of place answer to the three questions—Where? Whither? Whence?—as, *pær*, there; *pider*, thither; *ponan*, thence; *hwær*, where; *hwider*, whither; *hwonan*, whence; *hêr*, here; *hider*, hither; *heonan*, hence; &c.

LIST OF IRREGULAR AND ANOMALOUS VERBS.

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
	1. <i>âh,</i> 2. <i>âhst, âht.</i>	<i>âhte,</i>	<i>âgen, (adj.)</i>
<i>âgan</i> (own, ought). Pl. <i>âgon.</i>		Subj. Pres. <i>âge,</i> <i>âgen (on).</i>	
<i>bannan</i> (command). 2. <i>bannest,</i> <i>bonnan</i> (<i>red.</i>) 2. <i>banst,</i> <i>benst.</i>		<i>bên (un),</i> <i>bannen.</i> <i>bêon (un).</i>	
	3. <i>banned,</i> 3. <i>band.</i>	<i>bêonnon.</i>	
<i>bêatan</i> (beat, <i>red.</i>) 2. <i>bêatest, bÿtst,</i> 3. <i>bêated, bÿt.</i>		<i>bêot,</i> <i>bêaten.</i> <i>bêoton.</i>	
<i>belgan</i> (be angry). I. 2. <i>bilgst, bilhst,</i> 3. <i>bilgð, bilhð, bylğð.</i>		1. <i>bealg(h),</i> <i>boigen.</i> 2. <i>bulge,</i> <i>bulgon.</i>	
<i>beran</i> (bear). II. 2. <i>birest, birst, byrst,</i> <i>beoran,</i> 3. <i>bired, bird, byr(e)ð.</i>		1. <i>bær,</i> <i>boren.</i> 2. <i>bære, bæron.</i>	
<i>berstan</i> (burst). I. 2. <i>birst,</i> 3. <i>birsted, birst,</i> 3. <i>byrst, bierst.</i>		1. <i>bærst.</i> 2. <i>burste,</i> <i>borsten.</i> <i>burston.</i>	
<i>bêodan</i> (bid). VI. 2. <i>bêodest, bÿtst, bÿst,</i> <i>biodan,</i> 3. <i>beoded, bÿtt, bitt.</i>		1. <i>bêad,</i> 2. <i>bude,</i> <i>boden.</i> <i>budon.</i>	
<i>bêon</i> (be). 1. <i>bêom, bêon, bêo,</i> <i>bïon,</i> 2. <i>bist, byst,</i> 3. <i>bið, byð, bêoð.</i>		1. <i>wæs,</i> <i>(ge-)wesen.</i> 2. <i>wære,</i> <i>wæron.</i>	
Pl. <i>bêoð, biot, biad.</i>	<i>sint,</i> <i>sind.</i>	Pres. Subj. <i>bêo, bio.</i> Pl. <i>bêon.</i>	<i>sî, sÿ, sig,</i> <i>sie, sêo, sêo.</i>
Imper. <i>béo (ð).</i>	<i>sindon.</i>		Pl. <i>sien, sie, sÿn,</i> <i>sîn, sêon.</i>

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
beorcan (bark). I.	3. byrcð.	bearc, burcon.	borcen.
beorgan (save,) I. (proteet).	2. byrgst, byrhst, 3. byrged, byrgd, 3. byrhd.	1. bearg(h), 2. burge, burgon.	borgen.
beornan (burn). I.	1. beorne, byrne, 2. beornest, beornst, 2. byrnest, byrnst, 3. beornd, beornd, 3. byrned, birnd(y).	barn(ea, o), burne, burnon.	bornen.
	Pl. beornad.		
bidan (bide). V.	2. bideſt, biſt, biſt, 3. bided, bitt.	1. bād, 2. bīde, bidon.	biden.
biddan (ask). III.	2. biddeſt, biſt, biſt, 3. bided, biſt, biſt, bitt.	1. bæd, 2. bæde, bædon.	beden.
	Pl. biddad.		
bindan (bind). I.	2. bindeſt, biſt, biſt, 3. binded, bint,	1. band(o), 2. bunde, bunden.	bunden.
	Pl. bindad.		
bitan (bite). V.	2. biſt, biſt, 3. bited, bitt, biſt.	1. bāt, 2. bite, biton.	biten.
blætan (bleat, red.).	3. blæt.	.....	.....
blandan (blend, red.).	2. blandest, 3. blanded, blent.	blēnd, blēnde, blēndon.	blāwen, blonden.
blātan (to be blue- [pale, red]).	2. blāteſt, blætſt, 3. blāted, blæt.	1. blēot, blēt, 2. blēte, blēton.	blāten.
blāwan (blow, red.).	2. blāweſt, blawſt, 2. blæweſt, blæwſt, 3. blāwed, blāwd, 3. blæwed, blæwd.	blēow(ê). blēowon.	blāwen.
	Pl. blāwad.		

Infinitive.	Present.	Pteterit.	Participle.
blican (glitter). V.	2. blicest, blicst, 3. bliced, blicd.	1. blâc, 2. blice, blicon.	blicen.
blinnan (cease). I.	2. blinnest, blinst, 3. blinned, blinnid, blind.	blan (o), blann, blunne, blunnon.	blunnen.
blôtan (sacrifice). 2.	blôtest, blêtst, (red.) 3. blôted, blêt, &c.	1. blêot, 2. blêote, blêoton.	blôten.
blôwan (bloom). 2.	blôwest, blêwst, (red.) 3. blôwed, blêwd, &c.	1. blêow, 2. blêowe, blêowon.	blôwen.
breca n (break). II.	2. bricest, bricst, 3. briced, bricd, &c.	1. bræc, 2. bræce, bræcon.	brocen.
bredan (braid, swing). I.	2. britst, brist, 3. brit, bret, &c.	1. bræd, brudon.	broden, breden.
bregdan (move). I.	1. bregde, 2. -est, 3. -d, &c.	1. brægd. brugdon,	brogden, bregden.
brengan " (bring). 2.	brengest, brengst, 3. brenged, brengd, brencd, &c.	1. brôhte, 2. brôhtest, brôhton.	gebrôht.
brêatan (break). 2.	brêatest, brýtst, (red.) 3. brêated, brýt, &c.	1. brêot, brêoton.	brêaten.
brêotan (break). VI.	2. brêotest, brêotst, brýttest, brýtst, 3. brêoted, brêot, brýted, brýtt, &c.	1. brêat, 2. brute, bruton.	broten.
brêodan (ruin). VI.	2. brêodest, brýst, 3. brêoded, brýd, &c.	1. brêad, brudon.	broden.

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
bringan (bring). I.	1. bringe, brincege, 2. bringst, 3. bringed, brincgð, bringð, &c.	1. brang (o). 2. brunge, brungon.	brungen.
brinnan (burn). I.		1. bran, brunnon.	brunnen.
brūcan (use). VI.	2. brūcest, brȳcst, bricst, 3. brūced, brȳcd,	1. brēac, 2. bruce, brucon, bude.*	brocen.
būan (dwell). VI. būwan Pl.	2. būst, būad.	Pl. buan(=buwon), gebūn, gebud.*	
būgan (bow). VI.	2. būgest, bȳhst, 3. būged, bȳhd, bȳgd, &c.	1. bēag (h), 2. buge, bugon.	bogen.
bycgan * (buy). bicgan ,	1. bycge, bicge, 2. bygest, 3. byged, &c.	1. bōhte, bōhton.	gebōht.
ceorfan (carve). I.	2. ceorfest, cyrst, 3. ceorfed, cyrfd, &c.	1. cearf, 2. curfe, curfon.	corfen.
cēosan (choose). VI. ciosan	2. cēosest, cȳst, 3. ceosed, cȳst, cist, &c.	1. cēas, cēs, 2. cure, curon.	coren.
cēowan (chew). VI.	2. cēowest, cywst, 3. cēowed, cȳwd,	1. cēaw, cuwon.	cowen.
clēofan (cleave, split). VI.	2. clȳfst, 3. clȳfd, &c.	1. clēaf, clufon.	clofen.
clifan (cleave, stick). V.	2. clifest, clifst, 3. clifed, clifd,	1. clāf, clifon.	clifen.
clingan (cling, shrink up). I.	2. clingst, 3. clingð, &c.	1. clang, clungon.	(ge-)clungen.

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
(on)cnāwan(know).2.	-cnāwest, -cnæwst, (red.) 3. -cnāwed, -cnæwd, &c.	-cnēow, -cnāwen.	
cnēodan(give). VI.	3. cnēoded, &c.	cnēad.	cnoden.
crēodan(crowd). VI.	2. crēodest, crȳtst, crȳst, 3. crēoded, crȳded, crȳtt, &c.	1. crēad, 2. crude, crudon.	croden.
crēopan(creep). VI.	2. crȳpest, crȳpst, crēopest, crēopst. 3. crȳped, crȳpd, cripd, crēoped, crēopd, &c.	crēap, crupon.	cropen.
crincan(yield). I.	2. crincst, 3. crincd, &c.	cranc, cruncon.	cruncen.
cringan(eringe, fall). I.	2. cringest, cringst, 3. cringed, cringd, &c.	crang(o), crungen.	crungen.
cuman(come). II.	2. cymst, cymest, 3. cumed, cymd, cymed, cimd, Pl. cumad.	1. côm, cwôm, 2. côme, cômon, cwômon.	cumen, cymen.
cunnan(can). Pl.	1. can, con, cann, conn, 2. canst, const, cunnon.	cûde, cûdon.	cûd, (on-cunnen).
cwellan*(kill).		cwealde.	cweald.
cwelan(die). II.	2. cwilst, 3. cweld, cwild, cwyld.	cwæł, cwælon.	cwolen.
cwedan(quothe). III.	2. cwedest, cwedst, cwædst, cwidst, cwydst, cwist, cwyst, 3. cweded, cwed, cwid(d), cwyd, &c.	1. cwæd, 2. cwæde, cwædon.	cweden.
delan(sink). II.		dæl, dælon.	dolen.
delfan(delve). I.	2. delfest, dīfst, 3. delfed, dīfd, &c.	1. dealf, 2. dūlfe, dūlfon.	dolfen.

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
dōn (do, <i>red.</i>).	1. dō , 2. dēst , 3. dēd .	1. dyde, dide, dæde, (ge)dōn , 2. -est, -on, -en.	dēn.
	Pl. dōd. Imper. dō (-d).	Pres. Subj. dō, dōn.	
(on) drædan (dread).	2. drædest, drætst, dræst , (<i>red.</i>) 3. dræded, drætt, &c.	(drēord), drēd, dræddon. drēdon.	
dragan (drag, draw).	IV. 2. drægest, drægst, dræhst , 3. dræged, drægð, dræhd, &c.	drôg (h), dragen. drôgon.	
drepan (strike).	III. 2. drepest, dripest, dripst , 3. dreped, driped, dripð, &c.	1. drep, dræp, 2. dræpe, dræpon.	drepen, dropen.
drêogan (do, suffer).	VI. 2. drêogest, drÿhst , 3. drêoged, drÿhd, drigd, Pl. drêogað.	1. drêah (g), 2. druge, [drihð.] drugou.	drogen.
drêopan (drop).	VI. 2. drÿpst, 3. drÿpð, Pl. drêopað.	drêap, drupon.	dropen.
drêosan (fall).	VI. 2. drÿst, 3. drêosed, drÿst, &c.	drêas, druron.	droren.
drifan (drive).	V. 2. drifest, drifst, 3. drifed, drifð, drift, &c.	1. drâf, 2. drife. drifon (eo).	drifen.
drincan (drink).	I. 2. drincest, 3. drincð, dryncð, &c.	dranc, druncon.	druncen.
dūfan (dive).	VI. 2. dÿfst, 3. dÿfd, &c.	1. dêaf, 2. dufe, dufon.	dofen.
dugan (do, avail).	1. dêag (h), 2. duge, Pl. dugon.	dôhte, -on.	
dwelan (err).	II. 2. dwelest, dwilst, 3. dweled, dwild, &c.	1. dwæl, 2. dwæle, dwælon.	dwolen.

Infinitive.		Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
etan (eat).	III.	2. etest, etst, itst, ytst, ætst, 3. yt, ytt, et, ett, eted, ieted, 3. yted, ited, itt.	1. æt, 2. æte, ætton.	eten, (eton).
	Pl.	etad.		
eam, &c. (am).		1. eom, eam. 2. eart, eard, eartþu, earttu.	See bēon and wesan.	
	Pl.	earon, earun.		
faran (fare).	VI.	2. farest, færest, færst, færst, 3. fared, færed, færd. [færstð.	fôr, fôron.	faren.
	Pl.	farad.		
feccan * (fetch).			1. feahte, fehte,	feahrt,
feccean,			2. -est,	feht.
fæccan.			-on.	
fecgan (seize).	III.		feah.	.....
felgan (fall into).	I.	2. filgst, filhst, 3. filgð, filhð,	fealg(h), fulgon.	folgen.
	Pl.	felgad.		
fealdan (fold, red.)		2. fealdest, fylst, 3. fealded, fylt.	fêold, fêoldon.	fealden.
feallan (fall, red.)		2. feallest, fealst, felst, fylst, 3. fealled, feald, fild, fyld,	fêol (l), fêollon.	feallen.
	Pl.	feallad.		
fêogan * (hate).		fêoged, fêod.	fêode, fêodon (-un, -an).	
fiogan, fêon, fion.	Pl.	fêogad, fêogead.		
feohan (rejoice).	III.		feah (-feh), fegen	
fêon,		-fihð.	fægon (-fêgon).	
feohtan (fight).	I.	2. feohtest, 3. feohted, fiht, &c.	1. feaht, 2. fuhte, fuhton.	fohten.
fêolan (hang).	II.		fæl, fælon, fêlon.	folen, feolen.
fiolan, felan,				

Infinitive.		Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
fīndan (find).	I.	2. fīndest, fīndst, fīntst, fīnst, 3. fīnded, fīnt, &c.	fand (o), funde, " fundon.	funden.
fleoġan (fly).	VI.	2. fleoġest, 3. fleoġed, fligd, &c.	1. fleoġ (h), 2. fluge, flugon.	flogen.
fleoġan, fleoġan, fleoġan, fleon.	VI. Pl.	1. fleo, 2. flihst, flȳhst, 3. flihd, flȳhd. fleoð, fliod, flȳhd.	1. fleah, 2. fluge, flugon.	flogen.
fleoġan (float).	VI.	2. flȳtst, 3. flȳt.	fleat, fluton.	floten.
fliġan (strive).	V.	2. flitst, flitst, 3. flited, flit, &c.	flāt, fliton.	fliten.
flōwan (flow, <i>red.</i>)		2. flōwest, flēwst, 3. flōwed, flēwd, &c.	flēow, flēowon.	flōwen.
folġan " (follow).		1. folgige, 2. folgast, fylgst, 3. folgað, fylgd. Pl. folgiad.	folgode, fyl(i)gde, gefolgod. Imper. folga (-iad).	
fōn (grasp, <i>red.</i>)		1. fō, 2. fēhst, 3. fēhd. Pl. fōð. Imper. fōh, fōð.	1. fēng, 2. fēnge, fēngon. Subj. Pres. fō, fōn,	fangen, fongen. Pret. fēnge, fēngen.
fragan (learn).	IV.			gefræġen, gefreġen.
fretan (eat up).	III.	2. fritest, fritst, 3. freted, frited, fritt, fryt.	1. fræt, 2. fræte, fræton.	freten.
frēoġan " (free).		frēo, &c. frēoð, Pl. frēogað. Imper. frēo.	frēode, -on. Subj. Pres. frēoge.	frēoð.

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
fricgan (ask). III.	2. frigest, frigst, frihst,	1. fræg.	ge-frigen.
fricgean,	3. friged, frigð, frihð, &c.	2. fræge,	-fregen,
fricggan.		frægon.	-frægen,
	Imper. frige, &c.	Subj. Pres. fricge, &c.	
frignan (ask). I.	2. frignest,	1. frægn (-en, -in), frugnen.	
	3. frigned, &c.	fræng, fregen (-n),	
		2. frugne,	
		frugnon.	
	Imper. frign (-að).	Subj. Pres. frigne, &c.	
frinan (ask). I.	2. frīnest,	1. frān,	frunen.
	3. frīned, &c.	2. frune,	
		frunon.	
	Imper. frin (að).	Subj. Pres. frīne (-en).	
fringan (ask). I.		-(ge)-fringon (Beo. 1667.)	
galan (sing). IV.	2. gælest, gælst,	gôl,	galen.
	3. gæled, gæld, &c.	gôlon.	
gân (go).	1. gâ,	*	
	2. gæst,	1. eode,	gegân.
	3. gæð.	2. eodest,	
	Pl. gâð.	eodon.	
	Imper. gâ (-ð).	Subj. Pres. gâ,	
		gân.	
gangan (go).	1. gange, gonge,	gêong, giong,	gangen,
gongan (red).	2. gangest, gongest,	gieng, gêng,	gongen.
gancgan,	3. ganged, gonged.		
	Pl. gangod, gongod.	gêongon, giongong,	
	(Usually contracted into gân).	giengon, gêngon.	
gellan (yell).	1. gelle, gille, gielle, gylle,	geal,	gollen.
giellan (red.)	2. gilst, gielst, gylst,	gullon.	
gyllan,	3. gilled, gild, gield,		
gillan,	gyllod, gyld.		
	Pl. gellad (i, ie, y).		

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
gerwan * (prepare). gearw(i)e (gearuwe), gearwode (-ade, -ede), gegired,			
gærwian,		gired, &c.	ge-gearwod,
girwan,		-odon.	(-ad, -ed).
gierwan,			
gyrwan,			
gearwian.	Pl. gearwad.		
gēopan (take up). VI.	2. gȳpst,	gēap,	gopen.
	3. gȳpd.	gupon.	
	Pl. gēopad.		
gēotan (pour). VI.	2. gȳtst,	gēat, gēt,	goten.
	3. gȳt.	guton.	
	Pl. gēotad.		
gifan (give). III.	1. gife, &c.	1. geaf, gæf, gef,	gifen,
giefan,	2. gifest, gifst,	2. gēafe, gēfe,	giefen,
gefan,	3. gified, gifd.	gēafon, gēfon.	gyfen.
geofan,			
giofan,	Pl. gifad.		
gyfan.			
gildan (pay). I.	2. giltst, gielst,	geald,	golden.
gielpan,	gyltst, gilst,	guldon.	
gyldan,	3. gilded, gilt,		
geldan,	gielt, gylt, &c.		
gilpan (boast). I.	2. gilpst, gielpst, gylpst,	gealp,	golpen.
gielpān,	3. gilpā, gielpā.	gulpon.	
gylpan,	Pl. gilpad (ie, y).		
ginan (yawn). V.	1. gine,	gân,	ginen.
	2. ginest, ginst,	ginon.	
	3. gined, gind.		
	Pl. ginad.		
ginnan (begin). I.	2. -ginnest, ginst,	1. -gann (o),	-gunnen.
gynnan,	3. -ginned, gind, gined, &c.	2. -gunne,	
		-gunnon.	

Infinitive,	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
gitan (get).	III. 1. -gite (y, ie),	-geat,	giten.
gietan,	2. -gitst,		
gytan,	3. -git, -gitt.	gêaton.	
geotan.	Pl. -gitad (y, ie).		
glidan (glide).	V. 2. glidest,	glâd,	gliden.
	3. glided, glit, &c.	glidon.	
grætan (bewail).	1. græte,	grêt,	græten,
grêtan. (red.)	2. grætest, &c.	grêton.	grêten.
grafan (dig).	IV. 1. grafe, græfe,	grôf,	grafen.
	2. græfest, græfst,	grôfon.	
	3. græfed, græfd.		
	Pl. grafad.		
grêosan (frighten).	VI. 2. grÿst,	grêas,	groren.
	3. grÿst.	gruron.	
	Pl. grêosad.		
grêotan (weep).	VI. 2. grÿtest, grÿtst,	grêat,	groten.
	3. grêoted, grÿt, &c.	gruton.	
grimman (rage,	I. 2. grimst,	gramm (o),	grummen.
hasten).	3. grimmed, grimd, &c.	grummon.	
grindan (grind).	I. 2. grintst, grinst,	1. grand (o),	grunden.
gryndan.	3. grint, &c.	2. grunde,	
		grundon.	
gripan (grasp).	V. 2. gripest, gripst,	grâp,	gripen.
	3. griped, gripd, &c.	gripon.	
grôwan (grow, red.)	2. grôwest, grêwst,	grêow,	grôwen.
	3. grôwed, grêwd, &c.	grêowon.	
habban (have).	1. hæbbe (hafa, -o, -u),	hæfde,	(ge)hæf(e)d.
	2. hæfst (hafast, hapest),	-on.	
	3. (hafad, hæfed), hæfd.		
	Pl. habbað (æ).		
	Imper. hafa, habbað (æ).	Subj. Pres. hæbbe (a),	-en, -on (æ).

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
hātan (<i>bid, red.</i>).	2. hātest , hætsd (?), 3. hāted , hāt , hætt , &c.	hēht , hêt , hēhton , hêton .	hāten .
hātan* (<i>be called</i>).		hâtte (<i>Pres. & Pret.</i>) hâtton .	
hebban (<i>raise</i>). IV. 1. hebbe (æ), hæbban .	2. hefed , hefd . Pl. hebbad . Imper. hebe , hebbad .	hōf , hōfon .	hafen (æ).
helan (<i>conceal</i>). II. 2. hilest (y), 3. hild . Pl. helad .		1. hæl , 2. hæle , hælon .	holen .
helpan (<i>help</i>). I. 2. helpst , 3. helped , hilpd (<i>ie</i>), &c.		1. healp , 2. hulpe , hulpon .	holpen .
herian (<i>praise</i>). hergan , hæran , hergian , herian .	1. herige , herge , 3. hered . Pl. herad , heriad , herigad . Imper. hera (e).	herede (-ode), hered . heredon . herigead , hergad .	
hēafan (<i>mourn, red.</i>)		hēof , hōf , hēofon .	
healdan (<i>hold, red.</i>) haldan .	2. healdest , 3. hilt , healt , hylt , Pl. healdad .	1. hēold , 2. hēolde , hēoldon (<i>io</i>).	healden .
hēawan (<i>hew, red.</i>)	3. hēawed , hiwd (<i>ie</i>). Pl. hēawad .	hēow , hēowon .	hēawen .
hladan (<i>loosd</i>). IV. 1. hlade , 2. hlætst , 3. hladed , &c.		hlōd , hlōdon (u, a).	hladen .

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
hlehhhan (laugh). IV. 1. hliche, &c.		1. hlôh,	-hlahen,
hlihhan,		2. hlôge,	-hleahen.
hlihan,			
hlyhhan.		hlôgon (a, u).	
	Pl. hlihgað, hlihah (ie).		
hlêapan (leap, run). 1. hlêape, &c.		hlêop,	hlêapen.
(red.) 3. hlêaped, hlêapð, hlipð, &c.		hlêopon (u).	
hlêotan (cast lots). 1. hlêote,		hlêat,	
(red.) 2. hlêotest, &c.		hluton.	
hlidan (cover). V.		-hlâð,	hliden.
		-hlidon.	
hligan (call). V. 3. -hlid.		.....	.....
hlimman (resound). I.		hlamm,	.....
hlymman.	3. hlimmed, hlymmed, &c.	hlummon.	
hlôwan (low, red.) 3. hlêwd.		hlêow,	.....
		hlêowon.	
hnâtan (strike, red.)		hnêot.	.....
hnêappan (break, red.)		-hnêop,	-hnêapen.
		hnêopon.	
hnigan (bend). V. hnige, &c.		hnâg(h),	hnigen.
		hnigon.	
hnltan (knock). V		hnât,	hniten.
		hniton.	
hôn (hang, red.)		hêng,	hangen.
	Pl. hód.	hêngon.	
	Pl. Imper. hôh (-ð).		
hrêosan (fall). VI. 1. hrêose,		hrêas,	hroren.
3. hrýsð, hrýst, hrist (ê).		hruon.	
hrêodan (cover). VI. ....		.....	hroden.
(hrêodan).			

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
hrêowan (rue). VI. 1. hriwd, (Impers. often). 3. hrêowed. Pl. hrêowd.		hrêaw (êo).	
hrinan (touch). V. 1. hrine (o), 3. hrined, hrind.		hrân, hrinon.	hrinen.
hrindan (push). I.		hrand, hrundon.	. . . . .
hrôfan (cry, call, red.)		hrêop, hrêopon (-u).	
hrûtan (make a noise). VI. hrûte, &c.		hrêat, hruton.	. . . . .
hûdan (rob). VI.		-hêad, -hudon.	-hoden.
hwelan (howl), II. hwyln.	3. hwiled.	hwæl.	
hwettan * (whet). 1. hwette, &c. 3. hwæt, hwæted, hweted.		hwette, hwetton.	
hweorfan (turn, move), I. 1. hweorfe, hworfan, hwurfan.	2. hwearfest, 3. hwirfd, hweorfed, &c.	hwearf, hwærf, hworfen, hwurfon (o, eo).	
hycgan * (think), 1. hycge (i), &c., hicgan (-ean). 3. hycged, hyged. Pl. hycgad (eaf).		hogade (-ode, -ede), [hogde, hogedon (-odon, -dan), hogdan.	
irnan (run, flow). I. 3. irnd, irned, yrned. Pl. yrnad.		1. arn, 2. urne, urnon.	urnen.
lâcan (jump, move), (red.) 3. lâced, &c.		1. lêolc (-lêc), 2. lêolce, -lêcon.	-lâcen.

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
<i>lætan</i> (let, red.), <i>lêtan.</i>	1. <i>læte</i> , 2. <i>lætest, lætst</i> , 3. <i>læted, lætt, lêtéd.</i> Imper. <i>læt</i> (-ad).	<i>lêt</i> (<i>lêot</i>), <i>lêton.</i>	<i>læten.</i>
<i>leccan</i> * (moisten).		<i>leohte.</i>	<i>leoht.</i>
<i>lecgan</i> * (lay).	1. <i>lecge</i> , 2. <i>legest</i> , <i>leged.</i> Pl. <i>lecgad.</i>	<i>legde</i> (-lêde), <i>legdon</i> (æ).	<i>ge-legged</i> , <i>ge-lêd.</i>
<i>lesan</i> (pick).	III.	<i>læs</i> , <i>-læson.</i>	<i>-lesen.</i>
<i>lēan</i> (scold).	IV. 3. <i>lyhd.</i>	<i>lôg</i> (h), <i>lôgon.</i>	<i>-leahen.</i>
<i>lēodan</i> (grow), <i>liodan.</i>	VI.	<i>lêad</i> , <i>ludon.</i>	<i>-loden.</i>
<i>lēofan</i> (love?).	VI. (Dan. 56).	Pl. <i>lufan</i> (?).	
<i>lēogan</i> (lie).	VI. 3. <i>lȳhd, lēoged.</i> Pl. <i>lêogad.</i>	<i>lêag</i> (h), <i>lugon.</i>	<i>-logen.</i>
<i>lēosan</i> (lose).	VI. 3. <i>-list.</i>	<i>lêas</i> , <i>-luron.</i>	<i>-loren.</i>
<i>libban</i> * (live), <i>lybban.</i>	1. <i>libbe</i> (Sweet, lxxv.), 2. <i>leofast</i> (i), 3. <i>leofað</i> (i). Pl. <i>libbad.</i>	<i>lifde</i> (y), <i>leofode</i> , <i>lifdon</i> (a, y), <i>leofodon.</i>	<i>-lifd</i> , <i>-lyfd.</i> <i>ge-leofod.</i>
	Pres. Subj. <i>libbe</i> (-en, -on). Imper. <i>leofa</i> (i), <i>libbad.</i>		
<i>licgan</i> (ean), (lie down).	III. 2. <i>ligst</i> , 3. <i>licged, liged, ligd, ligd(-et), læg</i> , Pl. <i>ligad</i> (-ead).	<i>-legen.</i> [<i>lid. lægon</i> (â), (un, an).	
<i>lidan</i> (grow).	V. 3. <i>lided.</i>	.....	.....

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
lifian * (live),	1. lifige, lifge,	(See libban).	
lyfian,	2. leofast,		
lifgan (-ean).	3. lifað, lyfad, leofað.		
leofian.			
	Pl. lifað, lifgeað, lifgað,		
	lifgað.		
	Imper. leofa.		
lihan (lend),	V. 3. -lihð (-lŷhð).	lâh (g), lêah, -lihen.	
lŷhan.		-ligon.	
limpan (happen). I. 3. limped, limpð. &c.		lamp (o), gelumpen.	
(Impers.)		-lumpon.	
linnan (yield),	I. 2. linnest, linst,	1. -lan, -lon(un), -lunnen.	
lynnan.	3. -lind,	2. -lunne,	
	-linned, linnid, &c.	lunnon.	
lidan (go).	I.	-lâð.	-liden,
		-lidon (-lidon).	-liden.
lūcan (lock).	VI.	-lēac,	locen.
	3. lŷcd, &c.	lucon.	
lūtan (bow),	•	lēat,	(ge)loten.
	3. lūted, lŷtt, &c.	lutan (-un).	
magan (may).	1. mæg,	I. meahte, mehte, mihte,	
	2. meaht, miht.	2. meahtes,	
	Pl. mâgon, mægon, mâgan,	meahtum (-on, -an),	
	mâgum, mâgun.	mihton (-en).	
	Subj. Pres. mæge.	Subj. Pret. meahte, mihte,	
	Pl. mægen, mæge.	meahte, meahtes (-t),	
		meahton, mihton,	
		meahtan, meahten,	
		mihten, meahte, mihte.	
māwan (mow, red.)		-mēow.	-māwen.
meltan (melt).	I. 3. melted,	mealt,	-molten.
		multon (-an).	

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
metan (measure). III.		mæt, mæton.	meten.
meornan (mourn, care). I. (u).		mearn, murnon.	mornen.
midan (hide). V.		mâð, -midon.	miden.
môtan (may, must). 1. môt, 2. môst. Pl. môtan (-an, -en, -um, -un). Subj. Pres. môte. Pl. môten (-an, -e).		môste. -on.	
munan (think). 1. man, mon 2. manst. Pl. munon.		munðe. -on. Subj. Pres. mune, -an.	
nabban (not to have). 1. næbbe, (ne + habban. 2. nafast, næft, 3. nafad, næfd. Pl. nabbad.		næfde, næfdon.	
nāgan, (ne + āgan). Pl. nāgon (-an).	1. nāh, Pl. nāgon (-an).	nāhte, nāhton (-an).	
nāpan (red.) in genāpan (attack?).		-nēop, -nēopon.	neopen.
nesan (survive, endure). III. 3. -nist, -nesed, &c.		-næs, næson.	genesen.
neam, neom (am not). 3. nis, nys, (= ne + eam). Pl. nearon.		næs. Pres. Part. nærende.	
néotan (enjoy, use). VI. nlotan.		-nêat, -nuton.	-noten.

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
nillan,	1. nelle, nele,	1. nolde,	
nellan (=ne+willan),	nulle, nyle,	2. noldest (-s),	
nyllan.	2. nelt, nylt.		
	Pl. nellad (g).	noldon (-an).	
	Imper. nyle, nyllad.	Pres. Subj. nyle, nelle,	
		nyllen, nellon.	
niman (take). II.	1. nime,	1. nam, nom, numen.	
(y, eo, io).	2. nimest,	2. nâme,	
	3. nimeð (y), nimð.	nâmon (-an),	
		(nôman).	
	Pl. nimad (y).		
nipan (grow dark). V.		-nâp,	-nipen.
		-nipon.	
nitan (y, e), (not to know). 1. nât,		1. nyste, nysse,	
(= ne + witan). 2. nâst.		2. nysses,	
		nyston.	
	Pl. nyton, neton.		
-nugan (have at eom-	-neah.	-nohte.	
[mand.)			
	Pl. -nugon.		
ræcan* (reach, attain),		ræhte,	-ræht.
ræcean.		ræhton.	
ræðan (advise, red.). 1. ræðe,		rêord.	
	2. ræðest,		
	3. ræðed, ræt, &c.		
rafan (rob). IV.		-rôf,	-rafen.
		rôfon.	
rêcan* (reck),	2. rêcst,	rôhte,	
rêccan.	3. rêcd, rêced, &c.	rôhton (-un).	
reccan* (rule, say). 1. recce,		reahte, rehte,	-reaht,
	2. recest,	-on.	-reht.
	3. recd, reced, &c.		
Imper. rece (-ad).			

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
rêocan (reek, exhale). IV.		.....	.....
	Pl. rêocad.		
rêodan (reddeu). VI.		.....	.....
		Pl. rudon.	
rêofan (break). VI.		-reaf,	rofen.
		-rufon.	
rêotan (weep). VI.		reat,	-roten.
	3. rêoted.	ruton.	
	Pl. rêotad.		
ridan (ride). V.	1. ride, &c., 3. rided, &c.	1. rîd, 2. ride, ridon (-an).	riden.
ridan (get ready). V.		-rîd, ridon.	-riden.
rinnan (run, flow). I.		ran, runnon.	-runnen.
risan (rise). V.		1. rîs, 2. rise, rison.	risen.
	3. rist, &c.		
rôwan (row, red.)	1. rôwe, 3. rôwed, rêwd, &c.	rêow, rêowon, rêon.	
sacan (fight). IV.		sôc, sôcon.	sacen.
sâwan (sow, red.)	3. sâwed, sæwd.	sêow (slow), sâwen. sêowon (-an).	
	Pl. sâwad.		
scâdan (separate),	3. scêaded, scâded, &c.	scêd (êo),	scâden,
scêadan. (red.)		scêdon.	scêaden.
scânan (shine? red.)	See scinan.	Pl. scionan.	

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
sceppan (shape, do). IV. 2. scyppest , (i, y, eo).	3. scipd , &c.	1. scôp (êo), 2. scêope , scôpon (eo). scapen .	sceapen , scepen ,
sceran (eo), (shear). II.		scær , scer (ea), scoren . scæron .	
scerwan (squander). III.		.....	scerwen .
sceacan (shake, move), IV. scacan .	sceaced , scæced , &c.	scôc (êo), scacen , scæcan (an). scæcen .	sceacen , scacen ,
sceadan (scathe). IV.		scôd (eo), sceaden . scôdon (-un, -an).	
scêotan (shoot, move), VI. sciotan .	3. scýt , scitt , Pl. scêotad .	scêat , scuton .	scoten , sceoten .
scinan (shine). V. 3. scined , scýned , &c.		scân (êa), scinon , scionon (B. 303†).	scinen .
scrifan (shrive). V. 3. scrifed , scrifd , &c.		scrâf (ea), scrifon .	scrifen .
scriðan (stride). V. 3. scrided , scrið , &c.		scrâð , scridon (-un).	scriden .
scūfan (shove). VI. 3. scýft . Pl. scūfad .		scêaf , scufon (-un).	scofen .
sculan (shall). 1. sceal (II), scal , scel (II), 2. scealt , scealtû (=scealt þū). Pl. sculon (-un, -an), sceolon (-un, -an). Pres. Subj. scyle , scile . Pl. scylen , scylan , scyle , sceole .		sceolde , scolde , sciolde . -on.	
sêcan , sêcean * (seek), sêccan , sêccan , 3. sêcd , &c. sæcan .		sôhte , sôhton (-un, -an).	gesôht .

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
secgan * (say),	1. secge, sæcge, &c.	sægde, sæde, sægd,	
seccgan,			
secgean,	3. seged, sæged, secged.	sægdon, sædon. sæd.	
sæcgean.			

Pl. secgad, secgead (æ).

Imper. sege, sæcgead, secgead.

sellan (i, y), * (give, sell).	1. selle, sille,	1. sealde,	gesæld.
	2. selest, sylest,	2. -est (-es),	
	3. seld, sild, seled, syled.	sældon (-un).	

Pl. syllad.

Imper. Sg. sæle, syle, sile.

sendan * (send).	1. sende,	sende,	gesended,
	2. senst (æ), sendest (æ),	sendon.	gesend.
	3. sended, sent, &c.		

serwan * (contrive),		syrwde, syrede,	
serian,	2. syrwest.	særede,	
syrwan (i).			
	Pl. syrewad, serwad.	syrwedan, geserod, -ed	
		syredan (-on),	
		særedon (i).	

séon (see),	III. 1. séo,	1. seah,	gesegen,
sion.	2. sihst,	2. sâwe,	-sewen.
	3. sid, syhd, sihd.	sâwon, sægon,	
	Pl. sêod, siod.	{sêgon (-un).	
	Imper. seoh, syh, sioh.		

séon (strain).	V. ....	.....	(be) séon.
	Pl. (ge-)sêod.		

sêodan (seethe). VI.		1. sêad,	soden.
	3. sêoded.	2. sude,	
	Pl. sêodad.	... sudon.	

sigan (sink). V.		sâg(h),	sigen.
	3. sigd, siged.		
	Pl. sigad.	sigon.	

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
sincan (sink). I.		1. sanc (o), 2. sunce, suncon.	suncen.
singan (sing). I.		1. sang, 2. sunge, sungon.	sungen.
sinnan (think). I.		sann (-u), sunnon.	.....
sittan (sit). III.	1. sitte, 2. sitest, sitst, sittest, 3. sited, sitt. Pl. sittad. Imper. site, sittad.	1. sæt, 2. sæte, sæton (e).	seten.
slæpan (sleep, <i>red.</i>) (â, ê). 2. slæpst, 3. slæped, slæpd. Pl. slæpad.		slép (slæpte), * (slâpen). slépon.	
slêan (strike), IV. slagan. 3. slihð.		slôg (h), slôgon (-un). slægen, slegen.	slagen.
Imper. sleah, sleh. Pl. slêað.			
slidan (slide). V.	1. slide, 2. slidest, slitst, - 3. slided, slit. Pl. slidad.	slâd, slidon.	sliden.
slitan (slit). V.	1. slite, &c., 3. slited, slit. Pl. slitad.	slât, sliton.	sliten (y).
slidan (injure). V.	..... Pres. Part. slidend.	.....	.....
slûpan (ê), (slip). VI.		slêap, slupon.	slophen.

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
smēocan (smoke). VI. 1. smēoce , 3. smȳcð .		smēac , smūcon .	smocen .
smitan (smite, sail). V.		smât , smiton .	smiten .
smūgan (flow, penetrate). VI. -smȳhð
snadan (?). IV. (Cf. B. 1944).		snôð .	
snidan (cut). V.		snâð , snidon .	sniden .
spanan (entice, <i>red.</i>) 3. spaned , -spend , &c.		spôn (êo), spônnon (êo).	spanen (o).
spannan (join, <i>red.</i>)		spēon .	spannen .
speornan (spurn), I. spornan .		spearn , spurnon .	spornen .
spīwan (spew). V.		spāw.	.....
spōwan (succeed, <i>red.</i>)		spēow , spēowon.	.....
sprecan (æ), (speak). II. 1. sprece (æ, i), 2. spricest , sprycst , 3. spricð , spriced , sprecad . Pl. sprecad .		1. spræc , 2. spræce , spræcon , spæcon .	sprecen .
sprēatan (sprout, <i>red.</i>)		-sprēot.	.....
sprēotan (sprout). VI. (Cf. sprȳtan).		sprēat , spruton .	sproten .
springan (spring). I. 3. springð , &c.		sprang (o), sprungon .	sprungen .
standan (o), (stand). IV. 3. stonded , standed , stent (y). Pl. standad .		stôð , stôdon (-an, -un).	standen .
stapan (step). IV.		stôp , stôpon .	stapen .

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
stelan (steal). II.	3. steled, steld (y).	stæl,	stolen.
	Pl. stelad.	stælon.	
stellan* (place).		stealde, stalde.	gesteald.
stigan (move, go). V.		stâg (h),	stigen.
	3. stigd, stiged, stihd, &c.	stigon.	
stincan (stink). I.		stanc (o),	stuncen.
		stuncon.	
stingan (sting). I.		stang,	stungen.
		stungon.	
streccan* (stretch). I.	1. strecce,	streahte,	streaht,
	2. strecest,	strehte.	streht.
	3. streced, strecd.		
	Pl. streccad.		
stredan (scatter). I.	3. streded.	2. -strude (?).	
	Pl. stredad.		
stregdan (strew). I.	3. stregded (i)	2. -strugde.	.....
strican (move). V.	3. striced.	.....	.....
strûdan (ravage). VI.		strêad,	stroden.
		strudon.	
styrian (i)* (stir),	styrge, &c.	styrode (ede), styred (i).	
styrgan (i).			
	Pl. styriad.	styredon.	
sûcan (suck). VI.		sêac,	sôcen.
		sucon.	
sûgan (suck). VI.		sêag,	sogen.
		sugon.	
sûpan (swallow). VI.		sêap,	sopen.
		supon.	
swapan (sweep, drive, <i>red.</i>)		swêop.	.....
swâpan (sweep, <i>red.</i>)		swêop,	swâpen.
		swêopon.	

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
swebban* (put to sleep). 3. swebed.		swefede.	swefed.
	Pl. swebbad.		
swefan (sleep). III. 3. swefed, swifed, &c.		swæf, swæfon.	.....
swelgan (eo), (swallow). I.		swealg(h), swolgen. swulgon.	
sweltan (die). I. 1. swelte, 2. sweltest, 3. sweltesd, swyltesd, &c.		swealt, swulton (-an).	.....
	3. swered.	swôr, swêor, (swerede*),	
swerian (swear). IV. 1. swerige, swerge,		swôron.	sworen.
	Pl. sweriad.		
swercan (darken). I.		swearc, swurcon.	sworcen.
sweorfan (wipe). I.		.....	sworfen.
	3. swyrft.		
swican (move, leave off). V. 1. swice,		swâc,	swicen.
	2. -est, -st,		
	3. swicd, -ed, &c.	swicon.	
swifan (roam). V. 3. swifed.		swâf.	.....
swimman (y), (swim). I.		swamm (o),	
	3. swimd.	swummon.	
	Pl. swimmað.		
swincan (toil). I. 1. swince, &c.,		swanc,	.....
	3. swincd.	swuncon.	
	Pl. swincað.		
swingan (beat, swing). I.		swang,	swungen.
	3. swinged, &c.	swungon.	
swôgan (rustle, <i>red.</i>)		.....	.....
	Pl. swôgad.		

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
tæcan*(-ean),(teach). 3. tæcð, &c.		tæhte.	tæht.
teldan (cover). I.		teald, tuldor	tolden.
tellan*(tell,count). 1. telle, 2. telest, 3. teled. Pl. tellað.		tealde, tealdon.	teald, teled.
teran (tear). II. tere, &c.		tær, tæron.	toren.
tëon (draw), VI. 1. tëo, tion. 2. tÿhst(i), 3. tÿhd, tēhd. Pl. tëod.		tëah(g),tēh,togen. tugon.	
tihan (accuse), V. 2. tÿhst, tëon 3. tÿhd(i).		tëah.	tigen.
tingan (press). I.		tang.	.....
tredan (tread). III. 1. trede, &c. 3. tritt, treded (ie,i,y). Pl. tredað.		1. træd, 2. træde. trædon (-an).	treden.
peccan* (cover). 3. peced. Pl. peccad.		peahte, pehte.	peaht.
pencan*(-ean),(think). 1. pence, 2. -est, -st, 3. -ed, -d. Pl. pencad (-ead).		1. pōhte, 2. -est, -on (-an).	gepōht.
perscan (thresh). I. 3. pirsced (-d).			
pëon(i),(thrive). VI. 1. pëo. Pl. pëod.		pëah, pugon.	pogen.
pëotan (howl). VI. Pl. puton.	

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
picgan (-ean), (take). III.	3. þiged .	peah , þah , þigen .	þægon .
þicgan (take).		þigde ,* þigdon * (edon).	
þihan (thrive). V. þihð .		þâh (-g), þæh .	
þindan (swell). I. 3. þint .		pand , punden .	pundon .
þingan (thrive). I.		þang , geþungen .	þungon .
þrêotan (become weary). VI.	3. þrýt .	þrêat , proten .	þruton .
þréowan (throw). VI.			prowen .
þringan (press). I.		þrang , þrunge .	þrungon .
þurfan (need, dare). 1. þearf , 2. þearft , 3. þearf . Pl. þurfon . Pres. Subj. þurfe . Pl. þurfe , þyrfen .		þorfte .	
þweran (beat, forge). II.		þwær , þworen , þwæron . þuren .	
þweahan (wash), IV. 1. þwêa (-h), þwêan . 2. -hst (y, e), 3. þwehd (y, i). Pl. þwêad .		þwôg (h), þwagen (æ). þwôgon .	
þwitan (cut out). V. 3. þwited . Pl. þwiton.		.....	.....
þyncan (-ean),* (seem), þincan . 3. þyncd , þincd (y), þincd . Pl. þincad (-ead).		þûhte , þûhton . geþûht .	
unnan (grant). 1. an , ann , onn , 2. unne . Pl. unnon .		ûde .	

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
wācan (originate). IV.		wōc, wōcon.	wacen.
wadan (go). IV.		wōd, wōdon.	waden.
wascan (wash). IV. 3. wæsced.		.....	.....
wāwan (blow, <i>red.</i>)		(wēow).	wāwen.
weccan (-ean)* (arouse).	3. wecd, weced. Pl. weccad.	weahte, wehte.	weaht.
wefan (weave). III.		wæf, wæfon.	wefen.
wegan (bear). III.		wæg, wægon.	wegen.
wēpan (weep, <i>red.</i>) 3. wēped, wēpð.		wēop, wēopon.	.....
	Pl. wēpað.		
wesan (be). III. (See bēon and eam).		1. wæs, 2. wære, wæron (-un, -an), (wēron).	wesen, (weoren).
	Pres. Subj. wese, wesen (an).	Imper. wes, wesað.	
wealcan (roll, <i>red.</i>)		wēolc.	wealcen.
wealdan (a), (wield). 1. wealde, (<i>red.</i>) 2. -est (a), 3. wilt, 3. wealded (a), &c.		wēold (1o), wēoldon (an), (wioldon).	wealden.
weallan (well up). (<i>red.</i>) 3. wealled. Pl. weallað.		wēoll (1), wēollon.	weallen.

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
weaxan (grow, wax). IV.		wéox, wôx, weaxen.	
	3. weaxed, wexed, wexd, wixt.	wéaxon (-an).	
	Pl. weaxad.		
weorpan (throw). I.		1. wearp,	worpen.
(o, y, u).	3. weorped, wyrpd (i).	2. wurpe,	
		wurpon.	
	Pl. weorpad.		
weordan (become), I.	2. wyrdest,	1. weard,	worden.
(io, u, y).	3. (weord), wîrd, weor-	2. wurde,	
	ƿded (u), (wyrd).	wurdon (-an, -um).	
	Pl. weordad.		
	Imper. weord (-ad).	Pres. Subj. weorde,	weorden (-an).
wican (yield). V.		wâc,	wicen.
		wicon.	
willan (y), (will). 1. & 3.	wille, wile, wyle, wylle, wolde.		
	2. wilt, wylt.		
	Pl. willad (y).		
	Pres. Subj. wille, wile, wylle,		
	willen (-on), wyllen, wylle.		
windan (wind). I.	3. wint, &c.	wand (o), wunden.	
		wundon.	
winnan (y), (strength). I.		1. wan (o), wann, wunnen.	
	3. winned, wind.	2. wunne,	
		wunnon.	
	Pl. winnad (y).		
witan (y), (know.) 1.	wât,	wiste (y), (wisse).	witen.
	2. wâst, wæst.		
	Pl. witon.		
	Pres. Subj. wite (-en, -on).	Imper. wite (ad).	
witan (see, move). V.	1. wite,	1. wât,	witen.
	2. witest, witst,	2. wite,	
	3. wited, witt.	witon.	
	Pl. witad		
	Subj. Imper. wutan, wuton, wutun, utan, uton (= let us).		

Infinitive.	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
wlitan (see).	V. 2. wlitest , 3. wlited . Pl. wlitad .	wlât , wliton .	wliten .
wrecan (push, wreak).	III. 3. wricd , &c.	wræc , wræcon .	wrecen .
wrêon (to), (cover).	V. 1. wrêo .	wrêah , wrugon .	
wridan (d), (increase).	V. Pl. wridad .		wriden .
wrihan (cover).	V. 2. wrihst , 3. wrihd .	wrâh , wrigon .	wrigen .
writan (scratch, write).	V.	wrât , writon .	writen .
wridan (wreathe).	V. 3. wrid . Pl. wrâd .	wrâd , wridon .	wriden .
wrôtan (root, red.) Pl. wrôtad.		.....	.....
wyrcan *(-ean), (work), weorcean , 3. wyrcd . wercan (i).		1. worhte , 2. -est , -on .	geworht .
ȳcan * (increase), 2. icest , ican (-ean). 3. iced (ȳ). Pl. ȳcad (1e).		yhte , ihte , icte , iecte , icton , ihtan .	
ywan * (show). 1. ȳwe , 2. ȳwest , ȳwst , 3. ȳwed , ȳwd . Pl. ȳwad .		ȳwde , ȳwdon .	ȳwed .

NOTES.

1. Verbs marked *, though they are not Strong Verbs, are given here on account of certain vowel irregularities.

2. First Person Sg. Pres. Ind. is generally regular; and in the Preterit the First and Third Pers. Sg. are alike. The Subj. Pret. has the stem-vowel of Ind. Pret. Pl.

3. The Vowel of Second Pers. Sg. Pret. usually coincides with the Vowel of the Pret. Pl.

4. Many Verbs are defective, or occur only in certain Persons or Tenses.

5. The dialect forms in various spellings are very numerous: hence only the more *regular* forms in Pres., Pret., and Participle have been given.

6. The Roman Numeral after a Verb indicates the class to which the Verb belongs. (Koch's classification.)

7. The Verb-forms, from a to **hwi**, have been compiled from Bosworth-Toller's *Lexicon*, and from Groschopp; from **hwi** on, from Grein's *Lexicon*, supplemented by Bosworth-Toller, as far as the latter extends. The orthography has been corrected, as far as possible, by the lists of Verbs given in Sweet's *Anglo-Saxon Reader*.

ADDITIONAL LIST.

The following list of Weak Verbs is here added as presenting peculiarities.

	Present.	Preterit.	Participle.
cýðan (know).	3. cýð (d).	cýððe, cýðde.	gecýðed, gecýðd.
fyllan (fill).	3. fylð.	fylde.	gefylð.
læðan (lead).	3. lætt.	læðde.	gelæðed, gelæðd.
læran (teach).	3. lærd.	lærde.	gelæred.
gelifan (believe).	3. gelifð.	gelifde.	gelifed.
nemnan (name).	3. nemned.	nemnde, nemde.	genemned.
ræsan (rush).	3. ræst.	ræðde.	.....
wënan (hope).	3. wënd.	wëndde.	.....
wendan (turn).	3. went.	wende.	gewended, gewend.
lettan (hinder).	3. lett.	lette.	gelett.
mëtan (meet).	3. mëtt.	mëtte.	gemëtt.
settan (set).	3. sett.	sette.	gesett.
dyppan (dip).	3. dypð.	dypte.	.....
ripan (reap).	3. ripð.	rípte.	.....
lixan (shine).	3. lixt.	lixte.	.....
(nea)læcan (approach).	3. læcd.	-læcte, -læhte.	-læht.

NOTE.—smêagan (smêan), prêagan (prêan), twêon, þêon, contract;
as hê, hî, smêað, twêoð; prêaðe, twêoðe, geþrêað, &c.

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